#### **Baseline Assessment – Stream Attributes**

# Reach S-G2 (Timber Mat Crossing) Perennial Spread I Pittsylvania County, Virginia

Data	Included
Photos	✓
SWVM Form	✓
FCI Calculator and HGM Form	N/A – Perennial stream (not shadeable, slope less than 4%)
RBP Physical Characteristics Form	✓
Water Quality Data	✓
RBP Habitat Form	✓
RBP Benthic Form	✓
Benthic Identification Sheet	N/A – Lack of habitat
Wolman Pebble Count	✓
RiverMorph Data Sheet	✓
USM Form (Virginia Only)	✓
Longitudinal Profile and Cross Sections	✓

#### Spread I Stream S-G2 (Timber Mat) Pittsylvania County



Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Downstream view of ROW looking SE, CB/BH

#### Spread I Stream S-G2 (Timber Mat) Pittsylvania County



Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Upstream view of ROW looking NW, CB/BH

#### Spread I

#### Stream S-G2 (Timber Mat) Pittsylvania County



Photo Type: LB CL

Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Standing on LB looking at RB along pipe centerline looking N, CB/BH

#### Spread I

#### Stream S-G2 (Timber Mat) Pittsylvania County



Photo Type: RB CL

Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Standing on RB looking at LB along pipe centerline looking S, CB/BH

#### Spread I Stream S-G2 (Timber Mat) Pittsylvania County



Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Downstream conditions outside of ROW looking SE, CB/BH

(v2.1, Sept 2015)		W	Juntain Vai	ley ripelille		cimal Degrees)	Lat.	30.051931	Lon.	-79.300051		WEATHER.		Cloudy		DATE.	August 2	20, 2021
IMPACT STREAM/SITE II (watershed size {acreage},				S-G2; 1	08.3 ac			MITIGATION STREAM CLASS. (watershed size {acreage			ł:					Comments:		
STREAM IMPACT LENGTH:	20	FORM O		RESTORATION (Levels I-III)		OORDINATES: cimal Degrees)	Lat.		Lon.		PR	RECIPITATION PAST 48 HRS:		Yes		Mitigation Length:		
Column No. 1- Impact Existin	g Condition (Del	bit)		Column No. 2- Mitigation Existing Co	ndition - Base	eline (Credit)		Column No. 3- Mitigation Pr Post Completion		Years		Column No. 4- Mitigation Proje Post Completion (C		ars		Column No. 5- Mitigation Projected	d at Maturity (Cr	redit)
Stream Classification:	Pere	nnial	St	ream Classification:				Stream Classification:		0	Stream	n Classification:		0	Stre	eam Classification:	0	
Percent Stream Channel S		0.57	L	Percent Stream Channel Slo				Percent Stream Channel S		0		Percent Stream Channel Slo	•	0		Percent Stream Channel Slo		0
HGM Score (attach d	ata forms):			HGM Score (attach d	ata forms):			HGM Score (attach	data forms):			HGM Score (attach da	ita forms):			HGM Score (attach da	ita forms):	
Hydrology		Average	u.	ydrology		Average		Hydrology		Average	Hudrol	logy		Average	Uner	drology		Average
Biogeochemical Cycling		0	Bi	ogeochemical Cycling		0		Biogeochemical Cycling		0		ochemical Cycling		0	Bio	geochemical Cycling		0
PART I - Physical, Chemical and	Biological Indic	cators	H	PART I - Physical, Chemical and	Biological In	dicators		PART I - Physical, Chemical a	nd Biological In	dicators	Habitat	PART I - Physical, Chemical and	Biological Indi	cators	Hab	PART I - Physical, Chemical and E	Biological Indica	ators
	Points Scale Range	Site Score	_		Points Scale Range	Site Score			Points Scale Range	Site Score			Points Scale Range	Site Score			Points Scale Range	Site Score
PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all stream	s classifications)		Pi	HYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams of	lassifications)			PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams	classifications)		PHYSIC	ICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams	classifications)		PHY	YSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams of	classifications)	
USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet)			U	SEPA RBP (Low Gradient Data Sheet)				USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet)			USEPA	A RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet)			USE	EPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet)		
	0-20	13			0-20			Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover	0-20				0-20				0-20	
Embeddedness     Velocity/ Depth Regime	0-20	14 10		Pool Substrate Characterization Pool Variability	0-20			Embeddedness     Velocity/ Depth Regime	0-20			peddedness pcity/ Depth Regime	0-20			Embeddedness /elocity/ Depth Regime	0-20	
Sediment Deposition	0-20	12		Sediment Deposition	0-20			Velocity Depart regime     Sediment Deposition	0-20			iment Deposition	0-20			Sediment Deposition	0-20	
5. Channel Flow Status	0-20	16		Channel Flow Status	0-20			5. Channel Flow Status	0-20			nnel Flow Status	0-20			Channel Flow Status	0-20	
Channel Alteration	0-20	18	6.	Channel Alteration	0-20			6. Channel Alteration	0-20		6. Char	nnel Alteration	0-20		6. C	Channel Alteration	0-20	
7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	0-20	10	7.	Channel Sinuosity	0-20			7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	0-20			quency of Riffles (or bends)	0-20			requency of Riffles (or bends)	0-20	
8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)	0-20	4	8.	Bank Stability (LB & RB)	0-20			8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)	0-20			k Stability (LB & RB)	0-20		8. B	Bank Stability (LB & RB)	0-20	
Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20	16	9.	Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20			9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20			etative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20			/egetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20	
10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB) Total RBP Score	0-20 Suboptimal	13	10	I. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB) stal RBP Score	0-20 Poor	•		10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB) Total RBP Score	0-20 Poor	0		rarian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB)	0-20 Poor		Tota	Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB) al RBP Score	0-20 Poor	_
Sub-Total	Subopunai	126 0.63		ub-Total	FOOI	0		Sub-Total	FOOI	0	Sub-To		F 001	0		o-Total	F 001	0
CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitte	nt and Perennial St			HEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermittent	and Perennial S	treams)		CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitted	nt and Perennial SI	treams)		ICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitten	t and Perennial S			EMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermittent	t and Perennial Stre	
WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General	I)		w	VDEP Water Quality Indicators (General)				WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General	)		WVDE	P Water Quality Indicators (General)	)		wv	/DEP Water Quality Indicators (General)	,	
Specific Conductivity			S	pecific Conductivity				Specific Conductivity			Specifi	fic Conductivity			Spe	ecific Conductivity		
<=99 - 90 points	0-90	30	_		0-90				0-90				0-90				0-90	
рн	0-80	6.2	pl		5-90 0-1			рн	5-90 0-1		рН		5-90 0-1		pН		5-90	
6.0-8.0 = 80 points	0-80	6.3	D.	2	5-90			DO.	5-90		DO.		5-90		DO.		5-90	
50	10-30	7.44	<u>.</u>	·	10-30			50	10-30		DO		10-30		50	-	10-30	
>5.0 = 30 points	10-30	7.41			10-30				10-30				10-30				10-30	
Sub-Total		1		ub-Total		0		Sub-Total		0	Sub-To			0		o-Total		0
BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermi	ttent and Perennial	Streams)		OLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitte	nt and Perennial	Streams)		BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intern	ittent and Perenn	nial Streams)		OGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermi	ittent and Peren	nial Streams)		DLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermit	ttent and Perennia	al Streams)
WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)	1 1		w	V Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)				WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)	T T		WV Str	ream Condition Index (WVSCI)			wv	Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)		
0	0-100 0-1				0-100 0-1				0-100 0-1				0-100 0-1				0-100 0-1	
Sub-Total		0	Su	ub-Total		0		Sub-Total		0	Sub-To	otal		0	Sub	o-Total		0
PART II - Index and U	Jnit Score			PART II - Index and L	Init Score			PART II - Index and	Unit Score			PART II - Index and U	nit Score			PART II - Index and Un	nit Score	
Index	Linear Feet	Unit Score		Index	Linear Feet	Unit Score		Index	Linear Feet	Unit Score		Index	Linear Feet	Unit Score		Index	Linear Feet	Unit Score
0.815	20	16.3		0	0	0		0	0	0		0	0	0		0	0	0

