## Reach S-A41 (Pipeline ROW) Perennial Spread I Franklin County, Virginia

Data	Included
Photos	$\checkmark$
SWVM Form	$\checkmark$
FCI Calculator and HGM Form	N/A – Perennial stream (not shadeable, slope
	>4%)
<b>RBP Physical Characteristics Form</b>	$\checkmark$
Water Quality Data	$\checkmark$
RBP Habitat Form	$\checkmark$
RBP Benthic Form	$\checkmark$
Benthic Identification Sheet	N/A – Pending lab processing and identification
Wolman Pebble Count	$\checkmark$
RiverMorph Data Sheet	$\checkmark$
USM Form (Virginia Only)	$\checkmark$
Longitudinal Profile and Cross Sections	$\checkmark$

## Stream S-A41 (ROW)



Photo Type: US VIEW

Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Downstream at ROW/LOD looking SW upstream, VM



Photo Type: DS COND Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Downstream at ROW/LOD looking NE downstream, VM

## Stream S-A41 (ROW)



Photo Type: LB CL

Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: On thalweg at pipe centerline looking SE at right streambank, VM



Photo Type: RB CL Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: On thalweg at pipe centerline looking NW at left streambank, VM

## Stream S-A41 (ROW)



Photo Type: US COND Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Upstream at ROW/LOD looking SW upstream, VM



Photo Type: DS VIEW Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Upstream at ROW/LOD looking NE downstream, VM

USACE FILE NO./ Project Name: (v2.1, Sept 2015)		Mountain	Valley Pipeline	IMPACT COORDINATES (in Decimal Degrees)	: Lat.	37.031714	Lon.	-79.788213	WEATHER:	Sunny	DATE:	8/27/2021
IMPACT STREAM/SITE ID A (watershed size (acreage), un			S-A41; '	1132.67		MITIGATION STREAM CLAS (watershed size (acre	S./SITE ID AND age}, unaltered or imp				Comments:	
STREAM IMPACT LENGTH:	76	FORM OF MITIGATION:	RESTORATION (Levels I-III)	MIT COORDINATES: (in Decimal Degrees)	Lat.		Lon.		PRECIPITATION PAST 48 HRS:		Mitigation Length:	
Column No. 1- Impact Existing	Condition (Deb	pit)	Column No. 2- Mitigation Existing Co	endition - Baseline (Credit)	<b>_</b>	Column No. 3- Mitigation Post Completion		Years	Column No. 4- Mitigation Project Post Completion (C		Column No. 5- Mitigation Projecte	ed at Maturity (Credit)
Stream Classification:	Perer	nnial	Stream Classification:			Stream Classification:		0	Stream Classification:	0	Stream Classification:	0
Percent Stream Channel Slo	pe	3	Percent Stream Channel Slo	ре		Percent Stream Channel	Slope	0	Percent Stream Channel Slo	pe O	Percent Stream Channel S	lope 0
HGM Score (attach dat	ta forms):		HGM Score (attach d	lata forms):		HGM Score (atta	ch data forms):		HGM Score (attach da	ta forms):	HGM Score (attach d	ata forms):
li utastanu		Average	Underland	Average		Under te mi		Average	Hydrology	Average		Average
Hydrology Biogeochemical Cycling Habitat		0	Hydrology Biogeochemical Cycling Habitat	0		Hydrology Biogeochemical Cycling Habitat		0	Biogeochemical Cycling Habitat	0	Hydrology Biogeochemical Cycling Habitat	•
PART I - Physical, Chemical and B	Biological Indic	ators	PART I - Physical, Chemical and	Biological Indicators		PART I - Physical, Chemica	I and Biological In	dicators	PART I - Physical, Chemical and E	Biological Indicators	PART I - Physical, Chemical and	Biological Indicators
	Points Scale Range	Site Score		Points Scale Range Site Score			Points Scale Range	Site Score		Points Scale Range Site Score		Points Scale Range Site Score
PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams of	classifications)		PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams c	lassifications)		PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all stres	ams classifications)		PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams	classifications)	PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams	classifications)
JSEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet) . Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover		•	USEPA RBP (Low Gradient Data Sheet) 1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover			USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet 1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover		1	USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet) 1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover		USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet) 1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover	
Epitaunal Substrate/Available Cover	0-20	9	2. Pool Substrate Characterization	0-20	-	<ol> <li>Epiraunai Substrate/Available Cover</li> <li>Embeddedness</li> </ol>	0-20			0-20	2. Embeddedness	0-20
. Velocity/ Depth Regime	0-20	8	3. Pool Variability	0-20		3. Velocity/ Depth Regime	0-20		3. Velocity/ Depth Regime	0-20	3. Velocity/ Depth Regime	0-20
. Sediment Deposition	0-20	4	4. Sediment Deposition	0-20		<ol> <li>Sediment Deposition</li> </ol>	0-20		4. Sediment Deposition	0-20	4. Sediment Deposition	0-20
. Channel Flow Status	0-20 0.1	8	5. Channel Flow Status	0-20 0.1		5. Channel Flow Status	0-20 0.1		5. Channel Flow Status	0-20 0.1	5. Channel Flow Status	0-20 0.1
. Channel Alteration	0-20	16	6. Channel Alteration	0-20		6. Channel Alteration	0-20		6. Channel Alteration	0-20	6. Channel Alteration	0-20
. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	0-20	15	7. Channel Sinuosity	0-20		<ol><li>Frequency of Riffles (or bends)</li></ol>	0-20		<ol><li>Frequency of Riffles (or bends)</li></ol>	0-20	<ol><li>Frequency of Riffles (or bends)</li></ol>	0-20
. Bank Stability (LB & RB) . Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20	12	8. Bank Stability (LB & RB) 9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20		8. Bank Stability (LB & RB) 9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20		8. Bank Stability (LB & RB) 9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20	8. Bank Stability (LB & RB) 9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20
	0-20	14	9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB) 10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB)	0-20		<ol> <li>Vegetative Protection (LB &amp; RB)</li> <li>Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB &amp; RB)</li> </ol>	0-20			0-20	<ol> <li>Vegetative Protection (LB &amp; RB)</li> <li>Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB &amp; RB)</li> </ol>	0-20
otal RBP Score	Suboptimal	113	Total RBP Score	Poor 0		Total RBP Score	Poor	0	Total RBP Score	Poor 0	Total RBP Score	Poor 0
ub-Total		0.565	Sub-Total	0		Sub-Total		ŏ	Sub-Total	0	Sub-Total	Ŭ
CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermittent	and Perennial Str	reams)	CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermittent	and Perennial Streams)		CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Interm	ittent and Perennial S	treams)	CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermittent	and Perennial Streams)	CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitter	it and Perennial Streams)
VVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General)			WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General)			WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (Gene	eral)		WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General)		WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General	.)
Specific Conductivity 100-199 - 85 points pH	0-90		Specific Conductivity pH	0-90		Specific Conductivity pH	0-90		Specific Conductivity pH	0-90	Specific Conductivity pH	0-90
5.6-5.9 = 45 points	0-80		DO	5-90		DO	5-90		00	5-90	00	5-90
	10-30			10-30			10-30			10-30		10-30
ub-Total IOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitte	nt and Darannial	Streame)	Sub-Total BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitter	0	-	Sub-Total BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR(Applies to Inte	armittent and Paran	0	Sub-Total BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermit	0	Sub-Total BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Interm	0
VV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)	in and i cremiar	oliciano	WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)	n unu r cicinnu oucuns)		WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)		na ou cums,	WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)		WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)	
0	0-100 0-1			0-100 0-1	1		0-100 0-1			0-100 0-1		0-100 0-1
Sub-Total		0	Sub-Total	0		Sub-Total		0	Sub-Total	0	Sub-Total	0
PART II - Index and Un	it Score		PART II - Index and L	Jnit Score	1	PART II - Index a	and Unit Score		PART II - Index and Un	it Score	PART II - Index and U	nit Score
Index	Linear Feet	Unit Score	Index	Linear Feet Unit Score		Index	Linear Feet	Unit Score	Index	Linear Feet Unit Score	Index	Linear Feet Unit Score

