### **Baseline Assessment – Stream Attributes**

# Reach S-B2 (Timber Mat Crossing) Ephemeral Spread I Pittsylvania County, Virginia

Data	Included			
Photos	✓			
SWVM Form	✓			
FCI Calculator and HGM Form	✓			
RBP Physical Characteristics Form	✓			
Water Quality Data	N/A – No flow			
RBP Habitat Form	✓			
RBP Benthic Form	✓			
Benthic Identification Sheet	N/A – No flow			
Wolman Pebble Count	✓			
RiverMorph Data Sheet	✓			
USM Form (Virginia Only)	✓			
Longitudinal Profile and Cross Sections	✓			



Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Downstream view of S-B2 looking NE, CB



Photo Type: US VIEW Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Upstream view of S-B2 looking SE, CB



Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Standing on LB looking at RB along pipe centerline looking E, CB



Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Standing on RB looking at LB along pipe centerline looking W, CB



Photo Type: DS COND

Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Downstream conditions outside of S-B2 looking NE, CB

USACE FILE NO./ Project Name: (v2.1, Sept 2015)		Mountain	Valley Pipeline	IMPACT COORDINATES (in Decimal Degrees)	S: Lat.	36.849394 Lon.	-79.37778	WEATHER:	Sunny	DATE:	8/19/2021
IMPACT STREAM/SITE ID (watershed size {acreage}			S-B2/3	1.59 ac		MITIGATION STREAM CLASS./SITE II (watershed size {acreage}, unalte		ON:		Comments:	
STREAM IMPACT LENGTH:	20	FORM OF MITIGATION:	RESTORATION (Levels I-III)	MIT COORDINATES: (in Decimal Degrees)	Lat.	Lon.		PRECIPITATION PAST 48 HRS:		Mitigation Length:	
Column No. 1- Impact Existin	ng Condition (Deb	bit)	Column No. 2- Mitigation Existing Co	ondition - Baseline (Credit)		Column No. 3- Mitigation Projected Post Completion (Cred		Column No. 4- Mitigation Pro Post Completion		Column No. 5- Mitigation Projec	cted at Maturity (Credit)
Stream Classification:	Ephei	meral	Stream Classification:			Stream Classification:	0	Stream Classification:	0	Stream Classification:	0
Percent Stream Channel S	lope	4.21	Percent Stream Channel Slo	ppe		Percent Stream Channel Slope	0	Percent Stream Channel S	Slope 0	Percent Stream Channel	Slope 0
HGM Score (attach d	data forms):		HGM Score (attach o	lata forms):		HGM Score (attach data f	forms):	HGM Score (attach o	data forms):	HGM Score (attach	data forms):
Hydrology Biogeochemical Cycling Habitat	0.38 0.38 0.1	Average 0.28666667	Hydrology Biogeochemical Cycling Habitat	Average 0		Hydrology Biogeochemical Cycling Habitat	Average 0	Hydrology Biogeochemical Cycling Habitat	Average 0	Hydrology Biogeochemical Cycling Habitat	Average 0
PART I - Physical, Chemical and	d Biological Indic	Site Score	PART I - Physical, Chemical and	Biological Indicators  Points Scale Range Site Score		PART I - Physical, Chemical and Biolo	ogical Indicators  Scale Range Site Score	PART I - Physical, Chemical and	d Biological Indicators  Points Scale Range Site Score	PART I - Physical, Chemical an	d Biological Indicators  Points Scale Range Site Score
PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all stream			PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams	classifications)		PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams classifi		PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all strean		PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all stream	
USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet)  1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover  2. Embeddedness  3. Velocity/ Depth Regime  4. Sediment Deposition  5. Channel Flow Status  6. Channel Alteration  7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)  8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)  9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)  10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB)  Total RBP Score Sub-Total  CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitted  WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General Specific Conductivity  100-199 - 85 points  pH  5.6-5.9 = 45 points  DO  Sub-Total		0 0 0 4 0 18 0 10 15 14 61 0.50833333	USEPA RBP (Low Gradient Data Sheet)  1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover  2. Pool Substrate Characterization  3. Pool Variability  4. Sediment Deposition  5. Channel Flow Status  6. Channel Alteration  7. Channel Sinuosity  8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)  9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)  10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB)  Total RBP Score Sub-Total  CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermittent  WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General)  Specific Conductivity  DO  Sub-Total			USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet)  1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover 2. Embeddedness 3. Velocity/ Depth Regime 4. Sediment Deposition 5. Channel Flow Status 6. Channel Alteration 7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends) 8. Bank Stability (LB & RB) 9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB) 10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB) Total RBP Score Sub-Total  CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermittent and PWVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General)  Specific Conductivity  DO  DO  10-3  Sub-Total	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet)  1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover  2. Embeddedness  3. Velocity/ Depth Regime  4. Sediment Deposition  5. Channel Flow Status  6. Channel Alteration  7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)  8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)  9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)  10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB)  Total RBP Score  Sub-Total  CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitt  WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General Specific Conductivity  DO  Sub-Total	0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20	USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet)  1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover  2. Embeddedness  3. Velocity/ Depth Regime  4. Sediment Deposition  5. Channel Flow Status  6. Channel Alteration  7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)  8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)  9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)  10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB)  Total RBP Score  Sub-Total  CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitt  WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General Specific Conductivity  DO  Sub-Total	0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20
BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Interm	nittent and Perennial	Streams)	BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitte	ent and Perennial Streams)		BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermittent a	and Perennial Streams)	BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Inter	rmittent and Perennial Streams)	BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Inter	rmittent and Perennial Streams)
WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)  0 Sub-Total	0-100 0-1	0	WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI) Sub-Total	0-100		WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)  0-10  Sub-Total	00 0-1 0	WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)  Sub-Total	0-100	WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)  Sub-Total	0-100
PART II - Index and l	Unit Score		PART II - Index and I	Unit Score		PART II - Index and Unit S	Score	PART II - Index and	Unit Score	PART II - Index and	Unit Score
Index	Linear Feet	Unit Score	Index	Linear Feet Unit Score		Index Line	ear Feet Unit Score	Index	Linear Feet Unit Score	Index	Linear Feet Unit Score
0.470	20	9.40833333	0	0 0		0	0 0	0	0 0	0	0 0

