Baseline Assessment – Stream Attributes

Reach S-H23 (Pipeline ROW) Ephemeral Spread I Franklin County, Virginia

Data	Included
Photos	✓
SWVM Form	✓
FCI Calculator and HGM Form	N/A – Slope less than 4%
RBP Physical Characteristics Form	✓
Water Quality Data	N/A – No flow
RBP Habitat Form*	✓
RBP Benthic Form	✓
Benthic Identification Sheet	N/A – No flow
Wolman Pebble Count	✓
RiverMorph Data Sheet	✓
USM Form (Virginia Only)	✓
Longitudinal Profile and Cross Sections	✓

^{*}Modified RBP – no flow



Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Downstream at ROW/LOC looking NE upstream, VM



Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Downstream at ROW/LOC looking SW downstream, VM



Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: On thalweg at pipe centerline looking SE at left streambank, VM



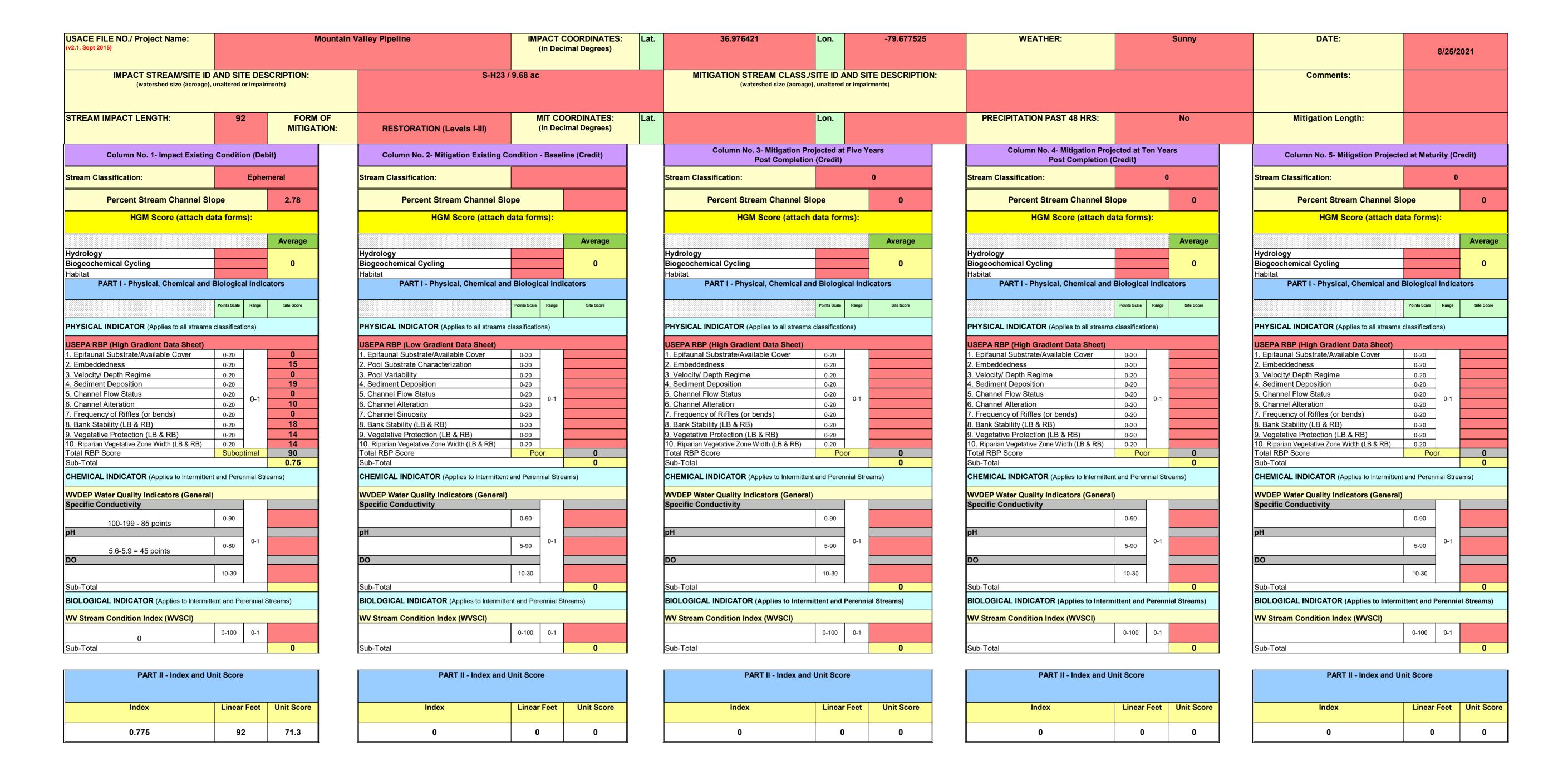
Photo Type: RB CL Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: On thalweg at pipe centerline looking NW at right streambank, VM