## PHYSICAL CHARACTERIZATION/WATER QUALITY FIELD DATA SHEET (FRONT)

STREAM NAME	LOCATION				
STATION # RIVERMILE	STREAM CLASS				
LAT LONG	RIVER BASIN				
STORET#	AGENCY				
INVESTIGATORS					
FORM COMPLETED BY	DATE	REASON FOR SURVEY			

WEATHER CONDITIONS	Now Past 24 hours Yes No  storm (heavy rain) rain (steady rain) showers (intermittent) %cloud cover clear/sunny  Has there been a heavy rain in the last 7 days?  Yes No  Air Temperature O C  Other
SITE LOCATION/MAP	Draw a map of the site and indicate the areas sampled (or attach a photograph)
	PipeCL
	Timber Mat
	1 / 1 401
STREAM CHARACTERIZATION	Stream Subsystem Perennial Intermittent Tidal  Stream Origin Glacial Spring-fed Non-glacial montane Mixture of origins Swamp and bog  Stream Type Coldwater Warmwater  Catchment Area km²  Catchment Area hrea

### PHYSICAL CHARACTERIZATION/WATER QUALITY FIELD DATA SHEET (BACK)

WATERS FEATURI		Fores Field Agric	Pasture Industri	ercial	No evidence Son Obvious sources Local Watershed Erosi None Moderate	ne potential sources
RIPARIA VEGETA (18 meter	ΓΙΟΝ	Trees	e the dominant type and S ant species present	hrubs		rbaceous
INSTREA FEATURI			ted Reach Length		Canopy Cover Partly open Part	ly shaded Shaded
				m	High Water Mark	m
					Proportion of Reach Re	epresented by Stream
			km² (m²x1000) ted Stream Depth	km²	Morphology Types Riffle Pool %	Run%
			Velocity		Channelized Yes	No
		(111 11111			Dam Present Yes	No
LARGE V DEBRIS	VOODY		m² of LWDn	n <sup>2</sup> /km <sup>2</sup> ( <b>LWD</b> /	reach area)	
AQUATIO VEGETA		Indicate Roote Floati Domina	e the dominant type and demergent R ng Algae A	l record the do ooted submerge ttached Algae	minant species present nt Rooted floating	C
		Portion	of the reach with aqua	tic vegetation _	%	
WATER (	QUALITY	Specific	rature0 C  Conductance	-	Water Odors Normal/None Sewage Petroleum Fishy	Chemical Other
		рН	ed Oxygen		Water Surface Oils Slick Sheen None Other	Globs Flecks
			strument Used		Turbidity (if not measu Clear ☐ Slightly tur Opaque Stained	r <b>ed)</b> rbid Turbid Other
SEDIMEN SUBSTRA		Odors Norm Chem		Petroleum None	<b>Deposits</b> Sludge Sawdust Relict shells	Paper fiber Sand Other
		Oils Abser		te Profu	are the undersides blac	h are not deeply embedded, k in color?
INC	ORGANIC SUBS		COMPONENTS (00%)		ORGANIC SUBSTRATE C (does not necessarily add	
Substrate Type	Diamete	er	% Composition in Sampling Reach	Substrate Type	Characteristic	% Composition in Sampling Area
Bedrock				Detritus	sticks, wood, coarse plant	
Boulder	> 256 mm (10")				materials (CPOM)	
Cobble	64-256 mm (2.5	"-10")		Muck-Mud	black, very fine organic	

