# Reach S-D23 (Pipeline ROW) Perennial Spread I Franklin County, Virginia

Data	Included
Photos	$\checkmark$
SWVM Form	$\checkmark$
FCI Calculator and HGM Form	N/A – Perennial stream (not shadeable)
RBP Physical Characteristics Form	$\checkmark$
Water Quality Data	$\checkmark$
RBP Habitat Form	$\checkmark$
RBP Benthic Form	$\checkmark$
Benthic Identification Sheet	N/A – No assessable reach present
Wolman Pebble Count	$\checkmark$
RiverMorph Data Sheet	$\checkmark$
USM Form (Virginia Only)	$\checkmark$
Longitudinal Profile and Cross Sections	$\checkmark$

# Stream S-D23 (ROW)

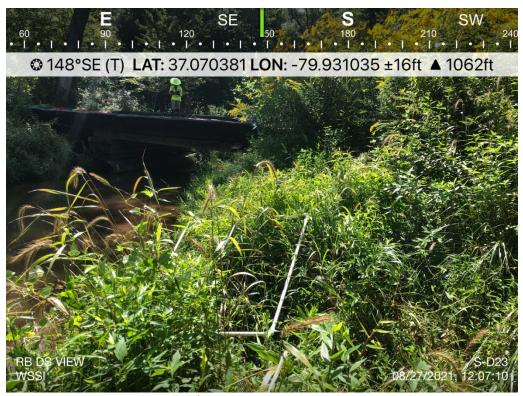


Photo Type: RB DS VIEW Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Standing on RB looking downstream along the ROW looking SE, AO



Photo Type: LB DS VIEW Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Standing on LB looking downstream along the ROW looking SE, AO

## Stream S-D23 (ROW)



Photo Type: RB US VIEW Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Standing on RB looking upstream along the ROW looking W, AO



Photo Type: LB US VIEW Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Standing on LB looking upstream along the ROW looking NW, AO



Photo Type: RB CL Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Standing on RB looking at LB along pipe centerline looking NE, AO



Photo Type: LB CL Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Standing on LB looking at RB along pipe centerline looking W, AO

# Stream S-D23 (ROW)

## **Franklin County**

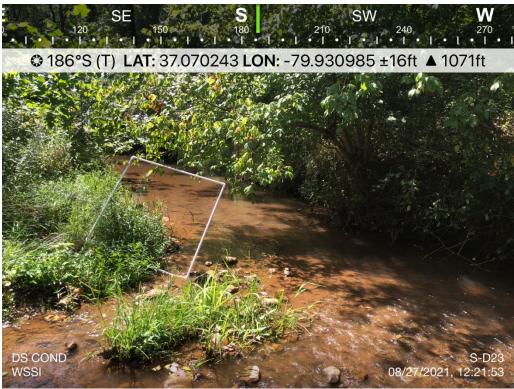


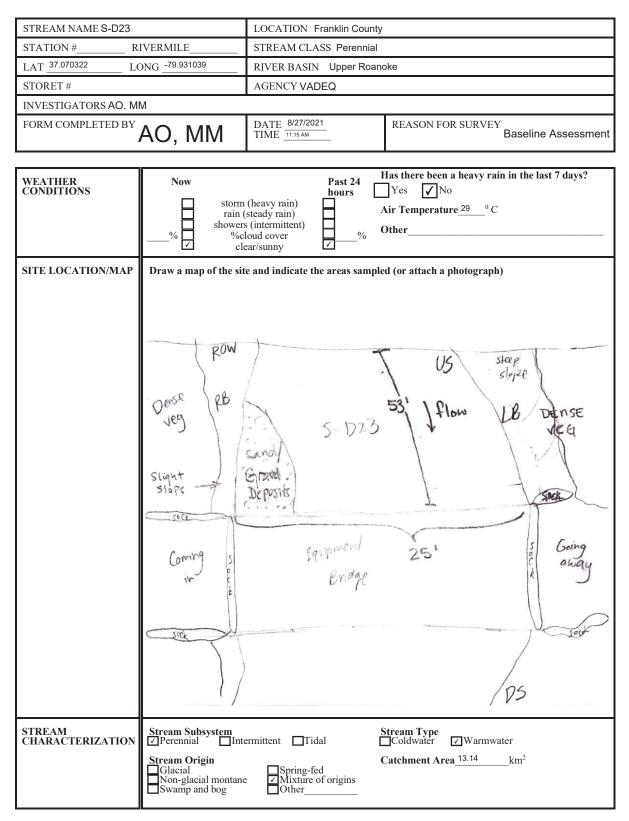
Photo Type: DS COND Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Downstream conditions outside of ROW looking S, AO

L:\22000s\22800\22865.06\Admin\05-ENVR\Field Data\Spread I\Field Forms\S-D23\Photo Document\_S-D23.docx

