#### **Baseline Assessment – Stream Attributes**

# Reach S-E28-East (Pipeline ROW) Perennial Spread I Franklin County, Virginia

Data	Included
Photos	✓
SWVM Form	✓
FCI Calculator and HGM Form	N/A – Perennial stream (not shadeable, slope >4%)
RBP Physical Characteristics Form	✓
Water Quality Data	✓
RBP Habitat Form	✓
RBP Benthic Form	✓
Benthic Identification Sheet	N/A – Lack of habitat
Wolman Pebble Count	✓
RiverMorph Data Sheet	✓
USM Form (Virginia Only)	✓
Longitudinal Profile and Cross Sections	✓



Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Downstream at ROW/LOD looking SE downstream, RAH



Photo Type: LB DS VIEW

Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Upstream at ROW/LOD on left bank looking SE downstream, RAH



Photo Type: LB US VIEW Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: On ROW/LOD on left bank looking NW upstream, RAH



Photo Type: LB CL

Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: On thalweg at pipe centerline looking SW at right streambank, RAH



Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Upstream at ROW/LOD on right bank looking SE downstream, RAH



Photo Type: RB US VIEW

Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Downstream at ROW/LOD on right bank looking NW upstream, RAH



Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: On thalweg at pipe centerline looking SE at left streambank, RAH



Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Upstream at ROW/LOD looking NW upstream, RAH

#### West Virginia Stream and Wetland Valuation Metric (SWVM) Version 2.1, September 2017

USACE FILE NO./ Project Name: (v2.1, Sept 2015)		Mounta	ain Valley Pipeline		COORDINATES: cimal Degrees)	Lat.	37.082875 Lon.	-79.945556	WEATHER:	Sunny		DATE:	August	30, 2021
IMPACT STREAM/SITE ID (watershed size (acreage)			S-E28-Ea:	st; 2238.10 ac			MITIGATION STREAM CLASS./SITE ID AND (watershed size {acreage}, unaltered or in		N:			Comments:		
STREAM IMPACT LENGTH:	101	FORM OF MITIGATION:	RESTORATION (Levels I-III)		OORDINATES: cimal Degrees)	Lat.	Lon.		PRECIPITATION PAST 48 HRS:			Mitigation Length:		
Column No. 1- Impact Existin	ng Condition (Deb	pit)	Column No. 2- Mitigation Existing	Condition - Base	line (Credit)		Column No. 3- Mitigation Projected at Fiv Post Completion (Credit)	e Years	Column No. 4- Mitigation Pr Post Completio			Column No. 5- Mitigation Projected	d at Maturity (C	Credit)
Stream Classification:	Pere	nnial	Stream Classification:				Stream Classification:	0	Stream Classification:	0	St	tream Classification:		0
Percent Stream Channel S	lope	0.74	Percent Stream Channel S	lope			Percent Stream Channel Slope	0	Percent Stream Channel	Slope 0		Percent Stream Channel Slo	оре	0
HGM Score (attach d	lata forms):		HGM Score (attach	data forms):			HGM Score (attach data forms)		HGM Score (attach	data forms):		HGM Score (attach da	ta forms):	
		Average			Average			Average		Averag	ge			Average
Hydrology Biogeochemical Cycling Habitat		0	Hydrology Biogeochemical Cycling Habitat		0		Hydrology Biogeochemical Cycling Habitat	0	Hydrology Biogeochemical Cycling Habitat	0	Bi	ydrology iogeochemical Cycling abitat		0
PART I - Physical, Chemical and	d Biological Indic	ators	PART I - Physical, Chemical a	and Biological Inc	licators		PART I - Physical, Chemical and Biological	Indicators	PART I - Physical, Chemical and	nd Biological Indicators	116	PART I - Physical, Chemical and E	Biological Indic	cators
	Points Scale Range	Site Score		Points Scale Range	Site Score		Points Scale Rar	ge Site Score		Points Scale Range Site Score	•		Points Scale Range	Site Score
PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all stream	s classifications)		PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all stream	s classifications)			PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams classifications)		PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all stream	ims classifications)	Pi	HYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams of	classifications)	
USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet)			USEPA RBP (Low Gradient Data Sheet)				USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet)		USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet		US	SEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet)		
Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover     Embeddedness	0-20	13 14	Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover     Pool Substrate Characterization	0-20 0-20			Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover 0-20     Embeddedness 0-20		Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover     Embeddedness	0-20 0-20		Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover Embeddedness	0-20 0-20	
Velocity/ Depth Regime	0-20	6	3. Pool Variability	0-20			3. Velocity/ Depth Regime 0-20		3. Velocity/ Depth Regime	0-20		Velocity/ Depth Regime	0-20	
Sediment Deposition	0-20	13	Sediment Deposition	0-20			4. Sediment Deposition 0-20		Sediment Deposition	0-20	4.	Sediment Deposition	0-20	
5. Channel Flow Status	0-20 0-1	18	5. Channel Flow Status	0-20 0-1			5. Channel Flow Status 0-20	1	5. Channel Flow Status	0-20 0-1		Channel Flow Status	0-20 0-1	
Channel Alteration     Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	0-20	13	Channel Alteration     Channel Sinuosity	0-20			6. Channel Alteration 0-20 7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends) 0-20		Channel Alteration     Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	0-20 0-20		Channel Alteration Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	0-20	
8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)	0-20	18	8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)	0-20			8. Bank Stability (LB & RB) 0-20		8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)	0-20		. Bank Stability (LB & RB)	0-20	
9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20	20	9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20			9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB) 0-20		9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20		Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20	
10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB)	0-20	20	<ol><li>Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB &amp; RB)</li></ol>	0-20			10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB) 0-20		<ol><li>Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB &amp; RB</li></ol>			Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB)	0-20	
Total RBP Score Sub-Total	Suboptimal	137 0.685	Total RBP Score Sub-Total	Poor	0		Total RBP Score Poor Sub-Total	0	Total RBP Score Sub-Total	Poor 0		otal RBP Score ub-Total	Poor	0
CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitte	ent and Perennial St		CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitte	ent and Perennial St	reams)		CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermittent and Perennial	Streams)	CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermi	ttent and Perennial Streams)		HEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermittent	t and Perennial Sf	treams)
WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (Genera	ıl)	,	WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (Genera	ıl)	,		WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General)	,	WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (Gene	ral)	w	NDEP Water Quality Indicators (General)		,
Specific Conductivity			Specific Conductivity		(1)		Specific Conductivity		Specific Conductivity		Sp	pecific Conductivity		
<=99 - 90 points	0-90	78.3		0-90			0-90			0-90		ļ	0-90	
pH			рН		(1)		На		Hq		pl	A		
	0-80	7.63		5-90			5-90	1		5-90 0-1			5-90	
6.0-8.0 = 80 points DO	1	1.00	DO				DO.		DO.	1	D/	0		
BO	10-30	0.44	ВО	40.00			10.00		ВО	10-30		<del>,</del>	10-30	
>5.0 = 30 points	10-30	9.11		10-30			10-30	_		10-30			10-30	
Sub-Total  BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermi	ittent and Perennial	Streams)	Sub-Total  BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermi	ittent and Perennial	O Streams)		Sub-Total BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermittent and Pere	nnial Streams)	Sub-Total  BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Inte	urmittent and Perennial Streams		ub-Total IOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermit	ttent and Perent	nial Streams)
WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)	Mort and Foreigna	cudamo,	WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)	Mort and Foreignal	cu cume,		WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)	a. Ga Gaine,	WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)			/V Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)		nai Gardanio,
- Cusum Condition made (FFCC)	0-100 0-1		The Sales and Sa	0-100 0-1			0-100 0-	1	The Gallerian Contained Hudox (11156),	0-100 0-1		- Caronin Communication mades (1990)	0-100 0-1	
0 Sub-Total	1	0	Sub-Total		0		Sub-Total	0	Sub-Total	0	<u></u>	ub-Total		0
Sub-Total		U	Sub-10tal		U		Sub-1 otal	U	Sub-Total	U	St	ID- I Otal		U
PART II - Index and U	Unit Score		PART II - Index and	d Unit Score		Ī	PART II - Index and Unit Score		PART II - Index and	I Unit Score		PART II - Index and Un	nit Score	
Index	Linear Feet	Unit Score	Index	Linear Feet	Unit Score		Index Linear Fee	et Unit Score	Index	Linear Feet Unit Sco	ore	Index	Linear Feet	Unit Score
0.843	101	85.0925	0	0	0		0 0	0	0	0 0		0	0	0
U	•		ti-	•		•		•	4 U					•