Gravel

Sand

Silt

Clay

2-64 mm (0.1"-2.5")

0.06-2mm (gritty)

< 0.004 mm (slick)

0.004-0.06 mm

grey, shell fragments

Marl

#### HABITAT ASSESSMENT FIELD DATA SHEET - HG - USE ON ALL STREAMS (FRONT)

STREAM NAME	LOCATION	
STATION # RIVERMILE	STREAM CLASS	
LAT LONG	RIVER BASIN	
STORET#	AGENCY	
INVESTIGATORS		
FORM COMPLETED BY	DATE AM PM	REASON FOR SURVEY

	Habitat		Condition	ı Category					
	Parameter	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginal	Poor				
	1. Epifaunal Substrate/ Available Cover	Greater than 70% of substrate favorable for epifaunal colonization and fish cover; mix of snags, submerged logs, undercut banks, cobble or other stable habitat and at stage to allow full colonization potential (i.e., logs/snags that are not new fall and not transient).	40-70% mix of stable habitat; well-suited for full colonization potential; adequate habitat for maintenance of populations; presence of additional substrate in the form of newfall, but not yet prepared for colonization (may rate at high end of scale).	20-40% mix of stable habitat; habitat availability less than desirable; substrate frequently disturbed or removed.	Less than 20% stable habitat; lack of habitat is obvious; substrate unstable or lacking.				
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0				
n sampling reach	2. Embeddedness	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 0-25% surrounded by fine sediment. Layering of cobble provides diversity of niche space.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 25- 50% surrounded by fine sediment.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 50- 75% surrounded by fine sediment.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are more than 75% surrounded by fine sediment.				
ted in	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0				
Parameters to be evaluated in sampling reach	3. Velocity/Depth Regime	All four velocity/depth regimes present (slow-deep, slow-shallow, fast-deep, fast-shallow). (Slow is < 0.3 m/s, deep is > 0.5 m.)	Only 3 of the 4 regimes present (if fast-shallow is missing, score lower than if missing other regimes).	Only 2 of the 4 habitat regimes present (if fast-shallow or slow-shallow are missing, score low).	Dominated by 1 velocity/depth regime (usually slow-deep).				
ıram	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0				
Pa	4. Sediment Deposition	Little or no enlargement of islands or point bars and less than 5% of the bottom affected by sediment deposition.	Some new increase in bar formation, mostly from gravel, sand or fine sediment; 5-30% of the bottom affected; slight deposition in pools.	Moderate deposition of new gravel, sand or fine sediment on old and new bars; 30-50% of the bottom affected; sediment deposits at obstructions, constrictions, and bends; moderate deposition of pools prevalent.	Heavy deposits of fine material, increased bar development; more than 50% of the bottom changing frequently; pools almost absent due to substantial sediment deposition.				
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0				
	5. Channel Flow Status	Water reaches base of both lower banks, and minimal amount of channel substrate is exposed.	Water fills >75% of the available channel; or <25% of channel substrate is exposed.	Water fills 25-75% of the available channel, and/or riffle substrates are mostly exposed.	Very little water in channel and mostly present as standing pools.				
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0				

#### HABITAT ASSESSMENT FIELD DATA SHEET—HIGH GRADIENT STREAMS (BACK)

	Habitat	Condition Category								
	Parameter	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginal	Poor					
	6. Channel Alteration	Channelization or dredging absent or minimal; stream with normal pattern.	Some channelization present, usually in areas of bridge abutments; evidence of past channelization, i.e., dredging, (greater than past 20 yr) may be present, but recent channelization is not present.	Channelization may be extensive; embankments or shoring structures present on both banks; and 40 to 80% of stream reach channelized and disrupted.	Banks shored with gabion or cement; over 80% of the stream reach channelized and disrupted. Instream habitat greatly altered or removed entirely.					
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0					
oling reach	7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	Occurrence of riffles relatively frequent; ratio of distance between riffles divided by width of the stream <7:1 (generally 5 to 7); variety of habitat is key. In streams where riffles are continuous, placement of boulders or other large, natural obstruction is important.	Occurrence of riffles infrequent; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between 7 to 15.	Occasional riffle or bend; bottom contours provide some habitat; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between 15 to 25.	Generally all flat water or shallow riffles; poor habitat; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is a ratio of >25.					
samp	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0					
Parameters to be evaluated broader than sampling reach	8. Bank Stability (score each bank)  Note: determine left or right side by facing downstream.	Banks stable; evidence of erosion or bank failure absent or minimal; little potential for future problems. <5% of bank affected.	Moderately stable; infrequent, small areas of erosion mostly healed over. 5-30% of bank in reach has areas of erosion	Moderately unstable; 30-60% of bank in reach has areas of erosion; high erosion potential during floods.	Unstable; many eroded areas; "raw" areas frequent along straight sections and bends; obvious bank sloughing; 60-100% of bank has erosional scars.					
e eva	SCORE (LB)	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0					
to be	SCORE (RB)	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0					
Parameters	9. Vegetative Protection (score each bank)	More than 90% of the streambank surfaces and immediate riparian zone covered by native vegetation, including trees, understory shrubs, or nonwoody macrophytes; vegetative disruption through grazing or mowing minimal or not evident; almost all plants allowed to grow naturally.	70-90% of the streambank surfaces covered by native vegetation, but one class of plants is not well-represented; disruption evident but not affecting full plant growth potential to any great extent; more than one-half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.	50-70% of the streambank surfaces covered by vegetation; disruption obvious; patches of bare soil or closely cropped vegetation common; less than one- half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.	Less than 50% of the streambank surfaces covered by vegetation; disruption of streambank vegetation is very high; vegetation has been removed to 5 centimeters or less in average stubble height.					
	SCORE (LB)	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0					
	SCORE (RB)	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0					
	10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (score each bank riparian zone)	Width of riparian zone >18 meters; human activities (i.e., parking lots, roadbeds, clear-cuts, lawns, or crops) have not impacted zone.	Width of riparian zone 12-18 meters; human activities have impacted zone only minimally.	Width of riparian zone 6- 12 meters; human activities have impacted zone a great deal.	Width of riparian zone <6 meters: little or no riparian vegetation due to human activities.					
	SCORE (LB)	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0					
ĺ	SCORE (RB)	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0					

