## Reach S-DD4 (Pipeline ROW) Intermittent Spread I Pittsylvania County, Virginia

Data	Included
Photos	$\checkmark$
SWVM Form	$\checkmark$
FCI Calculator and HGM Form	N/A –slope less than 4%
RBP Physical Characteristics Form	$\checkmark$
Water Quality Data	$\checkmark$
RBP Habitat Form	$\checkmark$
RBP Benthic Form	$\checkmark$
Benthic Identification Sheet	N/A – Lack of habitat
Wolman Pebble Count	$\checkmark$
RiverMorph Data Sheet	$\checkmark$
USM Form (Virginia Only)	$\checkmark$
Longitudinal Profile and Cross Sections	$\checkmark$



Photo Type: DS VIEW Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Downstream view of ROW looking E, CB/BH



Photo Type: US VIEW Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Upstream view of ROW looking W, CB/BH



Photo Type: LB CL Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Standing on LB looking at RB along pipe centerline looking N, CB/BH

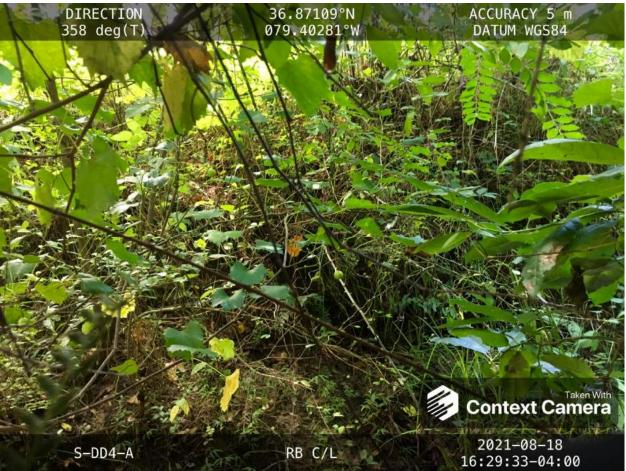


Photo Type: RB CL Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Standing on RB looking at LB along pipe centerline looking S, CB/BH



Photo Type: DS COND Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Downstream conditions outside of ROW looking E, CB/BH

USACE FILE NO./ Project Name: (v2.1, Sept 2015)		Mountain	I Valley Pipeline		OORDINATES: mal Degrees)	Lat.	36.871478	Lon.	-79.403904	WEATHER:		30% Clo
IMPACT STREAM/SITE ID (watershed size {acreage},			S-DD4; 2	24.71 Acres			MITIGATION STREAM CLAS (watershed size {acre					
STREAM IMPACT LENGTH:	147	FORM OF MITIGATION:	RESTORATION (Levels I-III)		ORDINATES: mal Degrees)	Lat.		Lon.		PRECIPITATION PAST 48 HRS:		Y
Column No. 1- Impact Existing	Condition (Debi	t)	Column No. 2- Mitigation Existing C	ondition - Baseli	ne (Credit)		Column No. 3- Mitigation Post Comple		ive Years	Column No. 4- Mitigation Pro Post Completion		1 Years
Stream Classification:	Intermi	ttent	Stream Classification:				Stream Classification:		0	Stream Classification:		0
Percent Stream Channel Slo	ope	1.55	Percent Stream Channel SI	оре			Percent Stream Channe	l Slope	0	Percent Stream Channel	Slope	
HGM Score (attach da	ata forms):		HGM Score (attach	data forms):			HGM Score (atta	ich data forms	s):	HGM Score (attach	data forms):	
Hydrology Biogeochemical Cycling Habitat PART I - Physical, Chemical and	Biological Indica	Average 0 tors	Hydrology Biogeochemical Cycling Habitat PART I - Physical, Chemical an	d Biological Indic	Average 0 cators		Hydrology Biogeochemical Cycling Habitat PART I - Physical, Chemica	l and Biologica	Average 0 Il Indicators	Hydrology Biogeochemical Cycling Habitat PART I - Physical, Chemical an	d Biological I	Indicator
	Points Scale Range	Site Score		Points Scale Range	Site Score			Points Scale	Range Site Score		Points Scale R	Range
PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams	classifications)		PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams	classifications)			PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all stree	ams classification:	s)	PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all stream	ns classification	ns)
Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover     Embeddedness     Sediment Deposition     Schannel Alteration     Channel Alteration     Channel Alteration     Channel Alteration     Channel Alteration     Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)     Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB)     Total RBP Score     Sub-Total     CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitten	0-90 0-1	65.9 6.41 7.5 1	Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover     Pool Substrate Characterization     Pool Variability     A Sediment Deposition     Channel Flow Status     Channel Flow Status     Channel Alteration     T. Channel Sinuosity     Bank Stability (LB & RB)     Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)     Total RBP Score     Sub-Total     CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitter     WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General     Specific Conductivity     pH     DO     Sub-Total     BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitter	0.90 5.90 10-30	0		Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover     Embeddedness     Velocity/ Depth Regime     A. Sediment Deposition     S. Channel Flow Status     Channel Alteration     Frequency of Riffles (or bends)     S. Prequency of Riffles (or bends)     Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)     Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)     Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)     O. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB     Total RBP Score     Sub-Total     CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Interm     WYDEP Water Quality Indicators (Gene     Specific Conductivity     pH     DO     Sub-Total     BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Interm	0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 Poor ittent and Perenni eral) 0-90 5-90 5-90	0 al Streams) 0-1 0	USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet) 1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover 2. Embeddedness 3. Velocity/ Depth Regime 4. Sediment Deposition 5. Channel Flow Status 6. Channel Alteration 7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends) 8. Bank Stability (LB & RB) 9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB) 10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB) 10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Zone Zone Zone Zone Zone Zone Zon	0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20	0-1
WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)	0-100 0-1		WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)	0-100 0-1			WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)	0-100	0-1	WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)	0-100	0-1
0 Sub-Total		0	Sub-Total		0		Sub-Total		0	Sub-Total		
PART II - Index and U	nit Score		PART II - Index and	Unit Score			PART II - Index a	and Unit Score		PART II - Index and	Unit Score	

PART II - Index and Unit Score						
Index Linear Feet Unit Score						
0.738	0.738 147 108.4125					