## PHYSICAL CHARACTERIZATION/WATER QUALITY FIELD DATA SHEET (FRONT)

STREAM NAME		LOCATION			
STATION # RIV	VERMILE	STREAM CLASS			
LAT LONG		RIVER BASIN			
STORET#		AGENCY			
INVESTIGATORS					
FORM COMPLETED BY		DATE	REASON FOR SURVEY		

WEATHER CONDITIONS	Now Past 24 hours Has there been a heavy rain in the last 7 days?  Yes No
	storm (heavy rain) rain (steady rain) showers (intermittent) % %cloud cover clear/sunny  Air Temperature  Other  Other
SITE LOCATION/MAP	Draw a map of the site and indicate the areas sampled (or attach a photograph)
	Dense Veg Pipe CL
	Row/Bridge
	LOD Vnder Bridge
STREAM CHARACTERIZATION	Stream Subsystem Perennial Intermittent Tidal Stream Type Coldwater Warmwater
	Stream Origin Glacial Spring-fed Non-glacial montane Mixture of origins Swamp and bog Other

## PHYSICAL CHARACTERIZATION/WATER QUALITY FIELD DATA SHEET (BACK)

WATERS FEATURI		Fores Field/ Agric	Pasture Industria	rcial	Local Watershed NPS Pollution  No evidence ☐ Some potential sources  Obvious sources  Local Watershed Erosion  None Moderate Heavy	
RIPARIA VEGETA (18 meter	TION	Trees	SI SI	hrubs	Ominant species present Grasses Herbaceous	
INSTREA FEATURI		Estimat Estimat Samplin Area in Estimat	ed Reach Length ed Stream Width g Reach Area km² (m²x1000) ed Stream Depth Velocity m	m m m² km²	Canopy Cover Partly open Partly shaded Shaded  High Water Markm  Proportion of Reach Represented by Stream Morphology Types Riffle % Run% Pool%  Channelized Yes No  Dam Present Yes No	
LARGE V DEBRIS	VOODY		of LWDm	n <sup>2</sup> /km <sup>2</sup> (LWD/	reach area)	
AQUATION VEGETA		Roote Floati <b>Domin</b> a	e the dominant type and d emergent Re ng Algae At unt species present of the reach with aquat	ooted submerge tached Algae		
WATER (	QUALITY	Specific Dissolve pH Turbidi	cature0 C Conductance ed Oxygen ty trument Used		Water Odors Normal/None Sewage Petroleum Chemical Fishy Other	
SEDIMENT/ SUBSTRATE Odors Norm Chen Othe Oils Abse					Relict shells Other	_
INC	ORGANIC SUBS		COMPONENTS 00%)		ORGANIC SUBSTRATE COMPONENTS (does not necessarily add up to 100%)	
Substrate Type	Diamete	er	% Composition in Sampling Reach	Substrate Type	Characteristic % Composition in Sampling Area	
Bedrock Boulder	> 256 mm (10")			Detritus	sticks, wood, coarse plant materials (CPOM)	
Cobble Gravel	64-256 mm (2.5 2-64 mm (0.1"-2			Muck-Mud	black, very fine organic (FPOM)	
Sand	0.06-2mm (gritt	y)		Marl	grey, shell fragments	

Silt

Clay

0.004-0.06 mm

< 0.004 mm (slick)

