Baseline Assessment – Stream Attributes

Revisit

*Additional information was collected on 1/27/2022. No benthic data was collected due to the absence of riffle habitat.

Reach S-CC5 54' (Timber Mat Crossing)* Perennial Spread I Pittsylvania County, Virginia

Data	Included
Photos	√*
SWVM Form	√*
FCI Calculator and HGM Form	N/A – Perennial stream (not shadeable)
RBP Physical Characteristics Form	√*
Water Quality Data	√*
RBP Habitat Form	√*
RBP Benthic Form	√*
Benthic Identification Sheet	NA – Riffle Habitat Absent
Wolman Pebble Count	√*
RiverMorph Data Sheet	√*
USM Form (Virginia Only)	√*
Longitudinal Profile and Cross Sections	\checkmark

Spread I Stream S-CC5 (Timber Mat) Pittsylvania County



Photo Type: Off of LOD Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Stream is off of LOD, looking W, RAH



Photo Type: Off of LOD Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Stream is off of LOD, looking SW, RAH

Spread I Stream S-CC5 (Timber Mat) Pittsylvania County



Photo Type: Off of LOD Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Stream is off of LOD, looking NW, RAH



Photo Type: Off of LOD Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Stream is off of LOD, looking SW, RAH

Spread I Stream S-CC5 (Timber Mat) Pittsylvania County

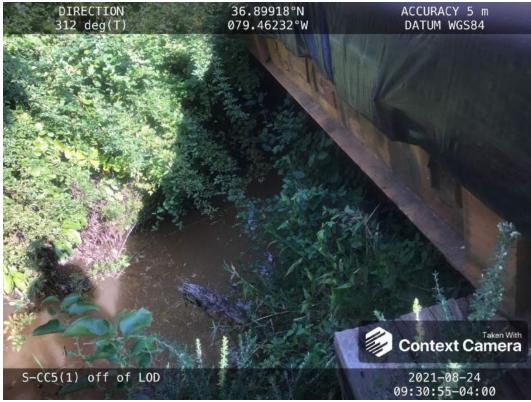


Photo Type: Off of LOD Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Stream is off of LOD, looking NW, RAH

Spread I Stream S-CC5 (Timber Mat) Pittsylvania County



Photo Type: DS VIEW Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Downstream view of LOC looking SSW, KB



Photo Type: US VIEW Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Upstream view of LOC looking NE, KB

Spread I Stream S-CC5 (Timber Mat) Pittsylvania County



Photo Type: LB CL Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Standing on LB looking at RB along pipe centerline looking NW, KB



Photo Type: RB CL Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Standing on RB looking at LB along pipe centerline looking SE, KB

DEQ Permit #21-0416

Spread I

Stream S-CC5 (Timber Mat) Pittsylvania County



Photo Type: DS COND Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Downstream conditions outside of LOC looking SW, KB

L:\22000s\22800\22865.06\Admin\05-ENVR\Field Data\Template Forms\Photo Document Template_V2.docx

USACE FILE NO./ Project Name: (v2.1, Sept 2015)			Mounta	ain Valley Pipeline			COORDINATES: imal Degrees)			
IMPACT STREAM/SITE ID (watershed size {acreage},				S-CC5, Drainag	je Area=9	75.29	ac			
STREAM IMPACT LENGTH:			FORM OF MITIGATION:						MIT CO Is I-III) (in Deci	
Column No. 1- Impact Existing	g Conditi [,]	on (Del	pit)	Column No. 2- Mitigation Existing C	Condition -	Base	line (Credit)			
Stream Classification:		Pere	nnial	Stream Classification:		Pe	rennial			
Percent Stream Channel SI	оре		2.14	Percent Stream Channel SI	оре		2.14			
HGM Score (attach da	ata form	s):		HGM Score (attach	data form	ıs):				
			Average				Average			
Hydrology				Hydrology						
Biogeochemical Cycling			0	Biogeochemical Cycling			0			
Habitat	_		Ť	Habitat	_		Ŭ			
PART I - Physical, Chemical and	Biologic	al Indic	ators	PART I - Physical, Chemical an	d Biologic	al Ind	icators			
	Points Scale	Range	Site Score		Points Scale	Range	Site Score			
PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams	classificat	ions)		PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams	classificatio	ns)				
USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet)		ŕ		USEPA RBP (Low Gradient Data Sheet)						
1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover	0-20		6	1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover	0-20					
2. Embeddedness	0-20	1	3	2. Pool Substrate Characterization	0-20					
3. Velocity/ Depth Regime	0-20		3	3. Pool Variability	0-20					
4. Sediment Deposition	0-20	1	5	4. Sediment Deposition	0-20					
5. Channel Flow Status	0-20	0-1	11	5. Channel Flow Status	0-20	0.4				
6. Channel Alteration	0-20	0-1	15	6. Channel Alteration	0-20	0-1				
7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	0-20		5	7. Channel Sinuosity	0-20					
8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)	0-20		8	8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)	0-20					
9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20		14	9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20					
10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB)	0-20		14	10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB)	0-20					
Total RBP Score	Marg	ginal	84	Total RBP Score	Poo	or	0			
Sub-Total CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitter	at and Porc	nnial Str	0.42	Sub-Total CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitten	t and Paran	nial Stra				
WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General Specific Conductivity)	-		WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General Specific Conductivity)					
	T				T					
<=99 - 90 points	0-90		59.1		0-90					
рН				рН			0			
	0-80	0-1	6.8		5-90	0-1				
6.0-8.0 = 80 points				DO						
>5.0 = 30 points	10-30		8.68		10-30					
Sub-Total			1	Sub-Total			0			
BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermit	tent and Pe	erennial	Streams)	BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermit	ent and Pere	ennial S	treams)			
WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)				WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)						
	0-100	0-1		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	0-100	0-1				
0	0-100	V- I			0-100	U -1				
Sub-Total			0	Sub-Total			0			
PART II - Index and U	nit Score)		PART II - Index and	Unit Score	9				