High-Gradient Headwater Streams in Appalachia Field Data Sheet and Calculator												
	Team:	CB, BH								M Northing:	36.849394	
Pro	ject Name:								ongitude/UT	_		
	-	Pittsylvania	County; Sp	read I					-	npling Date:		
SA	R Number:	S-B2		Length (ft):	50	Stream Ty	/pe:	Epher	meral Stream	ĵ		•
	Top Strata:	Shr	rub/Herb Str	ata	(determine	d from perc	ent calc	culate	ed in V <sub>CCANO</sub>	<sub>DPY</sub> )		
Site a	and Timing:	Project Site				•	Before	Projec	ct			
Sample	Variables	1-4 in strea	ım channel									_
1	V <sub>CCANOPY</sub>	Average pe equidistant	ercent cover points along at least one	over chann g the strean e value betw	n. Measure veen 0 and	only if tree/ 19 to trigger	/sapling	g cov	er is at leas			Not Used, <20%
	5											1
												1
2	$V_{EMBED}$	points along		n. Select a	particle fron	n the bed. I	Before	movi	ing it, deterr	mine the pe	rcentage of	5.0
		the surface and area surrounding the particle that is covered by fine sediment, and enter the rating according to the following table. If the bed is an artificial surface, or composed of fine sediments, use a rating score of 1. If the bed is composed of bedrock, use a rating score of 5.										
										Measure at least		
		rading Trading 2000 plant							30 points			
		5		of surface of						•	ck)	
			5 to 25 perc	cent of surfa rcent of sur								
			51 to 75 pe									
				t of surface							cial	'
	List the rati	ngs at each	point below	v:								ı
	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		5	5	5	
	5	5	5	5	5							
												I
	V	Madia: -+	vam alasiiii	Loubete - t	portiala -:-	Mossiii	ot no f	214:5 ::	than 20 :	ably a service	etent = si=t	
		along the st	tream; use t	the same po	oints and pa	ırticles as u	sed in \	V <sub>EMBE</sub>	ED•		stant points	0.08 in
	asphalt or o	cle size in in concrete as	0.0 in, sand	l or finer par	rticles as 0.0	08 in):						ı
	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	80.0	0.0	8	0.08	0.08	0.08	
	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08							I
												I
Λ	V	Total para	nt of ordala	l etroem -	annol bord	Entor the	otal =	mh-	of foot of	roded be-	( on oach	
4			ent of eroded e total perce to 200%.									160 %
			Left Bank:	50	) ft	F	Right B	ank:	30	) ft		

5	$V_{LWD}$	Number of down woody stems (at least 4 inches in diameter and 36 inches in length) per 100 feet of stream reach. Enter the number from the entire 50'-wide buffer and within the channel, and the amount per 100 feet of stream will be calculated.								4.0
		a				oody stems:	2			
6	$V_{TDBH}$	-		measure only if V <sub>CCANO</sub> ameter. Enter tree DBH		-	at least 20%	). Trees	are at least	Not Used
		List the db of the strea		nents of individual trees	(at least 4	in) within the	e buffer on e	ach side	!	
			Left Side				Right Side			
7	V	Number of	enage (at le	east 4" dbh and 36" tall)	por 100 fo	not of stroom	Enter num	har of en	age on oach	
,	$V_{SNAG}$		• (	d the amount per 100 fe	•		Enternann	Dei Oi Siid	ags on each	0.0
8	V	Number of	Left Side:	0 nd shrubs (woody stems	un to 1 in	Right Side:	0 r 100 foot of		moacuro	
0	$V_{SSD}$			0%). Enter number of s						150.0
		amount pe		tream will be calculated		<b>-</b>				
9	V <sub>SRICH</sub>	Rinarian ve	Left Side:	25 pecies richness per 100	feet of stre	Right Side:	50 Sheck all spe		sent from	
J	▼ SRICH	Group 1 in	the tallest	stratum. Check all exoti and the subindex will be	c and inva	sive species	present in al			0.00
			ıp 1 = 1.0				Group 2	2 (-1.0)		
	Acer rubru	ım		Magnolia tripetala		Ailanthus a	Itissima	<b>V</b>	Lonicera ja	ponica
	Acer sacc	harum		Nyssa sylvatica		Albizia julib	rissin		Lonicera ta	itarica
	Aesculus	flava		Oxydendrum arboreum		Alliaria peti	olata		Lotus corni	iculatus
	Asimina tr	iloba	<b>√</b>	Prunus serotina		Alternanthe	era		Lythrum sa	licaria
	Betula alle	ghaniensis		Quercus alba		philoxeroid			Microstegiur	m vimineum
	Betula len	ta		Quercus coccinea		Aster tatari	cus		Paulownia	tomentosa
	Carya alba	а		Quercus imbricaria		Cerastium	fontanum		Polygonum (	cuspidatum
	Carya glai	bra		Quercus prinus		Coronilla va	aria		Pueraria m	ontana
	Carya ova	nlis		Quercus rubra		Elaeagnus u	mbellata		Rosa multii	flora
	Carya ova	nta		Quercus velutina		Lespedeza	bicolor		Sorghum h	alepense
	Cornus flo	orida		Sassafras albidum		Lespedeza	cuneata		Verbena bi	rasiliensis
	Fagus gra	ndifolia		Tilia americana		Ligustrum ob	otusifolium			
	Fraxinus a	americana		Tsuga canadensis	V	Ligustrum s	sinense			•
<b>V</b>	Liriodendro	n tulipifera		Ulmus americana						
	Magnolia	acuminata								
			0	2 1					0 0	
		2	Species in	Group 1			2	Species i	n Group 2	

Sample Variables 10-11 within at least 8 subplots (40" x 40", or 1m x 1m) in the riparian/buffer zone within 25 feet from each bank. The four subplots should be placed roughly equidistantly along each side of the stream.