Index	Linear Feet	Unit Score
0.683	76	51.87

ICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermittent	CHEMIC			
P Water Quality Indicators (General)				WVDEP
ic Conductivity				Specific
	0-90			
				pH
	5-90	0-1		
				DO
	10-30			
otal			0	Sub-Tot
GICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitte	nt and Per	ennial S	Streams)	BIOLOG
ream Condition Index (WVSCI)				WV Stre
	0-100	0-1		
otal			0	Sub-Tot
PART II - Index and U	Jnit Sco	re		
Index	Linear	Feet	Unit Score	

0

0

	PART II - Index and Unit Score		
Unit Score	Index	Linear Feet	
0	0	0	

0

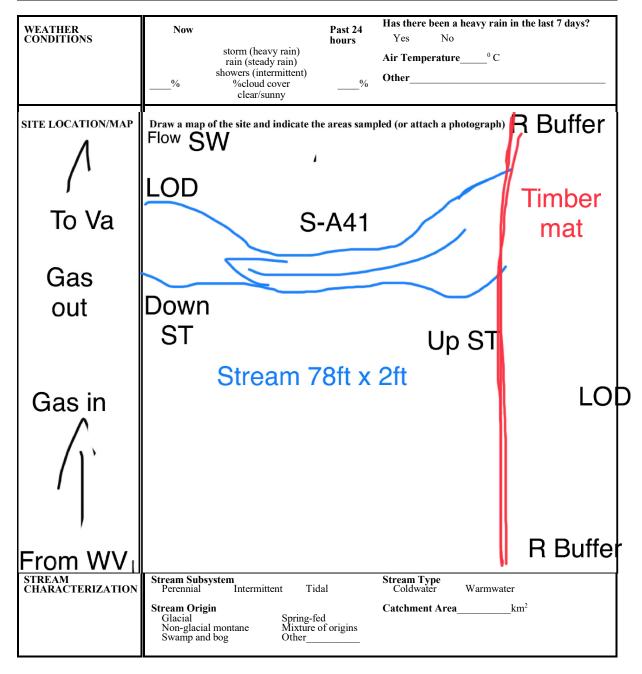
Sub-Total		0					
PART II - Index and U	nit Score						
Index	Linear Feet	Unit Score					
0	0	0					

AL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermit	tent and Perer	inial Stre	ams)
Water Quality Indicators (Gener	ral)		
Conductivity			
	0-90		
	5-90	0-1	
	10-30		
al			0
ICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Inter	rmittent and F	Perennia	I Streams)
am Condition Index (WVSCI)			
	0-100	0-1	
			0
al			
al			Ū
al			

PART II - Index and Unit Score					
Index	Linear Feet	Unit Score			
0	0	0			

# PHYSICAL CHARACTERIZATION/WATER QUALITY FIELD DATA SHEET (FRONT)

STREAM NAME	LOCATION		
STATION # RIVERMILE	STREAM CLASS		
LAT LONG	RIVER BASIN		
STORET #	AGENCY		
INVESTIGATORS			
FORM COMPLETED BY	DATE TIME	REASON FOR SURVEY	