Index	Linear Feet	Unit Score
0.710	54	38.34

36.899248	Lon.	-79.462396	WEATHER:		Sunny	DATE:		
							January	25, 202
MITIGATION STREAM CLASS						Comments:		
(watershed size {acrea	je}, unaitered	or impairments)						
	Lon.		PRECIPITATION PAST 48 HRS:		0 in	Mitigation Length:		
Column No. 3- Mitigation P Post Completio		Five Years	Column No. 4- Mitigation Proj Post Completion (/ears	Column No. 5- Mitigation Project	ed at Maturity (Credit)
Stream Classification:		Perennial	Stream Classification:	Pe	rennial	Stream Classification:	Per	ennial
Percent Stream Channel S	Slope	2.14	Percent Stream Channel SI	ope	2.14	Percent Stream Channel S	lope	2
HGM Score (attac	h data fori	ms):	HGM Score (attach d	ata forms):		HGM Score (attach d	ata forms):	
		Average			Average			Av
Hydrology			Hydrology			Hydrology		
Biogeochemical Cycling		0	Biogeochemical Cycling		0	Biogeochemical Cycling		
Habitat PART I - Physical, Chemical a	and Biologi		Habitat PART I - Physical, Chemical and	Biological Inc	licators	Habitat PART I - Physical, Chemical and	Biological Indi	cators
	Points Scale	Range Site Score		Points Scale Ran	ge Site Score		Points Scale Range	je Si
PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all stream	ns classificati	ons)	PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams	s classifications)		PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams	classifications)	
USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet) 1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover	0-20		USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet) 1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover	0-20		USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet) 1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover	0-20	
2. Embeddedness	0-20		2. Embeddedness	0-20		2. Embeddedness	0-20	
3. Velocity/ Depth Regime	0-20		3. Velocity/ Depth Regime	0-20		3. Velocity/ Depth Regime	0-20	
4. Sediment Deposition	0-20		4. Sediment Deposition	0-20		4. Sediment Deposition	0-20	
5. Channel Flow Status	0-20	0-1	5. Channel Flow Status	0-20 0-	1	5. Channel Flow Status	0-20 0-1	
6. Channel Alteration	0-20	0-1	6. Channel Alteration	0-20		6. Channel Alteration	0-20	
7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	0-20		7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	0-20		7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	0-20	
8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)	0-20		8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)	0-20		8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)	0-20	
9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20		9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20		9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20	
10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB)	0-20		10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB)	0-20		10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB)	0-20	
Total RBP Score	Po		Total RBP Score	Poor	0	Total RBP Score	Poor	
		O	Sub-Total	at and Danamial		Sub-Total	at and Danamial O	
CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitte			CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitter		Streams)	CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitter		reams)
WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General Specific Conductivity	al)		WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General Specific Conductivity	I)		WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General Specific Conductivity)	_
	0.00			0.00			0.00	
рН	0-90		Hq	0-90		На	0-90	
	5-90	0-1		5-90 0-	1		5-90 0-1	
DO			DO	·		DO		
	10-30			10-30			10-30	
Sub-Total BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Inter	mittent and	0 Perennial Streams)	Sub-Total BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intern	nittent and Per	0	Sub-Total BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intern	nittent and Peren	nial Stre
WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)			WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)			WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)		
	0-100	0-1		0-100 0-	1		0-100 0-1	1
1								_
Sub-Total		0	Sub-Total		0	Sub-Total		

PART II - Index and Unit Score					
Index	Linear Feet	Unit Score			
0	0	0			

Linear Feet Unit Score

0

0

Index

0

PART II - Index and Unit Score					
Index	Linear Feet	Unit Score			
0	0	0			

PART II - Index and Unit Score					
Index	Linear Feet	Unit Score			
0	0	0			

PHYSICAL CHARACTERIZATION/WATER QUALITY FIELD DATA SHEET (FRONT)

		1			
STREAM NAME S-CC5		LOCATION Pittsylvania County			
	IVERMILE	STREAM CLASS Perennial			
LAT <u>36.899248</u> LO	ONG79.462396	RIVER BASIN Banister			
STORET #		AGENCY VADEQ			
INVESTIGATORS KB SB					
FORM COMPLETED BY	SB	DATE <u>1/27/2022</u> TIME <u>10:30 AM</u>	REASON FOR SURVEY Baseline Assessment		
WEATHER CONDITIONS	rain (shower %	n (heavy rain) (steady rain) (steaty rain)	Has there been a heavy rain in the last 7 days?]Yes ☑️No Air Temperature_00 C Other		
SITE LOCATION/MAP		te and indicate the areas sample Conving II Conving II St Waters Town of the second Conving II St Waters Town of the second Shrubs Shrubs Heibecous	ns ide		

SSF

Going Away side

Stream Type

Catchment Area 3.95

Waterbar

Bern

Warmwater

km²

Spring-fed Mixture of origins Other_____

200

Stream Subsystem ✓ Perennial ☐ Intermittent ☐ Tidal

Stream Origin Glacial Non-glacial montane Swamp and bog

STREAM CHARACTERIZATION

PHYSICAL CHARACTERIZATION/WATER QUALITY FIELD DATA SHEET (BACK)

WATERSHED FEATURES RIPARIAN VEGETATION (18 meter buffer)	Predominant Surrounding Landuse ✓ Forest Commercial ✓ Field/Pasture Industrial ✓ Agricultural Other ✓ Residential Other Indicate the dominant type and record the domin □ Trees ☑ Shrubs	Local Watershed NPS Pollution No evidence Some potential sources Obvious sources Local Watershed Erosion None Moderate Heavy
INSTREAM FEATURES	Estimated Reach Length 14 m Estimated Stream Width 0.25 m Sampling Reach Area 3.5 m² Area in km² (m²x1000) km² Estimated Stream Depth 0.10 m Surface Velocity (at thalweg) NA m/sec	Canopy Cover \square Partly shaded \square ShadedHigh Water Mark0.25 mProportion of Reach Represented by Stream Morphology Types Riffle 0 % Run 80 %Riffle 0 % Run 80 %Pool 20 % Kun 80 %Channelized \square Yes \square NoDam Present \square Yes \square No
LARGE WOODY DEBRIS	LWD <u>•</u> m ² Density of LWD <u>•</u> m ² /km ² (LWD/ read	ch area)
AQUATIC VEGETATION	Indicate the dominant type and record the dominant type and record the dominant species present Rooted emergent Floating Algae Dominant species present None present Portion of the reach with aquatic vegetation	hant species present Rooted floating Free floating
WATER QUALITY (DS, US)	Temperature 2.6 0 C Specific Conductance U 59.1D 59.0 us/cm Dissolved Oxygen U8.68 D 8.55 mgl pH 6.8 Turbidity NA WQ Instrument Used YS14	Water Odors Normal/None Sewage Petroleum Chemical Fishy Other Water Surface Oils Slick Slick Sheen Globs None Other Turbidity (if not measured) Turbid Clear Slightly turbid Other
SEDIMENT/ SUBSTRATE	Odors Image: Sewage and the sewage	Deposits ✓Sludge Sawdust Paper fiber Sand Relict shells Other Hooking at stones which are not deeply embedded, are the undersides black in color? Yes No

INORGANIC SUBSTRATE COMPONENTS (should add up to 100%)			ORGANIC SUBSTRATE COMPONENTS (does not necessarily add up to 100%)			
Substrate TypeDiameter% Composition in Sampling Reach		Substrate Type	Characteristic	% Composition in Sampling Area		
Bedrock		0	Detritus	sticks, wood, coarse plant	25	
Boulder	> 256 mm (10")	0		materials (CPOM)	25	
Cobble	64-256 mm (2.5"-10")	0	Muck-Mud	black, very fine organic	25	
Gravel	2-64 mm (0.1"-2.5")	0		(FPOM)	25	
Sand	0.06-2mm (gritty)	45	Marl	grey, shell fragments		
Silt	0.004-0.06 mm	45]			
Clay	< 0.004 mm (slick)	10]			

Notes: YSI conductivity and dissolved oxygen data was collected on 8/23/2021

HABITAT ASSESSMENT FIELD DATA SHEET - HG - USE ON ALL STREAMS (FRONT)

STREAM NAME S-CC5	LOCATION Pittsylvania County		
STATION # RIVERMILE	STREAM CLASS Perennial		
LAT <u>36.899248</u> LONG <u>-79.462396</u>	RIVER BASIN Banister		
STORET #	AGENCY VADEQ		
INVESTIGATORS KB SB			
FORM COMPLETED BY SB	DATE 1/27/2022 TIME 10:30 AM PM REASON FOR SURVEY Baseline Assessment		

