Baseline Assessment – Stream Attributes

Reach S-G33 (Pipeline ROW) Perennial Spread G Giles County, Virginia

Data	Included
Photos	✓
SWVM Form	✓
FCI Calculator and HGM Form	N/A – Perennial stream (not shadeable, slope >4%)
RBP Physical Characteristics Form	✓
Water Quality Data	✓
RBP Habitat Form	✓
RBP Benthic Form	✓
Benthic Identification Sheet	N/A – Low flow
Wolman Pebble Count	✓
RiverMorph Data Sheet	✓
USM Form (Virginia Only)	✓
Longitudinal Profile and Cross Sections	✓



Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Downstream view of ROW looking SW, ES



Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Upstream view of ROW looking E, ES



Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Standing on RB looking at LB along pipe centerline looking E, ES



Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Standing on LB looking at RB along pipe centerline looking W, ES



Photo Type: DS COND Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Downstream conditions outside of ROW looking SW, ES

NOM Score plates date forms) NOM Sc	USACE FILE NO./ Project Name: (v2.1, Sept 2015)		Mountain	Valley Pipeline	IMPACT COORDINATES: (in Decimal Degrees)	Lat.	37.348641	Lon.	-80.647225	WEATHER:	Cloudy		DATE:	August 20	0, 2021
Column to 3 - Impact Source Country (Country to 20 - Country to 3 - Margine (Country t				S-4	G33								Comments:		
Face Counting Counting Counting Proceed Stream Channel Stope Proceed Stream Channel Stope Proced Str	STREAM IMPACT LENGTH:	99		RESTORATION (Levels I-III)		Lat.		Lon.					Mitigation Length:		
Percent Stream Channel Biops	Column No. 1- Impact Existing	Condition (Debit)		Column No. 2- Mitigation Existing Co	ondition - Baseline (Credit)		Column No. 3- Mitigation Post Comple	Projected at Fivetion (Credit)	e Years	Column No. 4- Mitigation Proje Post Completion (ected at Ten Yea Credit)	ars	Column No. 5- Mitigation Projecte	d at Maturity (Cre	edit)
Mode Control	Stream Classification:	Perennial	ı	Stream Classification:			Stream Classification:		0	Stream Classification:		0	Stream Classification:	0	
According Accord	Percent Stream Channel Sid	ope '	16.26	Percent Stream Channel Sic	оре		Percent Stream Channe	I Slope	0	Percent Stream Channel SI	оре	0	Percent Stream Channel Sl	оре	0
Specific Cycling	HGM Score (attach da	ita forms):		HGM Score (attach o	data forms):		HGM Score (atta	ach data forms)	:	HGM Score (attach da	ata forms):		HGM Score (attach da	ita forms):	
Description Cycling		A	Average		Average				Average			Average			Average
PART 1 - Physical, Chemical and Biological Indicators PART 1 - Physical, Chemical and Biological Indicators	Biogeochemical Cycling		0	Biogeochemical Cycling	0		Biogeochemical Cycling		0	Biogeochemical Cycling		0	Biogeochemical Cycling		0
PMYSICAL NDICATOR (upgins to all cinemo classifications)		Biological Indicators	'S		d Biological Indicators			al and Biological	Indicators		Biological Indic	cators		Biological Indical	tors
SEETA REP 16th District Dist		Points Scale Range	Site Score		Points Scale Range Site Score			Points Scale Ra	nge Site Score		Points Scale Range	Site Score		Points Scale Range	Site Score
Epithoral Substrate/Available Cover 2-9 1 Epithoral Substrate/Available Cover 2-9 2-9 1 Epithoral Substrate/Available Cover 2-9 2-	PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams	classifications)		PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams	classifications)		PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all stre	ams classifications)		PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams	s classifications)		PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams	classifications)	
Embeddedness				USEPA RBP (Low Gradient Data Sheet)			USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Shee	ıt)							
Volcoly Depth Regime															
A Sediment Exposition 2-20 C. Channel Reposition 2-20															
Common Alteration Dot Dot Common Alteration Dot			8												
Figure (a) Figure (b) Fig									1						
B. Bank Stability (LB & RB)															
Description (Light R RB)													7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)		
10, Reparton Vegetative Zone Width (LB A R8) 0.00 19 10, Reparton Vegetative Zone Width (LB A R8) 0.00 10, Reparton Vegetative Zone Width (LB A															
Sub-Total	9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB) 10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB)	0-20		Vegetative Protection (LB & RB) Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB)	0-20		9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB) 10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RE	0-20		Vegetative Protection (LB & RB) Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB)			Vegetative Protection (LB & RB) Regetative Zone Width (LB & RB)	0-20	
CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Infermittent and Perennial Streams) W/OEP Water Quality Indicators (General) Specific Conductivity W/OEP Water Quality Indicators (General) Specific Conductivity ### ### ### ### ### ### #### #### ##	Total RBP Score	Marginal	109	Total RBP Score			Total RBP Score		0	Total RBP Score		0	Total RBP Score		0
## WDEP Water Quality Indicators (General) ## Specific Conductivity ## A(0-409 - 60 points					0			*	0						0
Specific Conductivity 400-499 - 60 points 0-50 0-1 0-50 0-1 0	***		s)						Streams)	***		treams)			ams)
## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##	WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General) Specific Conductivity			WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General) Specific Conductivity			WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (Gen Specific Conductivity	eral)		WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General Specific Conductivity	1)		WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General) Specific Conductivity		
8.1-9 0 = 45 points	•	0-90	447.5		0-90		,	0-90			0-90		,	0-90	
8.1-9 0 = 45 points	pH			pH			pH			pH			pH		
DO ->5.0 = 30 points Sub-Total Sub-Total	8 1-9 0 = 45 points	0-80	8.41		5-90			5-90	-1		5-90			5-90	
Sub-Total Sub-To	DO DO			DO			DO			DO			DO		
Sub-Total		10-30	6.52		10-30			10-30			10-30			10-30	
BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR/Applies to Intermittent and Perennial Streams) WY Stream Condition Index (WYSCI) Sub-Total PART II - Index and Unit Score BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR/Applies to Intermittent and Perennial Streams) BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR/Applies to Intermittent and Perennial Streams) WY Stream Condition Index (WYSCI) Sub-Total BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR/Applies to Intermittent and Perennial Streams) WY Stream Condition Index (WYSCI) WY Stream Condition Index (WYSCI) Sub-Total BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR/Applies to Intermittent and Perennial Streams) WY Stream Condition Index (WYSCI) Sub-Total BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR/Applies to Intermittent and Perennial Streams) WY Stream Condition Index (WYSCI) Sub-Total BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR/Applies to Intermittent and Perennial Streams) WY Stream Condition Index (WYSCI) Sub-Total BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR/Applies to Intermittent and Perennial Streams) WY Stream Condition Index (WYSCI) Sub-Total BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR/Applies to Intermittent and Perennial Streams) WY Stream Condition Index (WYSCI) WY Stream Condition Index (WYSCI) Sub-Total BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR/Applies to Intermittent and Perennial Streams) WY Stream Condition Index (WYSCI) Sub-Total BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR/Applies to Intermittent and Perennial Streams) WY Stream Condition Index (WYSCI) WY Stream Condition Index (WYSCI) Sub-Total BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR/Applies to Intermittent and Perennial Streams) WY Stream Condition Index (WYSCI) WY Stream Condition Index (WYSCI) Sub-Total BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR/Applies to Intermittent and Perennial Streams) WY Stream Condition Index (WYSCI) WY Stream Condition Index (WYSCI) Sub-Total BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR/Applies to Intermittent and Perennial Streams) WY Stream Condition Index (WYSCI) WY Stream Condition Index (WYSCI) WY Stream Condition Index (WYSCI) Sub-Total BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR/Applies to Intermittent and Perennial Streams) WY Stream Condition Index (WYSCI) WY Stream Condition Index (WYSCI) WY Stream Condition Index (WYSCI) WY Stream Condition Index (WYSC			0.675	Sub-Total	0		Sub-Total		0	Sub-Total	 	0	Sub-Total		0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0					ent and Perennial Streams)			termittent and Pere	nnial Streams)		nittent and Perenn	nial Streams)		ttent and Perennial	l Streams)
Sub-Total 0 Sub-Total 1 Index and Unit Score PART II - Index II -	WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)			WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)			WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)			WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)			WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)		
PART II - Index and Unit Score	0	0-100 0-1			0-100 0-1			0-100 0	4		0-100 0-1			0-100 0-1	
	Sub-Total		0	Sub-Total	0		Sub-Total		0	Sub-Total		0	Sub-Total		0
Index Linear Feet Unit Score Index Linear Fee	PART II - Index and U	nit Score		PART II - Index and	Unit Score		PART II - Index	and Unit Score		PART II - Index and U	Init Score		PART II - Index and U	nit Score	
	Index	Linear Feet Un	nit Score	Index	Linear Feet Unit Score		Index	Linear Fe	et Unit Score	Index	Linear Feet	Unit Score	Index	Linear Feet	Unit Score
0.610 99 60.39 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0.610	99	60.39	0	0 0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

