#### **Baseline Assessment – Stream Attributes**

# Reach S-A19 H26 (Pipeline ROW) Intermittent Spread I Franklin County, Virginia

Data	Included		
Photos	✓		
SWVM Form	✓		
FCI Calculator and HGM Form	✓		
RBP Physical Characteristics Form	✓		
Water Quality Data	N/A –Low flow		
RBP Habitat Form	✓		
RBP Benthic Form	✓		
Benthic Identification Sheet	N/A – Low flow		
Wolman Pebble Count	✓		
RiverMorph Data Sheet	✓		
USM Form (Virginia Only)	✓		
Longitudinal Profile and Cross Sections	✓		

#### Spread I Stream S-A19/H26 (Pipeline ROW) Franklin County



Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Downstream at ROW/LOD looking SW upstream, RAH



Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Downstream at ROW/LOD looking NE downstream, RAH

### Spread I Stream S-A19/H26 (Pipeline ROW) Franklin County



Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: On thalweg at pipe centerline looking SE at right streambank, RAH



Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: On thalweg at pipe centerline looking E at left streambank, RAH

#### Spread I Stream S-A19/H26 (Pipeline ROW) Franklin County



Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Upstream at ROW/LOD looking NW upstream, RAH



Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Upstream at ROW/LOD looking SE downstream, RAH

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USACE FILE NO./ Project Name: (v2.1, Sept 2015)		Mountai	n Valley Pipeline	IMPACT COORDINATES: (in Decimal Degrees)	Lat.	36.987719	Lon.	79.698901	WEATHER:		Sunny	DATE:	9/3/20	)21
IMPACT STREAM/SITE ID (watershed size (acreage).			S-A1	9/H26		MITIGATION STREAM CLASS. (watershed size (acreage						Comments:		
STREAM IMPACT LENGTH:	212	FORM OF MITIGATION:	RESTORATION (Levels I-III)	MIT COORDINATES: (in Decimal Degrees)	Lat.		Lon.		PRECIPITATION PAST 48 HRS:			Mitigation Length:		
Column No. 1- Impact Existing	Condition (Deb	it)	Column No. 2- Mitigation Existing Co	ondition - Baseline (Credit)		Column No. 3- Mitigation Pr Post Completio		ears	Column No. 4- Mitigation Proje Post Completion (C		ars	Column No. 5- Mitigation Projected	at Maturity (Cre	edit)
Stream Classification:	Interm	ittent	Stream Classification:			Stream Classification:		0	Stream Classification:	(	0	Stream Classification:	0	
Percent Stream Channel Sl		8.25	Percent Stream Channel Slo			Percent Stream Channel S		0	Percent Stream Channel Sle	•	0	Percent Stream Channel Sic		0
HGM Score (attach da	ata forms):		HGM Score (attach o	data forms):		HGM Score (attach	data forms):		HGM Score (attach da	ita forms):		HGM Score (attach da	a forms):	
		Average		Average				Average			Average			Average
Hydrology	0.49		Hydrology			Hydrology			Hydrology			Hydrology		
Biogeochemical Cycling	0.51	0.43666667	Biogeochemical Cycling	0		Biogeochemical Cycling		0	Biogeochemical Cycling		0	Biogeochemical Cycling		0
Habitat	0.31		Habitat			Habitat			Habitat			Habitat		1
PART I - Physical, Chemical and	Biological Indic	ators	PART I - Physical, Chemical and	d Biological Indicators		PART I - Physical, Chemical a	nd Biological Inc	licators	PART I - Physical, Chemical and	Biological Indic	cators	PART I - Physical, Chemical and E	iological Indica	tors
	Points Scale Range	Site Score		Points Scale Range Site Score			Points Scale Range	Site Score		Points Scale Range	Site Score		Points Scale Range	Site Score
PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams	classifications)		PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams of	classifications)		PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all stream	s classifications)		PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams	classifications)		PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams of	lassifications)	
USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet)			USEPA RBP (Low Gradient Data Sheet)			USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet)			USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet)			USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet)		
Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover	0-20	1	Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover	0-20		Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover	0-20		Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover	0-20		Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover	0-20	
Embeddedness     Velocity/ Depth Regime	0-20	0	Pool Substrate Characterization     Pool Variability	0-20		Embeddedness     Velocity/ Depth Regime	0-20		Embeddedness     Velocity/ Depth Regime	0-20		Embeddedness     Velocity/ Depth Regime	0-20	
Velocity/ Depth Regime     Sediment Deposition	0-20	6	Sediment Deposition	0-20		Velocity/ Depth Regime     Sediment Deposition	0-20		Velocity/ Depth Regime     Sediment Deposition	0-20		Velocity/ Depth Regime     Sediment Deposition	0-20	
5. Channel Flow Status	0-20	2	5. Channel Flow Status	0-20		5. Channel Flow Status	0-20		5. Channel Flow Status	0-20		5. Channel Flow Status	0-20	
6. Channel Alteration	0-20 0-1	19	6. Channel Alteration	0-20 0-1		6. Channel Alteration	0-20 0-1		6. Channel Alteration	0-20 0-1		6. Channel Alteration	0-20 0-1	
7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	0-20	1	7. Channel Sinuosity	0-20		7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	0-20		7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	0-20		7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	0-20	
8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)	0-20	7	8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)	0-20		8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)	0-20		8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)	0-20		8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)	0-20	
9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20	13	9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20		9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20		9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20		9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20	
Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB)	0-20	12	Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB)	0-20		Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB)	0-20		Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB)	0-20		Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB)	0-20	
Total RBP Score	Marginal	62	Total RBP Score	Poor 0		Total RBP Score	Poor	0	Total RBP Score	Poor	0	Total RBP Score	Poor	0
Sub-Total		0.31	Sub-Total	0		Sub-Total		0	Sub-Total		0	Sub-Total		Ö
CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitter	t and Perennial St	reams)	CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermittent	and Perennial Streams)		CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitte	nt and Perennial St	reams)	CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitten	t and Perennial St	treams)	CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermittent	and Perennial Stres	ams)
WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General	1		WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General)			WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (Genera	n		WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General	1		WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General)		
Specific Conductivity			Specific Conductivity			Specific Conductivity	"		Specific Conductivity			Specific Conductivity		
	0-90			0-90			0-90			0-90			0-90	
100-199 - 85 points	0-90			0-90			0-90			0-90			0-90	
pH			pH			pH			pH			pH		
5.6-5.9 = 45 points	0-80			5-90 0-1			5-90			5-90			5-90	
5.6-5.9 = 45 points			00			DO.			00			00		
DO	_		БО			DO	_		ВО			DO		
	10-30			10-30			10-30			10-30			10-30	
Sub-Total			Sub-Total	0		Sub-Total		0	Sub-Total		0	Sub-Total		0
BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermit	ent and Perennial	Streams)	BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitte	ent and Perennial Streams)		BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intern	nittent and Perenn	ial Streams)	BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Interm	ittent and Perenr	nial Streams)	BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermit	ent and Perennial	l Streams)
WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)			WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)			WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)			WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)			WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)		
	0-100 0-1			0-100 0-1			0-100 0-1			0-100 0-1			0-100 0-1	
0	5.100 0-1					ļ	0-100 0-1			2.100 0-1			2.00	
Sub-Total		0	Sub-Total	0		Sub-Total		0	Sub-Total		0	Sub-Total		0
PART II - Index and U	nit Score		PART II - Index and I	Unit Score		PART II - Index and	d Unit Score		PART II - Index and U	nit Score		PART II - Index and Un	it Score	
Index	Linear Feet	Unit Score	Index	Linear Feet Unit Score		Index	Linear Feet	Unit Score	Index	Linear Feet	Unit Score	Index	Linear Feet	Unit Score
0.496	212	105.116667	0	0 0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