	Habitat	Condition Category							
	Parameter	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginal	Poor				
	1. Epifaunal Substrate/ Available Cover	Greater than 70% of substrate favorable for epifaunal colonization and fish cover; mix of snags, submerged logs, undercut banks, cobble or other stable habitat and at stage to allow full colonization potential (i.e., logs/snags that are <u>not</u> new fall and <u>not</u> transient).	40-70% mix of stable habitat; well-suited for full colonization potential; adequate habitat for maintenance of populations; presence of additional substrate in the form of newfall, but not yet prepared for colonization (may rate at high end of scale).	20-40% mix of stable habitat; habitat availability less than desirable; substrate frequently disturbed or removed.	Less than 20% stable habitat; lack of habitat is obvious; substrate unstable or lacking.				
	_{SCORE} 6	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0				
n sampling reach	2. Embeddedness	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 0- 25% surrounded by fine sediment. Layering of cobble provides diversity of niche space.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 25- 50% surrounded by fine sediment.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 50- 75% surrounded by fine sediment.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are more than 75% surrounded by fine sediment.				
ted ii	score 3	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0				
Parameters to be evaluated in sampling reach	3. Velocity/Depth Regime	All four velocity/depth regimes present (slow- deep, slow-shallow, fast- deep, fast-shallow). (Slow is < 0.3 m/s, deep is > 0.5 m.)	Only 3 of the 4 regimes present (if fast-shallow is missing, score lower than if missing other regimes).	Only 2 of the 4 habitat regimes present (if fast- shallow or slow-shallow are missing, score low).	Dominated by 1 velocity/ depth regime (usually slow-deep).				
uram	_{SCORE} 3	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0				
Par	4. Sediment Deposition	Little or no enlargement of islands or point bars and less than 5% of the bottom affected by sediment deposition.	Some new increase in bar formation, mostly from gravel, sand or fine sediment; 5-30% of the bottom affected; slight deposition in pools.	Moderate deposition of new gravel, sand or fine sediment on old and new bars; 30-50% of the bottom affected; sediment deposits at obstructions, constrictions, and bends; moderate deposition of pools prevalent.	Heavy deposits of fine material, increased bar development; more than 50% of the bottom changing frequently; pools almost absent due to substantial sediment deposition.				
	_{SCORE} 5	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0				
	5. Channel Flow Status	Water reaches base of both lower banks, and minimal amount of channel substrate is exposed.	Water fills >75% of the available channel; or <25% of channel substrate is exposed.	Water fills 25-75% of the available channel, and/or riffle substrates are mostly exposed.	Very little water in channel and mostly present as standing pools.				
	SCORE 11	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0				

Notes: Old farm culvert flows under upland island mid-reach and daylights 4 ft before timber mat bridge. >60% of reach flows within culvert. Assessments made cumulatively on either side of culvert.

HABITAT ASSESSMENT FIELD DATA SHEET—HIGH GRADIENT STREAMS (BACK)

	Habitat		Condition	ı Category	
	Parameter	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginal	Poor
	6. Channel Alteration	Channelization or dredging absent or minimal; stream with normal pattern.	Some channelization present, usually in areas of bridge abutments; evidence of past channelization, i.e., dredging, (greater than past 20 yr) may be present, but recent channelization is not present.	Channelization may be extensive; embankments or shoring structures present on both banks; and 40 to 80% of stream reach channelized and disrupted.	Banks shored with gabion or cement; over 80% of the stream reach channelized and disrupted. Instream habitat greatly altered or removed entirely.
	_{score} 15	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0
oling reach	7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	Occurrence of riffles relatively frequent; ratio of distance between riffles divided by width of the stream <7:1 (generally 5 to 7); variety of habitat is key. In streams where riffles are continuous, placement of boulders or other large, natural obstruction is important.	Occurrence of riffles infrequent; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between 7 to 15.	Occasional riffle or bend; bottom contours provide some habitat; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between 15 to 25.	Generally all flat water or shallow riffles; poor habitat; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is a ratio of >25.
samp	_{SCORE} 5	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0
Parameters to be evaluated broader than sampling reach	8. Bank Stability (score each bank) Note: determine left or right side by facing deventment.	Banks stable; evidence of erosion or bank failure absent or minimal; little potential for future problems. <5% of bank affected.	Moderately stable; infrequent, small areas of erosion mostly healed over. 5-30% of bank in reach has areas of erosion.	Moderately unstable; 30- 60% of bank in reach has areas of erosion; high erosion potential during floods.	Unstable; many eroded areas; "raw" areas frequent along straight sections and bends; obvious bank sloughing; 60-100% of bank has erosional scars.
e eva	SCORE 4	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0
to be	SCORE 4	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0
Parameters	9. Vegetative Protection (score each bank)	More than 90% of the streambank surfaces and immediate riparian zone covered by native vegetation, including trees, understory shrubs, or nonwoody macrophytes; vegetative disruption through grazing or mowing minimal or not evident; almost all plants allowed to grow naturally.	70-90% of the streambank surfaces covered by native vegetation, but one class of plants is not well- represented; disruption evident but not affecting full plant growth potential to any great extent; more than one-half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.	50-70% of the streambank surfaces covered by vegetation; disruption obvious; patches of bare soil or closely cropped vegetation common; less than one- half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.	Less than 50% of the streambank surfaces covered by vegetation; disruption of streambank vegetation is very high; vegetation has been removed to 5 centimeters or less in average stubble height.
	SCORE 7	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0
	SCORE 7	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0
	10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (score each bank riparian zone)	Width of riparian zone >18 meters; human activities (i.e., parking lots, roadbeds, clear-cuts, lawns, or crops) have not impacted zone.	Width of riparian zone 12-18 meters; human activities have impacted zone only minimally.	Width of riparian zone 6- 12 meters; human activities have impacted zone a great deal.	Width of riparian zone <6 meters: little or no riparian vegetation due to human activities.
	SCORE 7	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0
	SCORE 7	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0

Total Score 84

Notes: Old farm culvert flows under upland island mid-reach and daylights 4 ft before timber mat bridge. >60% of reach flows within culvert. Assessments made cumulatively on either side of reach.

BENTHIC MACROINVERTEBRATE FIELD DATA SHEET

STREAM NAME S-C	C5	LOCATION Pittsylvania Cou	nty						
STATION #	RIVERMILE	STREAM CLASS Perennial							
LAT36.899248	LONG79.462396	RIVER BASIN Banister							
STORET #		AGENCY VADEQ							
INVESTIGATORS KE	3 SB		LOT NUMBER						
FORM COMPLETED	^{BY} SB	DATE 1/27/2022 TIME 10:30 AM	REASON FOR SURVEY Baseline Assessment						
HABITAT TYPES	Indicate the percentage of each habitat type present Cobble% Snags% Vegetated Banks% Sand% Submerged Macrophytes% Other ()%								
SAMPLE COLLECTION	Gear used D-frame		rom bank 🗌 from boat						
	Indicate the number of jabs/kicks taken in each habitat type. CobbleSnagsVegetated Banks Submerged Macrophytes								
GENERAL COMMENTS	Benthics not colle	ected due to lack of	riffle habitat.						