#### HABITAT ASSESSMENT FIELD DATA SHEET - HG - USE ON ALL STREAMS (FRONT)

STREAM NAME	LOCATION			
STATION # RIVERMILE	STREAM CLASS			
LAT LONG	RIVER BASIN			
STORET#	AGENCY			
INVESTIGATORS				
FORM COMPLETED BY	DATE AM PM	REASON FOR SURVEY		

	Habitat	Condition Category									
	Parameter	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginal	Poor						
	1. Epifaunal Substrate/ Available Cover	Greater than 70% of substrate favorable for epifaunal colonization and fish cover; mix of snags, submerged logs, undercut banks, cobble or other stable habitat and at stage to allow full colonization potential (i.e., logs/snags that are not new fall and not transient).	40-70% mix of stable habitat; well-suited for full colonization potential; adequate habitat for maintenance of populations; presence of additional substrate in the form of newfall, but not yet prepared for colonization (may rate at high end of scale).	20-40% mix of stable habitat; habitat availability less than desirable; substrate frequently disturbed or removed.	Less than 20% stable habitat; lack of habitat is obvious; substrate unstable or lacking.						
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0						
n sampling reach	2. Embeddedness	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 0-25% surrounded by fine sediment. Layering of cobble provides diversity of niche space.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 25- 50% surrounded by fine sediment.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 50- 75% surrounded by fine sediment.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are more than 75% surrounded by fine sediment.						
ted in	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0						
Parameters to be evaluated in sampling reach	3. Velocity/Depth Regime	All four velocity/depth regimes present (slow-deep, slow-shallow, fast-deep, fast-shallow). (Slow is < 0.3 m/s, deep is > 0.5 m.)	Only 3 of the 4 regimes present (if fast-shallow is missing, score lower than if missing other regimes).	Only 2 of the 4 habitat regimes present (if fast-shallow or slow-shallow are missing, score low).	Dominated by 1 velocity/depth regime (usually slow-deep).						
ıram	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0						
Pa	4. Sediment Deposition	Little or no enlargement of islands or point bars and less than 5% of the bottom affected by sediment deposition.	Some new increase in bar formation, mostly from gravel, sand or fine sediment; 5-30% of the bottom affected; slight deposition in pools.	Moderate deposition of new gravel, sand or fine sediment on old and new bars; 30-50% of the bottom affected; sediment deposits at obstructions, constrictions, and bends; moderate deposition of pools prevalent.	Heavy deposits of fine material, increased bar development; more than 50% of the bottom changing frequently; pools almost absent due to substantial sediment deposition.						
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0						
	5. Channel Flow Status	Water reaches base of both lower banks, and minimal amount of channel substrate is exposed.	Water fills >75% of the available channel; or <25% of channel substrate is exposed.	Water fills 25-75% of the available channel, and/or riffle substrates are mostly exposed.	Very little water in channel and mostly present as standing pools.						
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0						

#### HABITAT ASSESSMENT FIELD DATA SHEET—HIGH GRADIENT STREAMS (BACK)

	Habitat		Condition	n Category						
	Parameter	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginal	Poor					
	6. Channel Alteration	Channelization or dredging absent or minimal; stream with normal pattern.	Some channelization present, usually in areas of bridge abutments; evidence of past channelization, i.e., dredging, (greater than past 20 yr) may be present, but recent channelization is not present.	Channelization may be extensive; embankments or shoring structures present on both banks; and 40 to 80% of stream reach channelized and disrupted.	Banks shored with gabion or cement; over 80% of the stream reach channelized and disrupted. Instream habitat greatly altered or removed entirely.					
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0					
oling reach	7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	Occurrence of riffles relatively frequent; ratio of distance between riffles divided by width of the stream <7:1 (generally 5 to 7); variety of habitat is key. In streams where riffles are continuous, placement of boulders or other large, natural obstruction is important.	Occurrence of riffles infrequent; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between 7 to 15.	Occasional riffle or bend; bottom contours provide some habitat; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between 15 to 25.	Generally all flat water or shallow riffles; poor habitat; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is a ratio of >25.					
samp	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0					
Parameters to be evaluated broader than sampling reach	8. Bank Stability (score each bank)  Note: determine left or right side by facing downstream.	Banks stable; evidence of erosion or bank failure absent or minimal; little potential for future problems. <5% of bank affected.	Moderately stable; infrequent, small areas of erosion mostly healed over. 5-30% of bank in reach has areas of erosion	Moderately unstable; 30-60% of bank in reach has areas of erosion; high erosion potential during floods.	Unstable; many eroded areas; "raw" areas frequent along straight sections and bends; obvious bank sloughing; 60-100% of bank has erosional scars.					
e eva	SCORE (LB)	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0					
to be	SCORE (RB)	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0					
Parameters to	9. Vegetative Protection (score each bank)	More than 90% of the streambank surfaces and immediate riparian zone covered by native vegetation, including trees, understory shrubs, or nonwoody macrophytes; vegetative disruption through grazing or mowing minimal or not evident; almost all plants allowed to grow naturally.	70-90% of the streambank surfaces covered by native vegetation, but one class of plants is not well-represented; disruption evident but not affecting full plant growth potential to any great extent; more than one-half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.	50-70% of the streambank surfaces covered by vegetation; disruption obvious; patches of bare soil or closely cropped vegetation common; less than one- half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.	Less than 50% of the streambank surfaces covered by vegetation; disruption of streambank vegetation is very high; vegetation has been removed to 5 centimeters or less in average stubble height.					
	SCORE (LB)	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0					
	SCORE (RB)	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0					
	10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (score each bank riparian zone)	Width of riparian zone >18 meters; human activities (i.e., parking lots, roadbeds, clear-cuts, lawns, or crops) have not impacted zone.	Width of riparian zone 12-18 meters; human activities have impacted zone only minimally.	Width of riparian zone 6- 12 meters; human activities have impacted zone a great deal.	Width of riparian zone <6 meters: little or no riparian vegetation due to human activities.					
	SCORE (LB)	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0					
ĺ	SCORE (RB)	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0					