Total	Caama	
i otai	Score	

#### BENTHIC MACROINVERTEBRATE FIELD DATA SHEET

STREAM NAME		LOCATION					
STATION #	_ RIVERMILE	STREAM CLASS					
LAT	LONG	RIVER BASIN					
STORET#		AGENCY					
INVESTIGATORS			LOT NUMBER				
FORM COMPLETED BY		DATE REASON FOR SURVEY TIME					
HABITAT TYPES	Indicate the percentage of each habitat type present						

HABITAT TYPES	Indicate the percentage of each habitat type present  Cobble% Snags% Vegetated Banks% Sand%  Submerged Macrophytes% Other ( )%
SAMPLE COLLECTION	Gear used D-frame kick-net Other
	How were the samples collected? wading from bank from boat
	Indicate the number of jabs/kicks taken in each habitat type.  Cobble Snags Vegetated Banks Sand
	Cobble Snags Vegetated Banks Sand Submerged Macrophytes Other ( )
GENERAL COMMENTS	

#### QUALITATIVE LISTING OF AQUATIC BIOTA

Indicate estimated abundance: 0 = Absent/Not Observed, 1 = Rare, 2 = Common, 3 = Abundant, 4 = Dominant

Periphyton	0	1	2	3	4	Slimes	0	1	2	3	4
Filamentous Algae	0	1	2	3	4	Macroinvertebrates	0	1	2	3	4
Macrophytes	0	1	2	3	4	Fish	0	1	2	3	4

#### FIELD OBSERVATIONS OF MACROBENTHOS

Indicate estimated abundance: 0 = Absent/Not Observed, 1 = Rare (1-3 organisms), 2 = Common (3-9 organisms), 3 = Abundant (>10 organisms), 4 = Dominant (>50 organisms)

Porifera	0	1	2	3	4	Anisoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Chironomidae	0	1	2	3	4
Hydrozoa	0	1	2	3	4	Zygoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Ephemeroptera	0	1	2	3	4
Platyhelminthes	0	1	2	3	4	Hemiptera	0	1	2	3	4	Trichoptera	0	1	2	3	4
Turbellaria	0	1	2	3	4	Coleoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Other	0	1	2	3	4
Hirudinea	0	1	2	3	4	Lepidoptera	0	1	2	3	4						
Oligochaeta	0	1	2	3	4	Sialidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Isopoda	0	1	2	3	4	Corydalidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Amphipoda	0	1	2	3	4	Tipulidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Decapoda	0	1	2	3	4	Empididae	0	1	2	3	4						
Gastropoda	0	1	2	3	4	Simuliidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Bivalvia	0	1	2	3	4	Tabinidae	0	1	2	3	4						
						Culcidae	0	1	2	3	4						

#### WOLMAN PEBBLE COUNT FORM

Stream ID: S-G2

Basin: Banister

County: Pittsylvania
Stream Name: Little Cherrystone Creek
HUC Code: 03010105
Survey Date: 8/20/2021
Surveyors: CB BH Representative Type:

			LE COUNT	<u> </u>		I	
Inches	PARTICLE	Millimeters		Particle Count	Total #	Item %	% Cum
	Silt/Clay	< .062	S/C	<b>A</b>	4	4.00	4.00
	Very Fine	.062125		•	8	8.00	12.00
	Fine	.12525		•		0.00	12.00
	Medium	.255	SAND	<b>^</b>		0.00	12.00
	Coarse	.50-1.0		<b>*</b>	8	8.00	20.00
.0408	Very Coarse	1.0-2		<b>*</b>	9	9.00	29.00
.0816	Very Fine	2 -4		<b>*</b>	12	12.00	41.00
.1622	Fine	4 -5.7		<b>*</b>	2	2.00	43.00
.2231	Fine	5.7 - 8		<b>*</b>	4	4.00	47.00
.3144	Medium	8 -11.3		<b>*</b>	7	7.00	54.00
.4463	Medium	11.3 - 16	GRAVEL	▼	13	13.00	67.00
.6389	Coarse	16 -22.6		▼	13	13.00	80.00
.89 - 1.26	Coarse	22.6 - 32		▼	8	8.00	88.00
1.26 - 1.77	Vry Coarse	32 - 45		▼	5	5.00	93.00
1.77 -2.5	Vry Coarse	45 - 64		▼	5	5.00	98.00
2.5 - 3.5	Small	64 - 90		<b>*</b>		0.00	98.00
3.5 - 5.0	Small	90 - 128	COBBLE	<b>A</b>	2	2.00	100.00
5.0 - 7.1	Large	128 - 180		<b>^</b>		0.00	100.00
7.1 - 10.1	Large	180 - 256		<b>A</b>		0.00	100.00
10.1 - 14.3	Small	256 - 362		•		0.00	100.00
14.3 - 20	Small	362 - 512		•		0.00	100.00
20 - 40	Medium	512 - 1024	BOULDER	<b>A</b>		0.00	100.00
40 - 80	Large	1024 -2048		<b>A</b>		0.00	100.00
80 - 160	Vry Large	2048 -4096		<b>A</b>		0.00	100.00
	Bedrock		BDRK	<b>A</b>		0.00	100.00
				Totals:	100		