QUALITATIVE LISTING OF AQUATIC BIOTA

Indicate estimated abundance: 0 = Absent/Not Observed, 1 = Rare, 2 = Common, 3= Abundant, 4 = Dominant

Periphyton	0	1	2	3	4	Slimes	0	1	2	3	4
Filamentous Algae	0	1	2	3	4	Macroinvertebrates	0	1	2	3	4
Macrophytes	0	1	2	3	4	Fish	0	1	2	3	4

FIELD OBSERVATIONS OF MACROBENTHOS

Indicate estimated abundance: 0 = Absent/Not Observed, 1 = Rare (1-3 organisms), 2 = Common (3-9 organisms), 3 = Abundant (>10 organisms), 4 = Dominant (>50 organisms)

Porifera	0	1	2	3	4	Anisoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Chironomidae	0	1	2	3	4
Hydrozoa	0	1	2	3	4	Zygoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Ephemeroptera	0	1	2	3	4
Platyhelminthes	0	1	2	3	4	Hemiptera	0	1	2	3	4	Trichoptera	0	1	2	3	4
Turbellaria	0	1	2	3	4	Coleoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Other	0	1	2	3	4
Hirudinea	0	1	2	3	4	Lepidoptera	0	1	2	3	4						
Oligochaeta	0	1	2	3	4	Sialidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Isopoda	0	1	2	3	4	Corydalidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Amphipoda	0	1	2	3	4	Tipulidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Decapoda	0	1	2	3	4	Empididae	0	1	2	3	4						
Gastropoda	0	1	2	3	4	Simuliidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Bivalvia	0	1	2	3	4	Tabinidae	0	1	2	3	4						
						Culcidae	0	1	2	3	4						

WOLMAN PEBBLE COUNT FORM

Basin:

County: Pittslyvania Stream Name: UNT to Cherrystone Creek HUC Code: 03010105 Survey Date: 1/25/2022 Surveyors: KB SB Representative Bankfull Type:

Stream ID:

S-CC5 (54 ft impact)

Banister

	PARTICLE Silt/Clay Very Fine Fine Medium Coarse Very Coarse Very Fine Fine	Millimeters <.062 .062125 .12525 .255 .50-1.0 1.0-2 2 -4 	S/C S A N D	Particle Count	Total # 33 17 29 4 6	Item % 33.00 17.00 29.00 4.00 6.00	% Cur 33.00 50.00 79.00 83.00
.0816	Very Fine Fine Medium Coarse Very Coarse Very Fine	.062125 .12525 .255 .50-1.0 1.0-2	-	•	17 29 4	17.00 29.00 4.00	50.00 79.00
.0816	Fine Medium Coarse Very Coarse Very Fine	.12525 .255 .50-1.0 1.0-2	SAND	* * *	29 4	29.00 4.00	79.00
.0816	Medium Coarse Very Coarse Very Fine	.255 .50-1.0 1.0-2	SAND	•	4	4.00	
.0816	Coarse Very Coarse Very Fine	.50-1.0	SAND	•			83.00
.0816	Very Coarse Very Fine	1.0-2	-	-	6	6.00	
.0816	Very Fine					0.00	89.00
.1622	-	2 -4	1	÷	3	3.00	92.00
	Fine			÷	0	0.00	92.0
.2231		4 -5.7		÷	0	0.00	92.0
	Fine	5.7 - 8		÷	3	3.00	95.0
.3144	Medium	8 -11.3		÷	0	0.00	95.0
.4463	Medium	11.3 - 16	G R A V E L	÷	2	2.00	97.0
.6389	Coarse	16 -22.6		+	1	1.00	98.0
.89 - 1.26	Coarse	22.6 - 32		+	0	0.00	98.0
	Vry Coarse	32 - 45		÷	2	2.00	100.0
	Vry Coarse	45 - 64		+	0	0.00	100.0
2.5 - 3.5	Small	64 - 90		÷	0	0.00	100.0
3.5 - 5.0	Small	90 - 128	COBBLE	÷	0	0.00	100.0
5.0 - 7.1	Large	128 - 180	COBBEE	÷	0	0.00	100.0
7.1 - 10.1	Large	180 - 256		+	0	0.00	100.0
10.1 - 14.3	Small	256 - 362		+	0	0.00	100.0
14.3 - 20	Small	362 - 512		+	0	0.00	100.0
20 - 40	Medium	512 - 1024	BOULDER	•	0	0.00	100.0
40 - 80	Large	1024 -2048		•	0	0.00	100.0
80 - 160	Vry Large	2048 -4096		+	0	0.00	100.0
	Bedrock		BDRK	+	0	0.00	100.0
	tal Tally:			Totals:	100		

River Name: Reach Name: Sample Name: Survey Date:	S-CC	to Cherrys 5 esentative 5/2022		
Size (mm)		тот #	ITEM %	CUM %
$\begin{array}{r} 0 & - & 0.062 \\ 0.062 & - & 0.125 \\ 0.125 & - & 0.25 \\ 0.25 & - & 0.50 \\ 0.50 & - & 1.0 \\ 1.0 & - & 2.0 \\ 2.0 & - & 4.0 \\ 4.0 & - & 5.7 \\ 5.7 & - & 8.0 \\ 8.0 & - & 11.3 \\ 11.3 & - & 16.0 \\ 16.0 & - & 22.6 \\ 22.6 & - & 32.0 \\ 32 & - & 45 \\ 45 & - & 64 \\ 64 & - & 90 \\ 90 & - & 128 \\ 128 & - & 180 \\ 180 & - & 256 \\ 256 & - & 362 \\ 362 & - & 512 \\ 512 & - & 1024 \\ 1024 & - & 2048 \\ Bedrock \end{array}$		33 17 29 4 6 3 0 0 2 1 0 2 1 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	33.00 17.00 29.00 4.00 6.00 3.00 0.00 2.00 1.00 0.00 2.00 1.00 0.00 2.00 0	50.00 79.00 83.00 89.00 92.00
D16 (mm) D35 (mm) D50 (mm) D84 (mm) D95 (mm) D100 (mm) Silt/Clay (%) Sand (%) Gravel (%) Cobble (%) Boulder (%) Bedrock (%)	00	0.03 0.07 0.13 0.58 8 45 33 59 8 0 0 0		

Total Particles = 100.