Photo Type: US COND Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Upstream at ROW/LOC looking NE upstream, VM

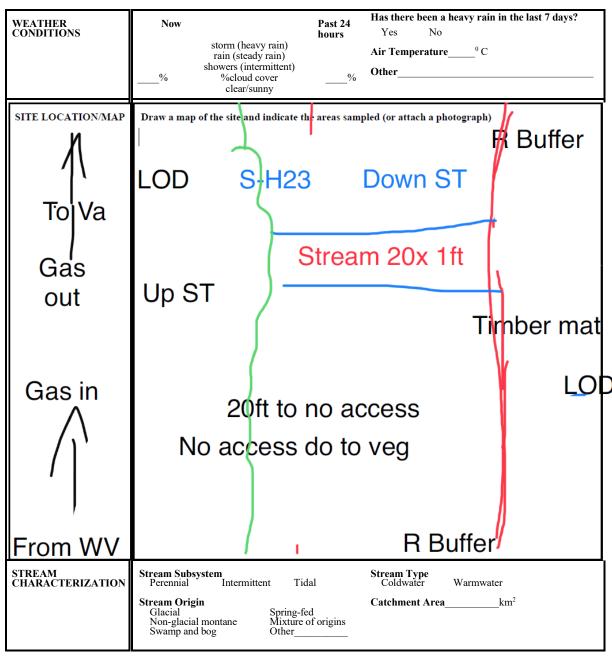


Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Upstream at ROW/LOC looking SW downstream, VM



PHYSICAL CHARACTERIZATION/WATER QUALITY FIELD DATA SHEET (FRONT)

WEATHED	Now	Post 24	Has there been a heavy rain in the last 7 days?				
		TIME					
FORM COMPLETED BY		DATE	REASON FOR SURVEY				
INVESTIGATORS							
STORET#		AGENCY					
LATLONG		RIVER BASIN					
STATION#RI	IVERMILE	STREAM CLASS					
STREAM NAME		LOCATION					



PHYSICAL CHARACTERIZATION/WATER QUALITY FIELD DATA SHEET (BACK)

WATERS FEATURI		Fores Field	Pasture Industria ultural Other	rcial	Local Watershed NPS No evidence □ Sor Obvious sources Local Watershed Erosi None Moderate	ne potential sources		
RIPARIA VEGETA (18 meter	ΓION	Trees	e the dominant type and Sl ant species present	hrubs	minant species present Grasses He	rbaceous		
INSTREA FEATURI		Estimat Samplin Area in Estimat	km² (m²x1000) ed Stream Depth Velocity m	m m² km² m	Canopy Cover Partly open Part High Water Mark Proportion of Reach R Morphology Types Riffle Pool Channelized Yes Dam Present Yes	epresented by Stream Run% No		
LARGE V DEBRIS	VOODY		m²	n ² /km ² (LWD/	reach area)			
AQUATIC VEGETA		Roote Floati Domin a	2 2	ooted submerge tached Algae	nt Rooted floating	Free floating		
Not en water sample	nough to	Specific Dissolve pH Turbidi	ed Oxygen ty		Water Odors Normal/None Sewage Petroleum Fishy Water Surface Oils Slick Sheen None Other Turbidity (if not measu Clear ☐ Slightly tu Opaque Stained	Chemical Other Globs Flecks		
SEDIMEN SUBSTRA		Odors Norm Chem Other Oils Abser		Petroleum None Deposits Sludge Sawdust Paper fiber Sai Relict shells Other Lpoking at stones which are not deeply embedd are the undersides black in color? te Profuse Yes No				
INC		STRATE (COMPONENTS 00%)		ORGANIC SUBSTRATE C (does not necessarily add			
Substrate Type	Diamet	er	% Composition in Sampling Reach	Substrate Type	Characteristic	% Composition in Sampling Area		
Bedrock				Detritus	sticks, wood, coarse plant			

INC	ORGANIC SUBSTRATE (should add up to			ORGANIC SUBSTRATE COMPONENTS (does not necessarily add up to 100%)							
Substrate Type	Diameter	% Composition in Sampling Reach	Substrate Type	Characteristic	% Composition in Sampling Area						
Bedrock			Detritus	sticks, wood, coarse plant							
Boulder	> 256 mm (10")			materials (CPOM)							
Cobble	64-256 mm (2.5"-10")		Muck-Mud	black, very fine organic							
Gravel	2-64 mm (0.1"-2.5")			(FPOM)							
Sand	0.06-2mm (gritty)		Marl	grey, shell fragments							
Silt	0.004-0.06 mm										
Clay	< 0.004 mm (slick)										