Total	Caama	
i otai	Score	

#### BENTHIC MACROINVERTEBRATE FIELD DATA SHEET

STREAM NAME	LOCATION								
STATION # RIVERMILE	STREAM CLASS								
LAT LONG	RIVER BASIN								
STORET#	AGENCY								
INVESTIGATORS		LOT NUMBER							
FORM COMPLETED BY	DATETIME	REASON FOR SURVEY							
HADITAT TYPES Indicate the percentage of	I A DIT AT TVDES Indicate the negrountage of each hebitet time present								

HABITAT TYPES	Indicate the percentage of each habitat type present  Cobble% Snags% Vegetated Banks% Sand%  Submerged Macrophytes% Other ( )%
SAMPLE COLLECTION	Gear used D-frame kick-net Other  How were the samples collected? wading from bank from boat
	Indicate the number of jabs/kicks taken in each habitat type.  Cobble Snags Vegetated Banks Sand Submerged Macrophytes Other ( )
GENERAL COMMENTS	

#### QUALITATIVE LISTING OF AQUATIC BIOTA

Indicate estimated abundance: 0 = Absent/Not Observed, 1 = Rare, 2 = Common, 3 = Abundant, 4 = Dominant

Periphyton	0	1	2	3	4	Slimes	0	1	2	3	4
Filamentous Algae	0	1	2	3	4	Macroinvertebrates	0	1	2	3	4
Macrophytes	0	1	2	3	4	Fish	0	1	2	3	4

#### FIELD OBSERVATIONS OF MACROBENTHOS

Indicate estimated abundance: 0 = Absent/Not Observed, 1 = Rare (1-3 organisms), 2 = Common (3-9 organisms), 3 = Abundant (>10 organisms), 4 = Dominant (>50 organisms)

Porifera	0	1	2	3	4	Anisoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Chironomidae	0	1	2	3	4
Hydrozoa	0	1	2	3	4	Zygoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Ephemeroptera	0	1	2	3	4
Platyhelminthes	0	1	2	3	4	Hemiptera	0	1	2	3	4	Trichoptera	0	1	2	3	4
Turbellaria	0	1	2	3	4	Coleoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Other	0	1	2	3	4
Hirudinea	0	1	2	3	4	Lepidoptera	0	1	2	3	4						
Oligochaeta	0	1	2	3	4	Sialidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Isopoda	0	1	2	3	4	Corydalidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Amphipoda	0	1	2	3	4	Tipulidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Decapoda	0	1	2	3	4	Empididae	0	1	2	3	4						
Gastropoda	0	1	2	3	4	Simuliidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Bivalvia	0	1	2	3	4	Tabinidae	0	1	2	3	4						
						Culcidae	0	1	2	3	4						

#### WOLMAN PEBBLE COUNT FORM

County: Franklin County Stream ID: S-E28-East

Stream Name: Teels Creek

HUC Code: 03010101 Basin: Upper Roanoke

Survey Date: 8/30/2021 Surveyors: RH, DW, RC Type: Representative

,			LE COUNT				r
Inches	PARTICLE	Millimeters		Particle Count	Total #	Item %	% Cun
	Silt/Clay	< .062	S/C	<b>A</b>	47	47.00	47.00
	Very Fine	.062125		•	1	1.00	48.00
	Fine	.12525	1	<b>-</b>	3	3.00	51.00
	Medium	.255	SAND	<b>^</b>	4	4.00	55.00
	Coarse	.50-1.0	1	<b>^</b>	4	4.00	59.00
.0408	Very Coarse	1.0-2	1	<b>^</b>	2	2.00	61.00
.0816	Very Fine	2 -4		<u> </u>	2	2.00	63.00
.1622	Fine	4 -5.7	1	<b>A</b>	1	1.00	64.00
.2231	Fine	5.7 - 8	1	<b>A</b>	2	2.00	66.00
.3144	Medium	8 -11.3	1	<b>A</b>	4	4.00	70.00
.4463	Medium	11.3 - 16	GRAVEL	<b>A</b>	3	3.00	73.00
.6389	Coarse	16 -22.6	1	<b>A</b>	5	5.00	78.00
.89 - 1.26	Coarse	22.6 - 32	1	<b>A</b>	4	4.00	82.00
.26 - 1.77	Vry Coarse	32 - 45	1	<b>A</b>	3	3.00	85.00
1.77 -2.5	Vry Coarse	45 - 64	1	<b>A</b>	6	6.00	91.00
2.5 - 3.5	Small	64 - 90		<b>A</b>	3	3.00	94.00
3.5 - 5.0	Small	90 - 128	1	<b>A</b>	1	1.00	95.00
5.0 - 7.1	Large	128 - 180	COBBLE	<b>A</b>	2	2.00	97.00
7.1 - 10.1	Large	180 - 256	1	<b>A</b>	2	2.00	99.00
0.1 - 14.3	Small	256 - 362		<u> </u>	1	1.00	100.0
14.3 - 20	Small	362 - 512	1	<u> </u>		0.00	100.0
20 - 40	Medium	512 - 1024	BOULDER	<u> </u>		0.00	100.0
40 - 80	Large	1024 -2048	1	<u> </u>		0.00	100.0
80 - 160	Vry Large	2048 -4096	1	<u> </u>		0.00	100.0
	Bedrock		BDRK	<u> </u>		0.00	100.0
				Totals:	100		

#### RIVERMORPH PARTICLE SUMMARY

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River Name: Teels Creek
Reach Name: S-E28-East
Sample Name: Representative
Survey Date: 08/30/2021

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Size (mm)	TOT #	ITEM %	CUM %
0 - 0.062 0.062 - 0.125 0.125 - 0.25 0.25 - 0.50 0.50 - 1.0 1.0 - 2.0 2.0 - 4.0 4.0 - 5.7 5.7 - 8.0 8.0 - 11.3 11.3 - 16.0 16.0 - 22.6 22.6 - 32.0 32 - 45 45 - 64 64 - 90 90 - 128 128 - 180 180 - 256 256 - 362 362 - 512 512 - 1024 1024 - 2048 Bedrock	47 1 3 4 4 2 2 1 2 4 3 5 4 3 6 3 1 2 2 1 0 0 0	47.00 1.00 3.00 4.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 4.00 3.00 5.00 4.00 3.00 6.00 3.00 1.00 2.00 2.00 1.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	47.00 48.00 51.00 55.00 59.00 61.00 63.00 64.00 66.00 70.00 73.00 78.00 82.00 85.00 91.00 94.00 95.00 97.00 99.00 100.00 100.00 100.00
D16 (mm) D35 (mm) D50 (mm) D84 (mm) D95 (mm) D100 (mm) Silt/Clay (%) Sand (%) Gravel (%) Cobble (%) Boulder (%) Bedrock (%)	0.02 0.05 0.21 40.67 128 361.99 47 14 30 8		

Total Particles = 100.