#### West Virginia Stream and Wetland Valuation Metric (SWVM) Version 2.1, September 2017

USACE FILE NO./ Project Name: (v2.1, Sept 2015)	Moun	tain Valley Pipeline	IMPACT COORDINATES: (in Decimal Degrees)	Lat.	37.070322	Lon.	-79.931039	WEATHER:	Sunny	DATE:	August 2	27, 2021
IMPACT STREAM/SITE ID (watershed size (acreage).		s	-D23		MITIGATION STREAM CLAS (watershed size (acrea					Comments:		
STREAM IMPACT LENGTH:	92 FORM OF MITIGATION	RESTORATION (Levels I-III)	MIT COORDINATES: (in Decimal Degrees)	Lat.		Lon.		PRECIPITATION PAST 48 HRS:	No	Mitigation Length:		
Column No. 1- Impact Existing	Condition (Debit)	Column No. 2- Mitigation Existing C	Condition - Baseline (Credit)		Column No. 3- Mitigation Post Complet	Projected at Five on (Credit)	Years	Column No. 4- Mitigation Proje Post Completion (0	cted at Ten Years Credit)	Column No. 5- Mitigation Projec	ted at Maturity (Cr	Sredit)
Stream Classification:	Perennial	Stream Classification:			Stream Classification:		0	Stream Classification:	0	Stream Classification:	0	0
Percent Stream Channel Slo	ope 1.09	Percent Stream Channel SI	lope		Percent Stream Channel	Slope	0	Percent Stream Channel Slo	ope 0	Percent Stream Channel S	Slope	0
HGM Score (attach da	ata forms):	HGM Score (attach	data forms):		HGM Score (attac	h data forms):		HGM Score (attach da	ta forms):	HGM Score (attach o	iata forms):	_
	Average		Average				Average		Average			Average
Hydrology Biogeochemical Cycling Habitat	0	Hydrology Biogeochemical Cycling Habitat	0		Hydrology Biogeochemical Cycling Habitat		0	Hydrology Biogeochemical Cycling Habitat	0	Hydrology Biogeochemical Cycling Habitat		0
PART I - Physical, Chemical and	Biological Indicators	PART I - Physical, Chemical ar	nd Biological Indicators		PART I - Physical, Chemical	and Biological I	ndicators	PART I - Physical, Chemical and	Biological Indicators	PART I - Physical, Chemical and	d Biological Indica	cators
	Pointa Scale Range Silte Score		Points Scale Range Site Score			Points Scale Ran	ge Sita Score		Points Scale Range Site Score		Points Scale Range	Site Score
PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams	classifications)	PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams	classifications)		PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all stream	ms classifications)		PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams	classifications)	PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all stream	s classifications)	
USEPA RABP (High Gradient Data Sheet)           LSpflaurd Stortate/Available Cover           2. Ernbeidsdrahuss           3. Valockyl (Deght Regime           4. Sediment Deposition           6. Ohannet Row Status           6. Ohannet Alvaration           6. Dannet Alvaration           9. Bark Status           6. Dannet Row Status           6. Dannet Alvaration           9. Bark Statushity (LB & RB)           10. Vegetative Protection IL & RB)           10. Vegetative Protection IL & RB)           10. Repaired Vegetative Zow Width (LB & RB)           Chell ALP Book           Statushity (LB & RB)           Chell ALP Book           Sub- Total           WDEP Water Quality Indicators (General Synchits Conductivity           100-199 – 85 points           6. 0-8.0 = 80 points           >50.4 = 30 points		USEPA RBP (Low Gradient Data Sheet) 1. Epifurual Substrate/Calable Cover 2. Pool Substrate Characterization 3. Pool Variability 4. Sediment Deposition 6. Charanel Alteration 7. Charanel Strussity 8. Bank Stability (LB & RB) 10. Regarian Vegetalev Cove With (LB & RB) 10. Regarian Vegetalev Cove With (LB & RB) 10. Regarian Vegetalev Cove With (LB & RB) 10. Charanel Secore Sub-Total CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applets to Intermitter WDEP Water Quality Indicators (General Specific Conductivity pH			USEPA KRP (High Gradient Data Sheet I: Epfland: Storated/Available Cover 2. Embeddedness 3. Velockty/Depth Regime 4. Sediment Deposition 5. Channel Flow Status 6. Channel Alteration 7. Frequency of Rifles (or bends) 8. Bank Stability (LB & RB) 10. Rightar Vegatiative Zone Widhi (LB & RB) 10. Rightar Vegatiative Zone Vegatiative	0-20 0-20	0 0 Streams)	USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet) 1. Epifurani Substratick/wallocic Cover 2. Ernbeidderhass 3. Velocity (Dight Regime 4. Sediment Deposition 6. Channel Alteration 7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends) 8. Bank Stability (LB & RB) 10. Vegatality Protection (LB & RB) 10. Regarani Vegatality Core With (LB & RB) 10. Regarani Vegatality Core With (LB & RB) 10. Regarani Vegatality Core With 10. Chellic CAL INDICATOR (Apples to Intermitter WDDEP Water Quality Indicators (General Specific Conductivity pH DD		USEPA RBP (High foraciant Data Sheet) 1. Epfanal Substrate/Available Cover 2. Embeddedness 3. Velocity/Dopt Regime 4. Sediment Deposition 6. Channel Atteration 7. Ensugnery of RHIss (or bends) 8. Bank Stabilty (LB & RB) 10. Regular Atteration 10. Regular Drokotin (LB & RB) 10. Regular Vegetater Zone Work (LB & RB) 10. Regular Vegetater Zone Work (LB & RB) 10. Chall CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Apples to Internitie WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (Generi Specific Conductivity PH DO		
BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitt	tent and Perennial Streams)	BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermit	tent and Perennial Streams)		BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Inte	rmittent and Pere	nnial Streams)	BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Interm	ittent and Perennial Streams)	BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Inter	nittent and Perennia	ial Streams)
WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI) 0 Sub-Total	0-100 0-1 0	WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)	0-100 0-1 0		WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)	0-100 0-	• 0	WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)	0-100 0-1 0	WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)	0-100 0-1	0
PART II - Index and U	nit Score	PART II - Index and	Unit Score		PART II - Index a	nd Unit Score		PART II - Index and U	nit Score	PART II - Index and	Unit Score	
Index	Linear Feet Unit Score	Index	Linear Feet Unit Score		Index	Linear Fee	t Unit Score	Index	Linear Feet Unit Score	Index	Linear Feet	Unit Score
0.770	92 70.84	0	0 0		0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0

