Baseline Assessment - Stream Attributes

Reach S-AB16 (Timber Mat Crossing) Intermittent Spread G Montgomery County, Virginia

Data	Included
Photos	✓
SWVM Form	✓
FCI Calculator and HGM Form	N/A - Headwater stream <4% slope
RBP Physical Characteristics Form	✓
Water Quality Data	N/A – No water present
RBP Habitat Form	✓
RBP Benthic Form	✓
Benthic Identification Sheet	N/A – No water present
Wolman Pebble Count	N/A – Lack of stream substrate
RiverMorph Data Sheet	N/A – Lack of stream substrate
USM Form (Virginia Only)	√
Longitudinal Profile and Cross Sections	✓

Spread G Stream S-AB16 (Timber Mat) Montgomery County



Photo Type: DS VIEW Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Downstream view of ROW looking E, JB



Photo Type: US VIEW Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Upstream view of ROW looking SW, JB

Spread G Stream S-AB16 (Timber Mat) Montgomery County



Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Standing on LB looking at RB along pipe centerline looking SE, JB



Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Standing on RB looking at LB along pipe centerline looking NW, JB

Spread G Stream S-AB16 (Timber Mat) Montgomery County



Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Downstream conditions outside of ROW looking E, JB

USACE FILE NO./ Project Name: (v2.1, Sept 2015)	Mountain \	/alley Pipeline	IMPACT COORDINATES: (in Decimal Degrees)	Lat.	37.231693	Lon.	-80.198778	WEATHER:		Sunny	DATE:	Aug	just 24, 2021
IMPACT STREAM/SITE ID AI (watershed size (acreage), un		S-A	\B16		MITIGATION STREAM CLASS. (watershed size {acreag						Comments:		
STREAM IMPACT LENGTH:	20 FORM OF MITIGATION:	RESTORATION (Levels I-III)	MIT COORDINATES: (in Decimal Degrees)	Lat.		Lon.		PRECIPITATION PAST 48 HRS:	0.0	3", 8/23/2021	Mitigation Length:		
Column No. 1- Impact Existing C	Condition (Debit)	Column No. 2- Mitigation Existing Co	ondition - Baseline (Credit)		Column No. 3- Mitigation P Post Completion	rojected at I on (Credit)	Five Years	Column No. 4- Mitigation Pro Post Completion	jected at Ten Ye (Credit)	ears	Column No. 5- Mitigation Project	ed at Matur	ity (Credit)
Stream Classification:	Intermittent	Stream Classification:			Stream Classification:		0	Stream Classification:	•	0	Stream Classification:		0
Percent Stream Channel Slop	De 2.4	Percent Stream Channel Slo	рре		Percent Stream Channel S	lope	0	Percent Stream Channel S	lope	0	Percent Stream Channel S	lope	0
HGM Score (attach data	a forms):	HGM Score (attach o	data forms):		HGM Score (attach	data form	s):	HGM Score (attach o	lata forms):		HGM Score (attach d	ata forms)	:
	Average		Average				Average			Average			Average
Hydrology Biogeochemical Cycling	0.07333333	Hydrology			Hydrology		0	Hydrology			Hydrology		
Habitat	0.07333333	Biogeochemical Cycling Habitat	•		Biogeochemical Cycling Habitat		•	Biogeochemical Cycling Habitat		0	Biogeochemical Cycling Habitat		•
PART I - Physical, Chemical and Bio	ological Indicators	PART I - Physical, Chemical and	d Biological Indicators		PART I - Physical, Chemical a	nd Biologic	al Indicators	PART I - Physical, Chemical and	Biological Indic	cators	PART I - Physical, Chemical and	Biological	Indicators
	Points Scale Range Site Score		Points Scale Range Site Score			Points Scale	Range Site Score		Points Scale Range	Site Score		Points Scale	Range Site Score
PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams cla	assifications)	PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams of	classifications)		PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all stream	s classification	is)	PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all stream	s classifications)		PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams	classification	is)
USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet)		USEPA RBP (Low Gradient Data Sheet)			USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet)			USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet)			USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet)		
	0-20 0 0-20 0	Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover Pool Substrate Characterization	0-20		Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover Embeddedness	0-20		Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover Embeddedness	0-20		Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover Embeddedness	0-20	
	0-20 0	Pool Substrate Characterization Pool Variability	0-20		Velocity/ Depth Regime	0-20		Velocity/ Depth Regime	0-20		Velocity/ Depth Regime	0-20	
Sediment Deposition	0-20	Sediment Deposition	0-20		Sediment Deposition	0-20		Sediment Deposition	0-20		Sediment Deposition	0-20	
	0-20 0-1	5. Channel Flow Status	0-20 0-1		5. Channel Flow Status	0-20	0-1	5. Channel Flow Status	0-20 0-1		5. Channel Flow Status	0-20	0-1
	0-20 2 0-20 0	Channel Alteration Channel Sinuosity	0-20		Channel Alteration Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	0-20		Channel Alteration Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	0-20		Channel Alteration Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	0-20	
	0-20 20	8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)	0-20		8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)	0-20		8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)	0-20		8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)	0-20	
Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20 8	9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20		9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20		Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20		9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20	
Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB) Total RBP Score	0-20 7 Poor 37	10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB) Total RBP Score	0-20 0		10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB) Total RBP Score	0-20 Poo	. 0	 Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB) Total RBP Score 	0-20 Poor	0	 Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB) Total RBP Score 	0-20 Poor	. 0
Sub-Total	0.185	Sub-Total	0		Sub-Total	1 100	0	Sub-Total	Fooi	0	Sub-Total	1 100	ő
CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermittent and	and Perennial Streams)	CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermittent	and Perennial Streams)		CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitte	nt and Perenn	ial Streams)	CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitte	ent and Perennial St	treams)	CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitter	nt and Perenn	ial Streams)
WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General)		WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General)			WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General	ıl)		WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General	ıl)		WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General)	
Specific Conductivity		Specific Conductivity			Specific Conductivity	T		Specific Conductivity	T		Specific Conductivity	T	
100-199 - 85 points	0-90		0-90			0-90			0-90			0-90	
рн	0-80	рн	5-90 0-1		рн	5-90	0-1	рн	5-90 0-1		рн	5-90	0-1
5.6-5.9 = 45 points	0-80		5-90			5-50		200	5-90			5-90	
DO	10-30	ВО	10-30		ВО	10-30		DO	10-30		ВО	10-30	
Sub-Total	10-30	Sub-Total	10-30		Sub-Total	10-30	0	Sub-Total	10-30		Sub-Total	10-30	
BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermittent	it and Perennial Streams)	BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitte	ent and Perennial Streams)		BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intern	mittent and P	erennial Streams)	BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Inter	mittent and Peren	nial Streams)	BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intern	nittent and P	erennial Streams)
WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)		WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)			WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)			WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)			WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)		
	0-100 0-1		0-100 0-1			0-100	0-1		0-100 0-1			0-100	0-1
0 Sub-Total	0	Sub-Total	0		Sub-Total	1 1	0	Sub-Total		0	Sub-Total		0
							_						
PART II - Index and Unit	t Score	PART II - Index and I	Unit Score		PART II - Index an	d Unit Score		PART II - Index and	Jnit Score		PART II - Index and U	Init Score	
Index	Linear Feet Unit Score	Index	Linear Feet Unit Score		Index	Linear	Feet Unit Score	Index	Linear Feet	Unit Score	Index	Linear I	Feet Unit Score
0.283	20 5.65833333	0	0 0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