#### RIVERMORPH PARTICLE SUMMARY

River Name: Little Cherrystone Creek
Reach Name: S-G2
Sample Name: Representative
Survey Date: 08/20/2021

Size (mm)	TOT #	ITEM %	CUM %
0 - 0.062 0.062 - 0.125 0.125 - 0.25 0.25 - 0.50 0.50 - 1.0 1.0 - 2.0 2.0 - 4.0 4.0 - 5.7 5.7 - 8.0 8.0 - 11.3 11.3 - 16.0 16.0 - 22.6 22.6 - 32.0 32 - 45 45 - 64 64 - 90 90 - 128 128 - 180 180 - 256 256 - 362 362 - 512 512 - 1024 1024 - 2048 Bedrock	4 8 0 0 8 9 12 2 4 7 13 13 8 5 5 0 0 0 0 0	4.00 8.00 0.00 0.00 8.00 9.00 12.00 2.00 4.00 7.00 13.00 13.00 8.00 5.00 5.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0	4.00 12.00 12.00 20.00 29.00 41.00 43.00 47.00 54.00 67.00 80.00 88.00 93.00 98.00 98.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00
D16 (mm) D35 (mm) D50 (mm) D84 (mm) D95 (mm) D100 (mm) Silt/Clay (%) Sand (%) Gravel (%) Cobble (%) Boulder (%) Bedrock (%)	0.75 3 9.41 27.3 52.6 128 4 25 69 2 0		

Total Particles = 100.

#### Stream Assessment Form (Form 1) Unified Stream Methodology for use in Virginia le channels classified as intermittent or perennia Cowardin **Impact** Impact Project # **Project Name (Applicant)** Locality HUC SAR# Date Class Length Factor Mountain Valley Pipeline (Mountain Pittsylvania 22865.06 R3 03010105 08/19/21 S-G2 20 1 Valley Pipeline, LLC) Name(s) of Evaluator(s) Stream Name and Information Stream Map **CB BH** Little Cherrystone Creek 78 1. Channel Condition: Assess the cross-section of the stream and prevailing condition (erosion, aggradation) Optimal Suboptimal Marginal Poor Severe Very little incision or active erosion; 80-Slightly incised, few areas of active Often incised, but less than Severe or Overwidened/incised. Vertically / Deeply incised (or excavated) oor. Banks more stable than Severe of oor due to lower bank slopes. Erosion may be present on 40-60% of 100% stable banks. Vegetative surfact protection or natural rock, prominent or unprotected banks. Majorit vertical/lateral instability. Severe sion, flow contained within the bank laterally unstable. Likely to wide of banks are stable (60-80%) Majority of both banks are ne Channel (80-100%). AND/OR Stable point bars Vegetative protection or natural rock vertical. Erosion present on 60-80% of Streambed below average rooting depth Condition bankfull benches are present. Access to their original floodplain or fully both banks. Vegetative protection on 40-60% of banks. Streambanks may be panks. Vegetative protection present or 20-40% of banks, and is insufficient to prevent erosion. AND/OR 60-80% of majority of banks vertical/undercut. Vegetative protection present on less than 20% of banks, is not preventing prominent (60-80%) AND/OR Depositional features contribute to developed wide bankfull benches. Midstability. The bankfull and low flow vertical or undercut. AND/OR channel bars and transverse bars few. Transient sediment deposition covers channels are well defined. Stream like has access to bankfull benches,or new 40-60% Sediment may be temporary transient, contribute instability. the stream is covered by sediment. Sediment is temporary / transient in erosion. Obvious bank sloughing sent. Erosion/raw banks on 80-100% less than 10% of bottom developed floodplains along Deposition that contribute to stability nature, and contributing to instability AND/OR Aggrading channel. Greater portions of the reach. Transient liment covers 10-40% of the stream may be forming/present. AND/OR V-shaped channels have vegetative AND/OR V-shaped channels have vegetative protection is present on > than 80% of stream bed is covered by deposition, contributing to instability. bottom protection on > 40% of the banks and 40% of the banks and stable sediment Multiple thread channels and/or epositional features which contribute to stability. deposition is absent subterranean flow. CI 2.00 Scores 3 1 NOTES>> Thick root growth top 1 foot of bank, eroded and undercut bottom 1.5 feet 2. RIPARIAN BUFFERS: Assess both bank's 100 foot riparian areas along the entire SAR. (rough measurements of length & width may be acceptable) **Conditional Category** NOTES>> Optimal Suboptimal Marginal Poor Low Marginal: Non-maintained, High Poor: Lawn High Suboptima Low Suboptimal Low Poor High Marginal dense herbaceous maintained areas Riparian areas with Riparian areas with Impervious surfaces, mine Non-maintained egetation, riparia nurseries: no-till ee stratum (dbh: ree stratum (dbh > eas lacking shrul nse herbaceo cropland; actively 3 inches) present 3 inches) present Tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, vegetation with and tree stratum grazed pasture, spoil lands, Riparian with 30% to 60% with 30% to 60% either a shrub laye or a tree layer (dbl hay production, onds, open water parsely vegetate non-maintained with > 60% tree canopy cover. nuded surfaces tree canopy cover and containing bot tree canopy cover and a maintained **Buffers** Wetlands located within the riparian areas 3 inches) present If present, tree area, recently feed lots, trails, or herbaceous and nderstory. Recent cutover (dense with <30% tree stratum (dbh >3 seeded and other comparable shrub layers or a non-maintained inches) present, tabilized, or other conditions canopy cover vegetation). with <30% tree comparable understory. canopy cover with maintained condition. understory. High Low High Low High Low 1.5 0.5 Scores 1.2 1.1 0.85 0.75 0.6 1. Delineate riparian areas along each stream bank into Condition Categories and Condition Scores using the descriptors Ensure the sums 2. Determine square footage for each by measuring or estimating length and width. Calculators are provided for you below of % Riparian Enter the % Riparian Area and Score for each riparian category in the blocks below Blocks equal 100 % Riparian Area> 85% 15% 100% Right Bank 0.85 0.75 Score > CI= (Sum % RA \* Scores\*0.01)/2 % Riparian Area> 10% 90% 100% Rt Bank CI > CI Left Bank 0.80 0.85 0.75 0.76 3. INSTREAM HABITAT: Varied substrate sizes, water velocity and depths; woody and leafy debris; stable substrate; low embededness; shade; undercut banks; root mats; SAV; riffle/pool complexes, stable features **Conditional Category** Notes: 1.2 Optimal Suboptimal Marginal Poor Instream Habitat/ Stable habitat elements are typically Habitat elements listed above are Available esent in 10-30% of the reach and are Habitat elements are typically present resent in 30-50% of the reach and are lacking or are unstable. Habitat greater than 50% of the reach adequate for maintenance of adequate for maintenance of elements are typically present in less than 10% of the reach. Cover populations. populations Stream Gradient CI