# PHYSICAL CHARACTERIZATION/WATER QUALITY FIELD DATA SHEET (FRONT)



# PHYSICAL CHARACTERIZATION/WATER QUALITY FIELD DATA SHEET (BACK)

WATERSHED FEATURES RIPARIAN VEGETATION (18 meter buffer)	Predominant Surrounding Landuse         Forest       Commercial         Field/Pasture       Industrial         Agricultural       Other         Residential       Industrial         Indicate the dominant type and record the domin       Trees         Dominant species present       Microstegium vimenlum, Helanthus tube	Grasses Herbaceous
INSTREAM FEATURES	Estimated Reach Length       16.2       m         Estimated Stream Width       7.6       m         Sampling Reach Area       123.1       m²         Area in km² (m²x1000)       km²         Estimated Stream Depth       0.4       m         Surface Velocity (at thalweg)       0.06       m/sec	Canopy Cover       □Partly shaded □Shaded         Image: Partly open       □Partly shaded □Shaded         High Water Mark <u>1.8</u> m         Proportion of Reach Represented by Stream         Morphology Types         Riffle 0       %         Pool 0       %         Channelized       Yes         Dam Present       Yes
LARGE WOODY DEBRIS	LWD <u>o</u> m <sup>2</sup> Density of LWD <u>NA</u> m <sup>2</sup> /km <sup>2</sup> (LWD/ read	<sub>ch area)</sub> No LWD observed w/in reach
AQUATIC VEGETATION	Indicate the dominant type and record the domin Rooted emergent Floating Algae Dominant species present Portion of the reach with aquatic vegetation 7	Rooted floating Free floating
WATER QUALITY (DS, US)	Temperature 22.7, 23.0       0 C         Specific Conductance 105.3, 0.7 uS/cm         Dissolved Oxygen 8.27, 7.46 mg/L,         pH 6.55, 6.84         Turbidity NA         WQ Instrument Used VA-1	Water Odors         Detroleum         Petroleum         Fishy         Other         Water Surface Oils         Slick       Sheen         Other         Turbidity (if not measured)         Clear       Slightly turbid         Opaque       Stained
SEDIMENT/ SUBSTRATE	Odors         ✓ Normal       Sewage       Petroleum         Chemical       Anaerobic       None         Other       Oils       Pofuse	Deposits         □Sludge       □Sawdust       □Paper fiber       ☑Sand         □Relict shells       □Other         □Lpoking at stones which are not deeply embedded, are the undersides black in color?         □Yes       ☑No

INC	ORGANIC SUBSTRATE (should add up to		ORGANIC SUBSTRATE COMPONENTS (does not necessarily add up to 100%)							
Substrate Type	Diameter	% Composition in Sampling Reach	Substrate Type	Characteristic	% Composition in Sampling Area					
Bedrock		20	Detritus	sticks, wood, coarse plant	г					
Boulder	> 256 mm (10")	0		materials (CPOM)	5					
Cobble	64-256 mm (2.5"-10")	15	Muck-Mud	black, very fine organic	4					
Gravel	2-64 mm (0.1"-2.5")	30		(FPOM)	1					
Sand	0.06-2mm (gritty)	20	Marl	grey, shell fragments	0					
Silt	0.004-0.06 mm	5	]		0					
Clay	< 0.004 mm (slick)	10	]							

## HABITAT ASSESSMENT FIELD DATA SHEET - HG - USE ON ALL STREAMS (FRONT)

STREAM NAME S-D23	LOCATION Franklin County					
STATION # RIVERMILE	STREAM CLASS Perennial					
LAT <u>37.070322</u> LONG <u>-79.931039</u>	RIVER BASIN Upper Roanoke					
STORET #	AGENCY VADEQ					
INVESTIGATORS AO. MM						
FORM COMPLETED BY AO, MM	DATE 8/27/2021 TIME 11:15 AM AM PM REASON FOR SURVEY Baseline Assessment					