PHYSICAL CHARACTERIZATION/WATER QUALITY FIELD DATA SHEET (FRONT)

STREAM NAME S-AB16		LOCATION Montgomery Co	ounty
STATION #_12448+10 R	IVERMILE	STREAM CLASS Intermitten	ıt
LAT 37.231693 Lo	ONG80.198778	RIVER BASIN Upper Roan	oke
STORET#		AGENCY VADEQ	
INVESTIGATORS AW, JI			
FORM COMPLETED BY	AW, JB	DATE 8/24/21 TIME 12:00 PM	REASON FOR SURVEY Baseline Assessment
WEATHER CONDITIONS	rain (shower	(heavy rain) (steady rain)	Has there been a heavy rain in the last 7 days? Yes No Air Temperature 32 0 C Other
SITE LOCATION/MAP	Draw a map of the sit	te and indicate the areas sample	ed (or attach a photograph)
	Cloy	Rtc 460	Tenu T X J &
STREAM CHARACTERIZATION	Stream Subsystem Perennial Inte	ermittent T Tidal	Stream Type Coldwater Warmwater
	Stream Origin Glacial Non-glacial montane Swamp and bog	☐Spring-fed	Catchment Area 0.05 km ²

Notes: No water present. Vegetated roadside ditch which lacked stream substrate.

PHYSICAL CHARACTERIZATION/WATER QUALITY FIELD DATA SHEET (BACK)

WATERS FEATURI		Predom ☐ Fores ✓ Field/ ☐ Agric ✓ Resid	Pasture Industria	rcial al	Local Watershed NPS ☑ No evidence ☐ Son ☐ Obvious sources — Local Watershed Erosi ☑ None ☐ Moderate	ne potential sources		
RIPARIA VEGETA (18 meter	TION	Trees	e the dominant type and S	hrubs	✓ Grasses He	rbaceous		
INSTREA FEATURI		Estimat Samplin Area in Estimat		m m m² km² m	Canopy Cover ☐ Partly open ☐ Part High Water Mark № Proportion of Reach Romorphology Types Riffle № % Pool № % Channelized ☐ Yes Dam Present ☐ Yes			
LARGE V DEBRIS	VOODY	LWD Density	of LWD N/A m	n²/km² (LWD/	reach area)			
AQUATIO VEGETA		✓ Roote ☐ Floati		ooted submerge tached Algae	nt □Rootêd floating	☐Free floating		
WATER ((DS, US)	QUALITY	Specific Dissolve pH N/A Turbidi	cature NA 0 C c Conductance NA ed Oxygen NA ety NA etrument Used NA			Chemical Other Globs Flecks		
SEDIMEN SUBSTRA		Odors Norm Chem Other Oils	nical Anaerobic	□ Petroleum □ None	— Εροking at stones whic are the undersides blac	□Paper fiber □Sand]Other □ h are not deeply embedded, k in color?		
INC	ORGANIC SUBS		COMPONENTS		ORGANIC SUBSTRATE C			
Substrate Type	Diamet	•	% Composition in Sampling Reach	Substrate Type	Characteristic	% Composition in Sampling Area		
Bedrock Boulder	> 256 mm (10")			Detritus	sticks, wood, coarse plant materials (CPOM)	0		
Cobble Gravel	64-256 mm (2.5 2-64 mm (0.1"-2			Muck-Mud	black, very fine organic (FPOM)	0		
Sand	0.06-2mm (gritt	y)		Marl grey, shell fragments				
Silt	0.004-0.06 mm			1		0		
Clay	< 0.004 mm (sli	ck)		1				

Notes: No water present; therefore, water quality measurements were not collected. Vegetated roadside ditch which lacked stream substrate.