0.0

			High-G			ter Strea et and C			ıa		
	Team:	RC, RH							M Northing:	36.987719	
Pro		Mountain V	alley Pipeli	ne					ΓM Easting:		
	-	Franklin Co						-	pling Date:		
SA	AR Number:	S-A19/H26	Reach	Length (ft):	192	Stream Ty	/pe: <sub>Inter</sub>	mittent Strea	m		•
	Top Strata:	Tree	e/Sapling St	trata	(determine	d from perc	ent calculat	ed in V <sub>CCAN</sub>	<sub>OPY</sub> )		ı
Site a	and Timing:	Project Site				<b>—</b>	Before Proje	ect			<b>—</b>
Sample	o Variables	1-4 in strea	am channo	ı		I					
1	V <sub>CCANOPY</sub>				nel by tree a	nd sanling	canopy Me	easure at no	fewer than	10	
		roughly equ less than 2	uidistant poi 0%, enter a	ints along that least one	ne stream. I value betwe	Measure on en 0 and 19	ly if tree/sa	oling cover	is at least 20		35.5 %
	List the pe	rcent cover i			point below			•			
	0	0	90	90	90	90	20	90	80	0	
_	0	20	40	30	0	40	30	0	0	0	
2	$V_{\text{EMBED}}$	points alon	g the strear	n. Select a	particle from	n the bed.	Before mov	ing it, deter	oughly equid mine the pe	rcentage	2.3
									t, and enter		
									of fine sedin	nents, use	
					-	bedrock, us			atts, Megah	on and	
		Minshall 19	•	ioi gravei, c	copple and i	ooulder pari	icies (resca	ilea irom Pi	atts, Megani	an, and	
		Rating	Rating Des								
		5 4							nt (or bedro	ck)	
		3				l, surrounde ed, surround					
		2				ed, surround					
		1							ent (or artific	cial	
	List the rat	ings at each	point belov	v:							
	1	1	1	1	5	1	1	1	4	4	
	5	1	3	3	3	1	1	1	3	1	
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	
	1	1	4	1	1	4	3	1	1	3	
	5	5	1	1	1	5	5	5	5	5	
3	V <sub>SUBSTRATE</sub>	Median stre				e. Measure and particle			ughly equidi	stant	0.49 in
	Enter parti	cle size in in	ches to the	nearest 0.1	inch at eac	ch point belo	w (bedrock	should be	counted as	99 in.	
		concrete as					`			,	
	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	3.40	0.08	0.08	3.50	5.10	1.90	
	3.00	4.90	5.60	2.60	3.10	0.08	0.08	0.08	1.60	3.20	
	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	3.90	
	0.08	0.08	2.10	0.90	1.30	5.90	2.60	0.08	0.08	3.10	
	4.90	4.40	0.08	0.08	0.08	99.00	99.00	99.00	99.00	99.00	
4	$V_{BERO}$		e total perc						eroded bank erosion for t		57 %
			Left Bank:	10	0 ft	F	Right Bank:	10	) ft		
Sample	e Variables	5-9 within	the entire r	iparian/but	fer zone ac	djacent to t	he stream	channel (2	5 feet from	each bank)	
5	$V_{LWD}$	Number of	down wood	y stems (at	least 4 inch	es in diame	ter and 36	inches in le	ngth) per 10	0 feet of	

stream reach. Enter the number from the entire 50'-wide buffer and within the channel, and the

Number of downed woody stems:

0

amount per 100 feet of stream will be calculated.

6	$V_{TDBH}$			measure or ameter. Ent			ing cover is	at least 20°	%). Trees a	re at least	0.0
				nents of indi	vidual trees	s (at least 4	in) within th	e buffer on	each side		
		of the strea	Left Side			1		Right Side			
			Edit didd					ragni olao			
7	$V_{SNAG}$	Number of	snags (at le	east 4" dbh	and 36" tall)	) per 100 fe	et of stream	. Enter nur	mber of sna	gs on each	
		side of the	stream, and	d the amour	nt per 100 fe	eet will be c	alculated.				0.5
			Left Side:		1		Right Side:		0		
8	$V_{SSD}$						ches dbh) pe				Not Used
				ບ‰). Enter tream will be			d shrubs on	each side (	of the strear	n, and the	Not Used
		•	Left Side:				Right Side:				
9	$V_{SRICH}$						am reach.(				
							sive species from these		all strata. S	pecies	0.00
			p 1 = 1.0						2 (-1.0)		
	Acer rubru			Magnolia ti	ripetala		Ailanthus a			Lonicera ja	ponica
	Acer sacci	harum		Nyssa sylv	atica		Albizia julib	rissin		Lonicera ta	tarica
	Aesculus 1	flava		Oxydendrun		I —	Alliaria peti		_	Lotus corn	iculatus
	Asimina tri	iloba	П	Prunus ser	otina		Alternanthe			Lythrum sa	licaria
	Betula alleg			Quercus al			philoxeroid		<u> </u>	Microstegiur	
	Betula len			Quercus co			Aster tatari	cus		Paulownia	
	Carya alba			Quercus in			Cerastium			Polygonum	
	Carya glal			Quercus pi			Coronilla v			Pueraria m	•
	Carya giak			Quercus ru			Elaeagnus u			Rosa multi	
	Carya ova			•			•		_		
	•			Quercus ve			Lespedeza			Sorghum h	•
	Cornus flo			Sassafras			Lespedeza			Verbena bi	asiliensis
	Fagus gra			Tilia ameri			Ligustrum of				
	Fraxinus a			Tsuga can			Ligustrum :	sinense			
<b>✓</b>	Liriodendroi	n tulipifera	Ш	Ulmus ame	ericana						
	Magnolia a	acuminata									
		1	Species in	Group 1				1	Species in	Group 2	
	,	10.11			//011 12:-						
_	le Variables The four su			-	-					nın 25 feet 1	rom each
10	V <sub>DETRITUS</sub>						material. V			eter and	10 == 0/
							rital layer at			_	18.75 %
				Side			Right	Side			
		30	10	40	0	10	0	0	70		
		5	10	0	30	50	20	20	5		