	Habitat		Condition	Category				
	Parameter	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginal	Poor			
	1. Epifaunal Substrate/ Available Cover	Greater than 70% of substrate favorable for epifaunal colonization and fish cover; mix of snags, submerged logs, undercut banks, cobble or other stable habitat and at stage to allow full colonization potential (i.e., logs/snags that are <u>not</u> new fall and <u>not</u> transient).	40-70% mix of stable habitat; well-suited for full colonization potential; adequate habitat for maintenance of populations; presence of additional substrate in the form of newfall, but not yet prepared for colonization (may rate at high end of scale).	20-40% mix of stable habitat; habitat availability less than desirable; substrate frequently disturbed or removed.	Less than 20% stable habitat; lack of habitat is obvious; substrate unstable or lacking.			
	<sub>SCORE</sub> 8	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0			
ı sampling reach	2. Embeddedness	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 0- 25% surrounded by fine sediment. Layering of cobble provides diversity of niche space.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 25- 50% surrounded by fine sediment.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 50- 75% surrounded by fine sediment.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are more than 75% surrounded by fine sediment.			
ted in	score 9	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0			
Parameters to be evaluated in sampling reach	3. Velocity/Depth Regime	All four velocity/depth regimes present (slow- deep, slow-shallow, fast- deep, fast-shallow). (Slow is < 0.3 m/s, deep is > 0.5 m.)	Only 3 of the 4 regimes present (if fast-shallow is missing, score lower than if missing other regimes).	Only 2 of the 4 habitat regimes present (if fast- shallow or slow-shallow are missing, score low).	Dominated by 1 velocity/ depth regime (usually slow-deep).			
aram	<sub>score</sub> 2	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0			
P	4. Sediment Deposition	Little or no enlargement of islands or point bars and less than 5% of the bottom affected by sediment deposition.	Some new increase in bar formation, mostly from gravel, sand or fine sediment; 5-30% of the bottom affected; slight deposition in pools.	Moderate deposition of new gravel, sand or fine sediment on old and new bars; 30-50% of the bottom affected; sediment deposits at obstructions, constrictions, and bends; moderate deposition of pools prevalent.	Heavy deposits of fine material, increased bar development; more than 50% of the bottom changing frequently; pools almost absent due to substantial sediment deposition.			
	<sub>score</sub> 6	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0			
	5. Channel Flow Status	Water reaches base of both lower banks, and minimal amount of channel substrate is exposed.	Water fills >75% of the available channel; or <25% of channel substrate is exposed.	Water fills 25-75% of the available channel, and/or riffle substrates are mostly exposed.	Very little water in channel and mostly present as standing pools.			
	<sub>score</sub> 15	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0			

Notes: Bridge crossing footer in stream.

## HABITAT ASSESSMENT FIELD DATA SHEET—HIGH GRADIENT STREAMS (BACK)

Habitat		Conditio	n Category	1
Parameter	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginal	Poor
6. Channel Alteration	Channelization or dredging absent or minimal; stream with normal pattern.	Some channelization present, usually in areas of bridge abutments; evidence of past channelization, i.e., dredging, (greater than past 20 yr) may be present, but recent channelization is not present.	Channelization may be extensive; embankments or shoring structures present on both banks; and 40 to 80% of stream reach channelized and disrupted.	Banks shored with gabic or cement; over 80% of the stream reach channelized and disrupted. Instream habitat greatly altered or removed entirely.
<sub>score</sub> 16	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0
7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	Occurrence of riffles relatively frequent; ratio of distance between riffles divided by width of the stream <7:1 (generally 5 to 7); variety of habitat is key. In streams where riffles are continuous, placement of boulders or other large, natural obstruction is important.	Occurrence of riffles infrequent; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between 7 to 15.	Occasional riffle or bend; bottom contours provide some habitat; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between 15 to 25.	Generally all flat water shallow riffles; poor habitat; distance betwee riffles divided by the width of the stream is a ratio of >25.
score <sup>8</sup>	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0
8. Bank Stability (score each bank) Note: determine left or right side by facing deurstream.	Banks stable; evidence of erosion or bank failure absent or minimal; little potential for future problems. <5% of bank affected.	Moderately stable; infrequent, small areas of erosion mostly healed over. 5-30% of bank in reach has areas of erosion.	Moderately unstable; 30- 60% of bank in reach has areas of erosion; high erosion potential during floods.	Unstable; many eroded areas; "raw" areas frequent along straight sections and bends; obvious bank sloughing 60-100% of bank has erosional scars.
SCORE <sup>8</sup>	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0
SCORE 9	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0
9. Vegetative Protection (score each bank)	More than 90% of the streambank surfaces and immediate riparian zone covered by native vegetation, including trees, understory shrubs, or nonwoody macrophytes; vegetative disruption through grazing or mowing minimal or not evident; almost all plants allowed to grow naturally.	70-90% of the streambank surfaces covered by native vegetation, but one class of plants is not well- represented; disruption evident but not affecting full plant growth potential to any great extent; more than one-half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.	50-70% of the streambank surfaces covered by vegetation; disruption obvious; patches of bare soil or closely cropped vegetation common; less than one- half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.	Less than 50% of the streambank surfaces covered by vegetation; disruption of streamban vegetation is very high; vegetation has been removed to 5 centimeters or less in average stubble height.
SCORE 7	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0
SCORE 7	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0
<b>10. Riparian</b> <b>Vegetative Zone</b> <b>Width</b> (score each bank riparian zone)	Width of riparian zone >18 meters; human activities (i.e., parking lots, roadbeds, clear-cuts, lawns, or crops) have not impacted zone.	Width of riparian zone 12-18 meters; human activities have impacted zone only minimally.	Width of riparian zone 6- 12 meters; human activities have impacted zone a great deal.	Width of riparian zone - meters: little or no riparian vegetation due human activities.
SCORE 9	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0
SCORE 9	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0