		Strean	Unified St	tream Method		•				
			For use in wadea	able channels cla Cowardin		hittent or perenn	al SAR # /	Impact	Impact	
Project #	Project Name (Ap	plicant)	Locality	Class.	HUC	Date	Data Point	Length	Factor	
22865.06	Mountain Valley Pipelin Valley Pipeline,	LLC)	Pittslyvania	R3	03010105	1/27/22	S-CC5	54	1	
Namo	e(s) of Evaluator(s)		e and Informa					SAR Length		
	KB SB		rystone Cree					56		
Channel C	Condition: Assess the cross-se	ction of the stream		ndition (erosion, a Conditional Catego		_		_		
	Optimal	Subo	ptimal	Mar	ginal	P	oor	Sev	/ere	
Channel Condition	100% stable banks. Vegetative surface protection or natural rock, prominent (80-100%). AND/OR Stabl point bars / bankfull benches are present. Access to their original floodplain or fully developed wide bankfull benches. M channel bars and transverse bars few Transient sediment deposition cover	erosion or unprote of banks are s Vegetative protec s prominent (60 Depositional fea id stability. The bai v. channels are we	few areas of active cted banks. Majority stable (60-80%). ction or natural rock 0-80%) AND/OR tures contribute to nkfull and low flow ell defined. Stream cess to bankfull	Poor. Banks more or Poor due to lo Erosion may be pro- both banks. Vege 40-60% of banks. be vertical or un 40-60% Sediment	Iess than Severe or stable than Severe ower bank slopes. resent on 40-60% of etative protection on Streambanks may indercut. AND/OR may be temporary / ribute instability.	further. Majority near vertical. Ero 80 banks. Vegetative on 20-40% of bank to prevent erosion the stream is cov	e. Likely to widen of both banks are sion present on 60- % of e protection present s, and is insufficient a. AND/OR 60-80% ered by sediment. porary / transient in	vertical/lateral in incision, flow contain Streambed below av majority of banks Vegetative protecti than 20% of banks erosion. Obvious	(or excavated), stability. Severe ned within the banks. verage rooting depth, vertical/undercut. ion present on less s, is not preventing s bank sloughing /raw banks on 80-	
	less than 10% of bottom.	benches,or ne portions of the sediment cover stream	ewly developed reach. Transient rs 10-40% of the h bottom.	Deposition that co may be forming/pr shaped channels protection on > 40 depositional featur	ontribute to stability, resent. AND/OR V- s have vegetative % of the banks and res which contribute ability.	nature, and contr AND/OR V-shap vegetative protec 40% of the banks deposition	buting to instability. bed channels have tion is present on > and stable sediment n is absent.	100%. AND/OR A than 80% of stream deposition, contrib	CI	
Scores	3	2	2.4		2	1	.6		1	1.60
. RIPARIAN	N BUFFERS: Assess both bar	Cor	nditional Cate	gory				e) NOTES>>		
	N BUFFERS: Assess both bar Optimal	Cor Subo High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh >	Difficult Cate ptimal Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh >	gory Mar High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous	ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas	Po High Poor: Lawns mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till	DOR Low Poor: Impervious	-		
Riparian Buffers		Cor Subo High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover	Difference	Barry Barry High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub	ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation,	Performance Perfor	DOOT Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable	NOTES>>		
Riparian Buffers	Optimal Tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) preser with > 60% tree canopy cover. Wetlands located within the riparian areas.	CorSuboHigh Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non- maintained understory.High	Difference Description Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover.	ginalLow Marginal:Non-maintained,dense herbaceousvegetation,riparian areaslacking shrub andtree stratum, hayproduction, ponds,open water. Ifpresent, treestratum (dbh >3inches) present,with <30% treecanopy cover withmaintainedunderstory.	Performance Provide the second stabilized, or other comparable condition.	DOOT Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable	NOTES>>		
Riparian	Optimal Tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) presen with > 60% tree canopy cover. Wetlands located within the riparian	CorSuboHigh Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non- maintained understory.	Difficultional Cate ptimal Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation).	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover.	ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover with maintained understory.	Portion of the second stabilized, or other comparable condition.	DOOT Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions.	NOTES>>		
Riparian Buffers Scores	Optimal Tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) preser with > 60% tree canopy cover. Wetlands located within the riparian areas.	Cor Subo High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non- maintained understory. High 1.2 k into Condition Car g or estimating lenge	Image: A state of the stratum Image: A state of the stratum Image: A strate of the stratum Image: A strate of the stratum Image: A strate of the strate Image: A strate	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover. High 0.85	ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree	Performance of the second stabilized, or other comparable condition.	DOOR Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions.	NOTES>>		
Riparian Buffers Scores Delineate ripa Determine sq elow. Enter the % F	Optimal Tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) preserwith > 60% tree canopy cover. Wetlands located within the riparian areas. 1.5 arian areas along each stream ban guare footage for each by measuring the stream ban guare footage for each by measure footage for each by measure footage for each by measure f	Cor Subo High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non- maintained understory. High 1.2 k into Condition Car g or estimating lenge	Image: A state of the stratum Image: A state of the stratum Image: A strate of the stratum Image: A strate of the stratum Image: A strate of the strate Image: A strate	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover. High 0.85	ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree	Performance of the second stabilized, or other comparable condition.	DOOR Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions. Low 0.5 the sums	NOTES>>		
Riparian Buffers Scores Delineate ripa Determine sq elow. Enter the % F	Optimal Tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) preser with > 60% tree canopy cover. Wetlands located within the riparian areas. 1.5 arian areas along each stream ban uare footage for each by measurin Riparian Area and Score for each r	Cor Subo High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non- maintained understory. High 1.2 k into Condition Car g or estimating lenge	Image: A state of the stratum Image: A state of the stratum Image: A strate of the stratum Image: A strate of the stratum Image: A strate of the strate Image: A strate	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover. High 0.85	ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree	Performance of the second stabilized, or other comparable condition.	DOOR Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions. Low 0.5 the sums Riparian equal 100	NOTES>>		
Riparian Buffers Scores Delineate ripa Determine sq elow. Enter the % F	Optimal Tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) preser with > 60% tree canopy cover. Wetlands located within the riparian areas. Uteration of the street of the stree	Cor Subo High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non- maintained understory. High 1.2 k into Condition Car g or estimating lenge	Image: A state of the stratum Image: A state of the stratum Image: A strate of the stratum Image: A strate of the stratum Image: A strate of the strate Image: A strate	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover. High 0.85	ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree	Performance of the second stabilized, or other comparable condition.	DOOR Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions. Low 0.5 the sums Riparian equal 100 100%	NOTES>>	cores*0.01)/2	CI
Riparian Buffers Scores Delineate ripa Determine sq elow. Enter the % F	Optimal Tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) preser with > 60% tree canopy cover. Wetlands located within the riparian areas. Uteration of the street of the stree	Cor Subo High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non- maintained understory. High 1.2 k into Condition Car g or estimating lenge	Image: A state of the stratum Image: A state of the stratum Image: A strate of the stratum Image: A strate of the stratum Image: A strate of the strate Image: A strate	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover. High 0.85	ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree	Performance of the second stabilized, or other comparable condition.	DOOR Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions. Low 0.5 the sums Riparian equal 100	NOTES>>	,	-
Riparian Buffers Scores Delineate ripa Determine sq low. Enter the % F Right Bank Left Bank	Optimal Tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) preser with > 60% tree canopy cover. Wetlands located within the riparian areas. 1.5 arian areas along each stream ban uare footage for each by measuring areas and Score for each right of Riparian Area and Score for each right of Riparian Area? % Riparian Area? 100% % Riparian Area? 100% <tdd< td=""><td>Con Subo High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non- maintained understory. High 1.2 k into Condition Car g or estimating lenge iparian category in</td><td>Image: bit imal state Image: bit im</td><td>High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover. High 0.85</td><td>ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree</td> canopy cover with maintained understory. Low 0.755</tdd<>	Con Subo High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non- maintained understory. High 1.2 k into Condition Car g or estimating lenge iparian category in	Image: bit imal state Image: bit im	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover. High 0.85	ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree	High Poor: Lawns mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till cropland; actively grazed pasture, sparsely vegetated non-maintained area, recently seeded and stabilized, or other comparable condition. High 0.6 Ensure of % Blocks of	DOR Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions. Low 0.5 the sums Riparian equal 100 100%	NOTES>> CI= (Sum % RA * Sc Rt Bank CI > Lt Bank CI >	0.75 0.75	CI 0.75
Riparian Buffers Scores Delineate ripa Determine sq elow. Enter the % F Right Bank Left Bank	Optimal Tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) preser with > 60% tree canopy cover. Wetlands located within the riparian areas. 1.5 arian areas along each stream ban uare footage for each by measurin areas. Riparian Area and Score for each r % Riparian Area? 100% Score > 0.75 % Riparian Area? 100% Score > 0.75 % HABITAT: Varied substrate stream	Cor Subo High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non- maintained understory. High Lag Another tree stimating leng arian category in sizes, water velocity	Image: blocks below. Image: blocks below. Image: blocks below.	gory High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3) inches) present, with <30% tree	ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree	High Poor: Lawns mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till cropland; actively grazed pasture, sparsely vegetated non-maintained area, recently seeded and stabilized, or other comparable condition. High 0.6 Ensure of % Blocks @ e; low embededned	Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions. Low 0.5 the sums Riparian equal 100 100%	NOTES>> CI= (Sum % RA * Sc Rt Bank CI > Lt Bank CI >	0.75 0.75	
Riparian Buffers Scores . Delineate ripa . Determine sq elow. . Enter the % F Right Bank	Optimal Tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) preser with > 60% tree canopy cover. Wetlands located within the riparian areas. 1.5 arian areas along each stream ban uare footage for each by measuring areas and Score for each right of Riparian Area and Score for each right of Riparian Area? % Riparian Area? 100% % Riparian Area? 100% <tdd< td=""><td>Cor Subo High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non- maintained understory. High South herbaceous and shrub layers or a non- maintained understory. High tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non- maintained understory. High total Image: state the state of the state</td><td>Image: stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Image: stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Image: stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Image: stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Image: stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Image: stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Image: stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Image: stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Image: stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Image: stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Image: stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Image: stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30 with</td><td>gory High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover. High o.85 High 0.85 dition Scores using loculators are provided adequate for many states al Category Marginal: Marginal Margin</td><td>ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree</td> canopy cover with maintained understory. Low 0.755 g the descriptors. ided for you s; stable substrate ginal</tdd<>	Cor Subo High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non- maintained understory. High South herbaceous and shrub layers or a non- maintained understory. High tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non- maintained understory. High total Image: state the state of the state	Image: stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Image: stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Image: stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Image: stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Image: stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Image: stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Image: stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Image: stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Image: stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Image: stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Image: stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Image: stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30 with	gory High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover. High o.85 High 0.85 dition Scores using loculators are provided adequate for many states al Category Marginal: Marginal Margin	ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree	High Poor: Lawns mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till cropland; actively grazed pasture, sparsely vegetated non-maintained area, recently seeded and stabilized, or other comparable condition. High 0.6 Ensure of % Blocks of Blocks of Point Habitat element elements are typic	Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions. Low 0.5 the sums Riparian equal 100 100%	NOTES>> CI= (Sum % RA * So Rt Bank CI > Lt Bank CI > Sut banks; root mats	0.75 0.75	