PART II - Index and Unit Score				
Index	Linear Feet	Unit Score		
0	0	0		

PART II - Index and Unit Score				
Index	Linear Feet	Unit Score		
0	0	0		

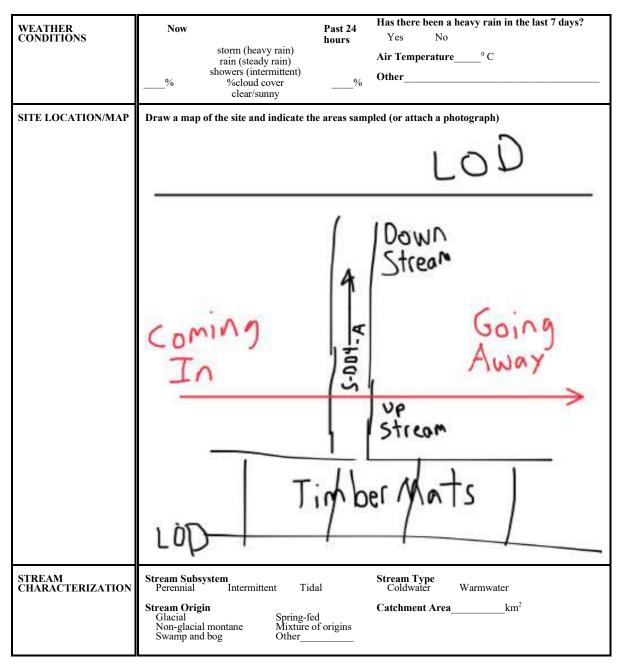
PART II - Index and Unit Score				
Index	Linear Feet	Unit Score		
0	0	0		

Cover	DATE:		8/18/2	021
			0/10/2	021
	Comments:			
	Mitigation Length:			
1				
	Column No. 5- Mitigation Projecte	d at Matu	rity (Cr	edit)
	Stream Classification:		0	
	Percent Stream Channel SI	оре		0
	HGM Score (attach da	ata forms	):	
age				Average
	Hydrology			
	Biogeochemical Cycling			0
	Habitat			
	PART I - Physical, Chemical and	Biological	I Indica	tors
		-	1	
ore		Points Scale	Range	Site Score
	PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams	classificatio	ons)	
		classificatio	ons)	
	PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet) 1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover	classificatio	ins)	
	USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet)		ins)	
	USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet) 1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover 2. Embeddedness	0-20	ons)	
	USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet) 1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover	0-20 0-20	ons)	
	USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet) 1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover 2. Embeddedness 3. Velocity/ Depth Regime	0-20 0-20 0-20		
	USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet) 1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover 2. Embeddedness 3. Velocity/ Depth Regime 4. Sediment Deposition	0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20	ons) 0-1	
	USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet) 1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover 2. Embeddedness 3. Velocity/ Depth Regime 4. Sediment Deposition 5. Channel Flow Status	0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20		
	USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet) 1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover 2. Embeddedness 3. Velocity/ Depth Regime 4. Sediment Deposition 5. Channel Flow Status 6. Channel Alteration	0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20		
	USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet) 1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover 2. Embeddedness 3. Velocity/ Depth Regime 4. Sediment Deposition 5. Channel Flow Status 6. Channel Alteration 7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20		
	USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet) 1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover 2. Embeddedness 3. Velocity/ Depth Regime 4. Sediment Deposition 5. Channel Alteration 7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends) 8. Bank Stability (LB & RB) 9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB) 10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB)	0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20		
	USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet) 1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover 2. Embeddedness 3. Velocity/ Depth Regime 4. Sediment Deposition 5. Channel Flow Status 6. Channel Alteration 7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends) 8. Bank Stability (LB & RB) 9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB) 10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB) Total RBP Score	0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20	0-1	0
	USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet) 1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover 2. Embeddedness 3. Velocity/ Depth Regime 4. Sediment Deposition 5. Channel Alteration 7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends) 8. Bank Stability (LB & RB) 9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB) 10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB)	0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20	0-1	0 0
	USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet) 1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover 2. Embeddedness 3. Velocity/ Depth Regime 4. Sediment Deposition 5. Channel Flow Status 6. Channel Alteration 7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends) 8. Bank Stability (LB & RB) 9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB) 10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB) Total RBP Score	0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20	0-1 Dr	0
	USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet) 1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover 2. Embeddedness 3. Velocity/ Depth Regime 4. Sediment Deposition 5. Channel Flow Status 6. Channel Alteration 7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends) 8. Bank Stability (LB & RB) 9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB) 10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB) 10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB) 10. Total RBP Score Sub-Total CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitter	0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20	0-1 Dr	0
	USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet) 1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover 2. Embeddedness 3. Velocity/ Depth Regime 4. Sediment Deposition 5. Channel Flow Status 6. Channel Alteration 7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends) 8. Bank Stability (LB & RB) 9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB) 10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB) 10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB) 10. Total RBP Score Sub-Total CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitter WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General)	0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20	0-1 Dr	0
	USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet) 1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover 2. Embeddedness 3. Velocity/ Depth Regime 4. Sediment Deposition 5. Channel Flow Status 6. Channel Alteration 7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends) 8. Bank Stability (LB & RB) 9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB) 10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB) 10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB) 10. Total RBP Score Sub-Total CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitter	0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20	0-1 Dr	0
	USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet) 1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover 2. Embeddedness 3. Velocity/ Depth Regime 4. Sediment Deposition 5. Channel Flow Status 6. Channel Alteration 7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends) 8. Bank Stability (LB & RB) 9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB) 10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB) 10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB) 10. Total RBP Score Sub-Total CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitter WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General)	0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20	0-1 Dr	0
	USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet) 1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover 2. Embeddedness 3. Velocity/ Depth Regime 4. Sediment Deposition 5. Channel Flow Status 6. Channel Alteration 7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends) 8. Bank Stability (LB & RB) 9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB) 10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB) 10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Ve	0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20	0-1 Dr	0
	USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet) 1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover 2. Embeddedness 3. Velocity/ Depth Regime 4. Sediment Deposition 5. Channel Flow Status 6. Channel Alteration 7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends) 8. Bank Stability (LB & RB) 9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB) 10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB) 10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB) 10. Total RBP Score Sub-Total CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitter WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General)	0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20	0-1	0
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	USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet) 1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover 2. Embeddedness 3. Velocity/ Depth Regime 4. Sediment Deposition 5. Channel Flow Status 6. Channel Alteration 7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends) 8. Bank Stability (LB & RB) 9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB) 10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB) 10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Vegetative	0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20	0-1	0
	USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet) 1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover 2. Embeddedness 3. Velocity/ Depth Regime 4. Sediment Deposition 5. Channel Flow Status 6. Channel Alteration 7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends) 8. Bank Stability (LB & RB) 9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB) 10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB) 10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Ve	0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20	0-1	0
	USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet) 1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover 2. Embeddedness 3. Velocity/ Depth Regime 4. Sediment Deposition 5. Channel Flow Status 6. Channel Alteration 7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends) 8. Bank Stability (LB & RB) 9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB) 10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB) 10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Vegetative	0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20	0-1	0
	USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet) 1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover 2. Embeddedness 3. Velocity/ Depth Regime 4. Sediment Deposition 5. Channel Flow Status 6. Channel Alteration 7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends) 8. Bank Stability (LB & RB) 9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB) 10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB) 10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Vegetative	0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20	0-1	0
	USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet) 1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover 2. Embeddedness 3. Velocity/ Depth Regime 4. Sediment Deposition 5. Channel Flow Status 6. Channel Alteration 7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends) 8. Bank Stability (LB & RB) 9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB) 10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB) 10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Ve	0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20	0-1 nial Stre	0 ams)
	USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet) 1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover 2. Embeddedness 3. Velocity/ Depth Regime 4. Sediment Deposition 5. Channel Flow Status 6. Channel Alteration 7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends) 8. Bank Stability (LB & RB) 9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB) 10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB) 10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Vegetativ	0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20	0-1 nial Stre	0 ams)
	USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet) 1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover 2. Embeddedness 3. Velocity/ Depth Regime 4. Sediment Deposition 5. Channel Flow Status 6. Channel Alteration 7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends) 8. Bank Stability (LB & RB) 9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB) 10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB) 10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Ve	0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20 0-20	0-1 nial Stre	0 ams)
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PART II - Index and Unit Score				
Index	Linear Feet	Unit Score		
0	0	0		