PHYSICAL CHARACTERIZATION/WATER QUALITY FIELD DATA SHEET (FRONT)

STREAM NAME	LOCATION				
STATION # RIVERMILE	STREAM CLASS				
LAT LONG	RIVER BASIN				
STORET#	AGENCY				
INVESTIGATORS					
FORM COMPLETED BY	DATE	REASON FOR SURVEY			

WEATHER CONDITIONS	Now s	storm (heavy rain) rain (steady rain) howers (intermittent) %cloud cover clear/sunny	Past 24 hours	Has there been a heavy rain in the last 7 days? Yes No Air Temperature0 C Other
SITE LOCATION/MAP	Draw a map of	the site and indicate th	e areas sam	pled (or attach a photograph)
	coving)	Brit	Joseph S-633	dense going away
		de	DWNZTV	tam Ton
STREAM	Stream Subsyst Perennial	tem_		Stream Type Coldwater Warmwater
CHARACTERIZATION	Perennial Stream Origin Glacial Non-glacial n Swamp and b	Spring-fe nontane Mixture o		Coldwater Warmwater Catchment Areakm ²

Notes: Low flow.

PHYSICAL CHARACTERIZATION/WATER QUALITY FIELD DATA SHEET (BACK)

WATERS FEATURI		✓ Fores Field	Pasture Industri	rcial al	Local Watershed NPS Pollution ☑ No evidence ☐ Some potential sources ☐ Obvious sources ☐ Local Watershed Erosion ☑ None ☐ Moderate ☐ Heavy			
RIPARIA VEGETA (18 meter	TION		e the dominant type and S S		minant species present ☐ Grasses	rbaceous		
INSTREA FEATURI		Estimat Samplin Area in Estimat	ted Stream Depth	m Partly open				
LARGE V DEBRIS	VOODY	LWD Density	m² of LWDn	n²/km² (LWD /	reach area)			
AQUATIO VEGETA		Roote Floati	ed emergent ng Algae	ooted submerge ttached Algae		□Free floating		
WATER QUALITY (US) Temperature 19.4 c 0 C Specific Conductance 447.5 us/cm Dissolved Oxygen 6.52 mg/l pH 8.41 Turbidity WQ Instrument Used VA-4						Chemical Other Globs Flecks		
SEDIMENT/ SUBSTRATE Odors Normal Chemical Other Oils Absent			nical Anaerobic	Petroleum None	— Lρoking at stones whic are the undersides blace	☐Paper fiber ☐Sand Other h are not deeply embedded, k in color?		
INC		STRATE (COMPONENTS (00%)		ORGANIC SUBSTRATE COMPONENTS (does not necessarily add up to 100%)			
Substrate Type	Diamet	er	% Composition in Sampling Reach	Substrate Type	Characteristic	% Composition in Sampling Area		
Bedrock		0	Detritus	sticks, wood, coarse plant materials (CPOM)	35			
Boulder	> 256 mm (10"))	0		materials (Cr OW)	33		
Cobble	64-256 mm (2.5	5"-10")	10	Muck-Mud	black, very fine organic (FPOM)	10		
Gravel	2-64 mm (0.1"-:		15		,	10		
Sand	0.06-2mm (gritt	-	25	Marl	grey, shell fragments	0		
Silt	0.004-0.06 mm		25	4				
Clay	< 0.004 mm (sli)	ck)	25	I	ı	Í .		

Notes: Low flow. Only upstream water quality measurements were taken due to low flow.