#### Stream Assessment Form (Form 1) Unified Stream Methodology for use in Virginia le channels classified as intermittent or perennial **Impact Impact** SAR# Project # **Project Name (Applicant)** Locality HUC Date Class Length Factor S-E28-**Mountain Valley Pipeline (Mountain** Franklin 22865.06 03010101 8/30/21 R3 101 1 Valley Pipeline, LLC) County **East** Name(s) of Evaluator(s) Stream Name and Information SAR Length RH, DW, RC **Teels Creek** 101 1. Channel Condition: Assess the cross-section of the stream and prevailing condition (erosion, aggradation) Conditional Category Optimal Suboptimal Marginal Poor Severe Very little incision or active erosion; 80 100% stable banks. Vegetative surfac Slightly incised, few areas of active erosion or unprotected banks. Majority Often incised, but less than Severe or Poor. Banks more stable than Severe Overwidened/incised. Vertically / laterally unstable. Likely to widen Deeply incised (or excavated), vertical/lateral instability. Severe Channel protection or natural rock, prominent of banks are stable (60-80%). or Poor due to lower bank slopes urther. Majority of both banks are ne ncision, flow contained within the banks 80-100%). AND/OR Stable point bars Vegetative protection or natural rock Erosion may be present on 40-60% of vertical. Erosion present on 60-80% of streambed below average rooting depth. Condition prominent (60-80%) AND/OR both banks. Vegetative protection on bankfull benches are present. Access banks. Vegetative protection present majority of banks vertical/undercut. to their original floodplain or fully veloped wide bankfull benches. Mic Depositional features contribute to stability. The bankfull and low flow hannels are well defined. Stream likel 40-60% of banks. Streambanks may be vertical or undercut. AND/OR 40-60% Sediment may be temporary on 20-40% of banks, and is insufficien to prevent erosion. AND/OR 60-80% of Vegetative protection present on less than 20% of banks, is not preventing erosion. Obvious bank sloughing channel bars and transverse bars few the stream is covered by sediment. Sediment is temporary / transient in nature, and contributing to instability AND/OR V-shaped channels have Transient sediment deposition covers has access to bankfull benches or transient contribute instability esent Frosion/raw banks on 80-100% newly developed floodplains along portions of the reach. Transient AND/OR Aggrading channel. Greater than 80% of stream bed is covered by less than 10% of bottom Deposition that contribute to stability. may be forming/present. AND/OR Vshaped channels have vegetative protection on > 40% of the banks and depositional features which contribute vegetative protection is present on > 40% of the banks and stable sedimen deposition is absent. deposition, contributing to instability. Multiple thread channels and/or subterranean flow. sediment covers 10-40% of the stream bottom. CI to stability. 3 2.4 1 3.00 Scores 1.6 NOTES>> 2. RIPARIAN BUFFERS: Assess both bank's 100 foot riparian areas along the entire SAR. (rough measurements of length & width may be acceptable) **Conditional Category** NOTES>> Optimal Low Marginal: High Poor: Lawns Non-maintained. mowed, and High Suboptimal Low Suboptimal High Marginal: Non-maintained, lense herbaceou aintained areas Low Poor: Impervious Riparian areas with Riparian areas wit egetation, riparia nurseries; no-till ree stratum (dbh > ree stratum (dbh : dense herbaceou reas lacking shrul cropland: actively surfaces, mine 3 inches) present with 30% to 60% 3 inches) present with 30% to 60% vegetation with grazed pasture, sparsely vegetate spoil lands, nuded surfaces Tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present and tree stratum Riparian with > 60% tree canopy cover. either a shrub laye hay production, tree canopy cover tree canopy cover **Buffers** Wetlands located within the riparian or a tree laver (dbh onds, open wate non-maintained row crops, active and containing both herbaceous and a maintained If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 area, recently seeded and areas. > 3 inches) feed lots, trails, or nderstory. Recer present, with <30% other comparable and shrub layers o cutover (dense tree canopy cover inches) present, tabilized, or other conditions a non-maintained vegetation). with <30% tree canopy cover wit understory. maintained understory. High Low High Low High Low Scores 1.5 1.2 1.1 0.85 0.75 0.6 0.5 Delineate riparian areas along each stream bank into Condition Categories and Condition Scores using the descriptors. Ensure the sums Determine square footage for each by measuring or estimating length and width. Calculators are provided for you below of % Riparian Enter the % Riparian Area and Score for each riparian category in the blocks below Blocks equal 100 % Riparian Area> 20% 20% 60% 100% Right Bank 0.85 0.75 Score 0.5 CI= (Sum % RA \* Scores\*0.01)/2 20% 20% 100% CI % Riparian Area> 60% Rt Bank CI > 0.72 Left Bank 0.85 Lt Bank CI > 0.72 0.75 0.72 Score > 0.5 3. INSTREAM HABITAT: Varied substrate sizes, water velocity and depths; woody and leafy debris; stable substrate; low embeddness; shade; undercut banks; root mats; SAV; riffle/pool complexes, stable features Conditional Category NOTES>> Optimal Suboptimal Marginal Poor Instream Habitat/ Stable habitat elements are typically Stable habitat elements are typically Habitat elements listed above are Available Habitat elements are typically present in greater than 50% of the reach. present in 30-50% of the reach and a adequate for maintenance of resent in 10-30% of the reach and ar adequate for maintenance of lacking or are unstable. Habitat elements are typically present in les Cover populations populations. than 10% of the reach Stream Gradient CI