Scores

1.5

1.2

0.9

0.5

1 20

Low

	S	tream li	npact A	ssessn	nent For	m Page	2		
Project #	Project Name (App	licant)	Locality	Cowardin Class.	нис	Date	SAR#	Impact length	Impact Factor
22865.06	Mountain Valley Pipeline Valley Pipeline, L	•	Pittsylvania	R3	03010105	08/19/21	S-G2	20	1
. CHANNEL	_ ALTERATION: Stream crossin	gs, riprap, concret		crete blocks, strai	htening of channe	el, channelization,	embankments, sp	poil piles, constrictio	ns, livestock
	Negligible	Mi	nor		erate	Sev	rere	110120	
Channel Alteration	Channelization, dredging, alteration, or hardening absent. Stream has an unaltered pattern or has naturalized.	Less than 20% of the stream reach is disrupted by any of the channel alterations listed in the parameter guidelines.	the channel	40 - 60% of reach is disrupted by any of the channel alterations listed in the parameter guidelines. If stream has been channelized, normal stable stream meander pattern has not recovered.	60 - 80% of reach is disrupted by any of the channel alterations listed in the parameter guidelines. If stream has been channelized, normal stable stream meander pattern has not recovered.	Greater than 80% o by any of the chann in the parameter g 80% of banks sh riprap, or	nel alterations listed uidelines AND/OR ored with gabion,		
Scores	1.5	1.3	1.1	0.9	0.7	0.	.5		
	DEACH	CONDITION	INDEX and	STDEAM CO	NDITION UN	ITC EOD THE	S DEACH		
	REACH	CONDITION	INDEX and a	STREAM CO	NDITION UNI	IIS FUK ITIK	3 KEACH		

NOTE: The CIs and RCI should be rounded to 2 decimal places. The CR should be rounded to a whole number.

THE REACH CONDITION INDEX (RCI) >> 1.06

RCI= (Sum of all Cl's)/5, except if stream is ephemeral RCI = (Riparian Cl/2)