10	V <sub>DETRITUS</sub>		ercent cover of leaves, sticks, or other organic material. Woody debris <4" diameter and are include. Enter the percent cover of the detrital layer at each subplot.						6.25 %		
			Left	Side			Righ	t Side		]	
		10	10			0	5			]	
11	M	Average ne	roontogo	aver of bork	2000110 1/00	estation /ma	cours only	f troe cover	io <200/)	Do not	
11	$V_{HERB}$				paceous veg bh and 36" t						0.4.0/
					through 200	% are acce	pted. Enter	the percen	t cover of g	round	94 %
		vegetation	at each sub	Side		I	Righ	t Side		1	
		90	90	Olde		100	95	loldo			
Sample Variable 12 within the entire catchment of the stream.											
12	V <sub>WLUSE</sub>	Weighted A	Average of F	Runoff Scor	e for waters	hed:					0.47
									Runoff	% in	Running
	Land Use (Choose From Drop List)  Score								Catch- ment	Percent (not >100)	
	Forest and n	ative range (	<50% ground	cover)				•	0.5	34	34
	Forest and native range (>75% ground cover)								14	48	
	Open space (pasture, lawns, parks, etc.), grass cover >75%  © 0.3 52								100		
	<b>▼</b>										
	_							•			
								•			
								•			
	,	S-B2					No	tes:			
Va	ariable	Value	VSI		r Analysis						
Vc	CANOPY	Not Used, <20%	Not Used	Watershe	rom Lands d boundari	es are bas	ed off of fi	eld delinea	ted stream	impacts.	
VEI	MBED	5.0	0.50	*Percenta	iges in cato	chment val	ues have b	een round	ed to the n	earest full	number.
V <sub>st</sub>	UBSTRATE	0.08 in	0.04								
V <sub>BI</sub>	ERO	160 %	0.22								
VLV	WD	4.0	0.50								
V <sub>TI</sub>	ОВН	Not Used	Not Used								
Vsı	NAG	0.0	0.10								
Vs	SD	150.0	1.00								
Vsi	RICH	0.00	0.00								
V <sub>DI</sub>	ETRITUS	6.3 %	0.08								
V <sub>HI</sub>	ERB	94 %	1.00								
V <sub>w</sub>	LUSE	0.47	0.49								

Ver. 10-20-17

#### FCI Calculator for the High-Gradient Headwater Streams in Appalachia

To ensure accurate calculations, the <u>UPPERMOST STRATUM</u> of the plant community is determined based on the calculated value for V<sub>CCANOPY</sub> (≥20% cover is required for tree/sapling strata). Go to the SAR Data Entry tab and enter site characteristics and data in the yellow cells. For information on determining how to split a project into SARs, see Chapter 5 of the Operational Draft Regional Guidebook for the Functional Assessment of High-Gradient Headwater Streams and Low-Gradient Perennial Streams in Appalachia (Environmental Laboratory U.S. Army Corps of Engineers 2017).

Project Name: S-B2

Location: Pittsylvania County; Spread I

Sampling Date: 8/19/2021 Project Site Before Project

Subclass for this SAR:

**Ephemeral Stream** 

Uppermost stratum present at this SAR: SAR number: S-B2

Shrub/Herb Strata

Functional Results Summary: Enter Results in Section A of the Mitigation Sufficiency Calculator

Function	Functional Capacity Index
Hydrology	0.38
Biogeochemical Cycling	0.38
Habitat	0.10

#### Variable Measure and Subindex Summary:

Variable	Name	Average Measure	Subindex
V <sub>CCANOPY</sub>	Percent canpoy over channel.	Not Used, <20%	Not Used
$V_{EMBED}$	Average embeddedness of channel.	5.00	0.50
V <sub>SUBSTRATE</sub>	Median stream channel substrate particle size.	0.08	0.04
$V_{BERO}$	Total percent of eroded stream channel bank.	160.00	0.22
$V_{LWD}$	Number of down woody stems per 100 feet of stream.	4.00	0.50
V <sub>TDBH</sub>	Average dbh of trees.	Not Used	Not Used
V <sub>SNAG</sub>	Number of snags per 100 feet of stream.	0.00	0.10
V <sub>SSD</sub>	Number of saplings and shrubs per 100 feet of stream.	150.00	1.00
V <sub>SRICH</sub>	Riparian vegetation species richness.	0.00	0.00
V <sub>DETRITUS</sub>	V <sub>DETRITUS</sub> Average percent cover of leaves, sticks, etc.		0.08
V <sub>HERB</sub>	V <sub>HERB</sub> Average percent cover of herbaceous vegetation.		1.00
V <sub>WLUSE</sub>	Weighted Average of Runoff Score for Catchment.	0.47	0.49

## PHYSICAL CHARACTERIZATION/WATER QUALITY FIELD DATA SHEET (FRONT)

STREAM NAME		LOCATION			
STATION #	RIVERMILE	STREAM CLASS			
LAT	LONG	RIVER BASIN			
STORET#		AGENCY			
INVESTIGATORS					
FORM COMPLETED BY		DATE	REASON FOR SURVEY		

WEATHER CONDITIONS	<b>Now</b>	storm (heavy rain) rain (steady rain) showers (intermittent) %cloud cover clear/sunny	Past 24 hours	Has there been a heavy rain in the last 7 days? Yes No Air Temperature0 C Other
SITE LOCATION/MAP	Draw a map	of the site and indicate the	he areas samp	oled (or attach a photograph)
	<u>·</u>		US	LOD
	<i>C/</i>	/ 	_	
	_		PS	
			ì	LOD
STREAM CHARACTERIZATION	Stream Subs Perennial	ystem Intermittent Tio	lal	Stream Type Coldwater Warmwater
	Stream Orig Glacial Non-glacia Swamp and	in Spring-fo	ed of origins	Catchment Areakm <sup>2</sup>