HABITAT ASSESSMENT FIELD DATA SHEET - HG - USE ON ALL STREAMS (FRONT)

STREAM NAME	LOCATION	
STATION # RIVERMILE	STREAM CLASS	
LAT LONG	RIVER BASIN	
STORET#	AGENCY	
INVESTIGATORS		
FORM COMPLETED BY	DATE AM PM	REASON FOR SURVEY

	Habitat	Condition Category								
	Parameter	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginal	Poor					
	1. Epifaunal Substrate/ Available Cover	Greater than 70% of substrate favorable for epifaunal colonization and fish cover; mix of snags, submerged logs, undercut banks, cobble or other stable habitat and at stage to allow full colonization potential (i.e., logs/snags that are not new fall and not transient).	40-70% mix of stable habitat; well-suited for full colonization potential; adequate habitat for maintenance of populations; presence of additional substrate in the form of newfall, but not yet prepared for colonization (may rate at high end of scale).	20-40% mix of stable habitat; habitat availability less than desirable; substrate frequently disturbed or removed.	Less than 20% stable habitat; lack of habitat is obvious; substrate unstable or lacking.					
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0					
n sampling reach	2. Embeddedness	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 0-25% surrounded by fine sediment. Layering of cobble provides diversity of niche space.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 25- 50% surrounded by fine sediment.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 50- 75% surrounded by fine sediment.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are more than 75% surrounded by fine sediment.					
ted in	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0					
Parameters to be evaluated in sampling reach	3. Velocity/Depth Regime	All four velocity/depth regimes present (slow-deep, slow-shallow, fast-deep, fast-shallow). (Slow is < 0.3 m/s, deep is > 0.5 m.)	Only 3 of the 4 regimes present (if fast-shallow is missing, score lower than if missing other regimes).	Only 2 of the 4 habitat regimes present (if fast-shallow or slow-shallow are missing, score low).	Dominated by 1 velocity/depth regime (usually slow-deep).					
ıram	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0					
Para	4. Sediment Deposition	Little or no enlargement of islands or point bars and less than 5% of the bottom affected by sediment deposition.	Some new increase in bar formation, mostly from gravel, sand or fine sediment; 5-30% of the bottom affected; slight deposition in pools.	Moderate deposition of new gravel, sand or fine sediment on old and new bars; 30-50% of the bottom affected; sediment deposits at obstructions, constrictions, and bends; moderate deposition of pools prevalent.	Heavy deposits of fine material, increased bar development; more than 50% of the bottom changing frequently; pools almost absent due to substantial sediment deposition.					
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0					
	5. Channel Flow Status	Water reaches base of both lower banks, and minimal amount of channel substrate is exposed.	Water fills >75% of the available channel; or <25% of channel substrate is exposed.	Water fills 25-75% of the available channel, and/or riffle substrates are mostly exposed.	Very little water in channel and mostly present as standing pools.					
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0					

HABITAT ASSESSMENT FIELD DATA SHEET—HIGH GRADIENT STREAMS (BACK)

	Habitat		Conditi	on Category				
	Parameter	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginal	Poor			
	6. Channel Alteration	Channelization or dredging absent or minimal; stream with normal pattern.	Some channelization present, usually in areas of bridge abutments; evidence of past channelization, i.e., dredging, (greater than past 20 yr) may be present, but recent channelization is not present.	Channelization may be extensive; embankments or shoring structures present on both banks; and 40 to 80% of stream reach channelized and disrupted.	Banks shored with gabion or cement; over 80% of the stream reach channelized and disrupted. Instream habitat greatly altered or removed entirely.			
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0			
oling reach	7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	Occurrence of riffles relatively frequent; ratio of distance between riffles divided by width of the stream <7:1 (generally 5 to 7); variety of habitat is key. In streams where riffles are continuous, placement of boulders or other large, natural obstruction is important.	Occurrence of riffles infrequent; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between 7 to 15.	Occasional riffle or bend; bottom contours provide some habitat; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between 15 to 25.	Generally all flat water or shallow riffles; poor habitat; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is a ratio of >25.			
samp	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0			
Parameters to be evaluated broader than sampling reach	8. Bank Stability (score each bank) Note: determine left or right side by facing downstream.	Banks stable; evidence of erosion or bank failure absent or minimal; little potential for future problems. <5% of bank affected.	Moderately stable; infrequent, small areas of erosion mostly healed over. 5-30% of bank in reach has areas of erosion	areas of erosion; high erosion potential during	Unstable; many eroded areas; "raw" areas frequent along straight sections and bends; obvious bank sloughing; 60-100% of bank has erosional scars.			
e eva	SCORE (LB)	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0			
to be	SCORE (RB)	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0			
Parameters	9. Vegetative Protection (score each bank)	More than 90% of the streambank surfaces and immediate riparian zone covered by native vegetation, including trees, understory shrubs, or nonwoody macrophytes; vegetative disruption through grazing or mowing minimal or not evident; almost all plants allowed to grow naturally.	70-90% of the streambank surfaces covered by native vegetation, but one class of plants is not well-represented; disruption evident but not affecting full plant growth potentia to any great extent; more than one-half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.	50-70% of the streambank surfaces covered by vegetation; disruption obvious; patches of bare soil or closely cropped vegetation common; less than one-half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.	Less than 50% of the streambank surfaces covered by vegetation; disruption of streambank vegetation is very high; vegetation has been removed to 5 centimeters or less in average stubble height.			
	SCORE (LB)	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0			
	SCORE (RB)	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0			
	10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (score each bank riparian zone)	Width of riparian zone >18 meters; human activities (i.e., parking lots, roadbeds, clear-cuts, lawns, or crops) have not impacted zone.	Width of riparian zone 12-18 meters; human activities have impacted zone only minimally.	Width of riparian zone 6- 12 meters; human activities have impacted zone a great deal.	Width of riparian zone <6 meters: little or no riparian vegetation due to human activities.			
	SCORE (LB)	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0			
1	SCORE (RB)	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0			

Total	Caama	
i otai	Score	

BENTHIC MACROINVERTEBRATE FIELD DATA SHEET

STREAM NAME	LOCATION						
STATION # RIVERMILE	STREAM CLASS						
LAT LONG	RIVER BASIN						
STORET#	AGENCY						
INVESTIGATORS		LOT NUMBER					
FORM COMPLETED BY	DATE TIME	REASON FOR SURVEY					

HABITAT TYPES	Indicate the percentage of each habitat type present Cobble% Snags% Vegetated Banks% Sand% Submerged Macrophytes% Other ()%									
SAMPLE COLLECTION	Gear used D-frame kick-net Other									
	How were the samples collected? wading from bank from boat									
	Indicate the number of jabs/kicks taken in each habitat type.									
	Cobble Snags Vegetated Banks Sand									
	Submerged Macrophytes Other ()									
GENERAL COMMENTS										