HABITAT ASSESSMENT FIELD DATA SHEET - HG - USE ON ALL STREAMS (FRONT)

STREAM NAME S-AB16	LOCATION Montgomery County
STATION # 12448+10 RIVERMILE	STREAM CLASS Intermittent
LAT <u>37.231693</u> LONG <u>-80.198778</u>	RIVER BASIN Upper Roanoke
STORET#	AGENCY VADEQ
INVESTIGATORS AW, JB	
FORM COMPLETED BY AW, JB	DATE 8/24/21 REASON FOR SURVEY TIME 12:00 PM AM PM Baseline Assessment

	Habitat		Condition	Category	
	Parameter	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginal	Poor
	1. Epifaunal Substrate/ Available Cover	Greater than 70% of substrate favorable for epifaunal colonization and fish cover; mix of snags, submerged logs, undercut banks, cobble or other stable habitat and at stage to allow full colonization potential (i.e., logs/snags that are not new fall and not transient).	40-70% mix of stable habitat; well-suited for full colonization potential; adequate habitat for maintenance of populations; presence of additional substrate in the form of newfall, but not yet prepared for colonization (may rate at high end of scale).	20-40% mix of stable habitat; habitat availability less than desirable; substrate frequently disturbed or removed.	Less than 20% stable habitat; lack of habitat is obvious; substrate unstable or lacking.
	SCORE 0	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0
n sampling reach	2. Embeddedness	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 0- 25% surrounded by fine sediment. Layering of cobble provides diversity of niche space.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 25-50% surrounded by fine sediment.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 50- 75% surrounded by fine sediment.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are more than 75% surrounded by fine sediment.
ted in	SCORE 0	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0
Parameters to be evaluated in sampling reach	3. Velocity/Depth Regime	All four velocity/depth regimes present (slow-deep, slow-shallow, fast-deep, fast-shallow). (Slow is < 0.3 m/s, deep is > 0.5 m.)	Only 3 of the 4 regimes present (if fast-shallow is missing, score lower than if missing other regimes).	Only 2 of the 4 habitat regimes present (if fast-shallow or slow-shallow are missing, score low).	Dominated by 1 velocity/ depth regime (usually slow-deep).
ıram	SCORE 0	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0
P ₂	4. Sediment Deposition	Little or no enlargement of islands or point bars and less than 5% of the bottom affected by sediment deposition.	Some new increase in bar formation, mostly from gravel, sand or fine sediment; 5-30% of the bottom affected; slight deposition in pools.	Moderate deposition of new gravel, sand or fine sediment on old and new bars; 30-50% of the bottom affected; sediment deposits at obstructions, constrictions, and bends; moderate deposition of pools prevalent.	Heavy deposits of fine material, increased bar development; more than 50% of the bottom changing frequently; pools almost absent due to substantial sediment deposition.
	SCORE 0	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0
	5. Channel Flow Status	Water reaches base of both lower banks, and minimal amount of channel substrate is exposed.	Water fills >75% of the available channel; or <25% of channel substrate is exposed.	Water fills 25-75% of the available channel, and/or riffle substrates are mostly exposed.	Very little water in channel and mostly present as standing pools.
	score 0	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0

Notes: No water present. Vegetated roadside ditch which lacked stream substrate.

HABITAT ASSESSMENT FIELD DATA SHEET—HIGH GRADIENT STREAMS (BACK)