# PHYSICAL CHARACTERIZATION/WATER QUALITY FIELD DATA SHEET (BACK)

WATERS FEATURE		Predominant Surrounding Landuse Forest Commercial Field/Pasture Industrial Agricultural Other Residential			No evidence  Sor Obvious sources	Local Watershed Erosion			
RIPARIAT VEGETAT (18 meter	ΓION	Trees	e the dominant type and S ant species present	hrubs	minant species present Grasses He	rbaceous			
INSTREA FEATURE		Estimat Samplin Area in Estimat	km² (m²x1000) ted Stream Depth velocitym	m m² km² m	J 1	Run%			
LARGE W DEBRIS	VOODY	LWD Density	of LWDn	n²/km² ( <b>LWD</b> /	reach area)				
AQUATIC VEGETAT		Indicate the dominant type and record the dominant species present Rooted emergent Rooted submergent Rooted floating Free floating Floating Algae Attached Algae  Dominant species present Portion of the reach with aquatic vegetation %							
WATER ON WE dry str	ater,	Specific Dissolve pH Turbidi	crature0 C c Conductance ed Oxygen ity strument Used		Water Odors Normal/None Sewage Petroleum Fishy  Water Surface Oils Slick Sheen None Other  Turbidity (if not measu Clear □ Slightly tu Opaque Stained	Chemical Other  Globs Flecks			
SEDIMEN SUBSTRA		Odors Normal Sewage Petroleum Chemical Anaerobic None Other  Oils Absent Slight Moderate Profuse  Odors  Peposits Sludge Sawdust Paper fiber Sa Relict shells Other Lepoking at stones which are not deeply embedde are the undersides black in color?  Yes No							
INC	DCANIC SIP	OTD A TE	COMPONENTS		ODCANIC CUDOTDATE C	OMBONENTS			
INC		STRATE dd up to 1	COMPONENTS 100%)		ORGANIC SUBSTRATE C (does not necessarily add				
Substrate Type	Diamet	er	% Composition in Sampling Reach	Substrate Type	Characteristic	% Composition in Sampling Area			
Bedrock				Detritus	sticks, wood, coarse plant				

INC	ORGANIC SUBSTRATE (should add up to 1		ORGANIC SUBSTRATE COMPONENTS (does not necessarily add up to 100%)				
Substrate Type	Diameter	% Composition in Sampling Reach	Substrate Type	Characteristic	% Composition in Sampling Area		
Bedrock			Detritus	sticks, wood, coarse plant			
Boulder	> 256 mm (10")			materials (CPOM)			
Cobble	64-256 mm (2.5"-10")		Muck-Mud	black, very fine organic			
Gravel	2-64 mm (0.1"-2.5")			(FPOM)			
Sand	0.06-2mm (gritty)		Marl	grey, shell fragments			
Silt	0.004-0.06 mm						
Clay	< 0.004 mm (slick)						

#### HABITAT ASSESSMENT FIELD DATA SHEET - HG - USE ON ALL STREAMS (FRONT)

STREAM NAME	LOCATION	
STATION # RIVERMILE	STREAM CLASS	
LAT LONG	RIVER BASIN	
STORET#	AGENCY	
INVESTIGATORS		
FORM COMPLETED BY	DATE AM PM	REASON FOR SURVEY

	Habitat		Condition	ı Category					
	Parameter	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginal	Poor				
	1. Epifaunal Substrate/ Available Cover	Greater than 70% of substrate favorable for epifaunal colonization and fish cover; mix of snags, submerged logs, undercut banks, cobble or other stable habitat and at stage to allow full colonization potential (i.e., logs/snags that are not new fall and not transient).	40-70% mix of stable habitat; well-suited for full colonization potential; adequate habitat for maintenance of populations; presence of additional substrate in the form of newfall, but not yet prepared for colonization (may rate at high end of scale).	20-40% mix of stable habitat; habitat availability less than desirable; substrate frequently disturbed or removed.	Less than 20% stable habitat; lack of habitat is obvious; substrate unstable or lacking.				
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0				
n sampling reach	2. Embeddedness	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 0-25% surrounded by fine sediment. Layering of cobble provides diversity of niche space.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 25- 50% surrounded by fine sediment.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 50- 75% surrounded by fine sediment.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are more than 75% surrounded by fine sediment.				
ted in	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0				
Parameters to be evaluated in sampling reach	3. Velocity/Depth Regime	All four velocity/depth regimes present (slow-deep, slow-shallow, fast-deep, fast-shallow). (Slow is < 0.3 m/s, deep is > 0.5 m.)	Only 3 of the 4 regimes present (if fast-shallow is missing, score lower than if missing other regimes).	Only 2 of the 4 habitat regimes present (if fast-shallow or slow-shallow are missing, score low).	Dominated by 1 velocity/depth regime (usually slow-deep).				
ıram	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0				
Ps	4. Sediment Deposition	Little or no enlargement of islands or point bars and less than 5% of the bottom affected by sediment deposition.	Some new increase in bar formation, mostly from gravel, sand or fine sediment; 5-30% of the bottom affected; slight deposition in pools.	Moderate deposition of new gravel, sand or fine sediment on old and new bars; 30-50% of the bottom affected; sediment deposits at obstructions, constrictions, and bends; moderate deposition of pools prevalent.	Heavy deposits of fine material, increased bar development; more than 50% of the bottom changing frequently; pools almost absent due to substantial sediment deposition.				
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0				
	5. Channel Flow Status	Water reaches base of both lower banks, and minimal amount of channel substrate is exposed.	Water fills >75% of the available channel; or <25% of channel substrate is exposed.	Water fills 25-75% of the available channel, and/or riffle substrates are mostly exposed.	Very little water in channel and mostly present as standing pools.				
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0				