QUALITATIVE LISTING OF AQUATIC BIOTA

Indicate estimated abundance: 0 = Absent/Not Observed, 1 = Rare, 2 = Common, 3= Abundant, 4 = Dominant

Periphyton	0	1	2	3	4	Slimes	0	1	2	3	4
Filamentous Algae	0	1	2	3	4	Macroinvertebrates	0	1	2	3	4
Macrophytes	0	1	2	3	4	Fish	0	1	2	3	4

FIELD OBSERVATIONS OF MACROBENTHOS

Indicate estimated abundance: 0 = Absent/Not Observed, 1 = Rare (1-3 organisms), 2 = Common (3-9 organisms), 3 = Abundant (>10 organisms), 4 = Dominant (>50 organisms)

Porifera	0	1	2	3	4	Anisoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Chironomidae	0	1	2	3	4
Hydrozoa	0	1	2	3	4	Zygoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Ephemeroptera	0	1	2	3	4
Platyhelminthes	0	1	2	3	4	Hemiptera	0	1	2	3	4	Trichoptera	0	1	2	3	4
Turbellaria	0	1	2	3	4	Coleoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Other	0	1	2	3	4
Hirudinea	0	1	2	3	4	Lepidoptera	0	1	2	3	4						
Oligochaeta	0	1	2	3	4	Sialidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Isopoda	0	1	2	3	4	Corydalidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Amphipoda	0	1	2	3	4	Tipulidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Decapoda	0	1	2	3	4	Empididae	0	1	2	3	4						
Gastropoda	0	1	2	3	4	Simuliidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Bivalvia	0	1	2	3	4	Tabinidae	0	1	2	3	4						
						Culcidae	0	1	2	3	4						

WOLMAN PEBBLE COUNT FORM

County: Giles County
Stream Name: UNT to Dry Branch
HUC Code: 05050002 Stream ID: S-G33

Basin: Middle New

Survey Date: 8/20/2021 Surveyors: ES, EM Surveyors: Type: Representative

	n . n ======		LE COUNT		m	.	a
Inches	PARTICLE	Millimeters		Particle Count	Total #	Item %	% Cun
	Silt/Clay	< .062	S/C	A	30	30.00	30.00
	Very Fine	.062125		4	0	0.00	30.00
	Fine	.12525	1	4	0	0.00	30.00
	Medium	.255	SAND	4	6	6.00	36.00
	Coarse	.50-1.0]	4	22	22.00	58.00
.0408	Very Coarse	1.0-2	1	4	14	14.00	72.00
.0816	Very Fine	2 -4		4	11	11.00	83.00
.1622	Fine	4 -5.7		4	8	8.00	91.00
.2231	Fine	5.7 - 8		4	2	2.00	93.00
.3144	Medium	8 -11.3]	4	2	2.00	95.00
.4463	Medium	11.3 - 16	GRAVEL	4	1	1.00	96.00
.6389	Coarse	16 -22.6		4	2	2.00	98.00
.89 - 1.26	Coarse	22.6 - 32]	4	0	0.00	98.00
1.26 - 1.77	Vry Coarse	32 - 45		4	1	1.00	99.00
1.77 -2.5	Vry Coarse	45 - 64		4	0	0.00	99.00
2.5 - 3.5	Small	64 - 90		4	1	1.00	100.0
3.5 - 5.0	Small	90 - 128	COBBLE	4	0	0.00	100.0
5.0 - 7.1	Large	128 - 180	COBBLE	4	0	0.00	100.0
7.1 - 10.1	Large	180 - 256		A	0	0.00	100.0
10.1 - 14.3	Small	256 - 362		A	0	0.00	100.0
14.3 - 20	Small	362 - 512		A	0	0.00	100.0
20 - 40	Medium	512 - 1024	BOULDER	^	0	0.00	100.0
40 - 80	Large	1024 -2048		4	0	0.00	100.0
80 - 160	Vry Large	2048 -4096		A	0	0.00	100.0
	Bedrock		BDRK	4	0	0.00	100.0
				Totals	100		

RIVERMORPH PARTICLE SUMMARY

River Name: UNT to Dry Branch Reach Name: S-G33 Representative Survey Date: 08/20/2021

Size (mm)	TOT #	ITEM %	CUM %
0 - 0.062 0.062 - 0.125 0.125 - 0.25 0.25 - 0.50 0.50 - 1.0 1.0 - 2.0 2.0 - 4.0 4.0 - 5.7 5.7 - 8.0 8.0 - 11.3 11.3 - 16.0 16.0 - 22.6 22.6 - 32.0 32 - 45 45 - 64 64 - 90 90 - 128 128 - 180 180 - 256 256 - 362 362 - 512 512 - 1024 1024 - 2048 Bedrock	30 0 0 6 22 14 11 8 2 2 1 2 0 1 0 0 0 0 0	30.00 0.00 0.00 6.00 22.00 14.00 11.00 8.00 2.00 2.00 1.00 2.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	30.00 30.00 30.00 36.00 58.00 72.00 83.00 91.00 93.00 95.00 96.00 98.00 99.00 99.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00
D16 (mm) D35 (mm) D50 (mm) D84 (mm) D95 (mm) D100 (mm) Silt/Clay (%) Sand (%) Gravel (%) Cobble (%) Boulder (%) Bedrock (%)	0.03 0.46 0.82 4.21 11.3 90 30 42 27 1 0		

Total Particles = 100.