## PHYSICAL CHARACTERIZATION/WATER QUALITY FIELD DATA SHEET (BACK)

WATERSHED FEATURES RIPARIAN VEGETATION (18 meter buffer)	Predominant Surrounding Landuse Forest       Commercial         Field/Pasture       Industrial         Agricultural       Other         Residential       Indicate the dominant type and record the dominan         Trees       Shrubs         Dominant species present	Grasses Herbaceous
INSTREAM FEATURES	Estimated Reach Length      m         Estimated Stream Width      m         Sampling Reach Area      ²         Area in km² (m²x1000)      m²         Estimated Stream Depth      m         Surface Velocity (at thalweg)      m/sec	Canopy Cover Partly open       Partly shaded       Shaded         High Water Mark      m         Proportion of Reach Represented by Stream Morphology Types Riffle       %         Riffle       %         Root%       Run%         Channelized       Yes       No         Dam Present       Yes       No
LARGE WOODY DEBRIS	LWDm <sup>2</sup> Density of LWDm <sup>2</sup> /km <sup>2</sup> (LWD/ reach	n area)
AQUATIC VEGETATION	Indicate the dominant type and record the dominant Rooted emergent Floating Algae       Rooted submergent Attached Algae         Dominant species present	Rooted floating Free floating
WATER QUALITY	Temperature0 C      Specific Conductance      Dissolved Oxygen      pH      Turbidity      WQ Instrument Used	Water Odors         Normal/None       Sewage         Petroleum       Chemical         Fishy       Other         Water Surface Oils       Slick         Slick       Sheen       Globs         Furbidity (if not measured)       Clear       Slightly turbid         Clear       J Slightly turbid       Turbid         Opaque       Stained       Other
SEDIMENT/ SUBSTRATE	Odors     Petroleum       Normal     Sewage     Petroleum       Chemical     Anaerobic     None       Other	Deposits       Sludge       Sawdust       Paper fiber       Sand         Sludge       Sawdust       Other       Deposite       Sand         Lpoking at stones which are not deeply embedded, are the undersides black in color?       Yes       No

INORGANIC SUBSTRATE COMPONENTS (should add up to 100%)			ORGANIC SUBSTRATE COMPONENTS (does not necessarily add up to 100%)		
Substrate Type	Diameter	% Composition in Sampling Reach	Substrate Type	Characteristic	% Composition in Sampling Area
Bedrock			Detritus	sticks, wood, coarse plant	
Boulder	> 256 mm (10")			materials (CPOM)	
Cobble	64-256 mm (2.5"-10")		Muck-Mud	black, very fine organic	
Gravel	2-64 mm (0.1"-2.5")			(FPOM)	
Sand	0.06-2mm (gritty)		Marl	grey, shell fragments	
Silt	0.004-0.06 mm				
Clay	< 0.004 mm (slick)				

#### HABITAT ASSESSMENT FIELD DATA SHEET - HG - USE ON ALL STREAMS (FRONT)

STREAM NAME	LOCATION		
STATION # RIVERMILE	STREAM CLASS		
LAT LONG	RIVER BASIN		
STORET #	AGENCY		
INVESTIGATORS			
FORM COMPLETED BY	DATE TIME AM PM	REASON FOR SURVEY	

	Habitat		Condition	ı Category			
	Parameter	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginal	Poor		
	1. Epifaunal Substrate/ Available Cover	Greater than 70% of substrate favorable for epifaunal colonization and fish cover; mix of snags, submerged logs, undercut banks, cobble or other stable habitat and at stage to allow full colonization potential (i.e., logs/snags that are <u>not</u> new fall and <u>not</u> transient).	40-70% mix of stable habitat; well-suited for full colonization potential; adequate habitat for maintenance of populations; presence of additional substrate in the form of newfall, but not yet prepared for colonization (may rate at high end of scale).	20-40% mix of stable habitat; habitat availability less than desirable; substrate frequently disturbed or removed.	Less than 20% stable habitat; lack of habitat is obvious; substrate unstable or lacking.		
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0		
n sampling reach	2. Embeddedness	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 0- 25% surrounded by fine sediment. Layering of cobble provides diversity of niche space.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 25- 50% surrounded by fine sediment.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 50- 75% surrounded by fine sediment.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are more than 75% surrounded by fine sediment.		
ted iı	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0		
Parameters to be evaluated in sampling reach	3. Velocity/Depth Regime	All four velocity/depth regimes present (slow- deep, slow-shallow, fast- deep, fast-shallow). (Slow is $< 0.3$ m/s, deep is > 0.5 m.)	Only 3 of the 4 regimes present (if fast-shallow is missing, score lower than if missing other regimes).	Only 2 of the 4 habitat regimes present (if fast- shallow or slow-shallow are missing, score low).	Dominated by 1 velocity/ depth regime (usually slow-deep).		
Iram	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0		
P	4. Sediment Deposition	Little or no enlargement of islands or point bars and less than 5% of the bottom affected by sediment deposition.	Some new increase in bar formation, mostly from gravel, sand or fine sediment; 5-30% of the bottom affected; slight deposition in pools.	Moderate deposition of new gravel, sand or fine sediment on old and new bars; 30-50% of the bottom affected; sediment deposits at obstructions, constrictions, and bends; moderate deposition of pools prevalent.	Heavy deposits of fine material, increased bar development; more than 50% of the bottom changing frequently; pools almost absent due to substantial sediment deposition.		
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0		
	5. Channel Flow Status	Water reaches base of both lower banks, and minimal amount of channel substrate is exposed.	Water fills >75% of the available channel; or <25% of channel substrate is exposed.	Water fills 25-75% of the available channel, and/or riffle substrates are mostly exposed.	channel and mostly		
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0		

Rapid Bioassessment Protocols For Use in Streams and Wadeable Rivers: Periphyton, Benthic Macroinvertebrates, and Fish, Second Edition - Form 2