**Scores** 

1.5

0.9

0.5

1.2

High / Low

1.20

Stream Impact Assessment Form Page 2									
Project #	Project Name (App	licant)	Locality	Cowardin Class.	нис	Date	SAR#	Impact Length	Impact Factor
22865.06	Mountain Valley Pipeline Valley Pipeline, I	•	Franklin County	R3	03010101	8/30/21	S-E28-East	101	1
1. CHANNEL ALTERATION: Stream crossings, riprap, concrete, gabions, or concrete blocks, straightening of channel, channelization, embankments, spoil piles, constrictions, livestock  Conditional Category  NOTES>>									
	Negligible	Mir			erate	Se	evere	NOTES	
Channel Alteration	hardening absent. Stream has an unaltered pattern or has naturalized.	the channel alterations listed in the parameter guidelines.	the channel alterations listed in the parameter guidelines.	of the channel alterations listed in the parameter guidelines. If stream has been channelized, normal stable stream meander pattern has not recovered.	the parameter guidelines. If stream has been channelized, normal stable stream meander pattern has not recovered.	by any of the char in the parameter 80% of banks s riprap, o	of reach is disrupted nnel alterations listed guidelines AND/OR hored with gabion, or cement.		
Scores	1.5	1.3	1.1	0.9	0.7	(	0.5		
	REACH	CONDITION	INDEX and S	STREAM CO	NDITION UN	ITS FOR TH	IIS REACH		

THE REACH CONDITION INDEX (RCI) >> 1.20 RCI= (Sum of all Cl's)/5, except if stream is ephemeral RCI = (Riparian Cl/2)