Reach R3-R4

File: L:\22000s\22800\22865.06\Admin\05-ENVR\Field Data\Spread I\Field Forms\S-CC5-54 US\Revisit\S-CC5_Wolman_USM.xlsx

Project #	Project Name (App	Project Name (Applicant)LocalityCowardin Class.HUC	Date	SAR # / Data Point	Impact / SAR length	Impact Factor				
22865.06	Mountain Valley Pipelin Valley Pipeline, I	•	Pittslyvania	R3	03010105	1/27/22	S-CC5	54	1	
. CHANNEI	L ALTERATION: Stream cross	ings, riprap, concr		oncrete blocks, st al Category	raightening of cha	nnel, channelizat			ions, livestock	
		-		NOTES>>						
	Negligible	Negligible Mir			erate 60 - 80% of reach	Se	vere	-		
Channel Alteration	Channelization, dredging, alteration, or hardening absent. Stream has an unaltered pattern or has naturalized.	the channel alterations listed in the parameter guidelines.	disrupted by any of the channel alterations listed in the parameter guidelines.	is disrupted by any of the channel alterations listed in the parameter guidelines. If stream has been channelized, normal stable stream meander pattern has not recovered.	is disrupted by any of the channel alterations listed in the parameter guidelines. If stream has been channelized, normal stable stream meander pattern has not recovered.	Greater than 80% by any of the char in the parameter 80% of banks s riprap, o	of reach is disrupted nnel alterations listed guidelines AND/OR hored with gabion, or cement.			CI
Scores	1.5	1.3	1.1	0.9	0.7	().5			0.90
	REACH		NDEX and S	STREAM CO	NDITION UN	ITS FOR TH	IIS REACH			
D <i>TE:</i> The Cls a	and RCI should be rounded to 2 dec	imal places. The C	R should be rour	nded to a whole n	umber.		THE REACH	CONDITION IND	EX (RCI) >>	0.75
						RCI= (Sum of	all Cl's)/5, exce	pt if stream is eph	emeral RCI = (Riparian (
							COMPENSA	FION REQUIREM	ENT (CR) >>	41

INSERT PHOTOS:

(WSSI Photo Location L:\22000s\22800\22865.06\Admin\05-ENVR\Field Data\)