COMPENSATION REQUIREMENT (CR) >>

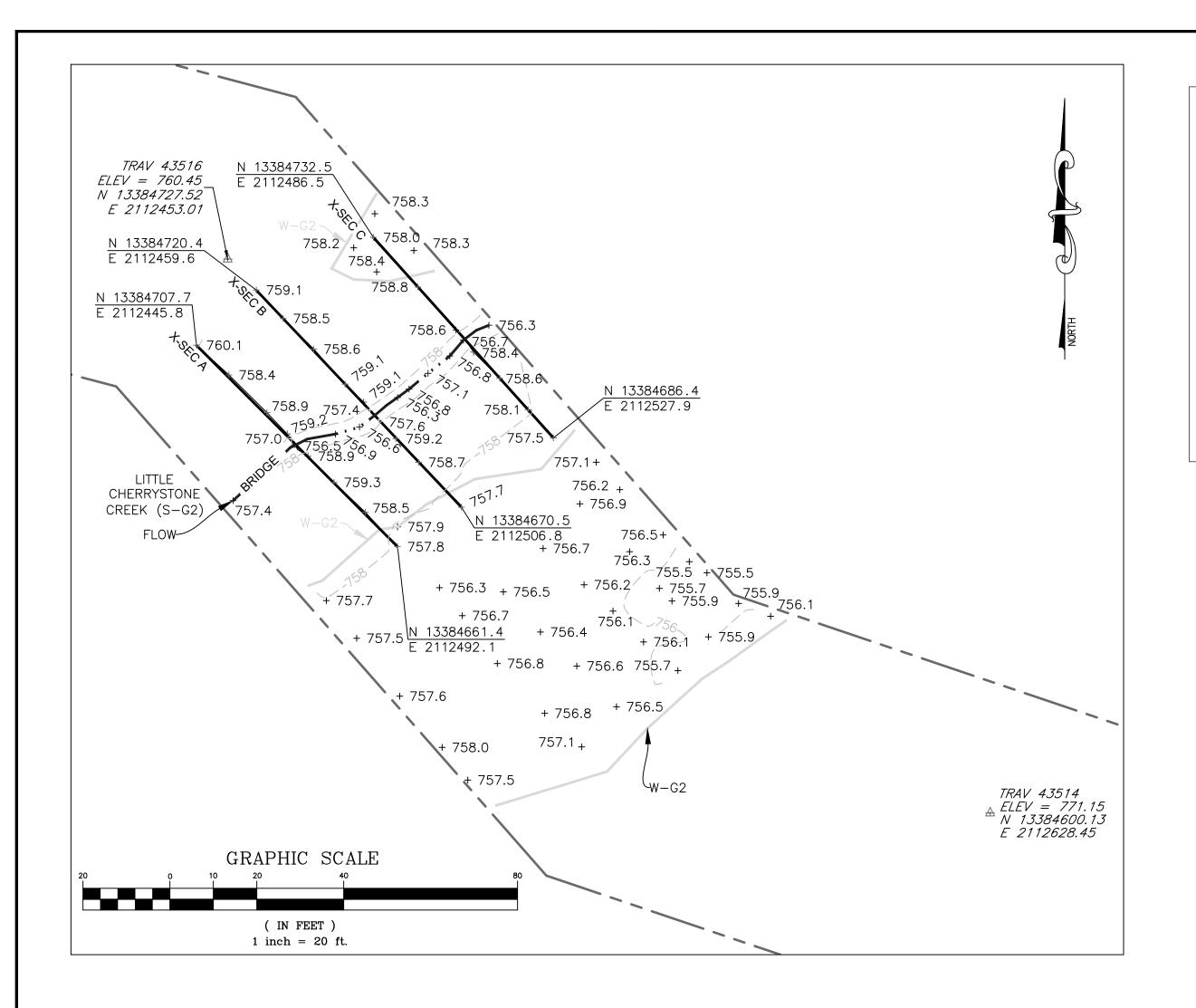
CR = RCI X L<sub>I</sub> X IF

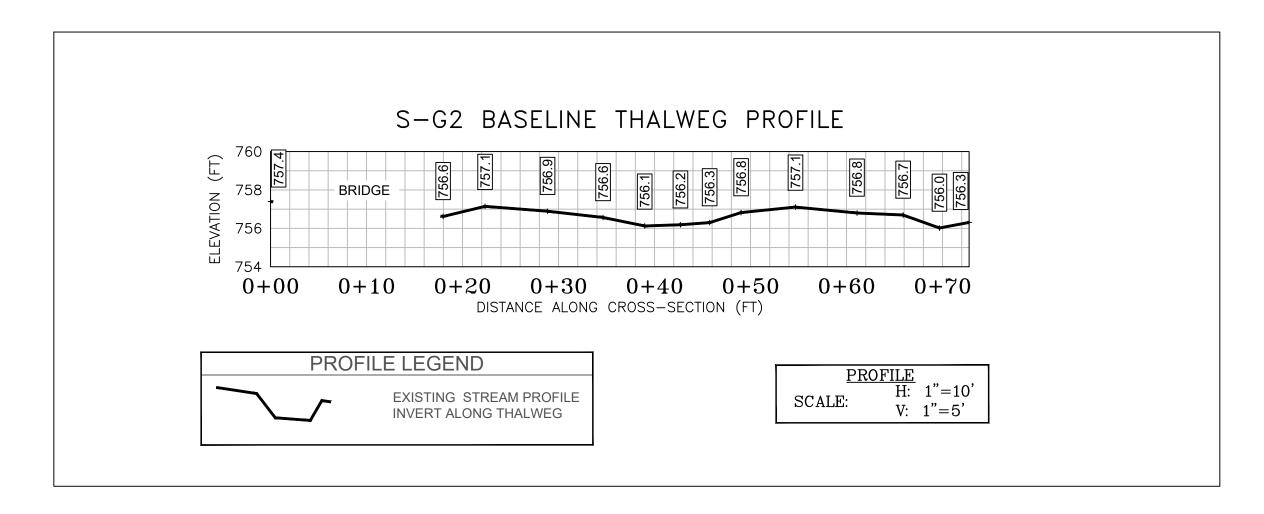
#### **INSERT PHOTOS:**



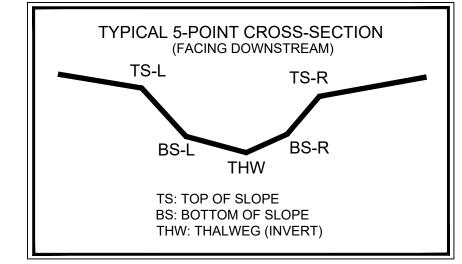
DESCRIBE PROPOSED IMPACT:

PROVIDED UNDER SEPARATE COVER





CL	STAKEOUT POIN	ITS: S-G2 CROS	S SECTION	B (PIPE CL	.}
	PR	RE-CROSSING		POST-CI	ROSSING
PT. LOC.	NORTHING	EASTING	ELEV	VERT.	HORZ.
11. 200.	Nonmina	LASIIII		DIFF.	DIFF.
TS-L	13384688.74	2112489.45	759.27		
BS-L	13384690.50	2112487.84	757.55		
THW	13384691.70	2112487.01	756.02		
BS-R	13384692.83	2112485.73	757.42		
TS-R	13384694.64	2112484.29	759.09		



# LEGEND STUDY AREA (EASEMENT)

EXISTING SURVEY-LOCATED THALWEG

EXISTING SURVEY-LOCATED EDGE OF WATER (AS NECESSARY)

EXISTING CONTOUR LINE (MAJOR)

EXISTING CONTOUR LINE (MINOR)

EXISTING SURVEYED GROUND SHOT ELEVATION 706.8 <del>+</del>

BENCHMARK POINT (WSSI)

#### SURVEY NOTES:

- 1. This map has been oriented to NAD 1983 UTM ZONE 17N, and vertically to The North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88), using a Real Time Network (RTN) GPS. Field locations were completed on November 5, 2018.
- 2. Monumentation, including traverse stations and fly points, shown on this drawing should be used to orient any future boundary, topographic, or location survey.
- 3. Easement lines shown on plan view were provided by Mountain Valley Pipeline (MVP).
- 4. WSSI Contour Interval = 2.0'. Contours within the channel were interpolated using stream channel breaklines (i.e. top of slopes, toe of slopes, thalweg) and cross-sectional points. Contours outside the channel were interpolated using cross-sectional spot shots.

CROSS SECTION

CROSS SECTION LEGEND

NOTE: ALL SECTION VIEWS SHOWN LEFT TO

RIGHT FACING DOWNSTREAM.

EXISTING GRADE

H: 1"=10'

- 5. All section views shown are left to right facing downstream.
- 6. Cross-section B shot at location of pipe centerline (based on best professional judgement).



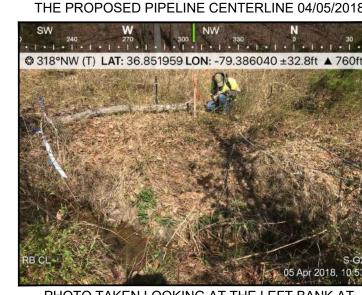


PRE-CROSSING PHOTOS

Ø 95°E (T) LAT: 36.851910 LON: -79.386070 ±32.8ft ▲ 771ft

@ 227°SW (T) LAT: 36.852016 LON: -79.385963 ±16.4ft ▲ 761ft

Wetland



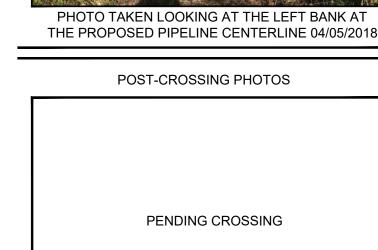
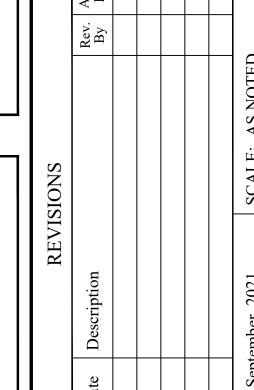


PHOTO TAKEN LOOKING

PENDING CROSSING

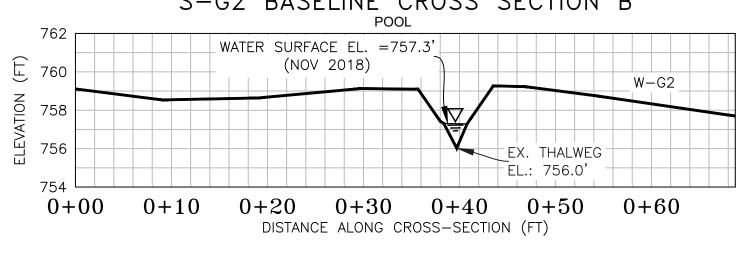


-G2-Pittsyl

PHOTO TAKEN LOOKING		No.			
	Horiz	zontal ]	Datu	ım:	NAD
	Verti	cal Da	tum	•	NA
	MVP	dary a		-	) So
PENDING CROSSING	Des	ign	D	raft	
	EJ	С	S	SIH	
			9	haat	- #

PHOTO TAKEN LOOKING

762				EE EL. =757.4' 2018)
760				W-G2
758		\ <u>\</u>		
756		EX. THALWEG EL.: 756.5'		
0+00	0+10		0 +40	0+50 0+60
0+00	0+10	DISTANCE ALONG C		



S-G2 BASELINE CROSS SECTION C -WATER SURFACE EL. =757.1'-(NOV 2018) 760 0+20 0+30 $0+40 \quad 0+50$ 0 + 10DISTANCE ALONG CROSS-SECTION (FT)

PHOTO TAKEN LOOKING AT THE RIGHT BANK AT THE PROPOSED PIPELINE CENTERLINE 04/05/2018 **③** 318°NW (T) LAT: 36.851959 LON: -79.386040 ±32.8ft ▲ 760ft

AD 1983 UTM ZONE 17 NAVD 88 Source:

Approved PFS Sheet # 1 of 1

Computer File Name: L:\Survey\22000s\22800\22865.03\Spread I Work Dwgs 22865\_03 S-I MP 292-303 Sheets.dwg