#### HABITAT ASSESSMENT FIELD DATA SHEET—HIGH GRADIENT STREAMS (BACK)

Habitat		Condition	1 Category				
Parameter	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginal	Poor			
6. Channel Alteration	Channelization or dredging absent or minimal; stream with normal pattern.	Some channelization present, usually in areas of bridge abutments; evidence of past channelization, i.e., dredging, (greater than past 20 yr) may be present, but recent channelization is not present.	Channelization may be extensive; embankments or shoring structures present on both banks; and 40 to 80% of stream reach channelized and disrupted.	e; embankments og structures on both banks; o 80% of stream annelized and d.			
SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0			
7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	Occurrence of riffles relatively frequent; ratio of distance between riffles divided by width of the stream <7:1 (generally 5 to 7); variety of habitat is key. In streams where riffles are continuous, placement of boulders or other large, natural obstruction is important.	Occurrence of riffles infrequent; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between 7 to 15.	Occasional riffle or bend; bottom contours provide some habitat; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between 15 to 25.	Generally all flat water or shallow riffles; poor habitat; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is a ratio of >25.			
SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0			
<ul> <li>SCORE</li> <li>8. Bank Stability (score each bank)</li> <li>Note: determine left or right side by facing downstream.</li> <li>SCORE (LB)</li> <li>SCORE (RB)</li> <li>9. Vegetative Protection (score each bank)</li> </ul>	Banks stable; evidence of erosion or bank failure absent or minimal; little potential for future problems. <5% of bank affected.	Moderately stable; infrequent, small areas of erosion mostly healed over. 5-30% of bank in reach has areas of erosion.	Moderately unstable; 30- 60% of bank in reach has areas of erosion; high erosion potential during floods.	Unstable; many eroded areas; "raw" areas frequent along straight sections and bends; obvious bank sloughing; 60-100% of bank has erosional scars.			
SCORE (LB)	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0			
SCORE (RB)	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0			
9. Vegetative Protection (score each bank)	More than 90% of the streambank surfaces and immediate riparian zone covered by native vegetation, including trees, understory shrubs, or nonwoody macrophytes; vegetative disruption through grazing or mowing minimal or not evident; almost all plants allowed to grow naturally.	70-90% of the streambank surfaces covered by native vegetation, but one class of plants is not well- represented; disruption evident but not affecting full plant growth potential to any great extent; more than one-half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.	50-70% of the streambank surfaces covered by vegetation; disruption obvious; patches of bare soil or closely cropped vegetation common; less than one- half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.	Less than 50% of the streambank surfaces covered by vegetation; disruption of streambank vegetation is very high; vegetation has been removed to 5 centimeters or less in average stubble height.			
SCORE(LB)	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0			
SCORE(RB)	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0			
<b>10. Riparian</b> <b>Vegetative Zone</b> <b>Width</b> (score each bank riparian zone)	Width of riparian zone >18 meters; human activities (i.e., parking lots, roadbeds, clear-cuts, lawns, or crops) have not impacted zone.	Width of riparian zone 12-18 meters; human activities have impacted zone only minimally.	Width of riparian zone 6- 12 meters; human activities have impacted zone a great deal.	Width of riparian zone <6 meters: little or no riparian vegetation due to human activities.			
SCORE (LB)	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0			
SCORE (RB)	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0			

Total Score \_\_\_\_\_

#### BENTHIC MACROINVERTEBRATE FIELD DATA SHEET

STREAM NAME		LOCATION	
STATION #	_ RIVERMILE	STREAM CLASS	
LAT	LONG	RIVER BASIN	
STORET #		AGENCY	
INVESTIGATORS			LOT NUMBER
FORM COMPLETED	BY	DATE TIME	REASON FOR SURVEY
HABITAT TYPES	Indicate the percentage of Cobble% Sn Submerged Macrophytes	ags% Vegetated B	anks% Sand% )%
SAMPLE COLLECTION	Indicate the number of jab	lected? wading fi ps/kicks taken in each habitat ty lags Vegetated B	anks Sand
GENERAL COMMENTS			

#### QUALITATIVE LISTING OF AQUATIC BIOTA

Indicate estimated abundance: 0 = Absent/Not Observed, 1 = Rare, 2 = Common, 3= Abundant, 4 = Dominant

Periphyton	0	1	2	3	4	Slimes	0	1	2	3	4
Filamentous Algae	0	1	2	3	4	Macroinvertebrates	0	1	2	3	4
Macrophytes	0	1	2	3	4	Fish	0	1	2	3	4

#### FIELD OBSERVATIONS OF MACROBENTHOS

Indicate estimated abundance: 0 = Absent/Not Observed, 1 = Rare (1-3 organisms), 2 = Common (3-9 organisms), 3= Abundant (>10 organisms), 4 = Dominant (>50 organisms)

Porifera	0	1	2	3	4	Anisoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Chironomidae	0	1	2	3	4
Hydrozoa	0	1	2	3	4	Zygoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Ephemeroptera	0	1	2	3	4
Platyhelminthes	0	1	2	3	4	Hemiptera	0	1	2	3	4	Trichoptera	0	1	2	3	4
Turbellaria	0	1	2	3	4	Coleoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Other	0	1	2	3	4
Hirudinea	0	1	2	3	4	Lepidoptera	0	1	2	3	4						
Oligochaeta	0	1	2	3	4	Sialidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Isopoda	0	1	2	3	4	Corydalidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Amphipoda	0	1	2	3	4	Tipulidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Decapoda	0	1	2	3	4	Empididae	0	1	2	3	4						
Gastropoda	0	1	2	3	4	Simuliidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Bivalvia	0	1	2	3	4	Tabinidae	0	1	2	3	4						
						Culcidae	0	1	2	3	4						

#### WOLMAN PEBBLE COUNT FORM

Basin:

County:Franklin CountyStream Name:Foul Ground CreekHUC Code:3010101Survey Date:8/27/2021Surveyors:AJ, VMType:Representative