# PHYSICAL CHARACTERIZATION/WATER QUALITY FIELD DATA SHEET (FRONT)

STREAM NAME	LOCATION		
STATION # RIVERMILE	STREAM CLASS		
LAT LONG	RIVER BASIN		
STORET #	AGENCY		
INVESTIGATORS			
FORM COMPLETED BY	DATE TIME	REASON FOR SURVEY	



# PHYSICAL CHARACTERIZATION/WATER QUALITY FIELD DATA SHEET (BACK)

WATERSHED FEATURES RIPARIAN VEGETATION (18 meter buffer)	Predominant Surrounding Landuse         Forest       Commercial         Field/Pasture       Industrial         Agricultural       Other         Residential       Indicate the dominant type and record the domin         Trees       Shrubs         Dominant species present	Grasses Herbaceous
INSTREAM FEATURES	Estimated Reach Length      m         Estimated Stream Width      m         Sampling Reach Area      ²         Area in km² (m²x1000)      km²         Estimated Stream Depth      m         Surface Velocity      m/sec         (at thalweg)      m/sec	Canopy Cover Partly open       Partly shaded       Shaded         High Water Mark      m         Proportion of Reach Represented by Stream Morphology Types Riffle%       Run%         Riffle%       Run%         Channelized       Yes       No         Dam Present       Yes       No
LARGE WOODY DEBRIS AQUATIC VEGETATION	LWDm²         Density of LWDm²/km² (LWD/ reac         Indicate the dominant type and record the domin         Rooted emergent       Rooted submergent         Floating Algae       Attached Algae         Dominant species present	ant species present Rooted floating Free floating
WATER QUALITY	Temperature0 C         Specific Conductance         Dissolved Oxygen         pH         Turbidity         WQ Instrument Used	Water Odors         Normal/None       Sewage         Petroleum       Chemical         Fishy       Other         Water Surface Oils       Slick         Slick       Sheen       Globs         Flecks       None       Other         Turbidity (if not measured)       Clear       Slightly turbid         Opaque       Stained       Other
SEDIMENT/ SUBSTRATE	Odors         Petroleum           Normal         Sewage         Petroleum           Chemical         Anaerobic         None           Other	Deposits Sludge       Sawdust       Paper fiber       Sand         Relict shells       Other         Lpoking at stones which are not deeply embedded, are the undersides black in color?         Yes       No

INORGANIC SUBSTRATE COMPONENTS (should add up to 100%)			ORGANIC SUBSTRATE COMPONENTS (does not necessarily add up to 100%)		
Substrate Type	Diameter	% Composition in Sampling Reach	Substrate Type	Characteristic	% Composition in Sampling Area
Bedrock			Detritus	sticks, wood, coarse plant	
Boulder	> 256 mm (10")			materials (CPOM)	
Cobble	64-256 mm (2.5"-10")		Muck-Mud	black, very fine organic	
Gravel	2-64 mm (0.1"-2.5")			(FPOM)	
Sand	0.06-2mm (gritty)		Marl	grey, shell fragments	
Silt	0.004-0.06 mm				
Clay	< 0.004 mm (slick)				

### HABITAT ASSESSMENT FIELD DATA SHEET - HG - USE ON ALL STREAMS (FRONT)

STREAM NAME	LOCATION	
STATION # RIVERMILE	STREAM CLASS	
LAT LONG	RIVER BASIN	
STORET #	AGENCY	
INVESTIGATORS		
FORM COMPLETED BY	DATE TIME AM PM	REASON FOR SURVEY