#### HABITAT ASSESSMENT FIELD DATA SHEET—HIGH GRADIENT STREAMS (BACK)

	Habitat		Condition Category										
	Parameter	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginal	Poor								
	6. Channel Alteration	Channelization or dredging absent or minimal; stream with normal pattern.	Some channelization present, usually in areas of bridge abutments; evidence of past channelization, i.e., dredging, (greater than past 20 yr) may be present, but recent channelization is not present.	Channelization may be extensive; embankments or shoring structures present on both banks; and 40 to 80% of stream reach channelized and disrupted.	Banks shored with gabion or cement; over 80% of the stream reach channelized and disrupted. Instream habitat greatly altered or removed entirely.								
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0								
oling reach	7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	Occurrence of riffles relatively frequent; ratio of distance between riffles divided by width of the stream <7:1 (generally 5 to 7); variety of habitat is key. In streams where riffles are continuous, placement of boulders or other large, natural obstruction is important.	Occurrence of riffles infrequent; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between 7 to 15.	Occasional riffle or bend; bottom contours provide some habitat; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between 15 to 25.	Generally all flat water or shallow riffles; poor habitat; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is a ratio of >25.								
samp	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0								
Parameters to be evaluated broader than sampling reach	8. Bank Stability (score each bank)  Note: determine left or right side by facing downstream.	Banks stable; evidence of erosion or bank failure absent or minimal; little potential for future problems. <5% of bank affected.	Moderately stable; infrequent, small areas of erosion mostly healed over. 5-30% of bank in reach has areas of erosion	Moderately unstable; 30-60% of bank in reach has areas of erosion; high erosion potential during floods.	Unstable; many eroded areas; "raw" areas frequent along straight sections and bends; obvious bank sloughing; 60-100% of bank has erosional scars.								
e eva	SCORE (LB)	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0								
to be	SCORE (RB)	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0								
Parameters	9. Vegetative Protection (score each bank)	More than 90% of the streambank surfaces and immediate riparian zone covered by native vegetation, including trees, understory shrubs, or nonwoody macrophytes; vegetative disruption through grazing or mowing minimal or not evident; almost all plants allowed to grow naturally.	70-90% of the streambank surfaces covered by native vegetation, but one class of plants is not well-represented; disruption evident but not affecting full plant growth potential to any great extent; more than one-half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.	50-70% of the streambank surfaces covered by vegetation; disruption obvious; patches of bare soil or closely cropped vegetation common; less than one- half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.	Less than 50% of the streambank surfaces covered by vegetation; disruption of streambank vegetation is very high; vegetation has been removed to 5 centimeters or less in average stubble height.								
	SCORE (LB)	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0								
	SCORE (RB)	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0								
	10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (score each bank riparian zone)	Width of riparian zone >18 meters; human activities (i.e., parking lots, roadbeds, clear-cuts, lawns, or crops) have not impacted zone.	Width of riparian zone 12-18 meters; human activities have impacted zone only minimally.	Width of riparian zone 6- 12 meters; human activities have impacted zone a great deal.	Width of riparian zone <6 meters: little or no riparian vegetation due to human activities.								
	SCORE (LB)	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0								
ĺ	SCORE (RB)	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0								

Total	Caare	
i otai	Score	

#### BENTHIC MACROINVERTEBRATE FIELD DATA SHEET

STREAM NAME		LOCATION				
STATION #	RIVERMILE	STREAM CLASS				
LAT	LONG	RIVER BASIN				
STORET#		AGENCY				
INVESTIGATORS		LOT NUMBER				
FORM COMPLETED	ВҮ	DATE REASON FOR SURVEY TIME				
HABITAT TYPES	Indicate the percentage of	each habitat type present				

HABITAT TYPES	Indicate the percentage of each habitat type present  Cobble% Snags% Vegetated Banks% Sand%  Submerged Macrophytes% Other ( )%
SAMPLE COLLECTION	Gear used D-frame kick-net Other
	How were the samples collected? wading from bank from boat
	Indicate the number of jabs/kicks taken in each habitat type.  Cobble Snags Vegetated Banks Sand
	Cobble Snags Vegetated Banks Sand Submerged Macrophytes Other ( )
GENERAL COMMENTS	

#### QUALITATIVE LISTING OF AQUATIC BIOTA

Indicate estimated abundance: 0 = Absent/Not Observed, 1 = Rare, 2 = Common, 3 = Abundant, 4 = Dominant

Periphyton	0	1	2	3	4	Slimes	0	1	2	3	4
Filamentous Algae	0	1	2	3	4	Macroinvertebrates	0	1	2	3	4
Macrophytes	0	1	2	3	4	Fish	0	1	2	3	4

#### FIELD OBSERVATIONS OF MACROBENTHOS

Indicate estimated abundance: 0 = Absent/Not Observed, 1 = Rare (1-3 organisms), 2 = Common (3-9 organisms), 3 = Abundant (>10 organisms), 4 = Dominant (>50 organisms)

Porifera	0	1	2	3	4	Anisoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Chironomidae	0	1	2	3	4
Hydrozoa	0	1	2	3	4	Zygoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Ephemeroptera	0	1	2	3	4
Platyhelminthes	0	1	2	3	4	Hemiptera	0	1	2	3	4	Trichoptera	0	1	2	3	4
Turbellaria	0	1	2	3	4	Coleoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Other	0	1	2	3	4
Hirudinea	0	1	2	3	4	Lepidoptera	0	1	2	3	4						
Oligochaeta	0	1	2	3	4	Sialidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Isopoda	0	1	2	3	4	Corydalidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Amphipoda	0	1	2	3	4	Tipulidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Decapoda	0	1	2	3	4	Empididae	0	1	2	3	4						
Gastropoda	0	1	2	3	4	Simuliidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Bivalvia	0	1	2	3	4	Tabinidae	0	1	2	3	4						
						Culcidae	0	1	2	3	4						

#### WOLMAN PEBBLE COUNT FORM

County: Pittsylvania Stream ID: S-B2

Stream Name: UNT to Little Cherrystone Creek

HUC Code: 03010105 Basin: Banister

Survey Date: 8/19/2021 Surveyors: CB, BH Type: Representative

#### NO PEBBLE COUNT. EPHEMERAL STREAM WITH SAND/SILT/OVER GROWN BED

T 1	DA DELCI E		LE COUNT	D (1.1	TD 4 1 11	T. 0/	0/ 0
Inches	PARTICLE	Millimeters		Particle Count	Total #	Item %	% Cur
	Silt/Clay	< .062	S/C	<b>A</b>	50	50.00	50.00
	Very Fine	.062125		<b>A</b>		0.00	50.00
	Fine	.12525		<b>▲</b>	50	50.00	100.00
	Medium	.255	SAND	<b>A</b>	0	0.00	100.00
	Coarse	.50-1.0		<b>A</b>	0	0.00	100.00
.0408	Very Coarse	1.0-2		<b>A</b>	0	0.00	100.00
.0816	Very Fine	2 -4	_	<b>A</b>	0	0.00	100.00
.1622	Fine	4 -5.7		<b>A</b>	0	0.00	100.00
.2231	Fine	5.7 - 8		<b>A</b>	0	0.00	100.00
.3144	Medium	8 -11.3		<b>A</b>	0	0.00	100.00
.4463	Medium	11.3 - 16	GRAVEL	<b>*</b>	0	0.00	100.0
.6389	Coarse	16 -22.6	_	<b>A</b>	0	0.00	100.0
.89 - 1.26	Coarse	22.6 - 32	_	<b>A</b>	0	0.00	100.0
1.26 - 1.77	Vry Coarse	32 - 45	_	<b>A</b>	0	0.00	100.0
1.77 -2.5	Vry Coarse	45 - 64		<b>A</b>	0	0.00	100.0
2.5 - 3.5	Small	64 - 90	_	<b>A</b>	0	0.00	100.0
3.5 - 5.0	Small	90 - 128	COBBLE	<b>▲</b>	0	0.00	100.0
5.0 - 7.1	Large	128 - 180		<b>A</b>	0	0.00	100.0
7.1 - 10.1	Large	180 - 256		<b>A</b>	0	0.00	100.0
10.1 - 14.3	Small	256 - 362		<b>A</b>	0	0.00	100.0
14.3 - 20	Small	362 - 512		<b>A</b>	0	0.00	100.0
20 - 40	Medium	512 - 1024	BOULDER	<b>A</b>	0	0.00	100.0
40 - 80	Large	1024 -2048		<b>A</b>	0	0.00	100.0
80 - 160	Vry Large	2048 -4096		•	0	0.00	100.0
	Bedrock		BDRK	<b>A</b>	0	0.00	100.0
				Totals:	100		