	Habitat		Condition	n Category	
	Habitat Parameter	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginal	Poor
	6. Channel Alteration	Channelization or dredging absent or minimal; stream with normal pattern.	Some channelization present, usually in areas of bridge abutments; evidence of past channelization, i.e., dredging, (greater than past 20 yr) may be present, but recent channelization is not present.	Channelization may be extensive; embankments or shoring structures present on both banks; and 40 to 80% of stream reach channelized and disrupted.	Banks shored with gabion or cement; over 80% of the stream reach channelized and disrupted. Instream habitat greatly altered or removed entirely.
	score 2	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0
ling reach	7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	Occurrence of riffles relatively frequent; ratio of distance between riffles divided by width of the stream <7:1 (generally 5 to 7); variety of habitat is key. In streams where riffles are continuous, placement of boulders or other large, natural obstruction is important.	Occurrence of riffles infrequent; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between 7 to 15.	Occasional riffle or bend; bottom contours provide some habitat; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between 15 to 25.	Generally all flat water or shallow riffles; poor habitat; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is a ratio of >25.
amp	SCORE 0	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0
Parameters to be evaluated broader than sampling reach	8. Bank Stability (score each bank) Note: determine left or right side by facing devergement.	Banks stable; evidence of erosion or bank failure absent or minimal; little potential for future problems. <5% of bank affected.	Moderately stable; infrequent, small areas of erosion mostly healed over. 5-30% of bank in reach has areas of erosion.	Moderately unstable; 30-60% of bank in reach has areas of erosion; high erosion potential during floods.	Unstable; many eroded areas; "raw" areas frequent along straight sections and bends; obvious bank sloughing; 60-100% of bank has erosional sears.
eva	SCORE 10	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0
to be	SCORE 10	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0
Parameters	9. Vegetative Protection (score each bank)	More than 90% of the streambank surfaces and immediate riparian zone covered by native vegetation, including trees, understory shrubs, or nonwoody macrophytes; vegetative disruption through grazing or mowing minimal or not evident; almost all plants allowed to grow naturally.	70-90% of the streambank surfaces covered by native vegetation, but one class of plants is not well-represented; disruption evident but not affecting full plant growth potential to any great extent; more than one-half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.	50-70% of the streambank surfaces covered by vegetation; disruption obvious; patches of bare soil or closely cropped vegetation common; less than one- half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.	Less than 50% of the streambank surfaces covered by vegetation; disruption of streambank vegetation is very high; vegetation has been removed to 5 centimeters or less in average stubble height.
	SCORE 4	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0
	SCORE 4	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0
	10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (score each bank riparian zone)	Width of riparian zone >18 meters; human activities (i.e., parking lots, roadbeds, clear-cuts, lawns, or crops) have not impacted zone.	Width of riparian zone 12-18 meters; human activities have impacted zone only minimally.	Width of riparian zone 6- 12 meters; human activities have impacted zone a great deal.	Width of riparian zone <6 meters: little or no riparian vegetation due to human activities.
	SCORE 6	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0
	SCORE 1	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0

Total Score _____ Notes: No water present. Vegetated roadside ditch which lacked stream substrate.

BENTHIC MACROINVERTEBRATE FIELD DATA SHEET

STREAM NAME S-A	\B16						LOC	ATION	V Mor	tgc	me	ry C	ount	ty						
STATION #_12448+10	R	IVE	RMI	LE_			STRI	EAM C	LASS	In	tern	nitte	nt							
LAT 37.231693	_ L	ONC	j - 80.	198778	3		RIVE	ER BAS	SIN U	Jpp	er F	Roar	noke	:						
STORET#							AGE	NCY V	/ADE	2										
INVESTIGATORS A	W, J	В											Ι	COT	NUMBER					
FORM COMPLETED) BY	Α	W	, ,	JB		DAT TIMI	E 8/24	00 PM				F	REAS	SON FOR SURVEY Ba	aselir	ne A	sses	ssm	ent
HABITAT TYPES	▮∟	Cob	ble_		%	tage of e Snag phytes_	gs	%		Ve	geta	ited]	Banl (ks	%	_%				
SAMPLE	G	ear	used	Г	D-fr	ame 🔲	kick-	net		Е]01	her								
COLLECTION								_	٦ ه			_								
	Н	ow v	vere	the	samp	les colle	cted?	L	wad	ng		Ц	fron	n ban	ık from boa	Į.				
		Cob	ble			r of jabs/ ☐Snaş phytes	SS	s taken —	in ea	Ve	geta		Banl	ks	Sand)	_				
GENERAL COMMENTS	N	o v	vat	er	pre	sent.														
Indicate estimated Dominant Periphyton	l abı	und	ance	e: (1 2			ved,			are	., 2	= C	ommon, 3= Abund		1 =		3	4
Filamentous Algae					-	1 2	-	-					nvei	rtebr	ates	-	1			4
Macrophytes					0	1 2	3	4		F	ish	1				0	1	2	3	4
FIELD OBSERVA Indicate estimated				e:	0 =	Absent	Not	Obse							rganisms), 2 = Con , 4 = Dominant (>5				ıs)	
Porifera	0	1	2	3	4	Aniso		ļ.	0		1	2	3	4	Chironomidae	0	1	2	3	4
Hydrozoa	0	1	2	3	4	Zygop			0		1	2	3	4	Ephemeroptera	0	1	2	3	4
Platyhelminthes	0	1	2	3	4	Hemip			0		1	2	3	4	Trichoptera	0	1	2	3	4
Turbellaria Hirudinea	0	1	2	3	4	Coleo _j Lepido			0		1 1	2	3	4	Other	0	1	2	3	4
Oligochaeta	0	1	2	3	4	Sialida	_	а	0		1	2	3	4						
Isopoda	0	1	2	3	4	Coryd		ie	0		1	2	3	4						
Amphipoda	0	1	2	3	4	Tipuli			0		1	2	3	4						
Decapoda	0	1	2	3	4	Empid			0		1	2	3	4						
Gastropoda	0	1	2	3	4	Simul			0		1	2	3	4						
Bivalvia	0	1	2	3	4	Tabin			0		1	2	3	4						
1						Culcid			0		1	2	3	4						