	Habitat		Condition	ı Category			
	Parameter	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginal	Poor		
	1. Epifaunal Substrate/ Available Cover	Greater than 70% of substrate favorable for epifaunal colonization and fish cover; mix of snags, submerged logs, undercut banks, cobble or other stable habitat and at stage to allow full colonization potential (i.e., logs/snags that are <u>not</u> new fall and <u>not</u> transient).	40-70% mix of stable habitat; well-suited for full colonization potential; adequate habitat for maintenance of populations; presence of additional substrate in the form of newfall, but not yet prepared for colonization (may rate at high end of scale).	20-40% mix of stable habitat; habitat availability less than desirable; substrate frequently disturbed or removed.	Less than 20% stable habitat; lack of habitat is obvious; substrate unstable or lacking.		
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0		
n sampling reach	2. Embeddedness	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 0- 25% surrounded by fine sediment. Layering of cobble provides diversity of niche space.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 25- 50% surrounded by fine sediment.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 50- 75% surrounded by fine sediment.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are more than 75% surrounded by fine sediment.		
ted i	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0		
Parameters to be evaluated in sampling reach	3. Velocity/Depth Regime	All four velocity/depth regimes present (slow- deep, slow-shallow, fast- deep, fast-shallow). (Slow is $< 0.3$ m/s, deep is > 0.5 m.)	Only 3 of the 4 regimes present (if fast-shallow is missing, score lower than if missing other regimes).	Only 2 of the 4 habitat regimes present (if fast- shallow or slow-shallow are missing, score low).	Dominated by 1 velocity/ depth regime (usually slow-deep).		
uram	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0		
Pa	4. Sediment Deposition	Little or no enlargement of islands or point bars and less than 5% of the bottom affected by sediment deposition.	Some new increase in bar formation, mostly from gravel, sand or fine sediment; 5-30% of the bottom affected; slight deposition in pools.	Moderate deposition of new gravel, sand or fine sediment on old and new bars; 30-50% of the bottom affected; sediment deposits at obstructions, constrictions, and bends; moderate deposition of pools prevalent.	Heavy deposits of fine material, increased bar development; more than 50% of the bottom changing frequently; pools almost absent due to substantial sediment deposition.		
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0		
	5. Channel Flow Status	Water reaches base of both lower banks, and minimal amount of channel substrate is exposed.	Water fills >75% of the available channel; or <25% of channel substrate is exposed.	Water fills 25-75% of the available channel, and/or riffle substrates are mostly exposed.	Very little water in channel and mostly present as standing pools.		
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0		

Rapid Bioassessment Protocols For Use in Streams and Wadeable Rivers: Periphyton, Benthic Macroinvertebrates, and Fish, Second Edition - Form 2

### HABITAT ASSESSMENT FIELD DATA SHEET—HIGH GRADIENT STREAMS (BACK)

Habitat		Condition	1 Category	
Parameter	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginal	Poor
6. Channel Alteration	Channelization or dredging absent or minimal; stream with normal pattern.	Some channelization present, usually in areas of bridge abutments; evidence of past channelization, i.e., dredging, (greater than past 20 yr) may be present, but recent channelization is not present.	Channelization may be extensive; embankments or shoring structures present on both banks; and 40 to 80% of stream reach channelized and disrupted.	Banks shored with gabion or cement; over 80% of the stream reach channelized and disrupted. Instream habitat greatly altered or removed entirely.
SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0
7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	Occurrence of riffles relatively frequent; ratio of distance between riffles divided by width of the stream <7:1 (generally 5 to 7); variety of habitat is key. In streams where riffles are continuous, placement of boulders or other large, natural obstruction is important.	Occurrence of riffles infrequent; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between 7 to 15.	Occasional riffle or bend; bottom contours provide some habitat; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between 15 to 25.	Generally all flat water or shallow riffles; poor habitat; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is a ratio of >25.
SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0
<ul> <li>SCORE</li> <li>8. Bank Stability (score each bank)</li> <li>Note: determine left or right side by facing downstream.</li> <li>SCORE (LB)</li> <li>SCORE (RB)</li> <li>9. Vegetative Protection (score each bank)</li> </ul>	Banks stable; evidence of erosion or bank failure absent or minimal; little potential for future problems. <5% of bank affected.	Moderately stable; infrequent, small areas of erosion mostly healed over. 5-30% of bank in reach has areas of erosion.	Moderately unstable; 30- 60% of bank in reach has areas of erosion; high erosion potential during floods.	Unstable; many eroded areas; "raw" areas frequent along straight sections and bends; obvious bank sloughing; 60-100% of bank has erosional scars.
SCORE (LB)	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0
SCORE (RB)	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0
9. Vegetative Protection (score each bank)	More than 90% of the streambank surfaces and immediate riparian zone covered by native vegetation, including trees, understory shrubs, or nonwoody macrophytes; vegetative disruption through grazing or mowing minimal or not evident; almost all plants allowed to grow naturally.	70-90% of the streambank surfaces covered by native vegetation, but one class of plants is not well- represented; disruption evident but not affecting full plant growth potential to any great extent; more than one-half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.	50-70% of the streambank surfaces covered by vegetation; disruption obvious; patches of bare soil or closely cropped vegetation common; less than one- half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.	Less than 50% of the streambank surfaces covered by vegetation; disruption of streambank vegetation is very high; vegetation has been removed to 5 centimeters or less in average stubble height.
SCORE(LB)	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0
SCORE (RB)	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0
<b>10. Riparian</b> <b>Vegetative Zone</b> <b>Width</b> (score each bank riparian zone)	Width of riparian zone >18 meters; human activities (i.e., parking lots, roadbeds, clear-cuts, lawns, or crops) have not impacted zone.	Width of riparian zone 12-18 meters; human activities have impacted zone only minimally.	Width of riparian zone 6- 12 meters; human activities have impacted zone a great deal.	Width of riparian zone <6 meters: little or no riparian vegetation due to human activities.
SCORE (LB)	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0
SCORE (RB)	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0

Total Score \_\_\_\_\_

### BENTHIC MACROINVERTEBRATE FIELD DATA SHEET

STREAM NAME		LOCATION						
STATION #	RIVERMILE	STREAM CLASS						
LAT	LONG	RIVER BASIN						
STORET #		AGENCY						
INVESTIGATORS			LOT NUMBER					
FORM COMPLETED	BY	DATE TIME	REASON FOR SURVEY					
HABITAT TYPES	Indicate the percentage of Cobble% Sn Submerged Macrophytes	ags% Vegetated B	anks% Sand% )%					
SAMPLE COLLECTION	Indicate the number of jak	lected? wading fi ps/kicks taken in each habitat ty lags Vegetated B	anks Sand					
GENERAL COMMENTS								

### QUALITATIVE LISTING OF AQUATIC BIOTA

Indicate estimated abundance: 0 = Absent/Not Observed, 1 = Rare, 2 = Common, 3= Abundant, 4 = Dominant

Periphyton	0	1	2	3	4	Slimes	0	1	2	3	4
Filamentous Algae	0	1	2	3	4	Macroinvertebrates	0	1	2	3	4
Macrophytes	0	1	2	3	4	Fish	0	1	2	3	4