4.4						1 1: /				000()	D(	
11	$V_{HERB}$						easure only se there ma					Not Used
			tation perce at each sub		through 20	0% are acc	epted. Ente	r the pe	rcen	t cover of g	round	Not Used
		vegetation	Left				Righ	t Side				
0	- Manialala 4	0	4:		5 4 la a - 4 a - 4							
	e Variable 1		Average of F									
12	$V_{WLUSE}$	vveignted <i>F</i>	Average or r	Runon Scor	e ioi water	sneu.						0.82
			Land	Use (Choos	se From Dr	op List)				Runoff Score	% in Catch- ment	Running Percent (not >100)
	Forest and n	ative range (	<50% ground	cover)					•	0.5	36	36
1	=	ative range (>							•	1	64	100
İ									•			
İ									•			
									•			
									•			
									•			
									•			
	S-A	19/H26					No	ites:		<u> </u>	•	
V	ariable	Value	VSI									
Vc	CANOPY	36 %	0.31									
VE	MBED	2.3	0.55									
Vs	UBSTRATE	0.49 in	0.25									
$V_{B}$	ERO	57 %	0.77									
$V_{L}$	WD	0.0	0.00									
V <sub>T</sub>	DBH	0.0	0.00									
Vs	NAG	0.5	0.88									
Vs	SD	Not Used	Not Used									
	RICH	0.00	0.00									
	ETRITUS	18.8 %	0.23									
$V_H$	ERB	Not Used	Not Used									
V <sub>v</sub>	/LUSE	0.82	0.86									

#### FCI Calculator for the High-Gradient Headwater Streams in Appalachia

To ensure accurate calculations, the <u>UPPERMOST STRATUM</u> of the plant community is determined based on the calculated value for V<sub>CCANOPY</sub> (≥20% cover is required for tree/sapling strata). Go to the SAR Data Entry tab and enter site characteristics and data in the yellow cells. For information on determining how to split a project into SARs, see Chapter 5 of the Operational Draft Regional Guidebook for the Functional Assessment of High-Gradient Headwater Streams and Low-Gradient Perennial Streams in Appalachia (Environmental Laboratory U.S. Army Corps of Engineers 2017).

**Project Name:** Mountain Valley Pipeline **Location:** Franklin County; Spread I

Sampling Date: 9/3/21 Project Site Before Project

Subclass for this SAR:

Intermittent Stream

Uppermost stratum present at this SAR: SAR number: S-A19/H26

Tree/Sapling Strata

Functional Results Summary: Enter Results in Section A of the Mitigation Sufficiency Calculator

Function	Functional Capacity Index
Hydrology	0.49
Biogeochemical Cycling	0.51
Habitat	0.31

#### Variable Measure and Subindex Summary:

Variable	Name	Average Measure	Subindex
V <sub>CCANOPY</sub>	Percent canpoy over channel.	35.50	0.31
V <sub>EMBED</sub>	Average embeddedness of channel.	2.26	0.55
V <sub>SUBSTRATE</sub>	Median stream channel substrate particle size.	0.49	0.25
$V_{BERO}$	Total percent of eroded stream channel bank.	57.29	0.77
$V_{LWD}$	Number of down woody stems per 100 feet of stream.	0.00	0.00
V <sub>TDBH</sub>	Average dbh of trees.	0.00	0.00
V <sub>SNAG</sub>	Number of snags per 100 feet of stream.	0.52	0.88
V <sub>SSD</sub>	Number of saplings and shrubs per 100 feet of stream.	Not Used	Not Used
V <sub>SRICH</sub>	Riparian vegetation species richness.	0.00	0.00
V <sub>DETRITUS</sub>	Average percent cover of leaves, sticks, etc.	18.75	0.23
$V_{HERB}$	Average percent cover of herbaceous vegetation.	Not Used	Not Used
V <sub>WLUSE</sub>	Weighted Average of Runoff Score for Catchment.	0.82	0.86

## PHYSICAL CHARACTERIZATION/WATER QUALITY FIELD DATA SHEET (FRONT)

STREAM NAME	LOCATION			
STATION # RIVERMILE	STREAM CLASS			
LAT LONG	RIVER BASIN			
STORET#	AGENCY			
INVESTIGATORS				
FORM COMPLETED BY	DATE TIME	REASON FOR SURVEY		

WEATHER CONDITIONS  SITE LOCATION/MAP	Now  storm (heavy rain) rain (steady rain) showers (intermittent) % cloud cover clear/sunny  Draw a map of the site and indicate	Past 24 hours Yes No Air Temperature 0 C Other 0 the areas sampled (or attach a photograph)
	Dense tion Jesethion Timber MAT BRIDGE	S-A19/H26 Vegetation V
STREAM CHARACTERIZATION	Stream Origin	Cidal Stream Type Coldwater Warmwater  Catchment Areakm²  fed te of origins

#### HABITAT ASSESSMENT FIELD DATA SHEET - HG - USE ON ALL STREAMS (FRONT)

STREAM NAME	LOCATION	
STATION # RIVERMILE	STREAM CLASS	
LAT LONG	RIVER BASIN	
STORET#	AGENCY	
INVESTIGATORS		
FORM COMPLETED BY	DATE AM PM	REASON FOR SURVEY