				Unified S	tream Method	lology for use			l)		
Project #	Project N	Name (Appl		Locality	Cowardin	HUC	ittent or perennia	SAR#	Impact	Impact	
22865.06	Mountain Valle			Montgomery	Class. R4	03010101	8/24/21	S-AB16	Length 20	Factor 1	
	Valley e(s) of Evaluator(Pipeline, L		County and Informa		03010101	0/24/21	3-AD10	SAR Length	'	
Name	AW, JB	(5)		ibutary to Roa					JAK Length	19	
. Channel C	ondition: Assess th	he cross-section				gradation)					
	Optima			ptimal	Conditional Catego		Po	or	Sev	ere	
Channel Condition	Very little incision or acti 100% stable banks. Veg protection or natural rox (80-100%). AND/OR Sta bankfull benches are pr to their original floody developed wide bankfull channel bars and transv	getative surface ock, prominent able point bars / resent. Access lplain or fully I benches. Mid- verse bars few.	erosion or unproted of banks are s Vegetative protec prominent (60 Depositional feat stability. The bar channels are well de	ew areas of active ted banks. Majority table (60-80%). tion or natural rock -80%) AND/OR tures contribute to nkfull and low flow efined. Stream likely	Poor. Banks more or Poor due to k Erosion may be pr both banks. Vege 40-60% of banks. S vertical or und 40-60% Sediment	less than Severe or stable than Severe ower bank slopes. esent on 40-60% of tative protection on streambanks may be ercut. AND/OR may be temporary /	vertical. Erosion pri banks. Vegetative on 20-40% of banks to prevent erosion. the stream is cove	e. Likely to widen both banks are near esent on 60-80% of protection present s, and is insufficient AND/OR 60-80% of ered by sediment.	Deeply incised vertical/lateral in: incision, flow contain Streambed below av majority of banks Vegetative protect than 20% of banks erosion. Obvious	stability. Severe led within the banks. erage rooting depth, vertical/undercut. on present on less i, is not preventing s bank sloughing	
_	Transient sediment dep less than 10% of	position covers	has access to be newly developed portions of the r sediment covers 1 bot	inkfull benches,or of floodplains along reach. Transient 0-40% of the stream tom.	transient, contr Deposition that co may be forming/p shaped channel: protection on > 40 depositional featur to sta	ribute instability. Intribute to stability, Intribute to stability, Intribute to stability, Intribute to stability, Intribute to stability Intribute ability. Intribute to stability.	Sediment is temp nature, and contril AND/OR V-shap vegetative protect 40% of the banks a deposition	orary / transient in outing to instability. ed channels have ion is present on > nd stable sediment is absent.	present. Erosion/raw AND/OR Aggradin than 80% of stream deposition, contrib Multiple thread of subterran	v banks on 80-100%. g channel. Greater h bed is covered by uting to instability. channels and/or ean flow.	CI
Scores	3		2	.4		2	1.	.6	1	l	3.00
	Ontima	N.		nditional Cate	gory			y be acceptable)	NOTES>>		
Riparian Buffers	Optima Tree stratum (dbh > 3 in with > 60% tree can Wetlands located withi areas.	nches) present, nopy cover.	Subo High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with	Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover	gory Mar	ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shruh and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree	High Poor: Lawns, mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till cropland; actively grazed pasture, sparsely vegetated non-maintained area, recently seeded and stabilized, or other comparable condition.	,	NOTES>>		
	Tree stratum (dbh > 3 in with > 60% tree can Wetlands located withi	nches) present, nopy cover.	High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shall alyers or a non-maintained	Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 Inches) present, with <30%	Ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30 where canopy cover with maintained	High Poor: Lawns, mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till cropland; actively grazed pasture, sparsely vegetated non-maintained area, recently seeded and stabilized, or other comparable	Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, tralls, or other comparable	NOTES>>		
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Scores Delineate ripar Determine squ Enter the % Ri Right Bank Left Bank	Tree stratum (dbh > 3 in with > 60% tree can Wetlands located within areas. 1.5 Tian areas along each burner footage for each burner footage	stream bank in by measuring to for each ripa 55% 0.5	High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained understory. High 1.2 nto Condition Cat or estimating leng arian category in the 45% 0.6	Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Low 1.1 egories and Cond th and width. Calche blocks below.	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover. High 0.85	ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover with maintained understory. Low 0.75 the descriptors. ded for you below.	High Poor: Lawns, mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till cropland; actively grazed pasture, sparsely vegetated non-maintained area, recently seeded and stabilized, or other comparable condition. High 0.6 Ensure t of % F Blocks e	Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions. Low 0.5 the sums liparian qual 100 100%	CI= (Sum % RA * Sc Rt Bank CI > Lt Bank CI > banks; root mats; S	0.55 0.85	
Scores Delineate ripar Determine squ Enter the % Ri Right Bank Left Bank INSTREAM Omplexes, stable	Tree stratum (dbh > 3 in with > 60% tree can Wetlands located within areas. 1.5 Trian areas along each burse footage for each burse footage for each burse footage for each burse score > % Riparian Area \$ Score > // HABITAT: Varied e features.	stream bank i by measuring te for each ripa 55% 0.5 100% 0.85	Subo High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh- 30 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained understory. High 1.2 Into Condition Cater or estimating lenguarian category in the desired of the desired	Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Low 1.1 egories and Cond th and width. Calche blocks below.	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover. High 0.85 Ition Scores using culators are provided to the control of the	ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparia and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover with maintained understory. Low 0.75 the descriptors. ded for you below.	High Poor: Lawns, mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till cropland; actively grazed pasture, sparsely vegetated non-maintained area, recently seeded and stabilized, or other comparable condition. High 0.6 Ensure to fine Blocks e	Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions. Low 0.5 he sums ciparian qual 100 100% 100%	CI= (Sum % RA * So Rt Bank CI > Lt Bank CI >	0.55 0.85	
Scores Delineate ripar Determine squ Enter the % Ri Right Bank Left Bank	Tree stratum (dbh > 3 in with > 60% tree can Wetlands located within areas. 1.5 Tian areas along each burner footage for each burner footage	stream bank in the riparian bank in t	Subo High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained understory. High 1.2 Into Condition Cate or estimating lengarian category in the strategy of the str	Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Low 1.1 egories and Cond th and width. Calche blocks below.	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover. High 0.85 ition Scores using culators are provided to the control of the	ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover with maintained understory. Low 0.75 the descriptors. ded for you below.	High Poor: Laws, mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till cropland; actively grazed pasture, sparsely vegetated non-maintained area, recently seeded and stabilized, or other comparable condition. High 0.6 Ensure to fine Blocks expenses we will be been seed to fine Blocks expenses when the seed to fine Blocks expenses we will be been seed to fine Blocks expenses when the seed to fine Blocks expenses we will be be been seed to fine Blocks expenses when the seed to fine Blocks expenses we will be a seed to fine Blocks expenses when the seed to fine Blocks expenses we will be be be been seed to fine Blocks expenses when the seed to fine Blocks expenses we will be be be been seed to fine Blocks expenses when the seed to fine Blocks expenses we will be be be been seed to fine Blocks expenses when the seed to fine Blocks expenses we will be be be be be been seed to fine Blocks expenses when the seed to fine Blocks expenses we will be be be be be been seed to fine Blocks expenses when the seed to fine Blocks expenses we will be be be be be been seed to fine Blocks expenses when the seed to fine Blocks expenses we will be be be be be been seed to fine Blocks expenses when the seed to fine Blocks expenses when the seed to fine Blocks expenses when the seed to fine Blocks expenses we will be be be be be been seed to fine Blocks expenses when the seed to fine Blocks expenses we will be	Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions. Low 0.5 he sums liparian qual 100 100% 100%	CI= (Sum % RA * Sc Rt Bank CI > Lt Bank CI > banks; root mats; S	0.55 0.85 OAV; riffle/pool	