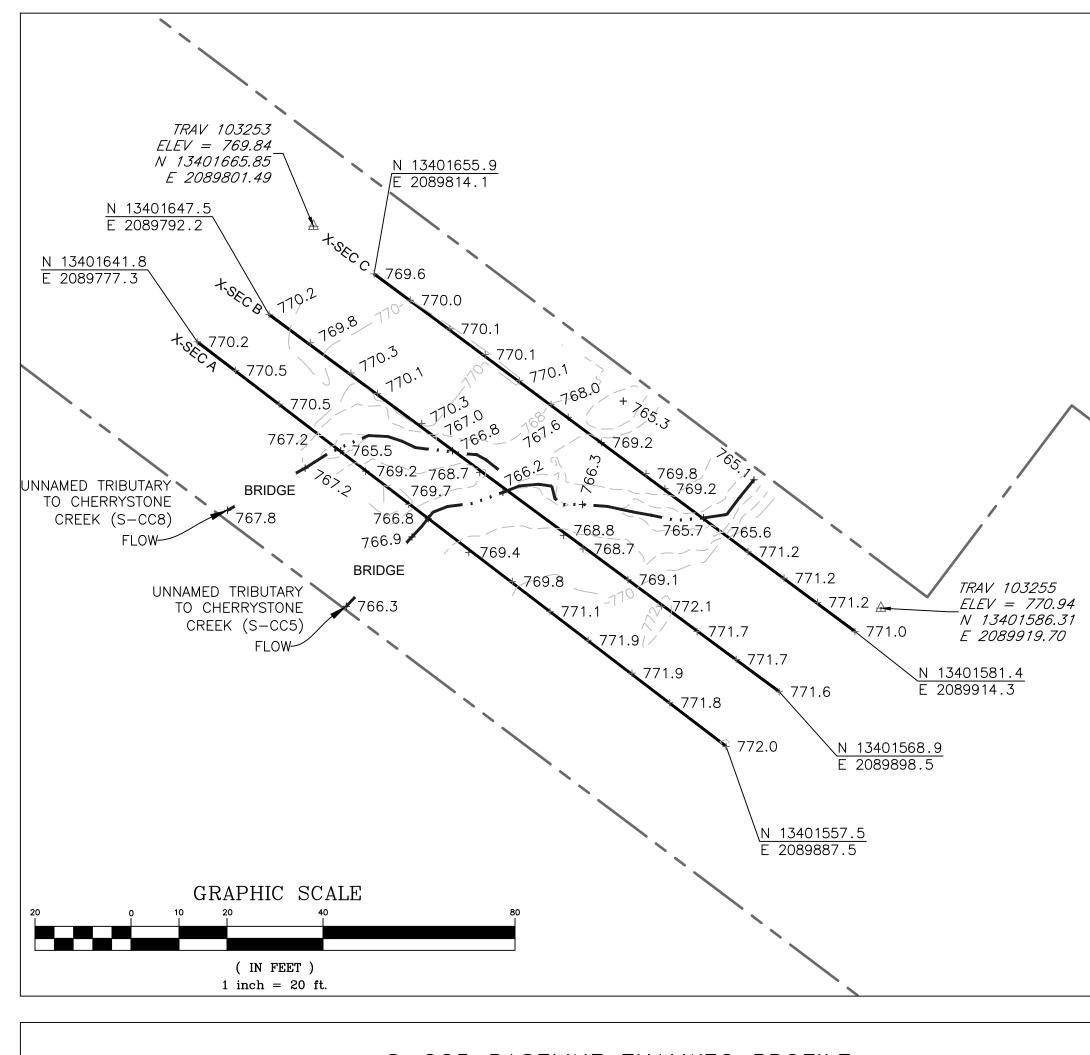
Assessment limited to areas within the limits of disturbance (LOD)

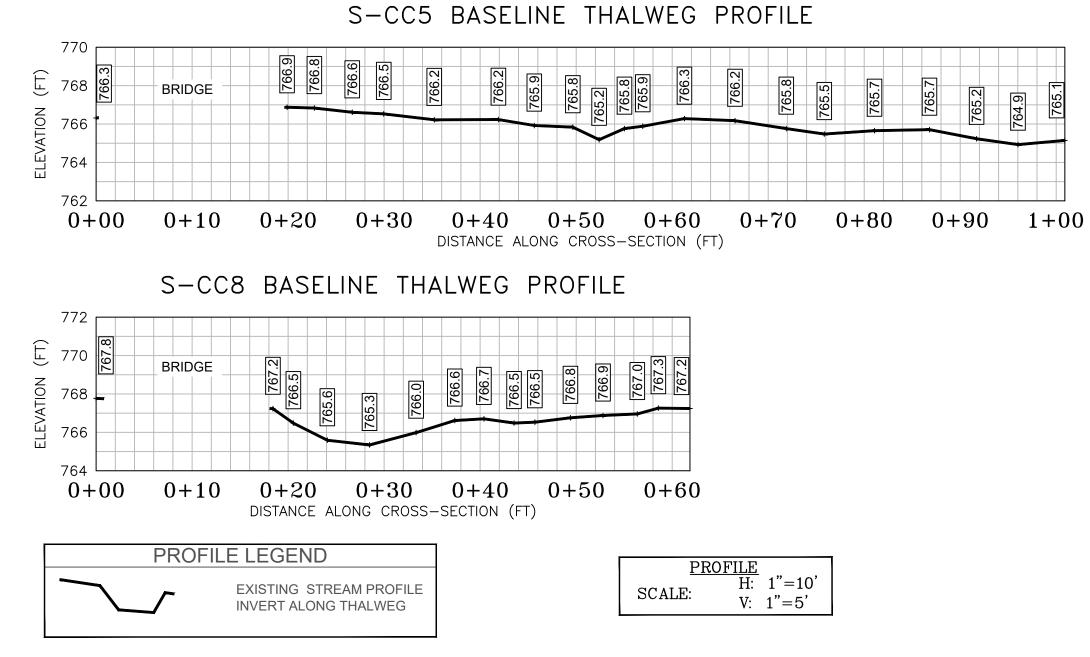
DESCRIBE PROPOSED IMPACT:

PROVIDED UNDER SEPARATE COVER

Reach R3-R4

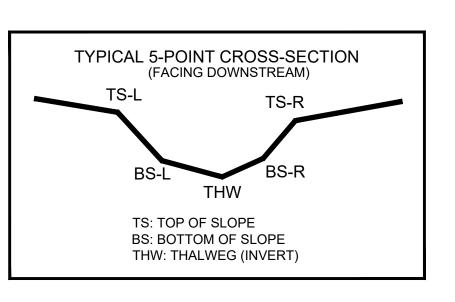
File: L:\22000s\22800\22865.06\Admin\05-ENVR\Field Data\Spread I\Field Forms\S-CC5-54 US\Revisit\S-CC5_Wolman_USM.xlsx

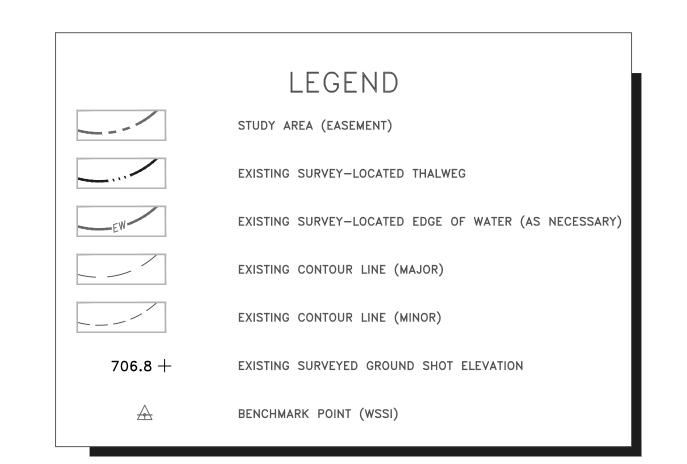




CL S	CL STAKEOUT POINTS: S-CC5 CROSS SECTION B (PIPE CL)											
	PR	E-CROSSING		POST-C	ROSSING							
PT. LOC.	NORTHING	EASTING	ELEV/	VERT.	HORZ.							
P1. LUC.	NORTHING	EASTING	ELEV	DIFF.	DIFF.							
TS-L	13401601.47	2089853.58	768.81									
BS-L	13401607.84	2089844.66	766.50									
THW	13401610.65	2089841.18	766.22									
BS-R	13401612.20	2089839.17	766.44									
TS-R	13401614.57	2089836.13	768.68									

CL S	CL STAKEOUT POINTS: S-CC8 CROSS SECTION B (PIPE CL)											
	PR	PRE-CROSSING							PRE-CROSSING POST-C			
PT. LOC.	NORTHING	EASTING	ELEV/	VERT.	HORZ.							
P1. LOC.	NORTHING	EASTING	ELEV	DIFF.	DIFF.							
TS-L	13401615.84	2089833.96	768.54									
BS-L	13401617.36	2089832.24	767.10									
THW	13401619.08	2089830.44	766.83									
BS-R	13401622.01	2089827.05	767.04									
TS-R	13401624.74	2089824.06	770.28									





SURVEY NOTES:

1. This map has been oriented to NAD 1983 UTM ZONE 17N, and vertically to The North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88), using a Real Time Network (RTN) GPS. Field locations were completed on November 2, 2018.