Stream ID: S-A41

Upper Roanoke

PEBBLE COUNT PARTICLE Millimeters Total # Inches Particle Item % % Cum Count Silt/Clay <.062 S/C 20 20.00 20.00 • Very Fine .062-.125 0.00 20.00 • Fine .125-.25 . 0.00 20.00 -Medium .25-.5 SAND 5 5.00 25.00 • .50-1.0 Coarse . 0.00 25.00 • .04-.08 Very Coarse 1.0-2 5 5.00 30.00 • .08 -.16 Very Fine 2 -4 0.00 30.00 • .16 - .22 4 - 5.7 Fine ۸ 0.00 30.00 • .22 - .31 5.7 - 8 Fine ۸ 0.00 30.00 • .31 - .44 Medium 8 -11.3 0.00 30.00 .44 - .63 Medium 11.3 - 16 GRAVEL 15 15.00 45.00 .63 - .89 Coarse 16 -22.6 ٠ 5 5.00 50.00 • .89 - 1.26 Coarse 22.6 - 32 60.00 10 10.00 • 1.26 - 1.77 Vry Coarse 32 - 45 0.00 60.00 -1.77 -2.5 Vry Coarse 45 - 64 . 0.00 60.00 • 2.5 - 3.5 64 - 90 Small 0.00 60.00 3.5 - 5.0 Small 90 - 128 20 20.00 80.00 • COBBLE 5.0 - 7.1 128 - 180 Large 15.00 95.00 15 -7.1 - 10.1 180 - 256 Large ▲ ▼ 5 5.00 100.00 10.1 - 14.3 256 - 362 Small 0.00 100.00 • 14.3 - 20 Small 362 - 512 0.00 100.00 20 - 40 Medium 512 - 1024 BOULDER 0.00 100.00 -40 - 80 Large 1024 - 2048 0.00100.00 • 80 - 160 Vry Large 2048 - 4096 100.00 0.00 • ٠ **BDRK** Bedrock 0 0.00 100.00 -Totals: 100 Total Tally:

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Reach Name: S Sample Name: R	oul Ground C -A41 epresentativ 8/27/2021 			
Size (mm)	TOT #	ITEM %	CUM %	
0 - 0.062 0.062 - 0.125 0.125 - 0.25 0.25 - 0.50 0.50 - 1.0 1.0 - 2.0 2.0 - 4.0 4.0 - 5.7 5.7 - 8.0 8.0 - 11.3 11.3 - 16.0 16.0 - 22.6 22.6 - 32.0 32 - 45 45 - 64 64 - 90 90 - 128 128 - 180 180 - 256 256 - 362 362 - 512 512 - 1024 1024 - 2048 Bedrock	20 0 5 0 5 0 0 0 0 0 15 5 10 0 0 0 20 15 5 0 0 0 0 0 0	20.00 0.00 5.00 0.00 5.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 15.00 10.00 0	$\begin{array}{c} 20.00\\ 20.00\\ 20.00\\ 25.00\\ 25.00\\ 30.00\\ 30.00\\ 30.00\\ 30.00\\ 30.00\\ 30.00\\ 45.00\\ 50.00\\ 60.00\\ 60.00\\ 60.00\\ 60.00\\ 60.00\\ 60.00\\ 60.00\\ 100$	
D16 (mm) D35 (mm) D50 (mm) D84 (mm) D95 (mm) D100 (mm) Silt/Clay (%) Sand (%) Gravel (%) Gravel (%) Boulder (%) Bedrock (%)	0.05 12.87 22.6 141.87 180 256 20 10 30 40 0 0			

Total Particles = 100.