### BENTHIC MACROINVERTEBRATE FIELD DATA SHEET

STREAM NAME S-D	23	LOCATION Franklin County								
STATION #	RIVERMILE	STREAM CLASS Perennial								
LAT 37.070322	LONG79.931039	RIVER BASIN Upper Roano	RIVER BASIN Upper Roanoke							
STORET #		AGENCY VADEQ								
INVESTIGATORS AG	D. MM		LOT NUMBER 12							
FORM COMPLETED	<sup>AO</sup> , MM	DATE 8/27/2021 TIME 11:15 AM	REASON FOR SURVEY Baseline Assessment							
HABITAT TYPES	✓Cobble 10 % ✓Sn	Indicate the percentage of each habitat type present         Cobble 10 %       Snags 1 %       Vegetated Banks 100 %       Sand 20 %         Submerged Macrophytes%       Other ( )%								
SAMPLE COLLECTION		lected? □wading □fi ps/kicks taken in each habitat ty bags □Vegetated Ba	rom bank							
GENERAL COMMENTS	Benthics not sam observed.	npled - entire reach v	was run. Mayfly larvae visually							

### QUALITATIVE LISTING OF AQUATIC BIOTA

Indicate estimated abundance: 0 = Absent/Not Observed, 1 = Rare, 2 = Common, 3= Abundant, 4 = Dominant

Periphyton	0	1	2	3	4	Slimes	0	1	2	3	4
Filamentous Algae	0	1	2	3	4	Macroinvertebrates	0	1	2	3	4
Macrophytes	0	1	2	3	4	Fish	0	1	2	3	4

#### FIELD OBSERVATIONS OF MACROBENTHOS

Indicate estimated abundance: 0 = Absent/Not Observed, 1 = Rare (1-3 organisms), 2 = Common (3-9 organisms), 3= Abundant (>10 organisms), 4 = Dominant (>50 organisms)

Porifera	0	1	2	3	4	Anisoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Chironomidae	0	1	2	3	4
Hydrozoa	0	1	2	3	4	Zygoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Ephemeroptera	0	1	2	3	4
Platyhelminthes	0	1	2	3	4	Hemiptera	0	1	2	3	4	Trichoptera	0	1	2	3	4
Turbellaria	0	1	2	3	4	Coleoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Other	0	1	2	3	4
Hirudinea	0	1	2	3	4	Lepidoptera	0	1	2	3	4						
Oligochaeta	0	1	2	3	4	Sialidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Isopoda	0	1	2	3	4	Corydalidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Amphipoda	0	1	2	3	4	Tipulidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Decapoda	0	1	2	3	4	Empididae	0	1	2	3	4						
Gastropoda	0	1	2	3	4	Simuliidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Bivalvia	0	1	2	3	4	Tabinidae	0	1	2	3	4						
						Culcidae	0	1	2	3	4						

#### WOLMAN PEBBLE COUNT FORM

Basin:

County:Franklin CountyStream Name:Teels CreekHUC Code:03010101Survey Date:8/27/2021Surveyors:AO, MMType:Representative

Stream ID: S-D23

Upper Roanoke

PEBBLE COUNT Inches PARTICLE Millimeters Particle Total # Item % % Cum Count Silt/Clay < .062 S/C ۸ 12 12.00 12.00 • Very Fine .062-.125 ۸ 4 4.00 16.00 • .125-.25 Fine ٠ 15 15.00 31.00 • Medium .25-.5 ۸ SAND 1.00 1 32.00 • .50-1.0 Coarse ۸ 1.00 33.00 1 • .04-.08 1.0-2 Very Coarse ۸ 2 35.00 2.00 • .08 -.16 Very Fine 2 -4 ٠ 4 4.00 39.00 • .16 - .22 Fine 4 - 5.7 ۸ 1 1.00 40.00 • .22 - .31 Fine 5.7 - 8 ۸ 1 1.00 41.00 • .31 - .44 Medium 8 - 11.3 ۸ 3 3.00 44.00 • .44 - .63 Medium 11.3 - 16 ۸ GRAVEL 6 6.00 50.00 • .63 - .89 Coarse 16 - 22.6 ۸ 3 3.00 53.00 • .89 - 1.26 22.6 - 32 Coarse ۸ 7 7.00 60.00 -32 - 45 1.26 - 1.77 Vry Coarse ٠ 6 6.00 66.00 • 1.77 -2.5 Vry Coarse 45 - 64 ۸ 69.00 3 3.00 • 2.5 - 3.5 64 - 90 Small ۸ 6 6.00 75.00 • 3.5 - 5.0 Small 90 - 128 ۲ 2 2.00 77.00 • COBBLE 5.0 - 7.1 Large 128 - 180 ۸ 2 2.00 79.00 -7.1 - 10.1 Large 180 - 256 ۸ 80.00 1 1.00 • 10.1 - 14.3 Small 256 - 362 0 0.00 80.00 • 14.3 - 20 Small 362 - 512 ۸ 0 0.00 80.00 • 20 - 40 512 - 1024 Medium ۸ BOULDER 0 0.00 80.00 • 40 - 80 Large 1024 - 2048 ۸ 0 0.00 80.00 • 80 - 160 Vry Large 2048 - 4096 0 0.00 80.00 • BDRK . Bedrock 20 20.00 100.00 • Totals 100 Total Tally:

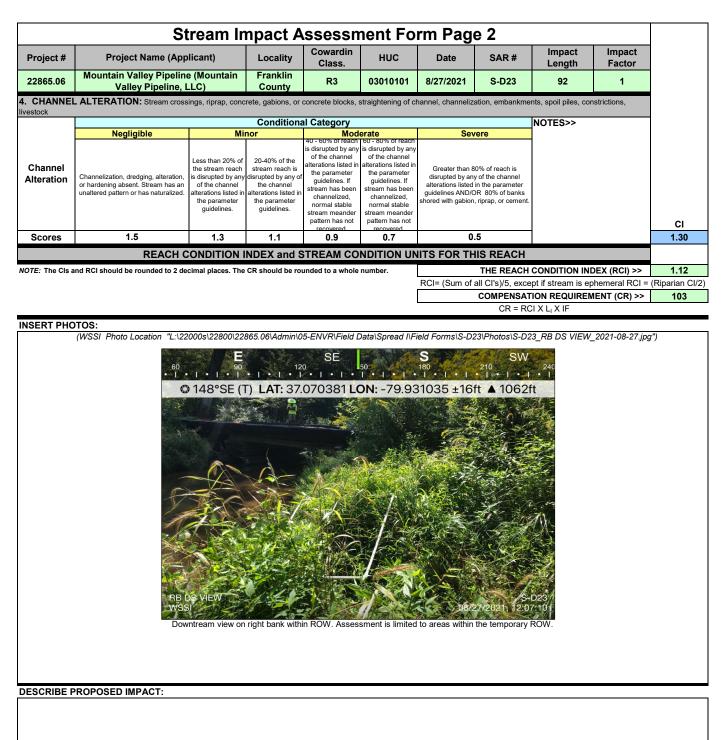
### RIVERMORPH PARTICLE SUMMARY

\_\_\_\_\_

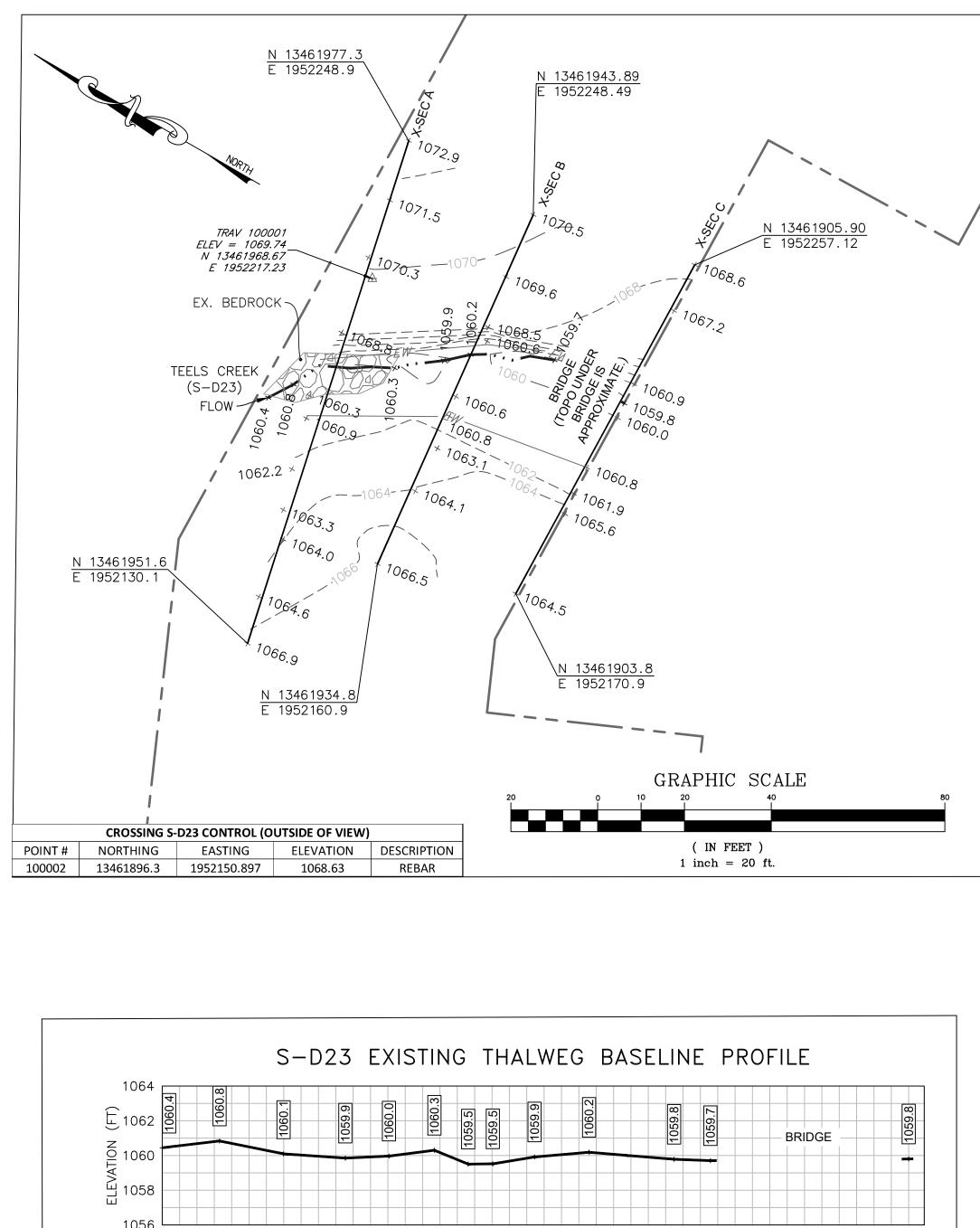
River Name: Reach Name: Sample Name: Survey Date:	S-D23 Repre	sentative		
Size (mm)		тот #	ITEM %	CUM %
0 - 0.062 0.062 - 0.125 0.125 - 0.25 0.25 - 0.50 0.50 - 1.0 1.0 - 2.0 2.0 - 4.0 4.0 - 5.7 5.7 - 8.0 8.0 - 11.3 11.3 - 16.0 16.0 - 22.6 22.6 - 32.0 32 - 45 45 - 64 64 - 90 90 - 128 128 - 180 180 - 256 256 - 362 362 - 512 512 - 1024 1024 - 2048 Bedrock		12 4	$12.00 \\ 4.00 \\ 15.00 \\ 1.00 \\ 2.00 \\ 4.00 \\ 1.00 \\ 3.00 \\ 6.00 \\ 3.00 \\ 7.00 \\ 6.00 \\ 3.00 \\ 7.00 \\ 6.00 \\ 2.00 \\ 2.00 \\ 1.00 \\ 0.00 \\ 0.00 \\ 0.00 \\ 20.00 \\ 20.00 \\ 20.00 \\ 0.$	$12.00 \\ 16.00 \\ 31.00 \\ 32.00 \\ 33.00 \\ 35.00 \\ 39.00 \\ 40.00 \\ 41.00 \\ 44.00 \\ 50.00 \\ 53.00 \\ 60.00 \\ 66.00 \\ 69.00 \\ 75.00 \\ 77.00 \\ 79.00 \\ 80.0$
D16 (mm) D35 (mm) D50 (mm) D84 (mm) D95 (mm) D100 (mm) Silt/Clay (%) Sand (%) Gravel (%) Boulder (%) Boulder (%)		0.13 2 16 Bedrock Bedrock 12 23 34 11 0 20		