	Habitat		Condition	ı Category	
	Parameter	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginal	Poor
	1. Epifaunal Substrate/ Available Cover	Greater than 70% of substrate favorable for epifaunal colonization and fish cover; mix of snags, submerged logs, undercut banks, cobble or other stable habitat and at stage to allow full colonization potential (i.e., logs/snags that are not new fall and not transient).	40-70% mix of stable habitat; well-suited for full colonization potential; adequate habitat for maintenance of populations; presence of additional substrate in the form of newfall, but not yet prepared for colonization (may rate at high end of scale).	20-40% mix of stable habitat; habitat availability less than desirable; substrate frequently disturbed or removed.	Less than 20% stable habitat; lack of habitat is obvious; substrate unstable or lacking.
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0
n sampling reach	2. Embeddedness	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 0-25% surrounded by fine sediment. Layering of cobble provides diversity of niche space.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 25- 50% surrounded by fine sediment.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 50- 75% surrounded by fine sediment.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are more than 75% surrounded by fine sediment.
ted in	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0
Parameters to be evaluated in sampling reach	3. Velocity/Depth Regime	All four velocity/depth regimes present (slow-deep, slow-shallow, fast-deep, fast-shallow). (Slow is < 0.3 m/s, deep is > 0.5 m.)	Only 3 of the 4 regimes present (if fast-shallow is missing, score lower than if missing other regimes).	Only 2 of the 4 habitat regimes present (if fast-shallow or slow-shallow are missing, score low).	Dominated by 1 velocity/depth regime (usually slow-deep).
ıram	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0
Ps	4. Sediment Deposition	Little or no enlargement of islands or point bars and less than 5% of the bottom affected by sediment deposition.	Some new increase in bar formation, mostly from gravel, sand or fine sediment; 5-30% of the bottom affected; slight deposition in pools.	Moderate deposition of new gravel, sand or fine sediment on old and new bars; 30-50% of the bottom affected; sediment deposits at obstructions, constrictions, and bends; moderate deposition of pools prevalent.	Heavy deposits of fine material, increased bar development; more than 50% of the bottom changing frequently; pools almost absent due to substantial sediment deposition.
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0
	5. Channel Flow Status	Water reaches base of both lower banks, and minimal amount of channel substrate is exposed.	Water fills >75% of the available channel; or <25% of channel substrate is exposed.	Water fills 25-75% of the available channel, and/or riffle substrates are mostly exposed.	Very little water in channel and mostly present as standing pools.
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0

#### HABITAT ASSESSMENT FIELD DATA SHEET—HIGH GRADIENT STREAMS (BACK)

	Habitat		Condition	n Category			
	Parameter	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginal	Poor		
	6. Channel Alteration	Channelization or dredging absent or minimal; stream with normal pattern.	Some channelization present, usually in areas of bridge abutments; evidence of past channelization, i.e., dredging, (greater than past 20 yr) may be present, but recent channelization is not present.	Channelization may be extensive; embankments or shoring structures present on both banks; and 40 to 80% of stream reach channelized and disrupted.	Banks shored with gabion or cement; over 80% of the stream reach channelized and disrupted. Instream habitat greatly altered or removed entirely.		
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0		
oling reach	7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	Occurrence of riffles relatively frequent; ratio of distance between riffles divided by width of the stream <7:1 (generally 5 to 7); variety of habitat is key. In streams where riffles are continuous, placement of boulders or other large, natural obstruction is important.	Occurrence of riffles infrequent; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between 7 to 15.	Occasional riffle or bend; bottom contours provide some habitat; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between 15 to 25.	Generally all flat water or shallow riffles; poor habitat; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is a ratio of >25.		
samp	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0		
Parameters to be evaluated broader than sampling reach	8. Bank Stability (score each bank)  Note: determine left or right side by facing downstream.	Banks stable; evidence of erosion or bank failure absent or minimal; little potential for future problems. <5% of bank affected.	Moderately stable; infrequent, small areas of erosion mostly healed over. 5-30% of bank in reach has areas of erosion	Moderately unstable; 30-60% of bank in reach has areas of erosion; high erosion potential during floods.	Unstable; many eroded areas; "raw" areas frequent along straight sections and bends; obvious bank sloughing; 60-100% of bank has erosional scars.		
e eva	SCORE (LB)	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0		
to be	SCORE (RB)	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0		
Parameters	9. Vegetative Protection (score each bank)	More than 90% of the streambank surfaces and immediate riparian zone covered by native vegetation, including trees, understory shrubs, or nonwoody macrophytes; vegetative disruption through grazing or mowing minimal or not evident; almost all plants allowed to grow naturally.	70-90% of the streambank surfaces covered by native vegetation, but one class of plants is not well-represented; disruption evident but not affecting full plant growth potential to any great extent; more than one-half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.	50-70% of the streambank surfaces covered by vegetation; disruption obvious; patches of bare soil or closely cropped vegetation common; less than one- half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.	Less than 50% of the streambank surfaces covered by vegetation; disruption of streambank vegetation is very high; vegetation has been removed to 5 centimeters or less in average stubble height.		
	SCORE (LB)	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0		
	SCORE (RB)	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0		
	10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (score each bank riparian zone)	Width of riparian zone >18 meters; human activities (i.e., parking lots, roadbeds, clear-cuts, lawns, or crops) have not impacted zone.	Width of riparian zone 12-18 meters; human activities have impacted zone only minimally.	Width of riparian zone 6- 12 meters; human activities have impacted zone a great deal.	Width of riparian zone <6 meters: little or no riparian vegetation due to human activities.		
	SCORE (LB)	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0		
ĺ	SCORE (RB)	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0		