HABITAT ASSESSMENT FIELD DATA SHEET - HG - USE ON ALL STREAMS (FRONT)

STREAM NAME	LOCATION	
STATION # RIVERMILE	STREAM CLASS	
LAT LONG	RIVER BASIN	
STORET #	AGENCY	
INVESTIGATORS		
FORM COMPLETED BY	DATE TIME AM PM	REASON FOR SURVEY

	Habitat		Condition	ı Category						
	Parameter	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginal	Poor					
	1. Epifaunal Substrate/ Available Cover	Greater than 70% of substrate favorable for epifaunal colonization and fish cover; mix of snags, submerged logs, undercut banks, cobble or other stable habitat and at stage to allow full colonization potential (i.e., logs/snags that are not new fall and not transient).	40-70% mix of stable habitat; well-suited for full colonization potential; adequate habitat for maintenance of populations; presence of additional substrate in the form of newfall, but not yet prepared for colonization (may rate at high end of scale).	20-40% mix of stable habitat; habitat availability less than desirable; substrate frequently disturbed or removed.	Less than 20% stable habitat; lack of habitat is obvious; substrate unstable or lacking.					
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0					
n sampling reach	2. Embeddedness	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 0- 25% surrounded by fine sediment. Layering of cobble provides diversity of niche space.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 25- 50% surrounded by fine sediment.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 50- 75% surrounded by fine sediment.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are more than 75% surrounded by fine sediment.					
ted in	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0					
Parameters to be evaluated in sampling reach	3. Velocity/Depth Regime	All four velocity/depth regimes present (slow-deep, slow-shallow, fast-deep, fast-shallow). (Slow is < 0.3 m/s, deep is > 0.5 m.)	Only 3 of the 4 regimes present (if fast-shallow is missing, score lower than if missing other regimes).	Only 2 of the 4 habitat regimes present (if fast- shallow or slow-shallow are missing, score low).	Dominated by 1 velocity/depth regime (usually slow-deep).					
ıram	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0					
P	4. Sediment Deposition	Little or no enlargement of islands or point bars and less than 5% of the bottom affected by sediment deposition.	Some new increase in bar formation, mostly from gravel, sand or fine sediment; 5-30% of the bottom affected; slight deposition in pools.	Moderate deposition of new gravel, sand or fine sediment on old and new bars; 30-50% of the bottom affected; sediment deposits at obstructions, constrictions, and bends; moderate deposition of pools prevalent.	Heavy deposits of fine material, increased bar development; more than 50% of the bottom changing frequently; pools almost absent due to substantial sediment deposition.					
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0					
	5. Channel Flow Status	Water reaches base of both lower banks, and minimal amount of channel substrate is exposed.	Water fills >75% of the available channel; or <25% of channel substrate is exposed.	Water fills 25-75% of the available channel, and/or riffle substrates are mostly exposed.	Very little water in channel and mostly present as standing pools.					
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0					

NOTE: Modified RBP

HABITAT ASSESSMENT FIELD DATA SHEET—HIGH GRADIENT STREAMS (BACK)

	Habitat		Condition	Category				
	Parameter	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginal	Poor			
	6. Channel Alteration	Channelization or dredging absent or minimal; stream with normal pattern.	Some channelization present, usually in areas of bridge abutments; evidence of past channelization, i.e., dredging, (greater than past 20 yr) may be present, but recent channelization is not present.	Channelization may be extensive; embankments or shoring structures present on both banks; and 40 to 80% of stream reach channelized and disrupted.	Banks shored with gabion or cement; over 80% of the stream reach channelized and disrupted. Instream habitat greatly altered or removed entirely.			
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0			
ling reach	7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	Occurrence of riffles relatively frequent; ratio of distance between riffles divided by width of the stream <7:1 (generally 5 to 7); variety of habitat is key. In streams where riffles are continuous, placement of boulders or other large, natural obstruction is important.	Occurrence of riffles infrequent; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between 7 to 15.	Occasional riffle or bend; bottom contours provide some habitat; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between 15 to 25.	Generally all flat water or shallow riffles; poor habitat; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is a ratio of >25.			
samp	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0			
Parameters to be evaluated broader than sampling reach	8. Bank Stability (score each bank) Note: determine left or right side by facing downstream.	Banks stable; evidence of erosion or bank failure absent or minimal; little potential for future problems. <5% of bank affected.	Moderately stable; infrequent, small areas of erosion mostly healed over. 5-30% of bank in reach has areas of erosion.	Moderately unstable; 30-60% of bank in reach has areas of erosion; high erosion potential during floods.	Unstable; many eroded areas; "raw" areas frequent along straight sections and bends; obvious bank sloughing; 60-100% of bank has erosional scars.			
e ev	SCORE(LB)	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0			
s to b	SCORE (RB)	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0			
Parameter	9. Vegetative Protection (score each bank)	More than 90% of the streambank surfaces and immediate riparian zone covered by native vegetation, including trees, understory shrubs, or nonwoody macrophytes; vegetative disruption through grazing or mowing minimal or not evident; almost all plants allowed to grow naturally.	70-90% of the streambank surfaces covered by native vegetation, but one class of plants is not well-represented; disruption evident but not affecting full plant growth potential to any great extent; more than one-half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.	50-70% of the streambank surfaces covered by vegetation; disruption obvious; patches of bare soil or closely cropped vegetation common; less than one- half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.	Less than 50% of the streambank surfaces covered by vegetation; disruption of streambank vegetation is very high; vegetation has been removed to 5 centimeters or less in average stubble height.			
	SCORE (LB)	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0			
	SCORE (RB)	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0			
	10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (score each bank riparian zone)	Width of riparian zone >18 meters; human activities (i.e., parking lots, roadbeds, clear-cuts, lawns, or crops) have not impacted zone.	Width of riparian zone 12-18 meters; human activities have impacted zone only minimally.	Width of riparian zone 6- 12 meters; human activities have impacted zone a great deal.	Width of riparian zone <6 meters: little or no riparian vegetation due to human activities.			
	SCORE (LB)	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0			
	SCORE (RB)	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0			