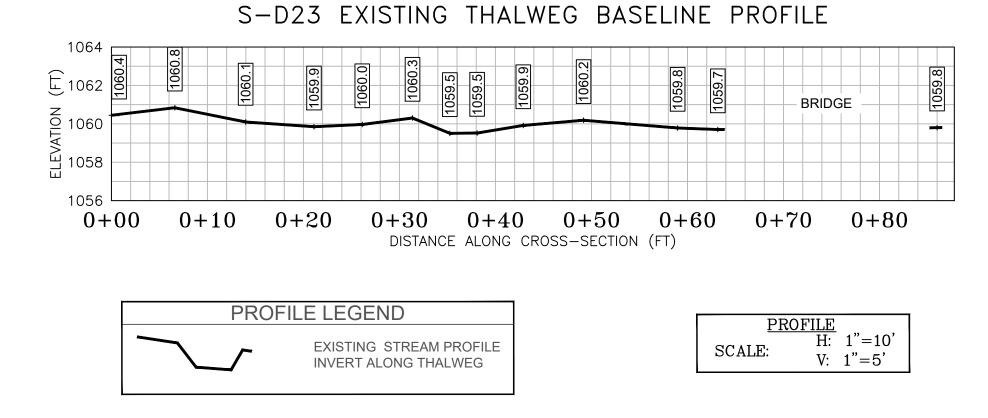
Total Particles = 100.