#### RIVERMORPH PARTICLE SUMMARY

UNT to Little Cherrystone Creek

River Name: UNT to Little of S-B2 Sample Name: Representative Survey Date: 08/19/2021

Size (mm)	TOT #	ITEM %	CUM %
0 - 0.062 0.062 - 0.125 0.125 - 0.25 0.25 - 0.50 0.50 - 1.0 1.0 - 2.0 2.0 - 4.0 4.0 - 5.7 5.7 - 8.0 8.0 - 11.3 11.3 - 16.0 16.0 - 22.6 22.6 - 32.0 32 - 45 45 - 64 64 - 90 90 - 128 128 - 180 180 - 256 256 - 362 362 - 512 512 - 1024 1024 - 2048 Bedrock	84 16 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	84.00 16.00 0.00	84.00 100.00
D16 (mm) D35 (mm) D50 (mm) D84 (mm) D95 (mm) D100 (mm) Silt/Clay (%) Sand (%) Gravel (%) Cobble (%) Boulder (%) Bedrock (%)	0.01 0.03 0.04 0.06 0.11 0.12 84 16 0		

Total Particles = 100.

#### **Ephemeral Stream Assessment Form (Form 1a)** Unified Stream Methodology for use in Virginia For use in ephemeral streams Cowardin Impact Impact Project # **Project Name** Locality HUC Date SAR# Class length Factor Mountain Valley Pipeline (Mountain 22865.06 Pittsylvania 03010105 8/19/2021 S-B2 20 1 Valley Pipeline, LLC) SAR Length Name(s) of Evaluator(s) Stream Name and Information S-B2; Spread I; Pittsylvania County 75 2. RIPARIAN BUFFERS: Assess both bank's 100 foot riparian areas along the entire SAR. (rough measurements of length & width may be acceptable) **Conditional Category** NOTES>> No canopy; Optimal Marginal Poor Suboptimal Assessment is limited to Low Marginal: Non-maintained. High Poor: Lawns areas within the mowed, and High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with ree stratum (dbh > Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with ree stratum (dbh > temporary ROW. High Marginal: Non-maintained, lense herbaceous dense herbaceous regetation, ripariar reas lacking shrul maintained areas, nurseries; no-till cropland; actively Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine 3 inches) present, 3 inches) present Tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present with > 60% tree canopy cover and an vegetation with and tree stratum grazed pasture spoil lands, lenuded surfaces Riparian with 30% to 60% with >30% tree either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh 3 inches) present with <30% tree hay production, conds, open water if present, tree stratum (dbh >3 tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained parsely vegetate nopy cover and a row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable **Buffers** non-maintained understory. Wetlands derstory. Recer cutover (dense canopy cover. inches) present, with <30% tree bilized, or oth conditions. vegetation). comparable understory. canopy cover with maintained understory. condition. High Low High High Low Low Condition 1.5 0.85 0.75 0.5 1.2 0.6 1.1 Scores Delineate riparian areas along each stream bank into Condition Categories and Condition Scores using the descriptors Ensure the sums Determine square footage for each by measuring or estimating length and width. Calculators are provided for you of % Riparian Enter the % Riparian Area and Score for each riparian category in the blocks below 50% 50% 100% Right Bank 0.85 0.75 Score > :I= (Sum % RA \* Scores\*0.01)/2 % Riparian Area> 85% 15% Rt Bank CI > CI Left Bank 0.85 0.68 Score > 0.5 Lt Bank CI > 0.55 REACH CONDITION INDEX and STREAM CONDITION UNITS FOR THIS REACH NOTE: The CIs and RCI should be rounded to 2 decimal places. The CR should be rounded to a whole number THE REACH CONDITION INDEX (RCI) >> 0.34