			Strear	Unified S	tream Method	lology for use	in Virginia		1)		
Project #	Project	t Name (App		Locality	Cowardin Class.	HUC	Date	SAR#	Impact Length	Impact Factor	
22865.06		alley Pipeline ey Pipeline, L	•	Giles County	R3	05050002	8/20/21	S-G33	99	1	
Name	e(s) of Evaluate		Stream Name		tion				SAR Length		
	ES, EM		UNT to Dry B	Branch					5	7	
. Channel C	ondition: Asses	s the cross-secti	on of the stream a	and prevailing cond	dition (erosion, ag	gradation)					
	Optir	mal	Subo	ptimal	Conditional Catego Mar	ginal	Po	oor	Sev	ere	
Channel Condition	(80 100%) AND/OR Stable point bare		erosion or unproted of banks are sit Vegetative protect prominent (60 Depositional feat stability. The bar channels are well de has access to be newly developed portions of the r sediment covers 1	ew areas of active ted banks. Majority table (60-80%), tion or natural rock-80%) AND/OR tures contribute to nkfull and low flow efined. Stream likely inkfull benches, or floodplains along reach. Transient 0-40% of the stream tom.	Poor. Banks more or Poor due to It Erosion may be pr both banks. Vege 40-60% of banks. S vertical or und 40-60% Sediment transient, control Deposition that comay be forming/p shaped channel protection on > 40 depositional feature	less than Severe or stable than Severe wer bank slopes. esent on 40-60% of tative protection on tireambanks may be ercut. AND/OR may be temporary / ibute instability, ntribute to stability, resent. AND/OR V-5 have vegetative % of the banks and es which contribute	Overwidened/incised. Vertically / laterally unstable. Likely to widen further. Majority of both banks are near vertical. Erosion present on 60-80% of banks. Vegetative protection present on 20-40% of banks, and is insufficient to prevent erosion. AND/OR 60-80% of the stream is covered by sediment. Sediment is temporary / transient in nature, and contributing to instability. AND/OR V-shaped channels have vegetative protection is present on > 40% of the banks and stable sediment deposition is absent.		Deeply incised (or excavated), vertical/lateral instability. Severe ar incision, flow contained within the banks. Streambed below average rooting depth, majority of banks vertical/undercut. Vegetative protection present on less than 20% of banks, is not preventing erosion. Obvious bank sloughing present. Erosion/raw banks on 80-100%. AND/OR Aggrading channel. Greater than 80% of stream bed is covered by deposition, contributing to instability.		
Scores	3		2	.4		ability.		.6	1		CI 1.60
			_	· ·				••	<u> </u>		1.00
. RIPARIAN	BUFFERS: As		Con	nditional Cate	gory		-		NOTES>>		
2. RIPARIAN Riparian Buffers	Optin Tree stratum (dbh > with > 60% tree Wetlands located w area	mal 3 inches) present, canopy cover. within the riparian	Con	•	gory	ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparia, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover with maintained understory.	-	Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions.	NOTES>>		
Riparian	Optin Tree stratum (dbh > with > 60% tree wellands located w	mal 3 inches) present, canopy cover. within the riparian	Con Subop High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained understory.	nditional Cate ptimal Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation).	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover.	ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover with maintained understory.	High Poor: Lawns, mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till cropland; actively grazed pasture, sparsely vegetated non-maintained area, recently seeded and stabilized, or other comparable condition.	Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions.	NOTES>>		
Riparian	Optin Tree stratum (dbh > with > 60% tree wellands located w	mal 3 inches) present, canopy cover. within the riparian is.	Con Subop High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained	Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbb - 3 inches) present, with <30%	Ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover with maintained	High Poor: Lawns, mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till cropland; actively grazed pasture, sparsely vegetated non-maintained area, recently seeded and stabilized, or other comparable	Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, tralls, or other comparable	NOTES>>		
Riparian Buffers Scores Delineate ripa Determine squ	Optin Tree stratum (dbh > with > 60% tree well and slocated warea 1.4 Trian areas along each are footage for each iparian Area and Standard Reas % Riparian Area % Ripa	3 inches) present, canopy cover, within the riparian is. 5 ich stream bank ch by measuring core for each riparian 75%	Con Subop High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopp cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained understory. High 1.2 into Condition Cate or estimating leng	Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Low 1.1 egories and Cond th and width. Calc	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover. High 0.85	ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparia, nareas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover with maintained understory. Low 0.75	High Poor: Lawns, mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till cropland; actively grazed pasture, sparsely vegetated non-maintained area, recently seeded and stabilized, or other comparable condition. High 0.6 Ensure of % F	Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions.	NOTES>>		
Riparian Buffers Scores Delineate ripa Determine squ	Tree stratum (dbh > with > 60% tree : Wetlands located w area	3 inches) present, canopy cover, within the riparian is. 5 ich stream bank ch by measuring core for each riparian inches in the control of	Con Subop High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopp cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained understory. High 1.2 into Condition Cate or estimating leng	Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Low 1.1 egories and Cond th and width. Calc	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover. High 0.85	ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparia, nareas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover with maintained understory. Low 0.75	High Poor: Lawns, mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till cropland; actively grazed pasture, sparsely vegetated non-maintained area, recently seeded and stabilized, or other comparable condition. High 0.6 Ensure of % F	Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions. Low 0.5		200010 041/2	
Riparian Buffers Scores Delineate ripa Determine square in the square	Tree stratum (dbh > with > 60% tree wetlands located warea area along each are footage for each iparian Area and St. % Riparian Area > Score >	3 inches) present, canopy cover, within the riparian is. 5 ich stream bank ch by measuring core for each riparian 75% 0.85	Con Subor High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained understory. High 1.2 into Condition Cate or estimating leng arian category in tf 10% 0.6	Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Low 1.1 egories and Cond th and width. Calche blocks below. 15% 0.5	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover. High 0.85	ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparia, nareas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover with maintained understory. Low 0.75	High Poor: Lawns, mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till cropland; actively grazed pasture, sparsely vegetated non-maintained area, recently seeded and stabilized, or other comparable condition. High 0.6 Ensure of % F	Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions. Low 0.5	CI= (Sum % RA * Soc		CI
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Riparian Buffers Scores Delineate ripa Determine squ Enter the % R Right Bank	Tree stratum (dbh > with > 60% tree : Wetlands located w area 1.4. 1.4. Trian areas along ea uare footage for eacuparian Area and St	3 inches) present, canopy cover. within the riparian is. 5 10th stream bank on the by measuring core for each riparian on the by measuring core for each riparian on the by measuring core for each stream on the by measuring core for each riparian on the by measuring core for each r	High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained understory. High 1.2 Into Condition Cate or estimating leng arian category in tr 10% 0.6	Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Low 1.1 egories and Cond th and width. Calche blocks below. 15% 0.5	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover. High 0.85	ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover with maintained understory. Low 0.75 the descriptors. ded for you below.	High Poor: Lawns, mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till cropland; actively grazed pasture, sparsely vegetated non-maintained area, recently seeded and stabilized, or other comparable condition. High 0.6 Ensure of % F Blocks 6	Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions. Low 0.5 the sums Riparian equal 100 100%	CI= (Sum % RA * Soo Rt Bank CI > Lt Bank CI > banks; root mats; S	0.77 0.76	
Riparian Buffers Scores Delineate ripa Determine square in the square	Tree stratum (dbh > with > 60% tree with > 60% tree wetlands located warea area along eauare footage for eacuiparian Area and Sc % Riparian Area > Score > 1 HABITAT: Varie features.	3 inches) present, canopy cover. within the riparian is. 5 ich stream bank ich by measuring core for each riparian on the control of the con	Con Subor Subor High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained understory. High 1.2 into Condition Cate or estimating leng arian category in tf 10% 0.6 15% 0.6 es, water velocity a	Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Low 1.1 egories and Cond th and width. Calche blocks below. 15% 0.5 15% 0.5 and depths; woody	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover. High 0.85 Ition Scores using culators are provided to the control of the	Ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover with maintained understory. Low 0.75 the descriptors. ded for you below.	High Poor: Lawns, mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till cropland; actively grazed pasture, sparsely vegetated non-maintained area, recently seeded and stabilized, or other comparable condition. High 0.6 Ensure of % F Blocks 6	Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions. Low 0.5 the sums Riparian equal 100 100%	CI= (Sum % RA * Sc Rt Bank CI > Lt Bank CI >	0.77 0.76	
Riparian Buffers Scores Delineate ripa Determine squ Enter the % R Right Bank Left Bank	Tree stratum (dbh > with > 60% tree : Wetlands located w area 1.4. 1.4. Trian areas along ea uare footage for eacuparian Area and St	3 inches) present, canopy cover, within the riparian is. 5 ach stream bank is. ch by measuring core for each riparian on the core for each riparian on the core for each stream bank is.	Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained understory. High 1.2 Into Condition Cate or estimating lenguarian category in the 10% 0.6 15% 0.6 Stable habitat elepresent in 30-50% adequate for nate with the stable of th	Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Low 1.1 egories and Cond th and width. Calche blocks below. 15% 0.5	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover. High 0.85 ition Scores using culators are provided to the control of the	ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover with maintained understory. Low 0.75 the descriptors. ded for you below.	High Poor: Lawns, mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till cropland; actively grazed pasture, sparsely vegetated non-maintained area, recently seeded and stabilized, or other comparable condition. High 0.6 Ensure of % F Blocks 6	Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions. Low 0.5 the sums Riparian equal 100 100%	CI= (Sum % RA * Soo Rt Bank CI > Lt Bank CI > banks; root mats; S	0.77 0.76 SAV; riffle/pool	