		S	trean	1 Ass	essm	ent Fo	orm (F	Form	1)		
				Unified St	ream Method	lology for use	e in Virginia				
Destant	<b>D</b> ation				ble channels cla Cowardin	ssified as intern			Impact	Impact	
Project #	•	t Name (App alley Pipeline	,	Locality Franklin	Class.	HUC	Date	SAR #	Length	Factor 1	
22865.06		ey Pipeline, L		County	R3	03010101	8/27/2021	S-D23	92		
Name	e(s) of Evaluat	or(s)	Stream Nam	e and Informa	ation				SAR Length		
	AO, MM		Teels Creek						92		
1. Channel C	ondition: Asse	ss the cross-sec	tion of the stream								
	Opti	mal	Subo	ptimal	Conditional Catego	ory ginal	P	oor	Sev	ere	
Channel Condition	Very little incision or active erosion; 80- 100% stable banks. Vegetative purface protection or natural rock, prominent (80-100%). AND/OR Stable bankfull benches are present. Access to their original floodplain or fully			Poor. Banks more or Poor due to lo Erosion may be pr	less than Severe or stable than Severe wer bank slopes. esent on 40-60% of the	laterally unstabl further. Majority near vertical. Eros	cised. Vertically / e. Likely to widen of both banks are sion present on 60-	Deeply incised vertical/lateral in incision, flow cor banks. Streambe maiority of banks	stability. Severe ntained within the ed below average		
		oodplain or fully ankfull benches. ansverse bars few. deposition covers	Prominent (60-80%) AND/OR Depositional features contribute to stability. The bankfull and low flow ew. channels are well defined. Stream		40-60% of banks. be vertical or un 40-60% Sediment transient, contr Deposition that co may be forming/pi shaped channel protection on > 40 depositional featur	tative protection on Streambanks may dercut. AND/OR may be temporary / ribute instability. ntribute to stability, resent. AND/OR V- s have vegetative % of the banks and es which contribute ability.	on 20-40% of bank to prevent erosion the stream is cov Sediment is temp nature, and contr AND/OR V-shap vegetative protect 40% of the banks a	protection present (s, and is insufficient). AND/OR 60-80% ered by sediment. overary / transient in ibuting to instability. bed channels have tion is present on > and stable sediment n is absent.	majority of banks t Vegetative protecti than 20% of banks erosion. Obviou: present. Erosion/ 100%. AND/OR A than 80% of stream deposition, contriti Multiple thread of subterran	СІ	
Scores	3		2	.4		2	1	.6	1	I	2.40
Riparian		Conditional Categ           Optimal         Suboptimal           High Suboptimal:         Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% the construction of the second of			<u> </u>	ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds,	High Poor: Lawns, mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till cropland; actively grazed pasture, sparsely	Dor Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces,	NOTES>>		
Buffers	Wetlands located are		canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained understory.	canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation).	layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover.	open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover with maintained understory. Low	vegetated non- maintained area, recently seeded and stabilized, or other comparable condition.	row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions.	-		
Scores	1.	5	1.2	1.1	0.85	0.75	0.6	0.5			
descriptors. 2. Determine sq below.	arian areas along e uare footage for e	ach by measurin	g or estimating le	ngth and width. C	Calculators are pr	-	of % F	the sums Riparian			
<ol> <li>Enter the % F</li> </ol>	Riparian Area and % Riparian Area>	Score for each ri	parian category ir 40%	the blocks belov 5%	v. 5%		Blocks	equal 100	-		
Right Bank	Score >	0.6	0.75	0.85	1.2			100/0	1		
									CI= (Sum % RA * So	cores*0.01)/2	
Left Bank	% Riparian Area>	60%	30%	10%				100%	Rt Bank CI >	0.70	CI
			0.6 zes, water velocit	0.85 y and depths; wo	ody and leafy deb	oris; stable substr	ate; low embeded	iness; shade; unc	Lt Bank CI >	<b>0.72</b> mats; SAV;	0.71
riffle/pool comple	exes, stable featur	es.		Conditions	al Category				NOTES>>		
Instream	Opti	mal	Subo			ginal	Po	oor	10123//		
Habitat/ Available	Habitat elements an	e typically present	Stable habitat elements are typically present in 30-50% of the reach and are adequate for maintenance of		Stable habitat ele present in 10-30%	ments are typically % of the reach and	Habitat element lacking or are u	s listed above are instable. Habitat	1		
Cover	in groutor than of	J% of the reach.		r maintenance of ations.		r maintenance of ations.	elements are typic than 10% of	cally present in less of the reach.	<b>6</b> 4	Quadiant	<b>C</b> 1
Scores	1.		popula		popul		than 10% o		Stream Hi		CI 1.20

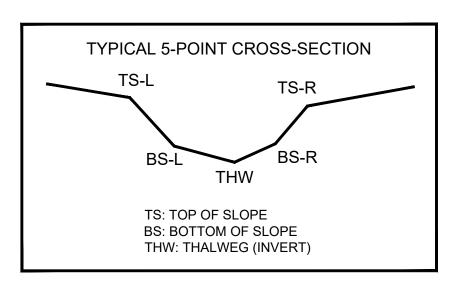


PROVIDED UNDER SEPARATE COVER





CL STAKEOUT POINTS: S-D23 CROSS SECTION B (PIPE CL)					
	PRE-CROSSING			POST-CROSSING	
PT. LOC.	NORTHING	EASTING	ELEV	VERT.	HORZ.
				DIFF.	DIFF.
TS-L	13461939.92	1952220.89	1068.46		
BS-L	13461938.56	1952217.95	1060.62		
THW	13461939.05	1952214.28	1060.13		
BS-R	13461937.43	1952198.65	1060.85		
TS-R	13461936.13	1952190.87	1063.12		



SURVEY NOTES:

1. This map has been oriented to NAD 1983 UTM ZONE 17N, and vertically to The North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88), using a Real Time Network (RTN) GPS. Field locations were completed on August 28, 2018.

2. Monumentation, including traverse stations and fly points, shown on this drawing should be used to orient any future boundary, topographic, or location survey.

3. Easement lines shown on plan view were provided by Mountain Valley Pipeline (MVP).

4. WSSI Contour Interval = 2.0'. Contours within the channel were interpolated using stream channel breaklines (i.e. top of slopes, toe of slopes, thalweg) and cross-sectional points. Contours outside the channel were interpolated using cross-sectional spot shots.

5. All section views shown are left to right facing downstream.

6. Cross-section B shot at location of pipe centerline (based on best professional judgement).

	LEGEND
	STUDY AREA (EASEMENT)
	EXISTING SURVEY-LOCATED THALWEG
EW	EXISTING SURVEY-LOCATED EDGE OF WATER (AS NECESSARY)
	EXISTING CONTOUR LINE (MAJOR)
	EXISTING CONTOUR LINE (MINOR)
1065.2 +	EXISTING SURVEYED GROUND SHOT ELEVATION
$\triangle$	BENCHMARK POINT (WSSI)