Total	Caama	
i otai	Score	

#### HABITAT ASSESSMENT FIELD DATA SHEET—HIGH GRADIENT STREAMS (BACK)

	Habitat		Condition	n Category							
	Parameter	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginal	Poor						
	6. Channel Alteration	Channelization or dredging absent or minimal; stream with normal pattern.	Some channelization present, usually in areas of bridge abutments; evidence of past channelization, i.e., dredging, (greater than past 20 yr) may be present, but recent channelization is not present.	Channelization may be extensive; embankments or shoring structures present on both banks; and 40 to 80% of stream reach channelized and disrupted.	Banks shored with gabion or cement; over 80% of the stream reach channelized and disrupted. Instream habitat greatly altered or removed entirely.						
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0						
oling reach	7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	Occurrence of riffles relatively frequent; ratio of distance between riffles divided by width of the stream <7:1 (generally 5 to 7); variety of habitat is key. In streams where riffles are continuous, placement of boulders or other large, natural obstruction is important.	Occurrence of riffles infrequent; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between 7 to 15.	Occasional riffle or bend; bottom contours provide some habitat; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between 15 to 25.	Generally all flat water or shallow riffles; poor habitat; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is a ratio of >25.						
samp	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0						
Parameters to be evaluated broader than sampling reach	8. Bank Stability (score each bank)  Note: determine left or right side by facing downstream.	Banks stable; evidence of erosion or bank failure absent or minimal; little potential for future problems. <5% of bank affected.	Moderately stable; infrequent, small areas of erosion mostly healed over. 5-30% of bank in reach has areas of erosion	Moderately unstable; 30-60% of bank in reach has areas of erosion; high erosion potential during floods.	Unstable; many eroded areas; "raw" areas frequent along straight sections and bends; obvious bank sloughing; 60-100% of bank has erosional scars.						
e eva	SCORE (LB)	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0						
to be	SCORE (RB)	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0						
Parameters	9. Vegetative Protection (score each bank)	More than 90% of the streambank surfaces and immediate riparian zone covered by native vegetation, including trees, understory shrubs, or nonwoody macrophytes; vegetative disruption through grazing or mowing minimal or not evident; almost all plants allowed to grow naturally.	70-90% of the streambank surfaces covered by native vegetation, but one class of plants is not well-represented; disruption evident but not affecting full plant growth potential to any great extent; more than one-half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.	50-70% of the streambank surfaces covered by vegetation; disruption obvious; patches of bare soil or closely cropped vegetation common; less than one- half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.	Less than 50% of the streambank surfaces covered by vegetation; disruption of streambank vegetation is very high; vegetation has been removed to 5 centimeters or less in average stubble height.						
	SCORE (LB)	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0						
	SCORE (RB)	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0						
	10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (score each bank riparian zone)	Width of riparian zone >18 meters; human activities (i.e., parking lots, roadbeds, clear-cuts, lawns, or crops) have not impacted zone.	Width of riparian zone 12-18 meters; human activities have impacted zone only minimally.	Width of riparian zone 6- 12 meters; human activities have impacted zone a great deal.	Width of riparian zone <6 meters: little or no riparian vegetation due to human activities.						
	SCORE (LB)	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0						
ĺ	SCORE (RB)	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0						

Total	Caama	
i otai	Score	

#### BENTHIC MACROINVERTEBRATE FIELD DATA SHEET

STREAM NAME	LOCATION			
STATION # RIVERMILE	STREAM CLASS			
LAT LONG	RIVER BASIN			
STORET#	AGENCY			
INVESTIGATORS		LOT NUMBER		
FORM COMPLETED BY	DATE REASON FOR SURVEY			
HADITAT TYPES Indicate the percentage of	and habitat type present			

HABITAT TYPES	Indicate the percentage of each habitat type present  Cobble% Snags% Vegetated Banks% Sand%  Submerged Macrophytes% Other ( )%
SAMPLE COLLECTION	Gear used D-frame kick-net Other  How were the samples collected? wading from bank from boat
	Indicate the number of jabs/kicks taken in each habitat type.  Cobble Snags Vegetated Banks Sand Submerged Macrophytes Other ( )
GENERAL COMMENTS	

#### QUALITATIVE LISTING OF AQUATIC BIOTA

Indicate estimated abundance: 0 = Absent/Not Observed, 1 = Rare, 2 = Common, 3 = Abundant, 4 = Dominant

Periphyton	0	1	2	3	4	Slimes	0	1	2	3	4
Filamentous Algae	0	1	2	3	4	Macroinvertebrates	0	1	2	3	4
Macrophytes	0	1	2	3	4	Fish	0	1	2	3	4

#### FIELD OBSERVATIONS OF MACROBENTHOS

Indicate estimated abundance: 0 = Absent/Not Observed, 1 = Rare (1-3 organisms), 2 = Common (3-9 organisms), 3 = Abundant (>10 organisms), 4 = Dominant (>50 organisms)

Porifera	0	1	2	3	4	Anisoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Chironomidae	0	1	2	3	4
Hydrozoa	0	1	2	3	4	Zygoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Ephemeroptera	0	1	2	3	4
Platyhelminthes	0	1	2	3	4	Hemiptera	0	1	2	3	4	Trichoptera	0	1	2	3	4
Turbellaria	0	1	2	3	4	Coleoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Other	0	1	2	3	4
Hirudinea	0	1	2	3	4	Lepidoptera	0	1	2	3	4						
Oligochaeta	0	1	2	3	4	Sialidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Isopoda	0	1	2	3	4	Corydalidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Amphipoda	0	1	2	3	4	Tipulidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Decapoda	0	1	2	3	4	Empididae	0	1	2	3	4						
Gastropoda	0	1	2	3	4	Simuliidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Bivalvia	0	1	2	3	4	Tabinidae	0	1	2	3	4						
						Culcidae	0	1	2	3	4						