	S	Strean			lology for us	-				
		F	For use in wadea			0	ial			
Project #	Project Name (App	,	Locality	Cowardin Class.	нис	Date	SAR #	Impact Length	Impact Factor	
22865.06	Mountain Valley Pipeline (Mountain Frank Valley Pipeline, LLC) Cour			R3 or R4	03010101	8/27/2021	S-A41	76	1	
Name	e(s) of Evaluator(s)	e and Inform	ation				SAR Length			
	AJ,VM	Foul Ground	d Creek; Spre	ad I			76			
I. Channel C	condition: Assess the cross-see	ction of the stream	n and prevailing co	ondition (erosion,	aggradation)					
				Conditional Catego	ory					
Channel Condition	Optimal Very little incision or active erosion; 80 100% stable banks. Vegetative surface protection or natural rock, prominent (80-100%). AND/OR Stable bankfull benches are present. Access to their original floodplain or fully developed wide bankfull benches. channel bars and transverse bars few. Transient sediment deposition covers less than 10% of bottom.	Slightly incised, fr erosion or unprotec of banks are s Vegetative protec prominent (60 Depositional feat stability. The bar channels are wel likely has acc benches, or ne portions of the r sediment covers	ptimal wareas of active (cew areas of active cced banks. Majority table (60-80%). tion or natural rock k-80%) AND/OR tures contribute to nkfull and low flow wess to bankfull wwy developed reach. Transient s 10-40% of the batter	Often incised, but Poor. Banks more or Poor due to lc Erosion may be pr both banks. Vege 40-60% of banks. be vertical or un 40-60% Sediment transient, cont Deposition that cc may be forming/p shaped channel	ginal less than Severe or stable than Severe wer bank slopes. esent on 40-60% of tative protection on Streambanks may dercut. AND/OR may be temporary / ibute instability. Intribute to stability, Intribute to stability, Intribute to stability, Seven AD/OR V- s have vegetative	Overwidened/int laterally unstabl further. Majority near vertical. Eros banks. Vegetative on 20-40% of insufficient to p the stream is cov Sediment is temp nature, and contri AND/OR V-shag vegetative protect	por sised. Vertically / e. Likely to widen of both banks are sion present on 60- protection present banks, and is prevent erosion. ared by sediment. orary / transient in buting to instability. ded channels have ion is present on >	Deeply incised Deeply incised vertical/lateral ins incision, flow con banks. Streambe majority of banks Vegetative protecti than 20% of banks vegetative protecti than 20% of banks than 80% of stream deposition, contrib builtie thereof	(or excavated), stability. Severe tained within the d below average vertical/undercut. on present on less i, is not preventing b bank sloughing raw banks on 80- ggrading channel. bed is covered by uting to instability.	
Scores	3		bottom.	depositional featur to sta	% of the banks and res which contribute ability. 2	depositior	nd stable sediment i is absent. .6	Multiple thread of subterran	ean flow.	CI 2.40
Scores	S	2		ļ	6	1		1		2.40
2. RIPARIAN	N BUFFERS: Assess both bank	<'s 100 foot riparia	an areas along the	entire SAR. (rou	gh measurements	s of length & width	n may be accepta	ble)		
2. RIPARIAN Riparian Buffers	N BUFFERS: Assess both bank Optimal Tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with > 60% tree canopy cover. Wetlands located within the riparian areas.	Con	In areas along the ditional Cate ptimal Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (db > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation).	gory	ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover with maintained	-	Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions.	NOTES>>		
Riparian	Optimal Tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with > 60% tree canopy cover. Wetlands located within the riparian	Con Subo High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained	ditional Cate ptimal Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense	Gory High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree	ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with ~30% tree canopy cover with	Pec High Poor: Lawns, mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till cropland; actively grazed pasture, sparsely vegetated non- maintained area, recently seeded and stabilized, or other comparable	Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable			
Riparian	Optimal Tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with > 60% tree canopy cover. Wetlands located within the riparian	Con Subo High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained understory.	ditional Cate ptimal Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation).	Gory High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover.	ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover with maintained understory	Pe High Poor: Lawns, mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till cropland; actively grazed pasture, sparsely vegetated non- maintained area, recently seeded and stabilized, or other comparable condition.	Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions.			
Riparian Buffers Scores Delineate ripa escriptors. Determine squelow. Enter the % R	Optimal Tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with > 60% tree canopy cover. Wetlands located within the riparian areas.  1.5 International stream bank uare footage for each by measuring Riparian Area and Score for each rip	Con Subo High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained understory. High 1.2 into Condition Ca	Low Suboptimal:         Riparian areas         with tree stratum         (dbh > 3 inches)         present, with 30%         to 60% tree         canopy cover and         a maintained         understory.         Recent cutover         (dense         vegetation).         Low         1.1         ategories and Con         att and width.         Categories	gory High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover. High 0.85 dition Scores usin alculators are prov	ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover with maintained understory Low 0.75 ng the	Pro High Poor: Lawns, mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till cropland; actively grazed pasture, sparsely vegetated non- maintained area, recently seeded and stabilized, or other comparable condition. High 0.6 Ensure of % F	Dor Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions. Low 0.5 the sums Riparian equal 100			
Riparian Buffers Scores . Delineate ripa escriptors. . Determine squelow.	Optimal Tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with > 60% tree canopy cover. Wetlands located within the riparian areas. 1.5 rian areas along each stream bank uare footage for each by measuring	Con Subo High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained understory. High 1.2 into Condition Ca	Low Suboptimal:         Riparian areas         with tree stratum         (dbh > 3 inches)         present, with 30%         to 60% tree         canopy cover and         a maintained         understory.         Recent cutover         (dense         vegetation).         Low         1.1         ategories and Con         att and width.         Categories	gory High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover. High 0.85 dition Scores usin alculators are prov	ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover with maintained understory Low 0.75 ng the	Pro High Poor: Lawns, mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till cropland; actively grazed pasture, sparsely vegetated non- maintained area, recently seeded and stabilized, or other comparable condition. High 0.6 Ensure of % F	Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions. Low 0.5 the sums Riparian	NOTES>>		
Riparian Buffers Scores Delineate ripa escriptors. Determine squelow. Enter the % R	Optimal         Tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with > 60% tree canopy cover.         Wetlands located within the riparian areas.         1.5         arian areas along each stream bank uare footage for each by measuring Riparian Area and Score for each rig % Riparian Area>         % Riparian Area>       50% Score >         % Score >       0.75	Con Subo High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained understory. High 1.2 into Condition Ca or estimating len parian category in 50% 0.85	Low Suboptimal:         Riparian areas         with tree stratum         (dbh > 3 inches)         present, with 30%         to 60% tree         canopy cover and         a maintained         understory.         Recent cutover         (dense         vegetation).         Low         1.1         ategories and Con         att and width.         Categories	gory High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover. High 0.85 dition Scores usin alculators are prov	ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover with maintained understory Low 0.75 mg the	Pro High Poor: Lawns, mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till cropland; actively grazed pasture, sparsely vegetated non- maintained area, recently seeded and stabilized, or other comparable condition. High 0.6 Ensure of % F	Dor Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions. Low 0.5 the sums Riparian equal 100 100%	NOTES>>		CI
Riparian Buffers Scores Delineate ripa escriptors. Determine squelow. Enter the % R	Optimal         Tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with > 60% tree canopy cover.         Wetlands located within the riparian areas.         1.5         arian areas along each stream bank uare footage for each by measuring Riparian Areaa and Score for each rij % Riparian Area>         % Riparian Area>       50%         % Riparian Area>       50%	Con Subo High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained understory. High 1.2 into Condition Ca or estimating len parian category in 50% 0.85	Low Suboptimal:         Riparian areas         with tree stratum         (dbh > 3 inches)         present, with 30%         to 60% tree         canopy cover and         a maintained         understory.         Recent cutover         (dense         vegetation).         Low         1.1         ategories and Con         att and width.         Categories	gory High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover. High 0.85 dition Scores usin alculators are prov	ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover with maintained understory Low 0.75 mg the	Pro High Poor: Lawns, mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till cropland; actively grazed pasture, sparsely vegetated non- maintained area, recently seeded and stabilized, or other comparable condition. High 0.6 Ensure of % F	Dor Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions. Low 0.5 the sums Riparian equal 100	NOTES>>	ores*0.01)/2 0.80 0.80	<u>CI</u> 0.80
Riparian Buffers Scores Delineate ripa escriptors. Delermine squelow. Enter the % F Right Bank Left Bank B. INSTREAN	Optimal         Tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with > 60% tree canopy cover.         Wetlands located within the riparian areas.         1.5         arian areas along each stream bank uare footage for each by measuring Riparian Areaa and Score for each rij % Riparian Area>         % Riparian Area>       50%         % Riparian Area>       50%	Con Subo High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained understory. High 1.2 into Condition Ca gor estimating len parian category in 50% 0.85	ditional Cate ptimal Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Low 1.1 ategories and Con the blocks below.	gory Mar High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover. High 0.85 dition Scores usir aculators are prov	ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, tree canopy cover with maintained understorv Low 0.75 ng the vided for you	Pec High Poor: Lawns, mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till cropland; actively grazed pasture, sparsely vegetated non- maintained area, recently seeded and stabilized, or other comparable condition. High 0.6 Ensure of % F Blocks e	Dor Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions. Low 0.5 the sums Riparian equal 100 100%	NOTES>> CI= (Sum % RA * Sc Rt Bank CI > Lt Bank CI >	0.80 0.80	CI 0.80
Riparian Buffers Scores Delineate ripa lescriptors. Delermine squ eleow. Enter the % F Right Bank Left Bank 3. INSTREAN	Optimal           Tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with > 60% tree canopy cover.           Wetlands located within the riparian areas.           1.5           arian areas along each stream bank uare footage for each by measuring Riparian Areaa and Score for each rij % Riparian Areaa           50% Score >         0.75           % Riparian Areaa>         50% Score >         0.75           % Riparian Areaa>         50% Score >         0.75           % HABITAT: Varied substrate si         50% Score >         0.75	Con Subo High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained understory. High 1.2 into Condition Ca or estimating len Darian category in 50% 0.85 50% 0.85 zes, water velocit Stable habitat ele present in 30-50%	ditional Cate ptimal Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Low 1.1 ategories and Con state blocks below.	gory Mar High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover. High 0.85 dition Scores usir aculators are prov dition Scores usir aculators are prov aculators	ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, tree canopy cover with maintained understorv Low 0.75 ng the vided for you	Pec High Poor: Lawns, mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till cropland; actively grazed pasture, sparsely vegetated non- maintained area, recently seeded and stabilized, or other comparable condition. High 0.6 Ensure of % F Blocks e Block	Dor Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions. Low 0.5 the sums Riparian equal 100 100%	NOTES>> CI= (Sum % RA * Sc Rt Bank CI > Lt Bank CI >	0.80 0.80 its; SAV;	