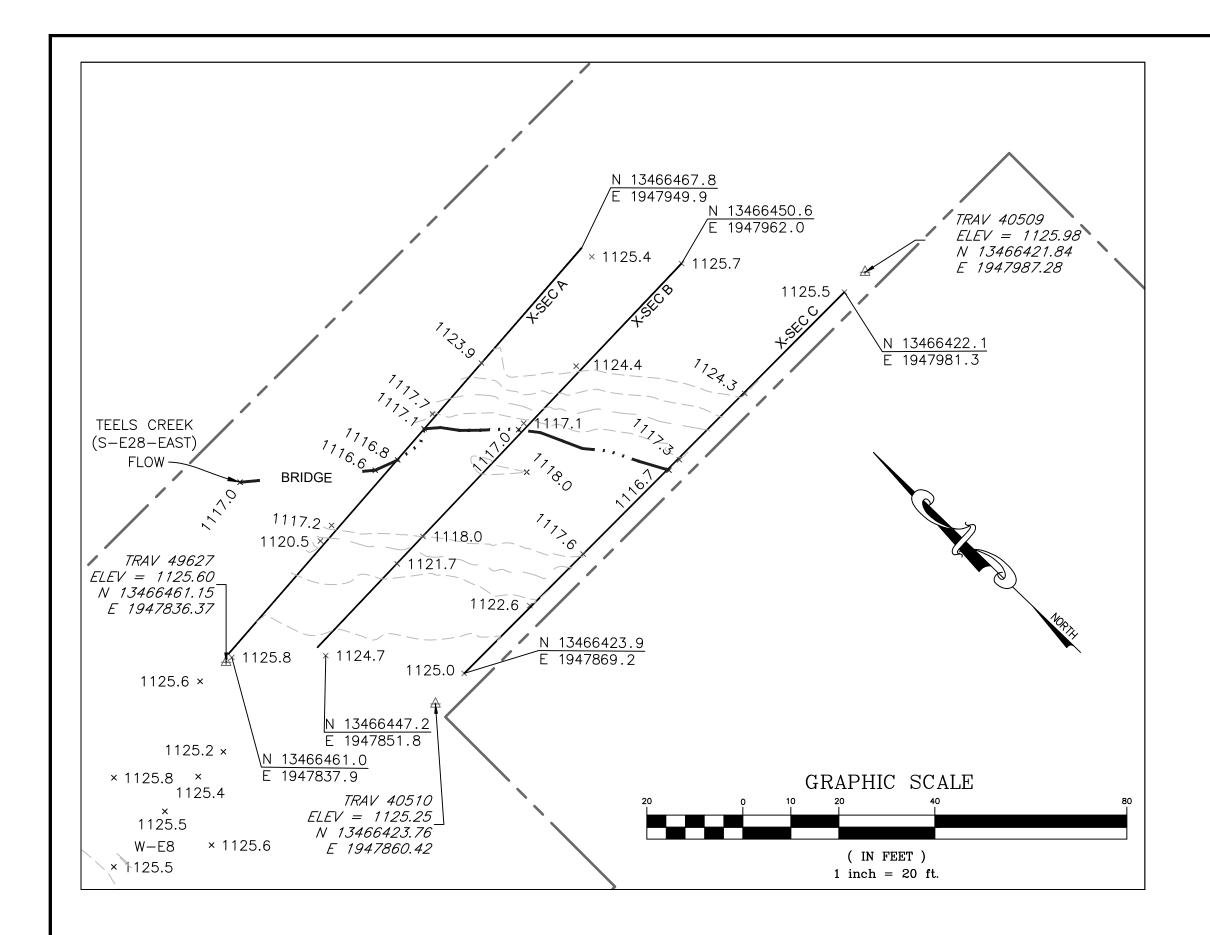
COMPENSATION REQUIREMENT (CR) >>

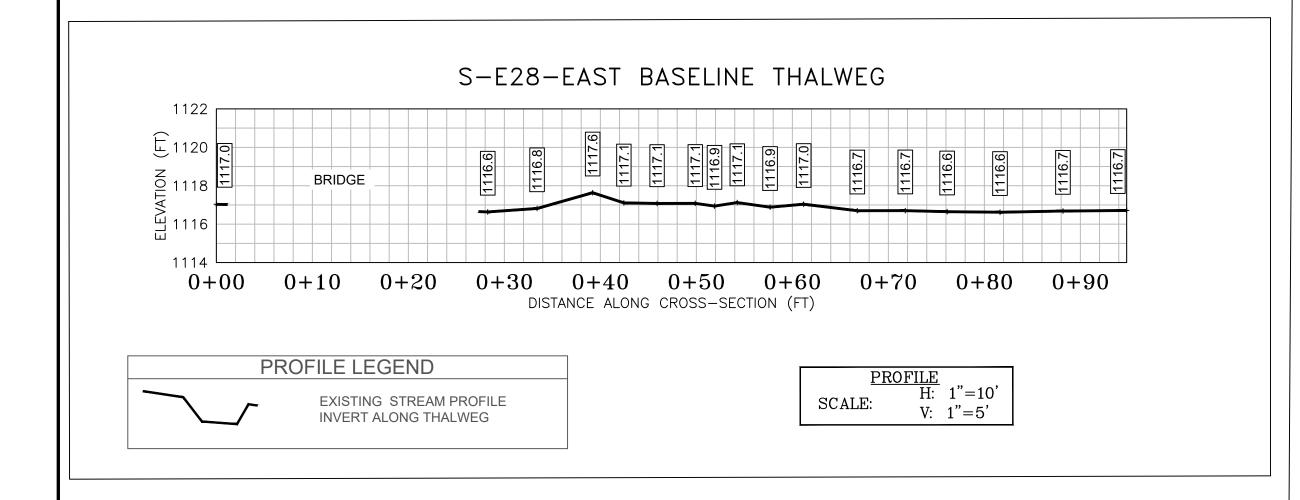
CR = RCI X L<sub>I</sub> X IF



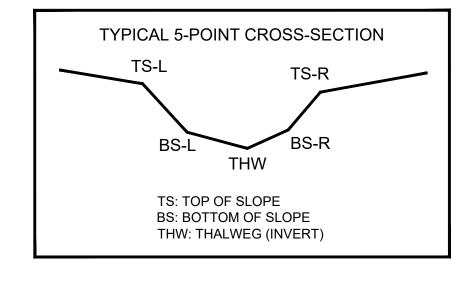
DESCRIBE PROPOSED IMPACT:

PROVIDED UNDER SEPARATE COVER



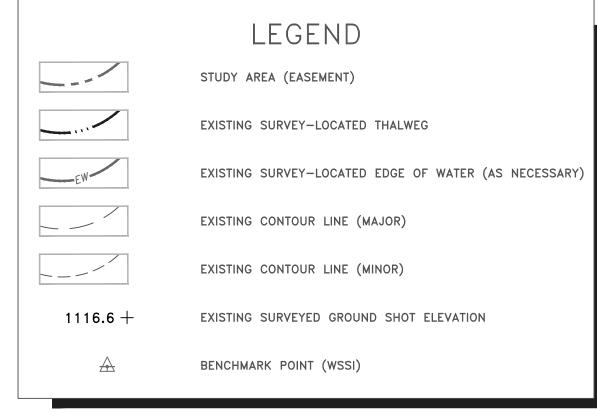


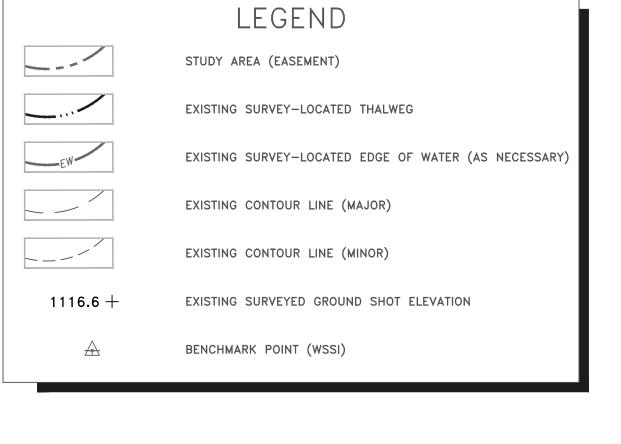
CL STAKEOUT POINTS: S-E28-EAST CROSS SECTION B (PIPE CL)								
	PR	E-CROSSING		POST-C	ROSSING			
DT LOC	NODTHING	FACTING	F1 F1/	VERT.	HORZ.			
PT. LOC.	NORTHING	EASTING	ELEV	DIFF.	DIFF.			
TS-L	13466451.55	1947931.41	1124.35					
BS-L	13466451.14	1947915.25	1117.15					
THW	13466450.98	1947913.56	1117.03					
BS-R	13466449.85	1947883.71	1117.97					
TS-R	13466449.74	1947875.88	1121.70					