Stream Impact Assessment Form Page 2										
Project #	Project Name (App	Locality	Cowardin Class.	HUC	Date	SAR#	Impact Length	Impact Factor		
22865.06	Mountain Valley Pipeline Valley Pipeline, L	•	Giles County	R3	05050002	8/20/21	S-G33	99	1	
4. CHANNEL ALTERATION: Stream crossings, riprap, concrete, gabions, or concrete blocks, straightening of channel, channelization, embankments, spoil piles, constrictions, livestock										
	Negligible	Mi	Conditiona	al Category	erate	Sev	vere	NOTES>>		
Channel Alteration		Less than 20% of the stream reach is disrupted by any of the channel	20-40% of the stream reach is	40 - 60% of reach	60 - 80% of reach is disrupted by any of the channel	Greater than 80% o	of reach is disrupted nel alterations listed uidelines AND/OR ored with gabion,			
Scores	1.5	1.3	1.1	0.9	0.7	0	.5			
	REACH	CONDITION	INDEX and S	STREAM CO	NDITION UN	ITS FOR THI	S REACH			

NOTE: The CIs and RCI should be rounded to 2 decimal places. The CR should be rounded to a whole number.

THE REACH CONDITION INDEX (RCI) >>

0.89

RCI= (Sum of all Cl's)/5, except if stream is ephemeral RCI = (Riparian Cl/2)

COMPENSATION REQUIREMENT (CR) >> 88

CR = RCI X L_I X IF

INSERT PHOTOS:

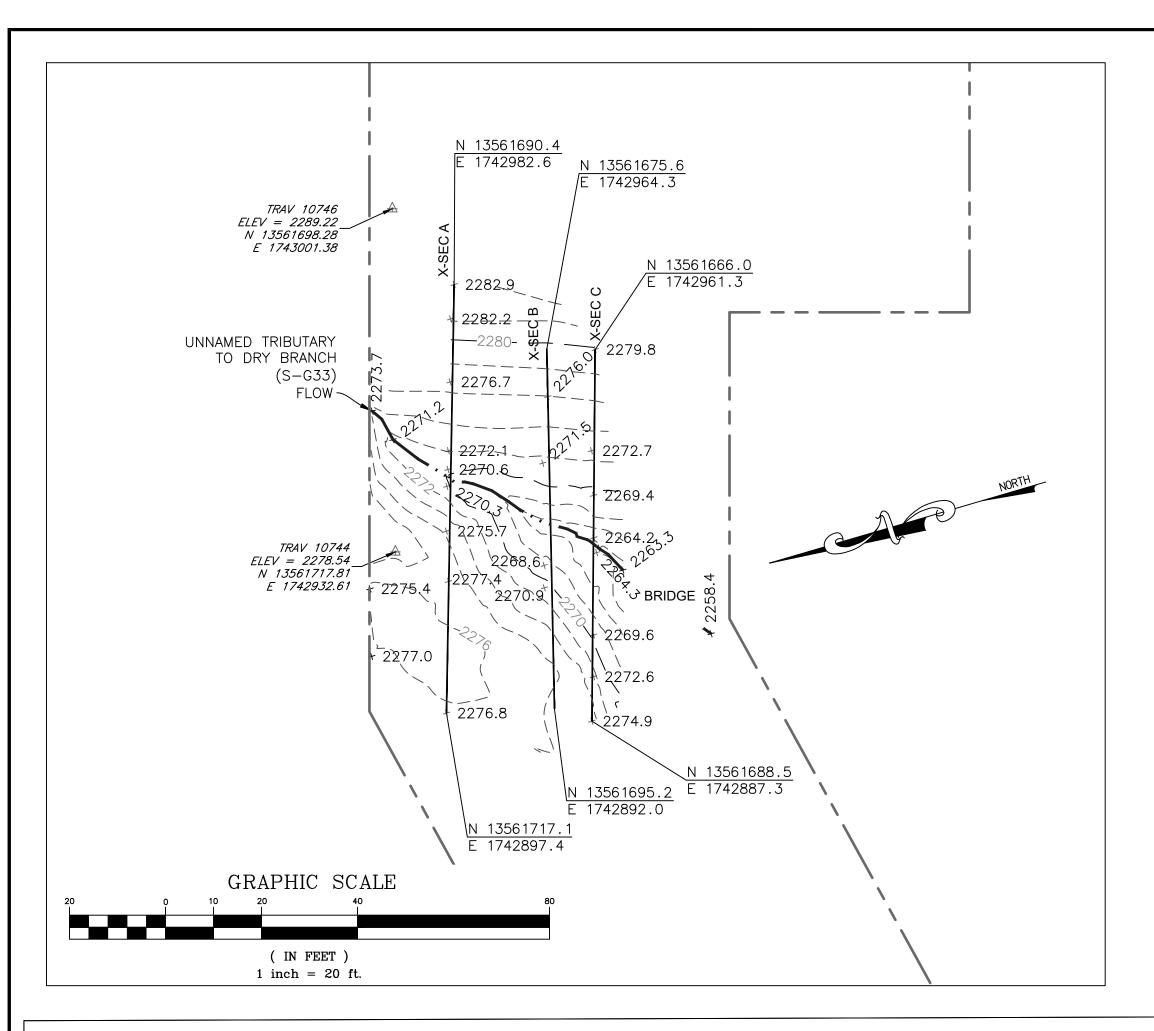
(WSSI Photo Location L:\22000s\22800\22865.06\Admin\05-ENVR\Field Data\Spread G\Field Forms\S-G33\Photos\DS VIEW.jpeg)