#### WOLMAN PEBBLE COUNT FORM

County: Franklin County Stream ID: S-A19/H26

Stream Name: UNT to Jacks Creek

HUC Code: 03010101 Basin: Upper Roanoke

Survey Date: 9/3/2021 Surveyors: RC, RH

Type: Representative / Riffle

т 1	DADTICLE		LE COUNT	D .: 1	7F 4 1 11	T/ 0/	0/ C
Inches	PARTICLE	Millimeters		Particle Count	Total #	Item %	% Cur
	Silt/Clay	< .062	S/C	<b>^</b>	48	48.00	48.00
	Very Fine	.062125		<b>^</b>	4	4.00	52.00
	Fine	.12525	1	<b>^</b>	3	3.00	55.00
	Medium	.255	SAND	<b>A</b>	2	2.00	57.00
	Coarse	.50-1.0	1	<b>^</b>		0.00	57.00
.0408	Very Coarse	1.0-2		<b>4</b>		0.00	57.00
.0816	Very Fine	2 -4		<b>4</b>		0.00	57.00
.1622	Fine	4 -5.7	1	<b>^</b>		0.00	57.00
.2231	Fine	5.7 - 8	1	<b>^</b>		0.00	57.00
.3144	Medium	8 -11.3	1	<b>^</b>	1	1.00	58.00
.4463	Medium	11.3 - 16	GRAVEL	<b>4</b>	1	1.00	59.00
.6389	Coarse	16 -22.6		<b>^</b>	1	1.00	60.00
.89 - 1.26	Coarse	22.6 - 32	1	<b>^</b>	3	3.00	63.00
1.26 - 1.77	Vry Coarse	32 - 45	1	<b>^</b>	5	5.00	68.00
1.77 -2.5	Vry Coarse	45 - 64		<b>^</b>	10	10.00	78.00
2.5 - 3.5	Small	64 - 90		<b>^</b>	5	5.00	83.00
3.5 - 5.0	Small	90 - 128		<b>^</b>	6	6.00	89.00
5.0 - 7.1	Large	128 - 180	COBBLE	<b>^</b>	1	1.00	90.00
7.1 - 10.1	Large	180 - 256	1	<b>^</b>	1	1.00	91.00
10.1 - 14.3	Small	256 - 362		<b>^</b>		0.00	91.00
14.3 - 20	Small	362 - 512	1	<b>^</b>		0.00	91.00
20 - 40	Medium	512 - 1024	BOULDER	<b>^</b>		0.00	91.00
40 - 80	Large	1024 -2048	1	<b>^</b>		0.00	91.00
80 - 160	Vry Large	2048 -4096	1	<b>^</b>		0.00	91.00
	Bedrock		BDRK	<b>^</b>	9	9.00	100.0
				Totals:	100		

#### RIVERMORPH PARTICLE SUMMARY

River Name: UNT to Jacks Creek Reach Name: S-A19/H26 Representative Survey Date: 09/03/2021

Size (mm)	TOT #	ITEM %	CUM %
0 - 0.062 0.062 - 0.125 0.125 - 0.25 0.25 - 0.50 0.50 - 1.0 1.0 - 2.0 2.0 - 4.0 4.0 - 5.7 5.7 - 8.0 8.0 - 11.3 11.3 - 16.0 16.0 - 22.6 22.6 - 32.0 32 - 45 45 - 64 64 - 90 90 - 128 128 - 180 180 - 256 256 - 362 362 - 512 512 - 1024 1024 - 2048 Bedrock	48 4 3 2 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 3 5 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	48.00 4.00 3.00 2.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 5.00 6.00 1.00 1.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	48.00 52.00 55.00 57.00 57.00 57.00 57.00 57.00 58.00 59.00 60.00 63.00 68.00 78.00 83.00 89.00 90.00 91.00 91.00 91.00 91.00 91.00
D16 (mm) D35 (mm) D50 (mm) D84 (mm) D95 (mm) D100 (mm) Silt/Clay (%) Sand (%) Gravel (%) Cobble (%) Boulder (%) Bedrock (%)	0.02 0.05 0.09 96.33 Bedrock Bedrock 48 9 21 13 0		

Total Particles = 100.

#### **Stream Assessment Form (Form 1)** Unified Stream Methodology for use in Virginia For use in wadeable channels classified as intermittent or perennial Cowardin Impact Impact Project # **Project Name (Applicant)** Locality HUC Date SAR# Class \_ength **Factor** Mountain Valley Pipeline (Mountain Franklin 22865.06 R4 03010101 9/3/2021 S-A19/H26 212 1 Valley Pipeline, LLC) County Stream Name and Information SAR Length Name(s) of Evaluator(s) S-A19/H26 RC, RH 212 1. Channel Condition: Assess the cross-section of the stream and prevailing condition (erosion, aggradation) Conditional Category Optimal Suboptimal Marginal Poor Severe Slightly incised, few areas of active ened/incised. Vertically ery little incision or active erosion; 8 Often incised, but less than Severe o Deeply incised (or exca 100% stable banks. Vegetative rosion or unprotected banks. Majorit Poor, Banks more stable than Severe laterally unstable. Likely to widen vertical/lateral instability. Severe surface protection or natural rock, prominent (80-100%). AND/OR Stable of banks are stable (60-80%). incision, flow contained within the or Poor due to lower bank slopes Channel Vegetative protection or natural rock Erosion may be present on 40-60% o near vertical. Erosion present on 60 banks. Streambed below average Condition prominent (60-80%) AND/OR Depositional features contribute to eankfull benches are present. Acces to their original floodplain or fully both banks. Vegetative protection on 40-60% of banks. Streambanks may banks. Vegetative protection presen on 20-40% of banks, and is majority of banks vertical/undercut. Vegetative protection present on less developed wide bankfull benches stability. The bankfull and low flow be vertical or undercut. AND/OR insufficient to prevent erosion. the stream is covered by sediment. than 20% of banks, is not preventing erosion. Obvious bank sloughing channel bars and transverse bars few Transient sediment deposition covers channels are well defined. Stream 40-60% Sediment may be temporary transient, contribute instability. present. Erosion/raw banks on 80likely has access to bankfull Sediment is temporary / transient in 100%. AND/OR Aggrading channel. than 80% of stream bed is covered by deposition, contributing to instability. less than 10% of bottom. benches.or newly developed Deposition that contribute to stability nature, and contributing to instability portions of the reach. Transient sediment covers 10-40% of the may be forming/present. AND/OR V-AND/OR V-shaped channels have shaped channels have vegetative vegetative protection is present on > 40% of the banks and stable sedin deposition is absent. Multiple thread channels and/or subterranean flow. stream bottom protection on > 40% of the banks an depositional features which contribute CI to stability 3 2.4 **Scores** 1.60 NOTES>> Assessment is limited to areas within the temporary ROW 2. RIPARIAN BUFFERS: Assess both bank's 100 foot riparian areas along the entire SAR. (rough measurements of length & width may be acceptable) **Conditional Category** NOTES>> Optimal Suboptimal Marginal Poor Low Marginal: High Poor: ow Suboptimal Non-maintained High Suboptimal Lawns, mowed. Riparian areas with tree stratum High Marginal ense herbaceou vegetation, Riparian areas and maintained Low Poor: Non-maintained with tree stratum areas, nurseries Impervious (dbh > 3 inches) nse herbaceou riparian areas (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% no-till cropland; surfaces, mine esent, with 30% vegetation with icking shrub an Free stratum (dbh > 3 inches) presei spoil lands, actively grazed Riparian to 60% tree either a shrub tree stratum, hav to 60% tree pasture, sparsely vegetated nonwith > 60% tree canopy cover enuded surface: anopy cover an a maintained layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 roduction, ponds open water. If **Buffers** Wetlands located within the ripariar canopy cover and row crops, active areas. containing both maintained area feed lots, trails, or understory. Recent cutover inches) present with <30% tree present, tree herbaceous and recently seeded other comparable stratum (dbh >3 and stabilized, or shrub layers or a conditions. (dense canopy cover inches) present, non-maintained other comparable vegetation). with <30% tree understory condition. anopy cover wit maintained Low High High Low High Low 1.5 Scores 1.2 0.85 0.75 0.6 0.5 1.1 Delineate riparian areas along each stream bank into Condition Categories and Condition Scores using the Ensure the sums Determine square footage for each by measuring or estimating length and width. Calculators are provided for you of % Riparian elow. Enter the % Riparian Area and Score for each riparian category in the blocks below Blocks equal 100 Assessment is limited to % Riparian Area> 10% 20% 20% 40% 90% areas within the Right Bank Score > 0.5 0.6 0.75 0.85 temporary ROW CI= (Sum % RA \* Scores\*0.01)/2 20% 30% 30% 90% % Riparian Area> 10% Rt Bank CI > 0.66 CI Left Bank Score > 0.5 0.6 0.75 0.85 Lt Bank CI > 0.66 0.65 3. INSTREAM HABITAT: Varied substrate sizes, water velocity and depths; woody and leafy debris; stable substrate; low embeddeness; shade; undercut banks; root mats; SAV; Conditional Category NOTES>> Instream Optimal Suboptimal Marginal Poor Habitat/ Stable habitat elements are typically present in 30-50% of the reach and Stable habitat elements are typically present in 10-30% of the reach and Habitat elements listed above are Available labitat elements are typically preser lacking or are unstable. Habitat in greater than 50% of the reach are adequate for maintenance of are adequate for maintenance of ements are typically present in less than 10% of the reach. Cover populations populations Stream Gradient CI