#### FIELD OBSERVATIONS OF MACROBENTHOS

Indicate estimated abundance: 0 = Absent/Not Observed, 1 = Rare (1-3 organisms), 2 = Common (3-9 organisms), 3= Abundant (>10 organisms), 4 = Dominant (>50 organisms)

Porifera	0	1	2	3	4	Anisoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Chironomidae	0	1	2	3	4
Hydrozoa	0	1	2	3	4	Zygoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Ephemeroptera	0	1	2	3	4
Platyhelminthes	0	1	2	3	4	Hemiptera	0	1	2	3	4	Trichoptera	0	1	2	3	4
Turbellaria	0	1	2	3	4	Coleoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Other	0	1	2	3	4
Hirudinea	0	1	2	3	4	Lepidoptera	0	1	2	3	4						
Oligochaeta	0	1	2	3	4	Sialidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Isopoda	0	1	2	3	4	Corydalidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Amphipoda	0	1	2	3	4	Tipulidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Decapoda	0	1	2	3	4	Empididae	0	1	2	3	4						
Gastropoda	0	1	2	3	4	Simuliidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Bivalvia	0	1	2	3	4	Tabinidae	0	1	2	3	4						
						Culcidae	0	1	2	3	4						

### WOLMAN PEBBLE COUNT FORM

County:PittsylvaniaStream Name:UNT to Mill CreekHUC Code:03010105Survey Date:8/18/2021Surveyors:CB, BhType:Representative

Stream ID: S-DD4

Basin: Banister

			LE COUNT	· · ·			
Inches	PARTICLE	Millimeters		Particle Count	Total #	Item %	% Cum
	Silt/Clay	< .062	S/C	* *	13	13.00	13.00
	Very Fine	.062125		<b>•</b>	22	22.00	35.00
	Fine	.12525			22	22.00	57.00
	Medium	.255	S A N D	<b>•</b>	21	21.00	78.00
	Coarse	.50-1.0		<b>•</b>		0.00	78.00
.0408	Very Coarse	1.0-2		<b>•</b>	4	4.00	82.00
.0816	Very Fine	2 -4		<b>•</b>	3	3.00	85.00
.1622	Fine	4 -5.7		<b>•</b>	3	3.00	88.00
.2231	Fine	5.7 - 8		<b>•</b>	1	1.00	89.00
.3144	Medium	8 -11.3	1	÷	3	3.00	92.00
.4463	Medium	11.3 - 16	GRAVEL	÷	3	3.00	95.00
.6389	Coarse	16 -22.6	1	÷	2	2.00	97.00
.89 - 1.26	Coarse	22.6 - 32	1	÷	1	1.00	98.00
1.26 - 1.77	Vry Coarse	32 - 45		* *	2	2.00	100.00
1.77 -2.5	Vry Coarse	45 - 64	1	<b>•</b>		0.00	100.00
2.5 - 3.5	Small	64 - 90		* *		0.00	100.00
3.5 - 5.0	Small	90 - 128	CODDIE	▲ ▼		0.00	100.00
5.0 - 7.1	Large	128 - 180	COBBLE	* *		0.00	100.00
7.1 - 10.1	Large	180 - 256		▲ ▼		0.00	100.00
10.1 - 14.3	Small	256 - 362		* *		0.00	100.00
14.3 - 20	Small	362 - 512		• •		0.00	100.00
20 - 40	Medium	512 - 1024	BOULDER	▲ ▼		0.00	100.00
40 - 80	Large	1024 -2048	1	▲ ▼		0.00	100.00
80 - 160	Vry Large	2048 -4096		▲ ▼		0.00	100.00
	Bedrock		BDRK	÷		0.00	100.00
				Totals:	100	1	

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Size (mm)	тот #	ITEM %	CUM %
0 - 0.062		$\begin{array}{c} 13.00\\ 22.00\\ 21.00\\ 21.00\\ 0.00\\ 4.00\\ 3.00\\ 3.00\\ 1.00\\ 4.00\\ 3.00\\ 1.00\\ 2.00\\ 1.00\\ 2.00\\ 0$	
D16 (mm) D35 (mm) D50 (mm) D84 (mm) D95 (mm) D100 (mm) Silt/Clay (%) Sand (%) Gravel (%) Gravel (%) Boulder (%) Bedrock (%)	0.07 0.13 0.21 4 16 45 13 68 19 0 0 0		

Total Particles = 100.