	S	tream lı	mpact A	ssessn	nent For	rm Page	e 2		
Project #	Project Name (Appl	licant)	Locality	Cowardin Class.	нис	Date	SAR#	Impact Length	Impact Factor
22865.06	Mountain Valley Pipeline Valley Pipeline, L	•	Montgomery County	R4	03010101	8/24/21	S-AB16	20	1
	valley i ipelille, L	.LO)	County						
1. CHANNEL	ALTERATION: Stream crossin		te, gabions, or con	ncrete blocks, strai	ightening of chann	nel, channelization		spoil piles, constricti	ons, livestock
1. CHANNEL	•	gs, riprap, concre	te, gabions, or con	al Category	ightening of chann				ons, livestock

auidelines. If

stream has been channelized,

normal stable

stream meander pattern has not

0.7

by any of the channel alterations listed

in the parameter guidelines AND/OR 80% of banks shored with gabion, riprap, or cement.

0.5

0.9 REACH CONDITION INDEX and STREAM CONDITION UNITS FOR THIS REACH

auidelines. If

tream has beer channelized,

normal stable

stream meander pattern has not

NOTE: The CIs and RCI should be rounded to 2 decimal places. The CR should be rounded to a whole number.

disrupted by any of

the parameter

guidelines.

1.3

the channel erations listed i

isrupted by any o

the channel Iterations listed

the parameter

guidelines.

Channelization, dredging, alteration, or

hardening absent. Stream has an unaltered pattern or has naturalized.

1.5

THE REACH CONDITION INDEX (RCI) >>

1.14

CI

1.50

RCI= (Sum of all Cl's)/5, except if stream is ephemeral RCI = (Riparian Cl/2) COMPENSATION REQUIREMENT (CR) >> 23

CR = RCI X L_I X IF

INSERT PHOTOS:

Alteration

Scores

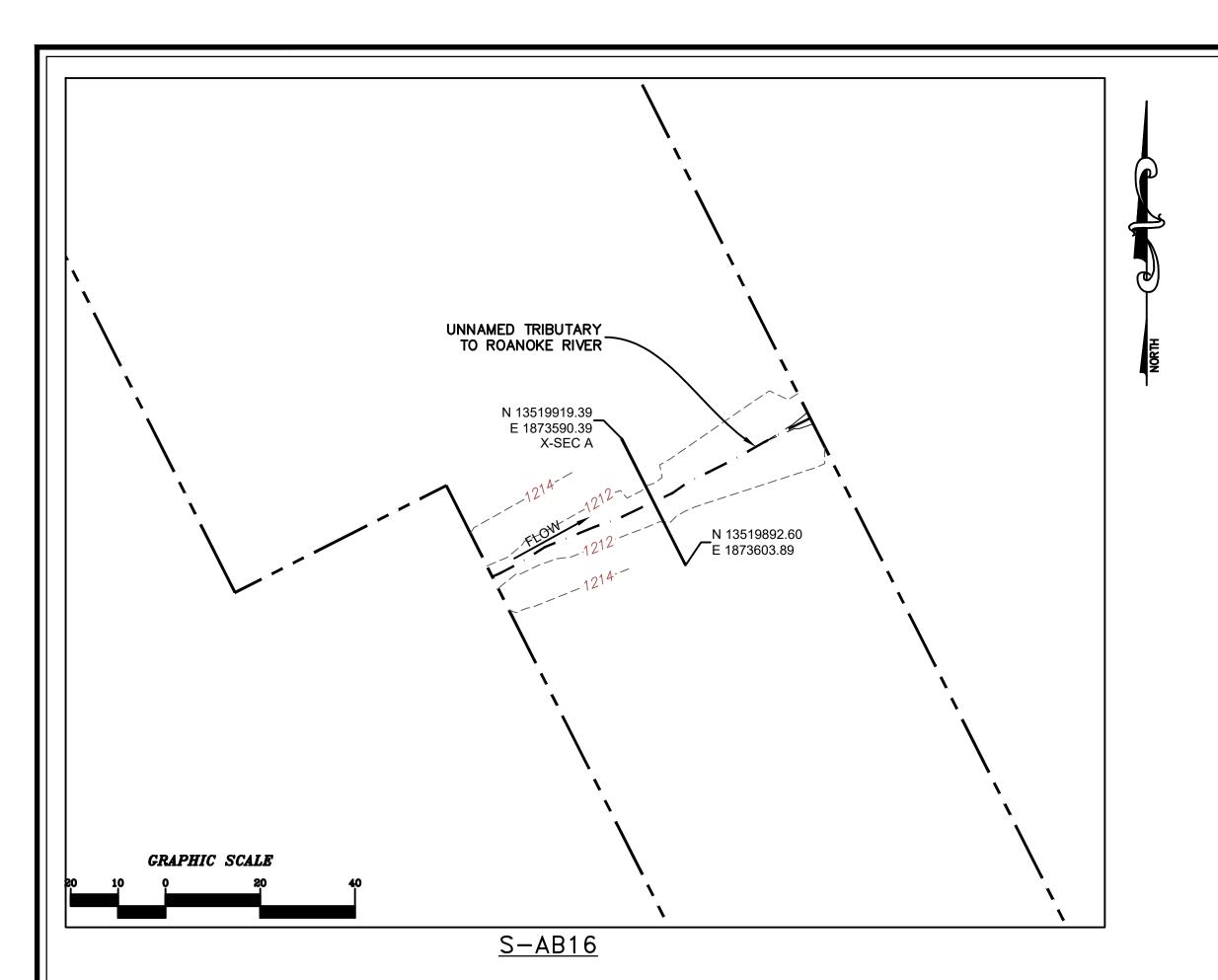
(WSSI Photo Location "L:\22000s\22800\22865.06\Admin\05-ENVR\Field Data\Spread H\Field Forms\S-AB16\Photos\DS VIEW.jpg")