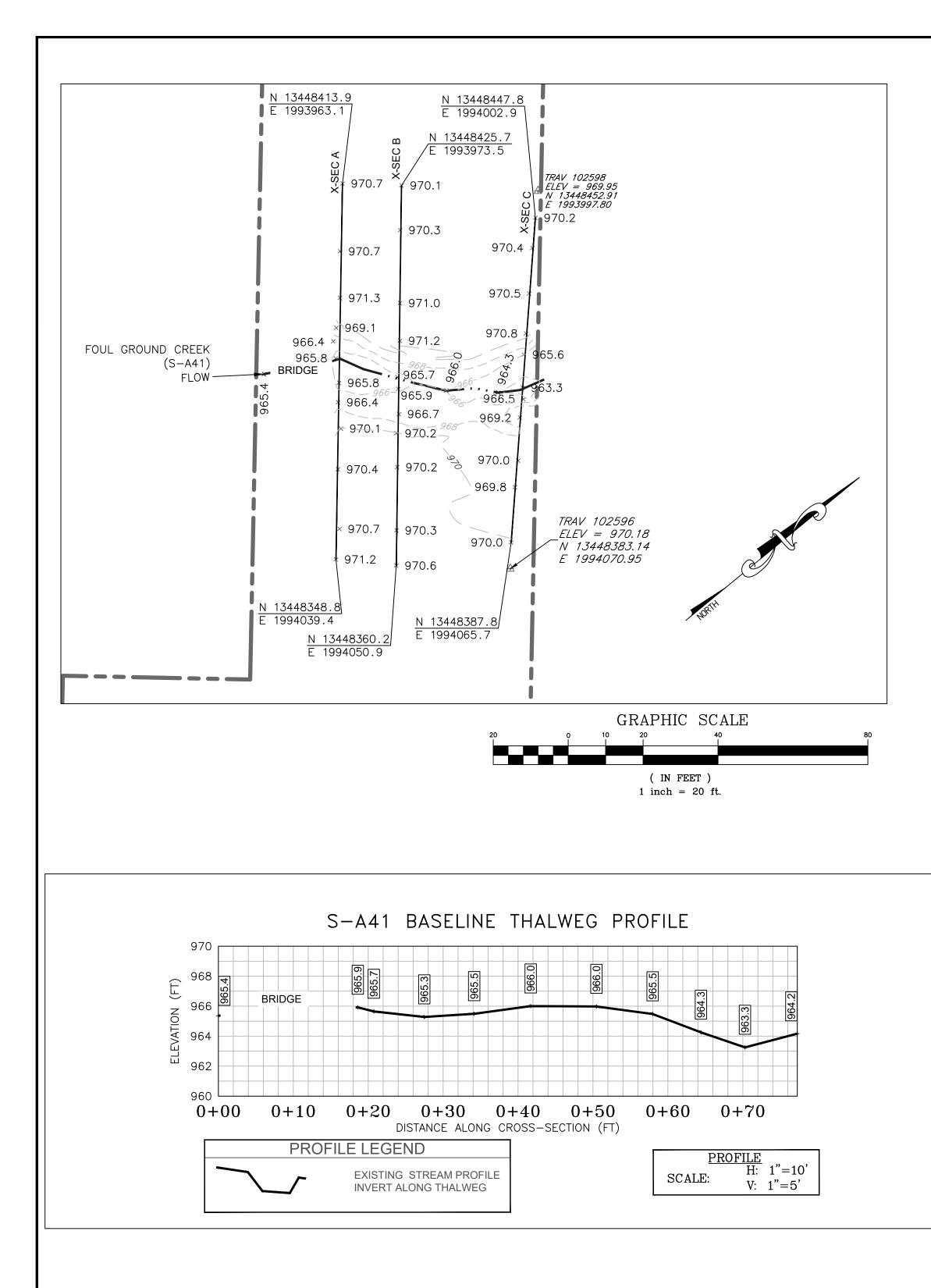
Reach R3-R4 File: C:\Users\dan.weidenhof\Documents\Documents\VA Stream Sampling\0 QAQC SUBMITTALS\QAQC working 2nd submittal\S-A41\_20210909KEH\9. S-A41\_USM\_MVP\_20210917KEH.xlsx