RCI= (Riparian CI)/2

COMPENSATION REQUIREMENT (CR) >> 7

CR = RCI X LF X IF

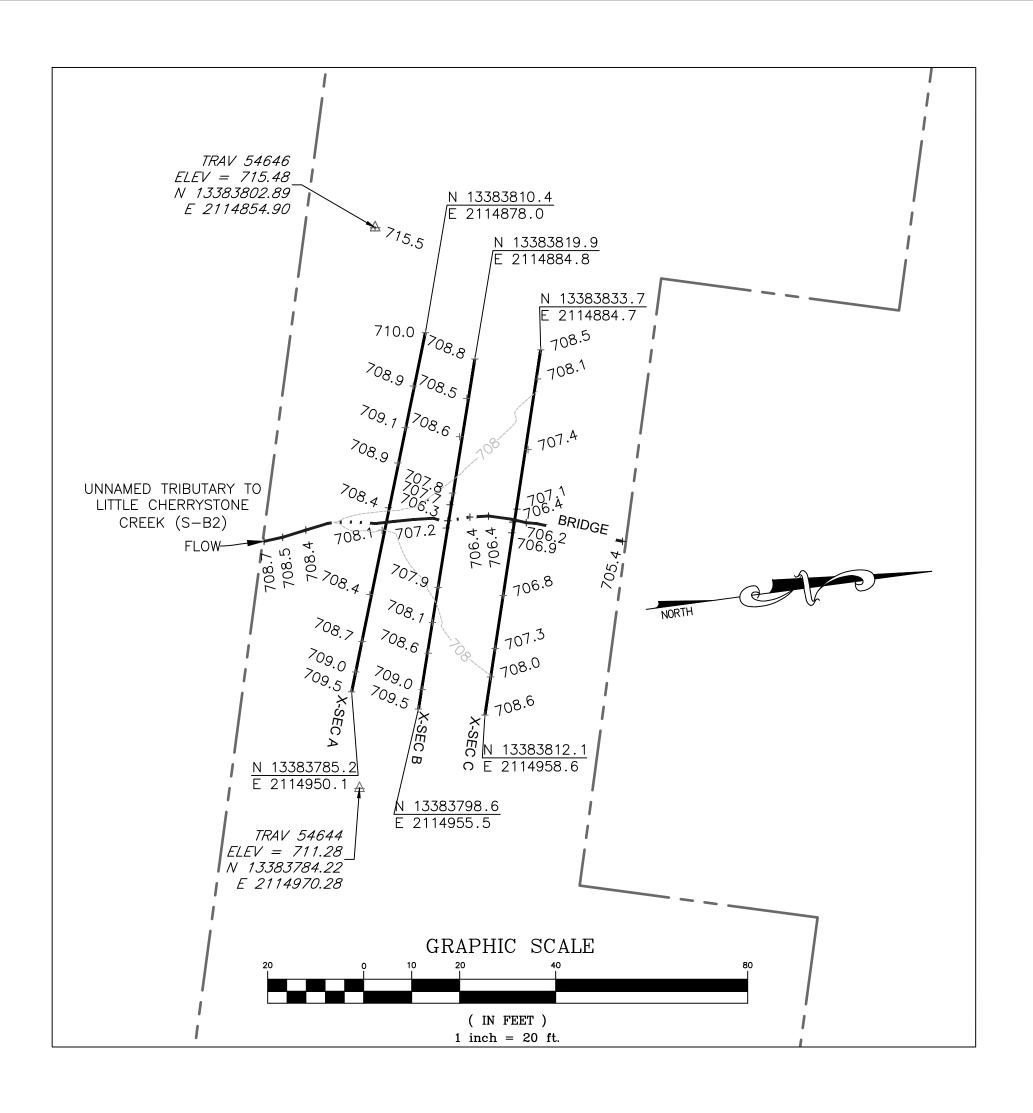
**INSERT PHOTOS:** 

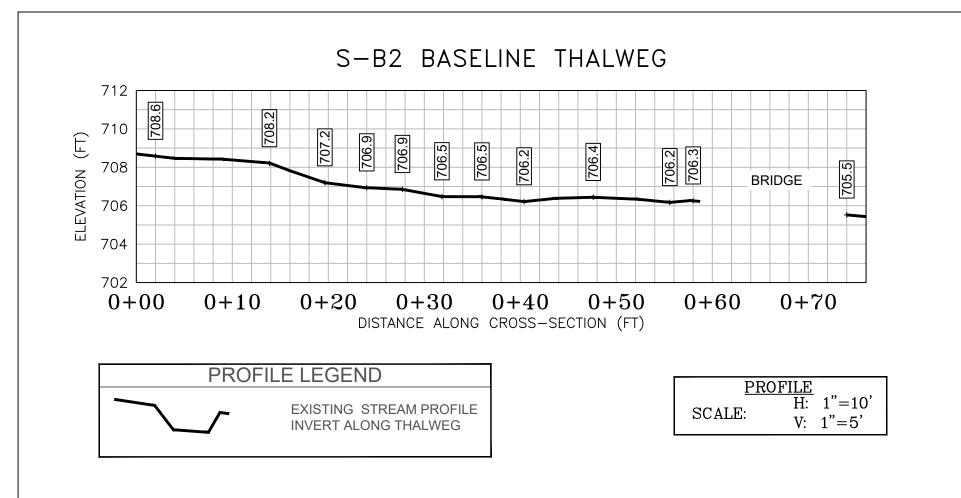
(WSSI Photo Location "L:\22000s\22800\22865.06\Admin\05-ENVR\Field Data\")

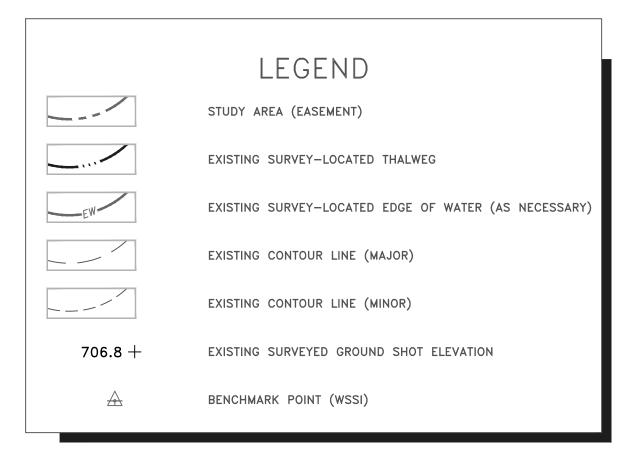


DESCRIBE PROPOSED IMPACT:

PROVIDED UNDER SEPARATE COVER

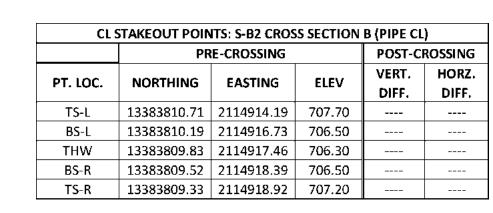


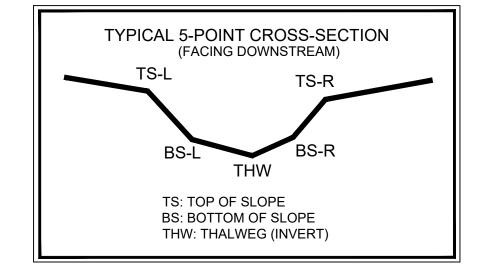




## SURVEY NOTES:

- 1. This map has been oriented to NAD 1983 UTM ZONE 17N, and vertically to The North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88), using a Real Time Network (RTN) GPS. Field locations were completed on May 2, 2019.
- 2. Monumentation, including traverse stations and fly points, shown on this drawing should be used to orient any future boundary, topographic, or location survey.
- 3. Easement lines shown on plan view were provided by Mountain Valley Pipeline (MVP).
- 4. WSSI Contour Interval = 2.0'. Contours within the channel were interpolated using stream channel breaklines (i.e. top of slopes, toe of slopes, thalweg) and cross-sectional points. Contours outside the channel were interpolated using cross-sectional spot shots.
- 5. All section views shown are left to right facing downstream.
- 6. Cross-section B shot at location of pipe centerline (based on best professional judgement).