		•	Strear		tream Method	ology for use	in Virginia				
					able channels cla			al			
Project #	•	ct Name (App	,	Locality	Cowardin Class.	HUC	Date	SAR #	Impact Length	Impact Factor	
22865.06		Valley Pipeline (Mountain alley Pipeline, LLC)			R4	03010105	8/18/21	S-DD4	147	1	
Name	e(s) of Evalua		Stream Name	and Informa	tion				SAR Length		
	CB BH		UNT to Mill C	reek					147		
Channel Co	ondition: Asse	ss the cross-secti	on of the stream a								
	Opt	imal	Subo	ptimal	Conditional Catego	ginal	Po	or	Sev		
Channel Condition	100% stable banks. protection or natur (80-100%). AND/OF bankfull benches a to their original f developed wide ban channel bars and tr Transient sedimen	y little incision or active erosion; 80- % stable banks. Vegetative surface rotection or natural rock, prominent -100%). AND/OR Stable point bars / hkfull benches are present. Access to their original floodplain or fully eloped wide bankfull benches. Nid- annel bars and transverse bars few. ansient sediment deposition covers less than 10% of bottom.		ew areas of active ted banks. Majority table (60-80%). tion or natural rock. -80%) AND/OR ures contribute to hkfull and low flow fined. Stream likely ull benches, or newly odplains along each. Transient 0-40% of the stream tom.	Poor. Banks more s Poor due to low Erosion may be pr both banks. Veget 40-60% of banks. S vertical or unde 40-60% Sedimers transient, contr Deposition that coo may be forming/pr shaped channels protection on > 40°	er bank slopes. sesent on 40-60% of ative protection on treambanks may be prout. AND/OR may be temporary / bibute instability, htribute to stability, seent. AND/OR V- have vegetative % of the banks and se which contribute	laterally unstabl further. Majority of vertical. Erosion pr banks. Vegetative on 20-40% of banks. to prevent erosion. the stream is cov Sediment is temp nature, and contri AND/OR V-shag vegetative protec 40% of the banks i	cised. Vertically / e. Likely to widen both banks are near esent on 60-80% of protection present s, and is insufficient AND/OR 60-80% of protection present s, and is insufficient AND/OR 60-80% of protection present orary / transient in buting to instability. bed channels have ion is present on > and stable sediment in is absent.	Deeply incised vertical/lateral in incision, flow contain Streambed below av majority of banks Vegetative protecti than 20% of banks vegetative protecti than 80% of stream deposition, contrib Multiple thread d subterran		
Scores		3	2	.4	to sta	bility. 2	1	.6	1	1	CI 1.60
000103	`	•	-	•••	-	-	•				1.00
RIPARIAN	BUFFERS: A		Con	ditional Cate	gory			,	NOTES>>		
RIPARIAN	I BUFFERS: A		Con Subo High Suboptimal:	ditional Cate ptimal Low Suboptimal:	gory Mars	ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained,	Po High Poor: Lawns, mowed, and	por	NOTES>>		
RIPARIAN Riparian Buffers	Opt Tree stratum (dbh 3 with > 60% tree	imal <ul> <li>3 inches) present,</li> <li>c canopy cover.</li> <li>within the riparian</li> </ul>	Con Subo High Suboptimal:	ditional Cate	gory	ginal Low Marginal:	Poor: Lawns,	,	NOTES>>		
Riparian	Opt Tree stratum (dbh : with > 60% tree Wetlands located	imal <ul> <li>3 inches) present,</li> <li>c canopy cover.</li> <li>within the riparian</li> </ul>	Con Suboy High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained	Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30%	Jinal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover with maintained	Pet High Poor: Lawns, mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till cropland; actively grazed pasture, sparsely vegetated non-maintained area, recently seeded and stabilized, or other comparable	Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable	NOTES>>		
Riparian Buffers	Opt	imal <ul> <li>3 inches) present,</li> <li>c canopy cover.</li> <li>within the riparian</li> </ul>	Con Subo High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained understory.	Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation).	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover.	Jinal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water, inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover with maintained understory.	Pc High Poor: Lawns, mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till cropland; actively grazed pasture, sparsely vegetated non-maintained area, recently seeded and stabilized, or other comparable condition.	Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions.	NOTES>>		
Riparian Buffers Scores Delineate ripar Determine squ	Opt	imal  S inches) present, e canopy cover. within the riparian has.  5 ach stream bank has by measuring	Con Subo High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained understory. High 1.2 nto Condition Cate or estimating leng	Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Low 1.1 egories and Cond th and width. Cala	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover. High 0.85	jinal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover with maintained understory. Low 0.75 the descriptors.	Provide a second	Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions. Low 0.5 the sums Riparian	NOTES>>		
Riparian Buffers Scores Delineate ripar Determine squ Enter the % Ri	Opt	imal  S inches) present, e canopy cover. within the riparian has.  5 ach stream bank has by measuring	Con Subo High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained understory. High 1.2 nto Condition Cate or estimating leng	Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Low 1.1 egories and Cond th and width. Cala	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover. High 0.85	jinal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover with maintained understory. Low 0.75 the descriptors.	Provide a constraint of the second se	Door Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions. Low 0.5	NOTES>>		
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Riparian Buffers Scores Delineate ripar Determine squ Enter the % Ri	Opt Tree stratum (dbh > with > 60% tree Wetlands located are Vetlands located are 1. rian areas along e jare footage for ea iparian Area and S % Riparian Area> Score >	imal  3 inches) present, a canopy cover. within the riparian rias.  5 ach stream bank ach by measuring Score for each ripa 50% 1.1	Con Subo High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained understory. High 1.2 nto Condition Cate or estimating leng arian category in th 50% 0.85	Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Low 1.1 egories and Cond th and width. Cala	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover. High 0.85	jinal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover with maintained understory. Low 0.75 the descriptors.	Provide a constraint of the second se	Dor Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions. Low 0.5 the sums Riparian equal 100	CI= (Sum % RA * Sc	,	
Riparian Buffers Scores Delineate ripar Determine squ Enter the % Ri ight Bank	Opt	imal 3 inches) present, a canopy cover. within the riparian riss. 5 ach stream bank ach by measuring Score for each ripa 50% 1.1	Con Subo High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained understory. High 1.2 nto Condition Cate or estimating leng arian category in th 50% 0.85	Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Low 1.1 egories and Cond th and width. Cala	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover. High 0.85	jinal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover with maintained understory. Low 0.75 the descriptors.	Provide a constraint of the second se	Door Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions. Low 0.5 the sums Riparian equal 100		0.98	<u>CI</u> 0.98
Riparian Buffers Scores Delineate ripar Determine squ Enter the % Ri ight Bank	Opt Tree stratum (dbh > with > 60% tree Wetlands located are Vetlands located are 1. rian areas along e jare footage for ea iparian Area and S % Riparian Area> Score > % Riparian Area> Score > 1 HABITAT: Va	imal 3 inches) present, a canopy cover. within the riparian as. 5 ach stream bank ach by measuring Score for each ripa 50% 1.1	Con Subo High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained understory. High 1.2 nto Condition Cate or estimating lengt arian category in th 50% 0.85	Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Low 1.1 egories and Cond th and width. Calo he blocks below.	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover. High 0.85 tion Scores using sulators are provide	ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy over with maintained understory. Low 0.75 the descriptors. ed for you below.	Provide a second	Dor Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions. Low 0.5 the sums Riparian equal 100 100%	CI= (Sum % RA * Sc Rt Bank CI >	0.98 0.98	<u>CI</u> 0.98
Riparian Buffers Scores Delineate ripar Determine squ Enter the % Ri ight Bank	Opt Tree stratum (dbh > with > 60% tree Wetlands located are Vetlands located are 1. rian areas along e jare footage for ea iparian Area and S % Riparian Area> Score > % Riparian Area> Score > 1 HABITAT: Va	imal 3 inches) present, a canopy cover. within the riparian as. 5 ach stream bank ach by measuring Score for each ripa 50% 1.1	Con Subo High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained understory. High 1.2 nto Condition Cate or estimating leng arian category in th 50% 0.85 50% 0.85	Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent understory. R	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover. High 0.85 tion Scores using sulators are provide	ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy over with maintained understory. Low 0.75 the descriptors. ed for you below.	Provide a second	Dor Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions. Low 0.5 the sums Riparian equal 100 100%	Cl= (Sum % RA * Sc Rt Bank Cl > Lt Bank Cl >	0.98 0.98	
Riparian Buffers Scores Delineate ripar Determine squ Enter the % Ri ight Bank Left Bank Left Bank	Opt Tree stratum (dbh : with > 60% tree Wetlands located are Wetlands located are fian areas along e uare footage for ea iparian Area and S % Riparian Area Score > % Riparian Area Score > M Riparian Area Score > M Riparian Area	imal 3 inches) present, a canopy cover. within the riparian as. 5 ach stream bank ach by measuring Score for each ripa 50% 1.1	Con Subo High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained understory. High 1.2 nto Condition Cate or estimating leng arian category in th 50% 0.85 50% 0.85	Additional Cate ptimal Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Low 1.1 agories and Cond th and width. Cak the blocks below.	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover. High 0.85 tion Scores using sulators are provid	ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy over with maintained understory. Low 0.75 the descriptors. ed for you below.	Provide a second	Dor Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions. Low 0.5 the sums Riparian equal 100 100%	CI= (Sum % RA * Sc Rt Bank CI > Lt Bank CI > banks; root mats; S	0.98 0.98	
Riparian Buffers Scores Delineate ripar Determine squ Enter the % Ri Light Bank Left Bank INSTREAM INSTREAM INSTREAM Habitat/ Available	Opt Tree stratum (dbh > with > 60% tree Wetlands located are Vetlands located are fian areas along e iparian Area and S % Riparian Area> Score > % Riparian Area> Score > % Riparian Area> Score > % Riparian Area> Score > M HABITAT: Va e features. Opt Habitat elements are	imal  > 3 inches) present, c canopy cover, within the riparian as.  5 ach stream bank ach stream bank ach by measuring Score for each ripa 50% 1.1  50% 1.1  ried substrate size imal e typically present in	Con Subo High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained understory. High 1.2 nto Condition Cate or estimating leng arian category in th 50% 0.85 50% 0.85 50% 0.85 ss, water velocity a Stable habitat eler present in 30-50% of	Aditional Cate ptimal Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Low 1.1 agories and Cond th and width. Cate blocks below. blocks below. conditiona ptimal ments are typically of the reach and are	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover. High 0.85 tion Scores using ulators are provide ulators are provide and leafy debris; al Category Marg Stable habitat eler present in 10-30% of	jinal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceus yegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover with maintained understory. Low 0.75 the descriptors. ed for you below.  stable substrate; la ginal ments are typically of the reach and are	Provide and maintained areas, mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till cropland; actively grazed pasture, sparsely vegetated non-maintained area, recently seeded and stabilized, or other comparable condition. High 0.6 Ensure of % F Blocks e block	Door Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions. Low 0.5 the sums Riparian equal 100 100% 100% shade; undercut conditions the sums stable. Habitat	CI= (Sum % RA * Sc Rt Bank CI > Lt Bank CI > banks; root mats; S	0.98 0.98	
Riparian Buffers Scores Delineate ripar Determine squ Enter the % Ri Light Bank Left Bank INSTREAM nplexes, stable nstream Habitat/	Opt Tree stratum (dbh : with > 60% tree Wetlands located are Wetlands located are fian areas along e uare footage for ea iparian Area and S % Riparian Area> Score > % Riparian Area> Score > M ABITAT: Va e features.	imal  > 3 inches) present, c canopy cover, within the riparian as.  5 ach stream bank ach stream bank ach by measuring Score for each ripa 50% 1.1  50% 1.1  ried substrate size imal e typically present in	Con Subo High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained understory. High 1.2 nto Condition Cate or estimating leng arian category in th 50% 0.85 50% 0.85 ess, water velocity a Stable habitat elen present in 30-50% o adequate for n	Aditional Cate ptimal Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh s) inches) (dsh> 3 inches) (dsh> tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation). Low 1.1 egories and Cond th and width. Cak be blocks below. blocks below. Conditiona ptimal ments are typically	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover. High 0.85 tion Scores using ulators are provide ulators are provide and leafy debris; al Category Marg Stable habitat eler present in 10-30% of	ginal Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover with maintained understory. Low 0.75 the descriptors. ed for you below.  stable substrate; I ginal ments are typically of the reach and are anitemance of	Provide a set of the s	Door Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lost, trails, or other comparable conditions. Low 0.5 the sums Riparian equal 100 100% 100% Sisted above are	CI= (Sum % RA * Sc Rt Bank CI > Lt Bank CI > banks; root mats; S	0.98 0.98 AV; riffle/pool	