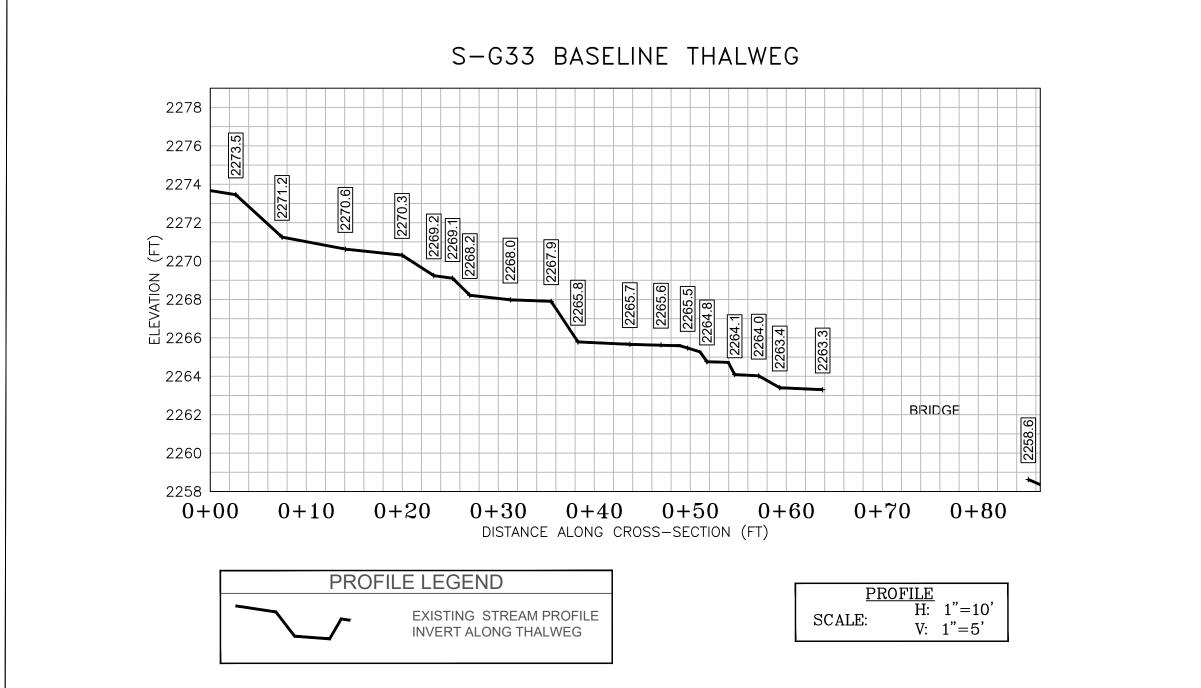


 $\label{eq:constream} \mbox{Downstream view of the ROW looking SW. Assessment is limited to areas within the temporary ROW.}$

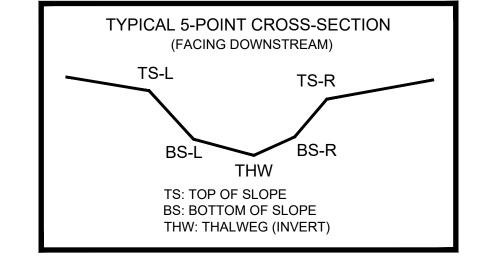
DESCRIBE PROPOSED IMPACT:

PROVIDED UNDER SEPARATE COVER



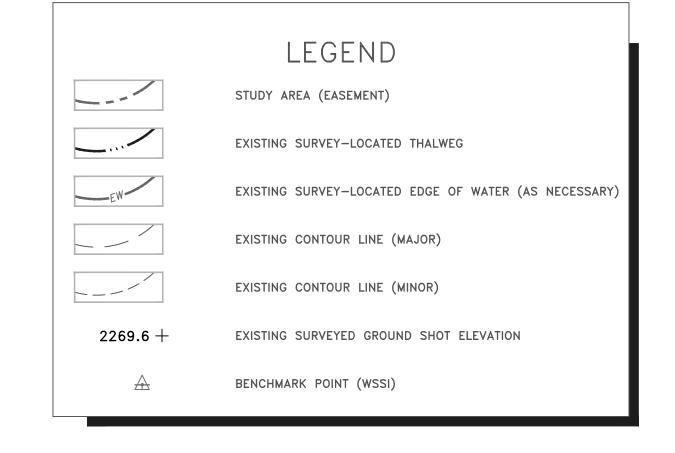


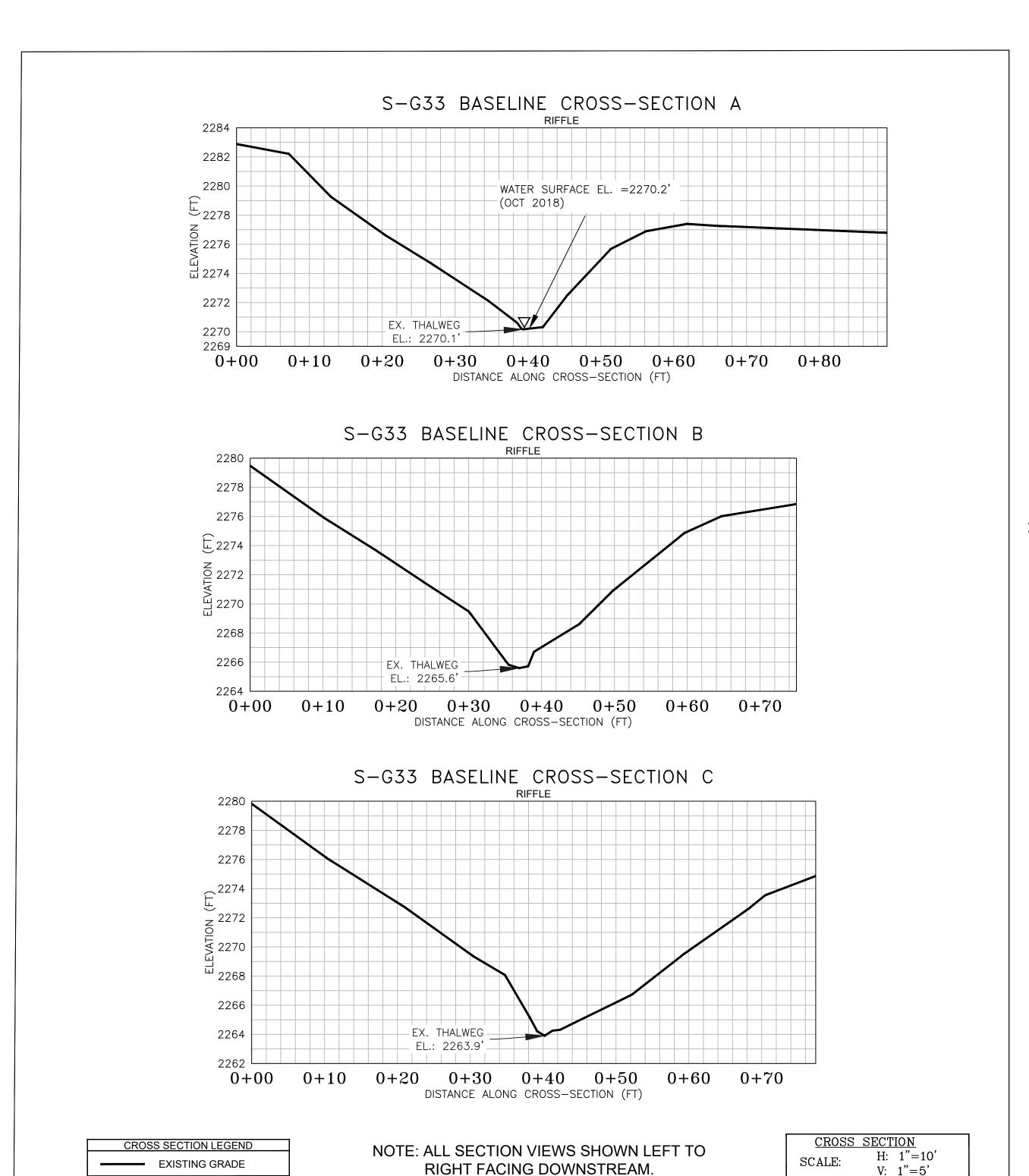
CL STAKEOUT POINTS: S-G33 CROSS SECTION B (PIPE CL)									
	PR	PRE-CROSSING							
PT. LOC.	NORTHING	EASTING	ELEV	VERT.	HORZ.				
P1. LUC.	NORTHING	EASTING	CLEV	DIFF.	DIFF.				
TS-L	13561683.15	1742941.70	2271.50						
BS-L	13561685.29	1742930.65	2266.08						
THW	13561685.36	1742928.74	2265.59						
BS-R	13561686.04	1742926.79	2266.71						
TS-R	13561693.07	1742902.01	2276.02						



SURVEY NOTES:

- 1. This map has been oriented to NAD 1983 UTM ZONE 17N, and vertically to The North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88), using a Real Time Network (RTN) GPS. Field locations were completed on October 23, 2018.
- 2. Monumentation, including traverse stations and fly points, shown on this drawing should be used to orient any future boundary, topographic, or location survey.
- 3. Easement lines shown on plan view were provided by Mountain Valley Pipeline (MVP).
- 4. WSSI Contour Interval = 2.0'. Contours within the channel were interpolated using stream channel breaklines (i.e. top of slopes, toe of slopes, thalweg) and cross-sectional points. Contours outside the channel were interpolated using cross-sectional spot shots.
- 5. All section views shown are left to right facing downstream.
- 6. Cross-section B shot at location of pipe centerline (based on best professional judgement).







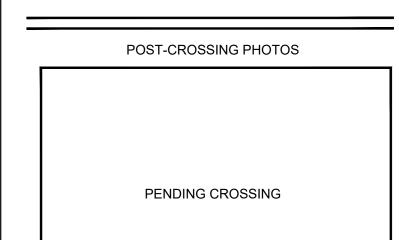
Wetland

202.

PHOTO TAKEN LOOKING DOWNSTREAM ON 02/17/2018



PHOTO TAKEN LOOKING UPSTREAM 02/17/2018



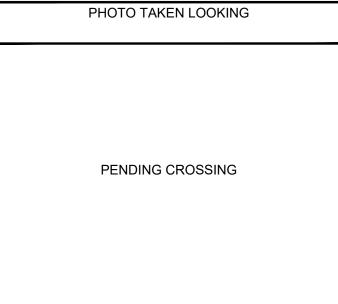
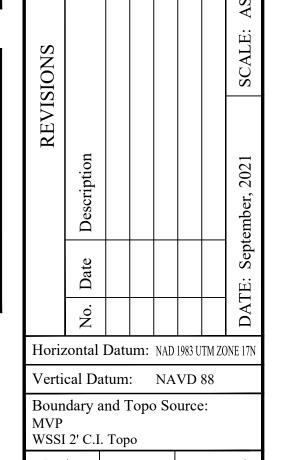


PHOTO TAKEN LOOKING



Approved PFS EJC PMD Sheet #

Computer File Name: :\Survey\22000s\22800\22865.03\Spread G Work Dwgs 2865_03 S-G MP 198-207 Sheets.dwg

1 of 1