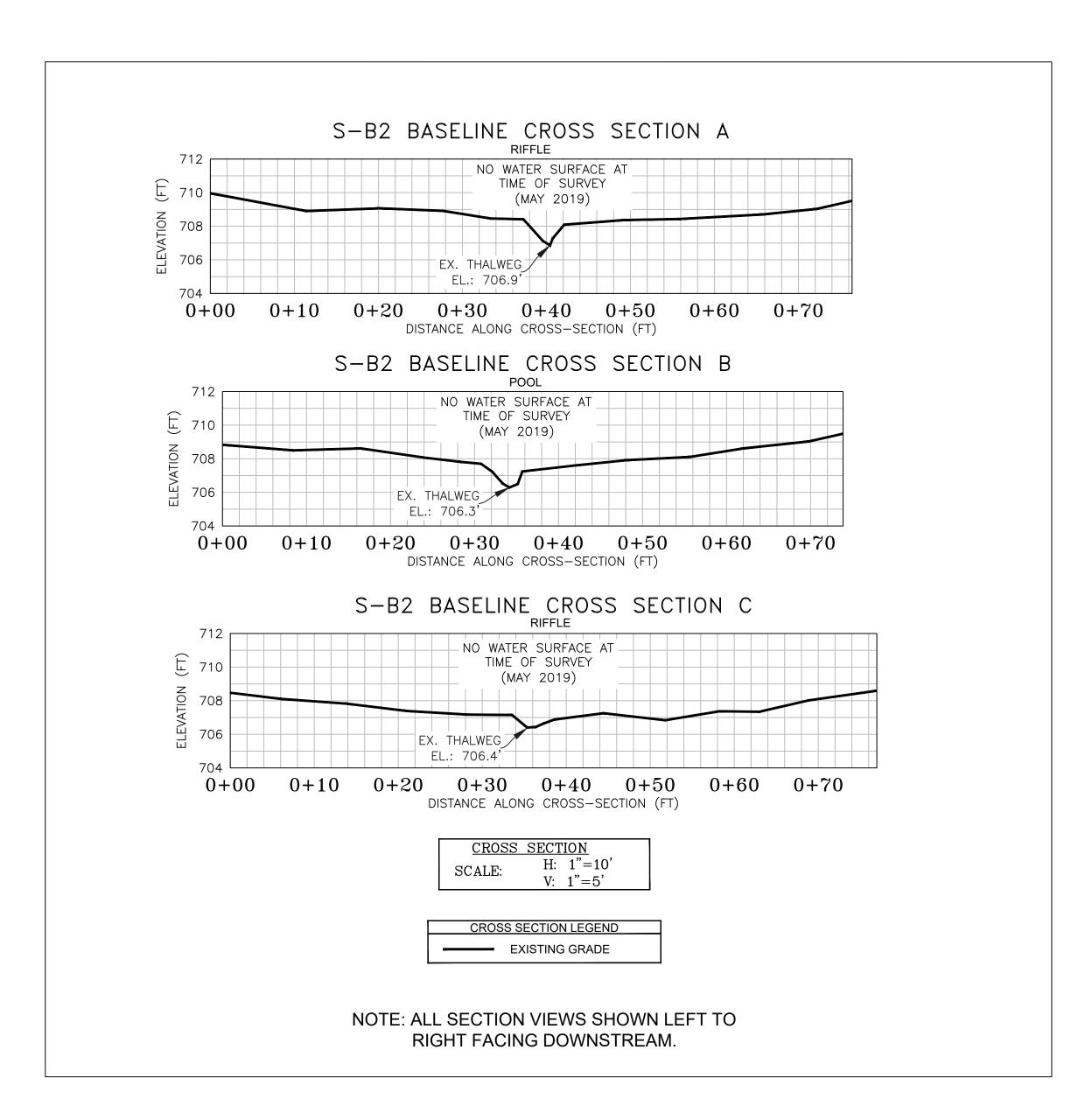
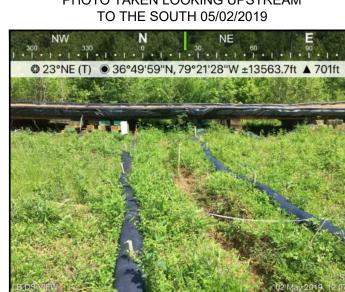




PHOTO TAKEN LOOKING UPSTREAM



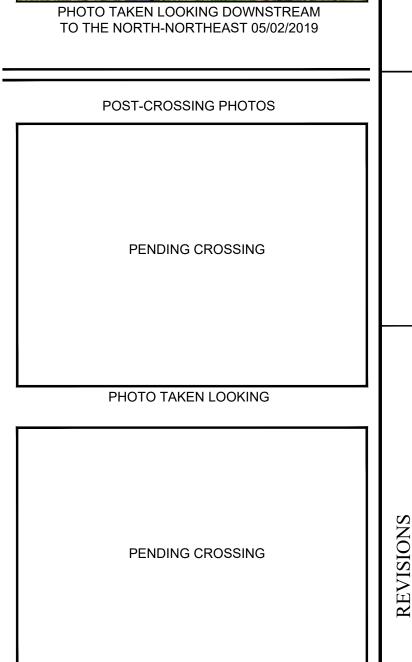


PHOTO TAKEN LOOKING

Horizontal Datum: NAD 1983 UTM ZONE 17 Vertical Datum: NAVD 88 Boundary and Topo Source: WSSI 2' C.I. Topo Draft Approved

rossing

JSF NAS EJC Sheet #

1 of 1

Computer File Name: Survey\22000s\22800\22865.03\Spread I Work Dwgs