Scores

1.5

1.2

0.9

0.5

High / Low

0.50

Project #	Project Name (App	licant)	Locality	Cowardin Class.	нис	Date	SAR#	Impact length	Impact Factor
22865.06	Mountain Valley Pipeline Valley Pipeline, L	•	Franklin County	R4	03010101	9/3/2021	S-A19/H26	212	1
CHANNEI	L ALTERATION: Stream cross	ings, riprap, conci		concrete blocks, s	traightening of ch	annel, channeliza	ation, embankmen	ts, spoil piles, const	trictions, livestoc
	Negligible	Mir	nor		erate	Se	vere		
Channel Alteration	Channelization, dredging, alteration, or hardening absent. Stream has an unaltered pattern or has naturalized.	of the channel	20-40% of the	au - 60% of reach is disrupted by any of the channel alterations listed in the parameter guidelines. If stream has been channelized, normal stable stream meander pattern has not	is disrupted by any of the channel	by any of the char in the parameter 80% of banks sl	of reach is disrupted nel alterations listed guidelines AND/OR nored with gabion, or cement.		
						(			

RCI= (Sum of all Cl's)/5, except if stream is ephemeral RCI = (Riparian Cl/2)

COMPENSATION REQUIREMENT (CR) >>

CR = RCI X L<sub>I</sub> X IF

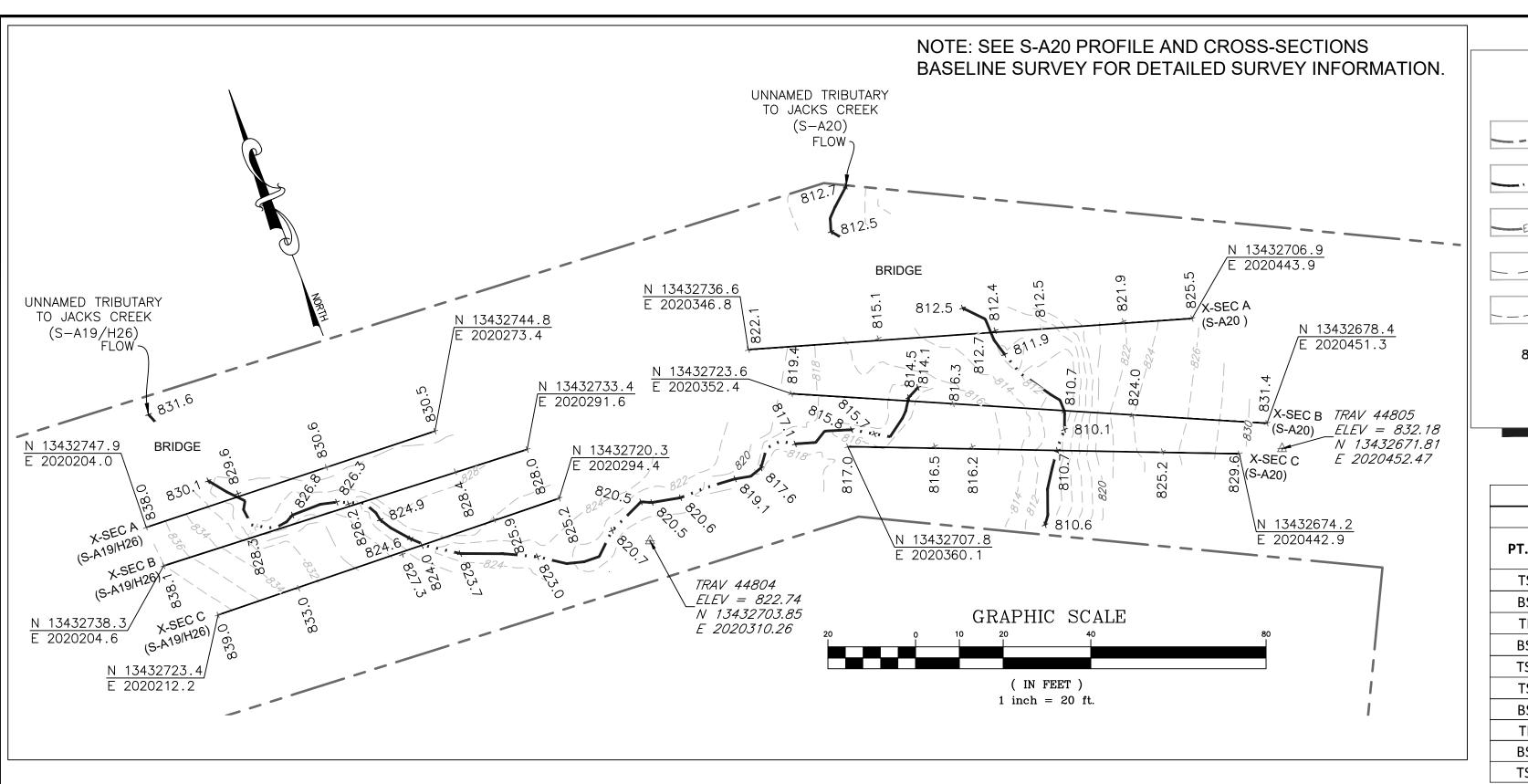
#### **INSERT PHOTOS:**

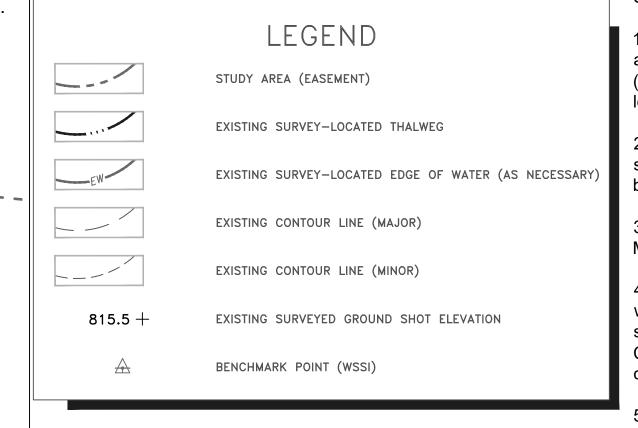
(WSSI Photo Location "L:\22000s\22800\22865.06\Admin\05-ENVR\Field Data\")



**DESCRIBE PROPOSED IMPACT:** 

PROVIDED UNDER SEPARATE COVER

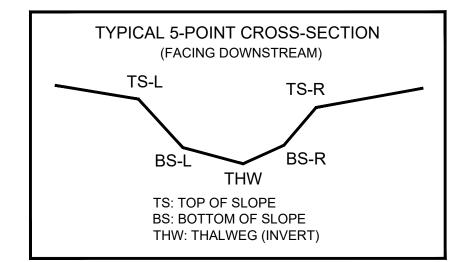




	PR	POST-CI	ROSSING		
PT. LOC.	NORTHING	EASTING	ELEV	VERT. DIFF.	HORZ.
TS-L1	13432735.66	2020256.37	829.08		
BS-L1	13432735.63	2020253.29	825.96		
THW	13432735.25	2020252.50	825.90		
BS-R1	13432736.44	2020247.31	826.24		
TS-R1	13432736.41	2020244.66	827.78		
TS-L2	13432736.87	2020239.40	828.96		
BS-L2	13432737.32	2020235.06	827.39		
THW	13432737.36	2020234.28	827.44		
BS-R2	13432737.76	2020232.47	827.16		
TS-R2	13432737.92	2020221.72	833.07		