2. Monumentation, including traverse stations and fly points, shown on this drawing should be used to orient any future boundary, topographic, or location survey.

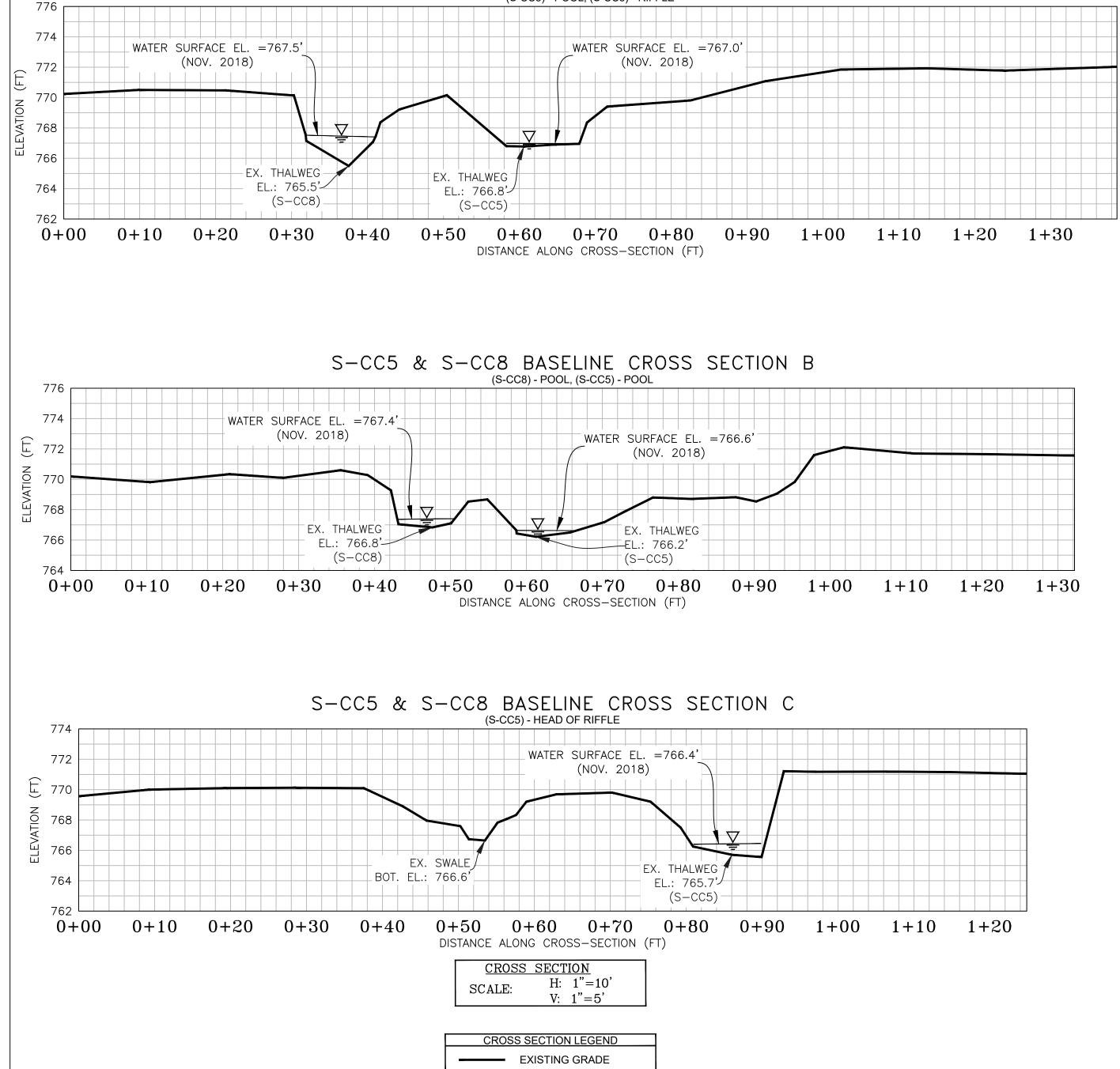
3. Easement lines shown on plan view were provided by Mountain Valley Pipeline (MVP).

4. WSSI Contour Interval = 2.0'. Contours within the channel were interpolated using stream channel breaklines (i.e. top of slopes, toe of slopes, thalweg) and cross-sectional points. Contours outside the channel were interpolated using cross-sectional spot shots.

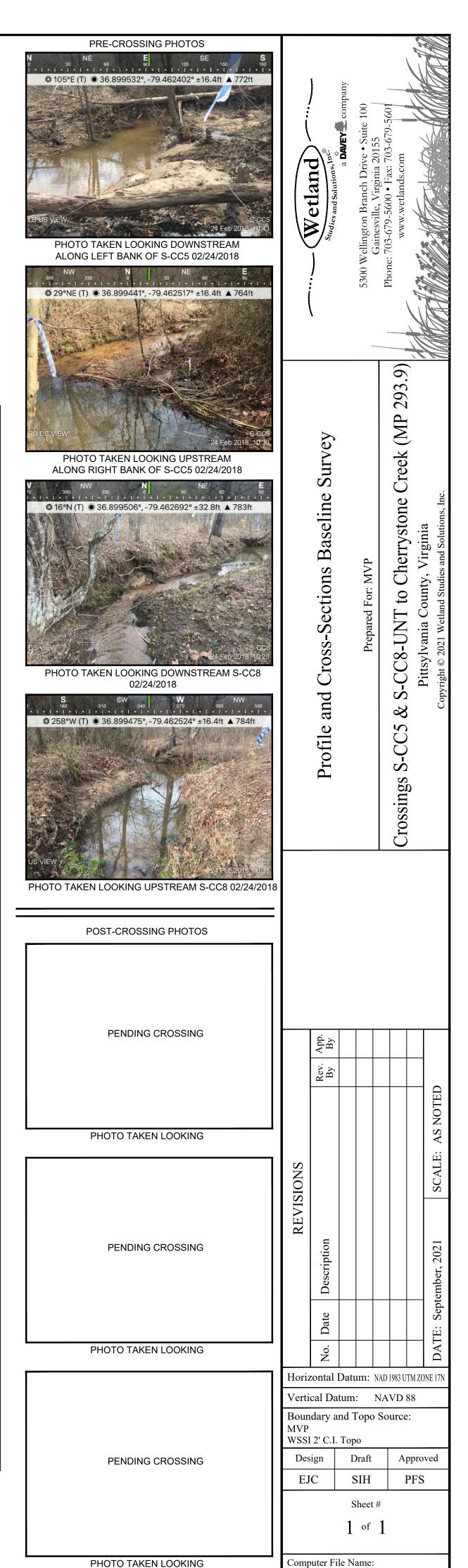
5. All section views shown are left to right facing downstream.

6. Cross-section B shot at location of pipe centerline (based on best professional judgement).





NOTE: ALL SECTION VIEWS SHOWN LEFT TO RIGHT FACING DOWNSTREAM.



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