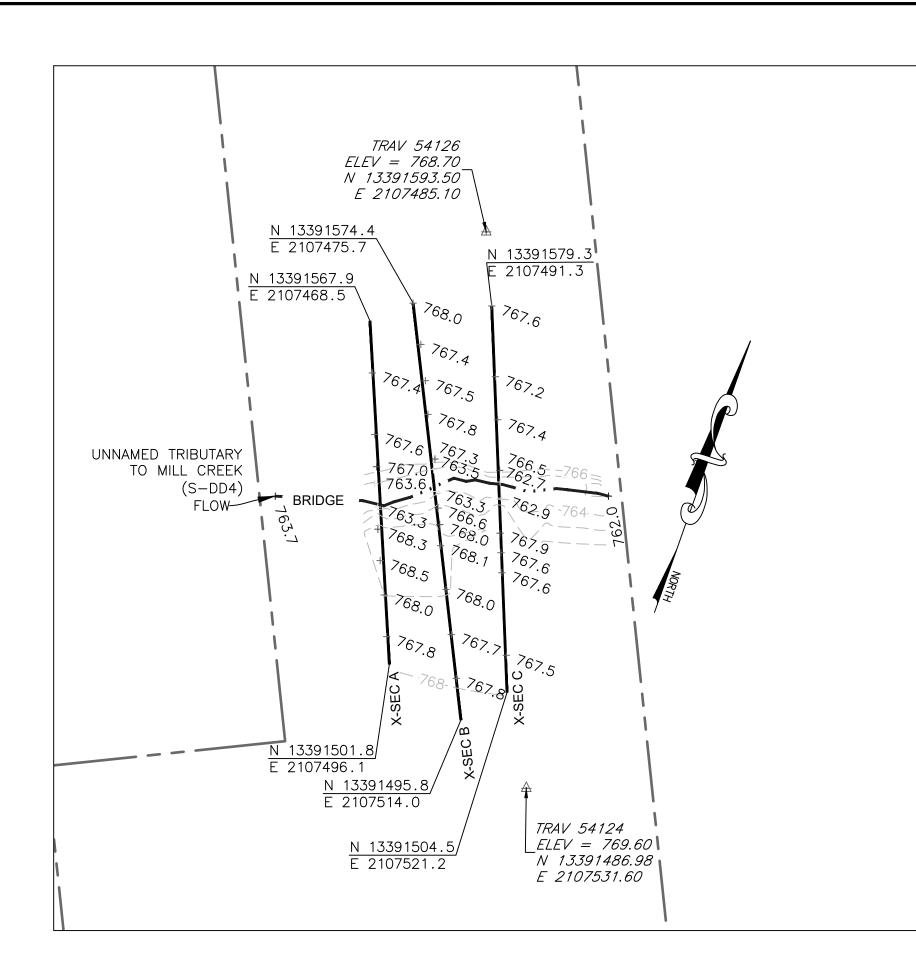
Reach R3-R4 File: C:\Users\dan.weidenhof\Documents\Documents\VA Stream Sampling\0 QAQC SUBMITTALS\QAQC working 1st submittal\Ready for Submittal\20211020 Submittal\Submitted 20211012\S-DD4-A\USM\_MVP\_V2.xlsx