#### SURVEY NOTES:

- 1. This map has been oriented to NAD 1983 UTM ZONE 17N, and vertically to The North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88), using a Real Time Network (RTN) GPS. Field locations were completed on November 26, 2018.
- 2. Monumentation, including traverse stations and fly points, shown on this drawing should be used to orient any future boundary, topographic, or location survey.
- 3. Easement lines shown on plan view were provided by Mountain Valley Pipeline (MVP).
- 4. WSSI Contour Interval = 2.0'. Contours within the channel were interpolated using stream channel breaklines (i.e. top of slopes, toe of slopes, thalweg) and cross-sectional points. Contours outside the channel were interpolated using cross-sectional spot shots.
- 5. All section views shown are left to right facing downstream.
- 6. Cross-section B shot at location of pipe centerline (based on best professional judgement).





Wetland

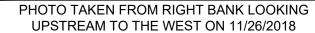
5

78.

 $\mathcal{C}_{\mathcal{I}}$ 

H26

PRE-CROSSING PHOTOS





DOWNSTREAM TO THE SOUTHEAST ON 11/26/2018



PHOTO TAKEN FROM LEFT BANK CENTERLINE





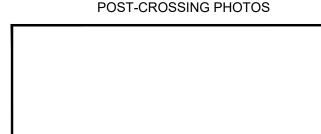
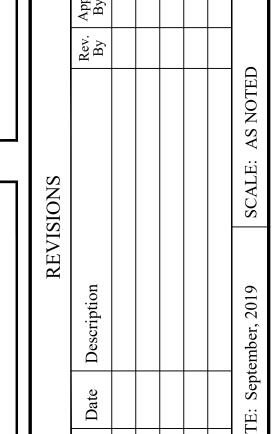


PHOTO TAKEN LOOKING

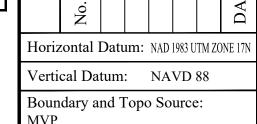
PENDING CROSSING



PENDING CROSSING	



PHOTO TAKEN LOOKING



oundary a VP SSI 2' C.I	and Topo So . Topo	ource:
Design	Draft	Approved
EJC	JSF	NAS
	Sheet #	
	1 of $1$	

Computer File Name: :\Survey\22000s\22800\22865.03\Spread I Work Dwgs 2865\_03 S-I MP 268-278 Sheets\_2.dwg

									S-A	19/H26	BASEL	INE THA	LWEG	PROFILE	E							
834 832 830 828 826 (L) 824 822 820 818 816	BRIDGE	830.1	829.5 829.5 828.2	828.2 827.6 827.6	827.4	4 826.2	825.9	824.9 824.9	824.6	. 823.7	823.1	823.0	820.2	- B20.7	+ <u>820.5</u>	820.6 [820.1]	818.7	817.6 817.5 817.3	816.9	815.8 - 815.8	815.6	814.5 814.5
814																						
0+00	0+10	0+20	0+30	0+40		LE LEG	END	0+70 M PROFILE	0+80	0+90 DIS	1+00 TANCE ALONG	1+10 CROSS-SEC	1+20 FION (FT)	1+30	1+40	1+50	1+60  PROFILE H: 1 E: V: 1	1+70 "=10' "=5'	1+80	1+90	2+00	2+