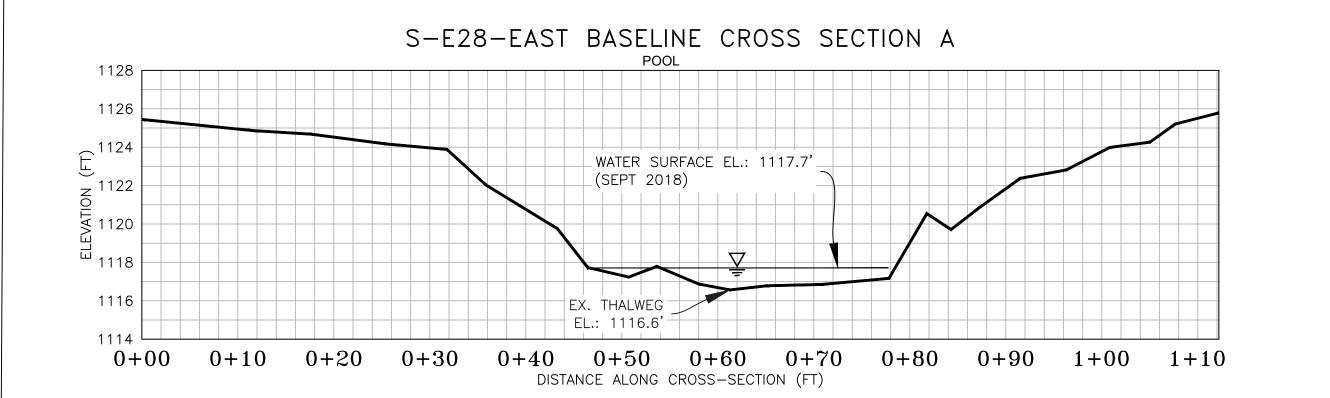


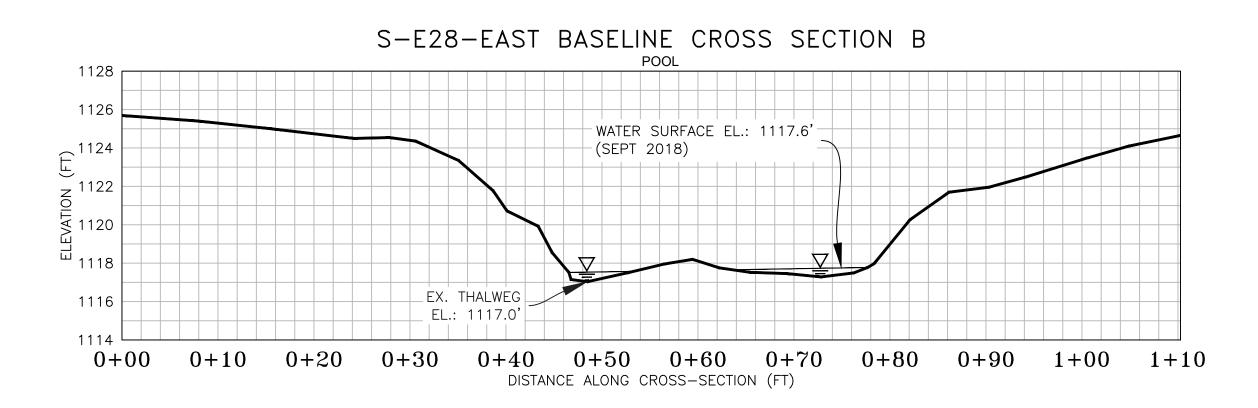
#### SURVEY NOTES:

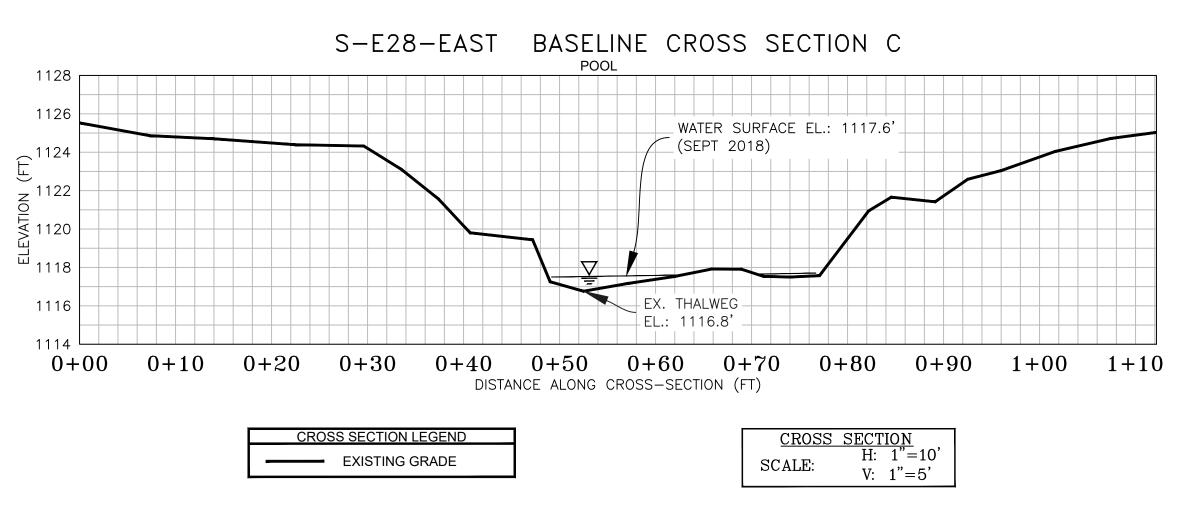
- 1. This map has been oriented to NAD 1983 UTM ZONE 17N, and vertically to The North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88), using a Real Time Network (RTN) GPS. Field locations were completed on September 6, 2018.
- 2. Monumentation, including traverse stations and fly points, shown on this drawing should be used to orient any future boundary, topographic, or location survey.
- 3. Easement lines shown on plan view were provided by Mountain Valley Pipeline (MVP).
- 4. WSSI Contour Interval = 2.0'. Contours within the channel were interpolated using stream channel breaklines (i.e. top of slopes, toe of slopes, thalweg) and cross-sectional points. Contours outside the channel were interpolated using cross-sectional spot shots.
- 5. All section views shown are left to right facing downstream.
- 6. Cross-section B shot at location of pipe centerline (based on best professional judgement).











NOTE: ALL SECTIONS VIEWS SHOWN FACING LEFT TO RIGHT FACING DOWNSTREAM.





259.

PHOTO TAKEN LOOKING UPSTREAM ON 03/26/2018



PHOTO TAKEN LOOKING UPSTREAM ON 03/26/2018





PHOTO TAKEN LOOKING								AS NO
	REVISIONS							SCALE:
PENDING CROSSING	REVIS	Description						October 2021
		Date						
PHOTO TAKEN LOOKING		No.						DATE:
	Horiz	zontal	Datı	ım:	NAD	1983 U	TM ZO	NE 17N

PENDING CROSSING	

PHOTO TAKEN LOOKING

Computer File Name: L:\Survey\22000s\22800\22865.03\Spread I Work Dwgs 2865\_03 S-I MP 254-267 Sheets.dwg

Sheet #

1 of 1

Vertical Datum: NAVD 88

Draft Approved

PFS

Boundary and Topo Source:

EJC SIH

WSSI 2' C.I. Topo