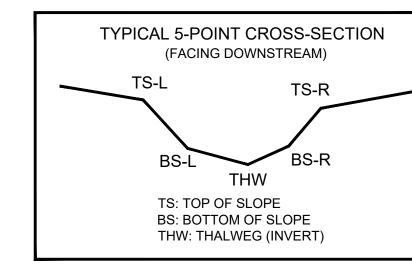
	St	ream In	npact A	ssessn	nent Fo	rm Pag	e 2			
Project #	Project Name (App	licant)	Locality	Cowardin Class.	HUC	Date	SAR #	Impact length	Impact Factor	
22865.06	Mountain Valley Pipeline Valley Pipeline, L	•	Franklin County	R3 or R4	03010101	8/27/2021	S-A41	76	1	
4. CHANNEI	LALTERATION: Stream cross	ings, riprap, conci	rete, gabions, or c	concrete blocks, s	traightening of ch	annel, channelizat	ion, embankment	s, spoil piles, cons	trictions, livestock	
				al Category				NOTES>>		
	Negligible	Mir	nor	Mod	erate	Sev	rere			
Channel Alteration	Channelization, dredging, alteration, or hardening absent. Stream has an unaltered pattern or has naturalized.	of the channel alterations listed in the parameter guidelines.	20-40% of the stream reach is disrupted by any of the channel alterations listed in the parameter guidelines.	is disrupted by any of the channel alterations listed in the parameter guidelines. If stream has been channelized, normal stable stream meander pattern has not recovered	the parameter guidelines. If stream has been channelized, normal stable stream meander pattern has not recovered	80% of banks sh riprap, or	nel alterations listed uidelines AND/OR ored with gabion, cement.			СІ
Scores	1.5	1.3	1.1	0.9	0.7	0	.5			0.70
	REACH C	ONDITION I	NDEX and S	STREAM CO	NDITION UN	NITS FOR TH	IS REACH			
<i>IOTE:</i> The Cls a	nd RCI should be rounded to 2 dec	imal places. The	CR should be rou	nded to a whole r	number.		THE REACH	CONDITION INI	DEX (RCI) >>	1.02
						RCI= (Sum of	all Cl's)/5, exce	pt if stream is ep	hemeral RCI =	(Riparian
							COMPENSAT	ION REQUIREM	/IENT (CR) >>	78
							CR = RC	CI X L <sub>I</sub> X IF		
NSERT PHC	DTOS:									



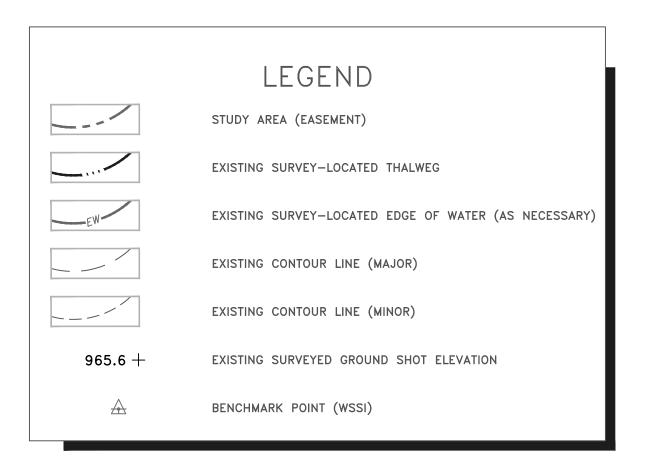
#### DESCRIBE PROPOSED IMPACT:

PROVIDED UNDER SEPARATE COVER





r											
CL ST/	CL STAKEOUT POINTS: S-A41 CROSS SECTION B (PIPE CL)										
	PR	E-CROSSING	POST-CROSSING								
PT. LOC.	NODTUNC	EASTING	ELEV	VERT.	HORZ.						
P1. LUC.	NORTHING	EASTING	ELEV	DIFF.	DIFF.						
TS-L	13448382.59	1994023.71	970.18								
BS-L	13448386.42	1994020.17	966.65								
THW	13448392.33	1994012.30	965.73								
BS-R	13448393.35	1994011.11	966.49								
TS-R	13448399.03	1994005.24	971.17								



SURVEY NOTES:

1. This map has been oriented to NAD 1983 UTM ZONE 17N, and vertically to The North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88), using a Real Time Network (RTN) GPS. Field locations were completed on October 9, 2018.

2. Monumentation, including traverse stations and fly points, shown on this drawing should be used to orient any future boundary, topographic, or location survey.

3. Easement lines shown on plan view were provided by Mountain Valley Pipeline (MVP).

4. WSSI Contour Interval = 2.0'. Contours within the channel were interpolated using stream channel breaklines (i.e. top of slopes, toe of slopes, thalweg) and cross-sectional points. Contours outside the channel were interpolated using cross-sectional spot shots.

5. All section views shown are left to right facing downstream.

6. Cross-section B shot at location of pipe centerline (based on best professional judgement).