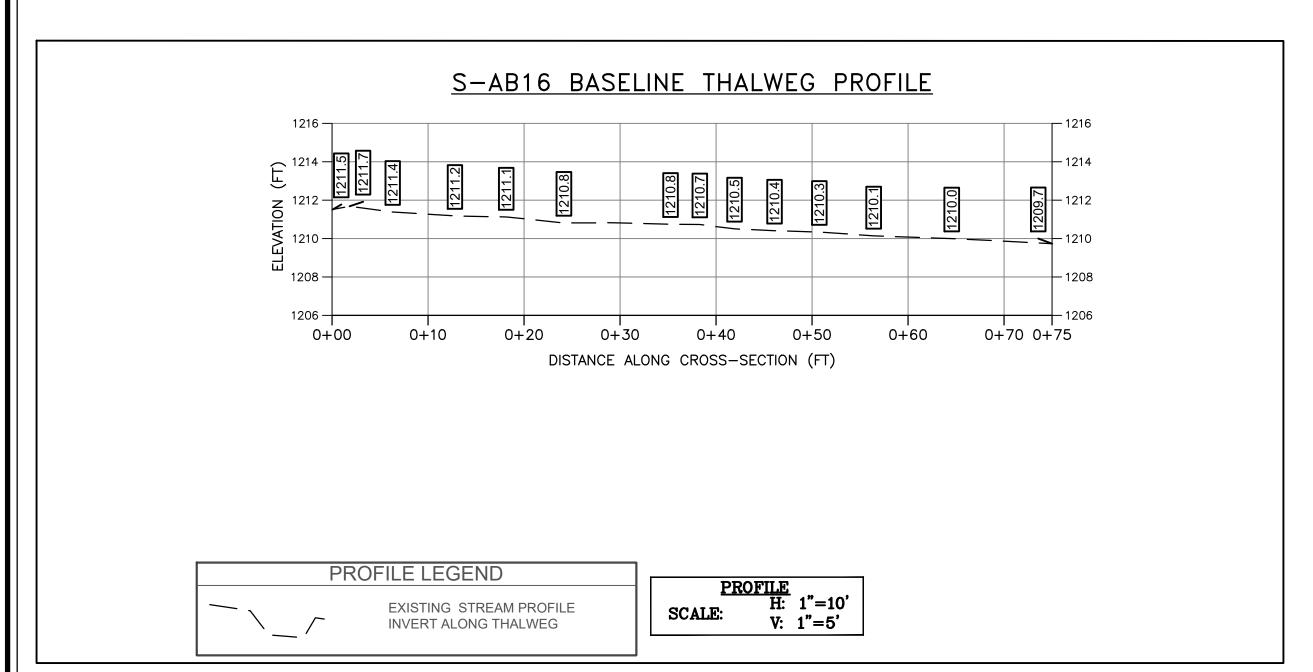


Looking downstream at S-AB16 within the ROW looking E. Assessment is limited to areas within the temporary ROW.

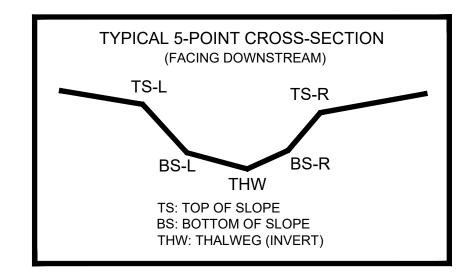
J		j	7	7	2	IMPA	<u>~</u>
ш	ESCR	IBE.	PRO	PU	เรยบ	IMPA	GI

PROVIDED UNDER SEPARATE COVER





CL STAKEOUT POINTS: S-AB16 CROSS SECTION A (PIPE CL)										
	PI		POST-CF	ROSSING						
PT. LOC.	NORTHING	EASTING	ELEV	VERT.	HORZ.					
P1. LOC.	NORTHING	EASTING	ELEV	DIFF.	DIFF.					
TS-L	13519912.0300	1873594.1100'	1213.390'							
BS-L	13519907.4400	1873597.0420'	1210.915'							
THW	13519905.9300	1873597.9940'	1210.673'							
BS-R	13519904.0500	1873599.5620'	1211.077'							
TS-R	-	-	-							



SURVEY NOTES:

LEGEND

EXISTING SURVEY-LOCATED THALWEG

STUDY AREA (EASEMENT)

— −1900 — EXISTING MAJOR CONTOUR

- - \cdot 1904 \cdot - EXISTING MINOR CONTOUR

- 1. THIS MAP HAS BEEN ORIENTED TO NAD 1983 UTM ZONE 17N, AND VERTICALLY TO THE NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM OF 1988 (NAVD 88), USING REAL TIME DGPS. FIELD LOCATIONS WERE COMPLETED ON AUGUST 24, 2021.
- 2. EASEMENT LINES SHOWN ON PLAN VIEW WERE PROVIDED BY MOUNTAIN VALLEY PIPELINE.
- 3. SURVEY POINTS FOR CROSS SECTIONS AND THALWEG PROFILES COLLECTED IN 2021 HAVE BEEN USED IN COMBINATION WITH SURVEY POINTS COLLECTED PREVIOUSLY IN 2020 IN ORDER TO GENERATE THE PRE-CROSSING SURFACE SHOWN IN PLAN. DUE TO NATURAL EROSIONAL STREAM PROCESSES THAT CAN OCCUR OVER TIME, MINOR ADJUSTMENTS TO THE PROFILE ALIGNMENTS MAY HAVE BEEN REQUIRED IN ORDER TO GENERATE A CLEAN PRE-CROSSING SURFACE.

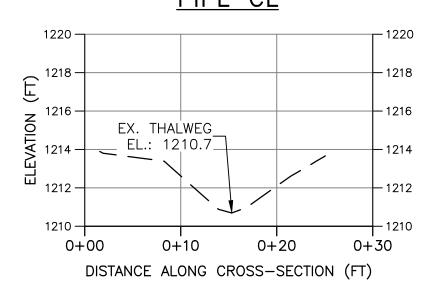
CROSS SECTION LEGEND

CROSS SECTION
H: 1"=10'
V: 1"=5'

— EXISTING GRADE

4. ALL SECTION VIEWS SHOWN LEFT TO RIGHT FACING DOWNSTREAM.

S-AB16 BASELINE CROSS-SECTION A PIPE CL



NOTE: ALL SECTIONS VIEWS SHOWN LEFT TO RIGHT FACING DOWNSTREAM.

PENDING CROSSING

PHOTO TAKEN LOOKING DOWNSTREAM FROM UPSTREAM IMPACT LIMITS

PENDING CROSSING

PHOTO TAKEN LOOKING UPSTREAM FROM DOWNSTREAM IMPACT LIMITS

PRE-CROSSING PHOTOS



PHOTO TAKEN AUGUST 24, 2021 LOOKING



PHOTO TAKEN AUGUST 24, 2021 LOOKING UPSTREAM FROM DOWNSTREAM IMPACT LIMITS

POST-CROSSING PHOTOS

MOUNTAIN VALLEY PIPELINE 2200 energy drive, 2nd f canonsburg, pa 1531

Drawing No

CAD File No.