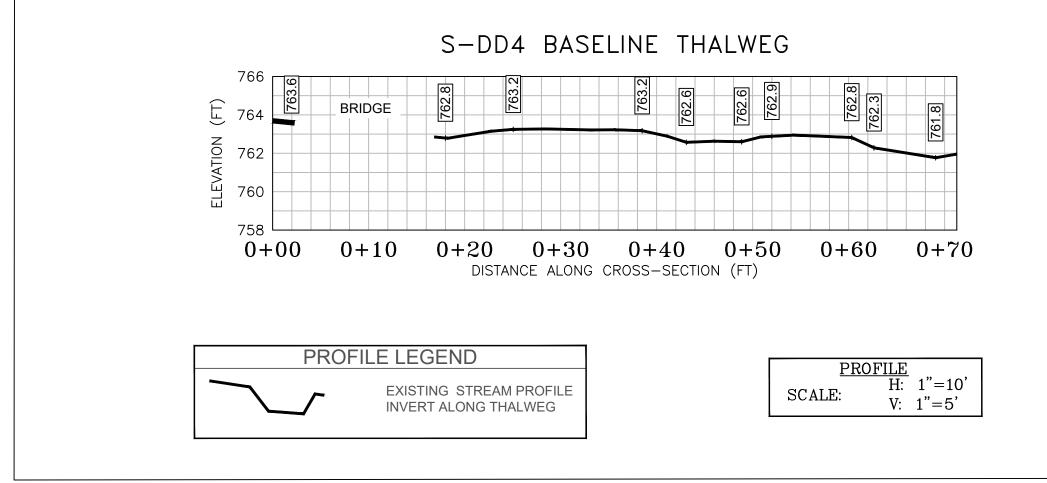
Project #	Project Name (App		Locality	Cowardin Class.	нис	Date	SAR #	Impact Length	Impact Factor	
22865.06	Mountain Valley Pipeline Valley Pipeline, L	•	Pittsylvania	R4	03010105	8/18/21	S-DD4	147	1	
. CHANNEL	ALTERATION: Stream crossin	gs, riprap, concre	te, gabions, or con	icrete blocks, strai	ghtening of chann	el, channelization	, embankments, sj	poil piles, constrictio	ons, livestock	
			Conditiona	al Category				NOTES>>		
	Negligible	Mi	nor	Mod 40 - 60% of reach	erate	Sev	/ere			
Channel Alteration	Channelization, dredging, alteration, or hardening absent. Stream has an unaltered pattern or has naturalized.	the channel alterations listed in the parameter guidelines.	the channel alterations listed in the parameter guidelines.	is disrupted by any of the channel alterations listed in the parameter guidelines. If stream has been channelized, normal stable stream meander pattern has not recovered.	the parameter guidelines. If stream has been channelized, normal stable stream meander pattern has not recovered.	by any of the chan in the parameter g 80% of banks sh riprap, o	of reach is disrupted nel alterations listed guidelines AND/OR ored with gabion, r cement.			CI
Scores	1.5	1.3	1.1	0.9	0.7	0	.5			1.30
	REACH	CONDITION	INDEX and S	STREAM CO	NDITION UN	ITS FOR TH	S REACH			
OTE: The Cls a	nd RCI should be rounded to 2 decir	mal places. The Cl	R should be round	ed to a whole num	nber.		THE REACH	I CONDITION IN	IDEX (RCI) >>	0.96
						RCI= (Sum of	f all CI's)/5, exce	ept if stream is ep	hemeral RCI = (F	liparian Cl/
							COMPENSA	TION REQUIRE	MENT (CR) >>	141
							CR = RC	X L X IF		



DESCRIBE PROPOSED IMPACT:

PROVIDED UNDER SEPARATE COVER





	LEGEND
	STUDY AREA (EASEMENT)
	EXISTING SURVEY-LOCATED THALWEG
EW	EXISTING SURVEY-LOCATED EDGE OF WATER (AS NECESSARY)
	EXISTING CONTOUR LINE (MAJOR)
	EXISTING CONTOUR LINE (MINOR)
766.8 +	EXISTING SURVEYED GROUND SHOT ELEVATION
$\triangle$	BENCHMARK POINT (WSSI)

SURVEY NOTES:

1. This map has been oriented to NAD 1983 UTM ZONE 17N, and vertically to The North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88), using a Real Time Network (RTN) GPS. Field locations were completed on April 18, 2019.

2. Monumentation, including traverse stations and fly points, shown on this drawing should be used to orient any future boundary, topographic, or location survey.

3. Easement lines shown on plan view were provided by Mountain Valley Pipeline (MVP).

4. WSSI Contour Interval = 2.0'. Contours within the channel were interpolated using stream channel breaklines (i.e. top of slopes, toe of slopes, thalweg) and cross-sectional points. Contours outside the channel were interpolated using cross-sectional spot shots.

5. All section views shown are left to right facing downstream.

6. Cross-section B shot at location of pipe centerline (based on best professional judgement).