Cotal Score	NOTE: Modified RBP

BENTHIC MACROINVERTEBRATE FIELD DATA SHEET

STREAM NAME	LOCATION					
STATION # RIVERMILE	STREAM CLASS					
LAT LONG	RIVER BASIN	RIVER BASIN				
STORET#	AGENCY					
INVESTIGATORS		LOT NUMBER				
FORM COMPLETED BY	DATE REASON FOR SURVEY TIME					
HADITAT TYPES Indicate the percentage of	and habitat type present					

HABITAT TYPES	Indicate the percentage of each habitat type present Cobble% Snags% Vegetated Banks% Sand% Submerged Macrophytes% Other ()%
SAMPLE COLLECTION	Gear used D-frame kick-net Other How were the samples collected? wading from bank from boat
	Indicate the number of jabs/kicks taken in each habitat type. Cobble Snags Vegetated Banks Sand Submerged Macrophytes Other ()
GENERAL COMMENTS	

QUALITATIVE LISTING OF AQUATIC BIOTA

Indicate estimated abundance: 0 = Absent/Not Observed, 1 = Rare, 2 = Common, 3 = Abundant, 4 = Dominant

Periphyton	0	1	2	3	4	Slimes	0	1	2	3	4
Filamentous Algae	0	1	2	3	4	Macroinvertebrates	0	1	2	3	4
Macrophytes	0	1	2	3	4	Fish	0	1	2	3	4

FIELD OBSERVATIONS OF MACROBENTHOS

Indicate estimated abundance: 0 = Absent/Not Observed, 1 = Rare (1-3 organisms), 2 = Common (3-9 organisms), 3 = Abundant (>10 organisms), 4 = Dominant (>50 organisms)

Porifera	0	1	2	3	4	Anisoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Chironomidae	0	1	2	3	4
Hydrozoa	0	1	2	3	4	Zygoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Ephemeroptera	0	1	2	3	4
Platyhelminthes	0	1	2	3	4	Hemiptera	0	1	2	3	4	Trichoptera	0	1	2	3	4
Turbellaria	0	1	2	3	4	Coleoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Other	0	1	2	3	4
Hirudinea	0	1	2	3	4	Lepidoptera	0	1	2	3	4						
Oligochaeta	0	1	2	3	4	Sialidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Isopoda	0	1	2	3	4	Corydalidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Amphipoda	0	1	2	3	4	Tipulidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Decapoda	0	1	2	3	4	Empididae	0	1	2	3	4						
Gastropoda	0	1	2	3	4	Simuliidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Bivalvia	0	1	2	3	4	Tabinidae	0	1	2	3	4						
						Culcidae	0	1	2	3	4						

WOLMAN PEBBLE COUNT FORM

County: Franklin County Stream ID: S-H23

Stream Name: UNT to

HUC Code: 03010101 Basin: Upper Roanoke

Survey Date: 8/25/2021
Surveyors: AJ, VM
Type: Representative

	1		LE COUNT				
Inches	PARTICLE	Millimeters		Particle Count	Total #	Item %	% Cui
	Silt/Clay	< .062	S/C	A	100	100.00	100.00
	Very Fine	.062125		A		0.00	100.0
	Fine	.12525	1	A		0.00	100.0
	Medium	.255	SAND	^		0.00	100.0
	Coarse	.50-1.0	1	^		0.00	100.0
.0408	Very Coarse	1.0-2	1	A		0.00	100.0
.0816	Very Fine	2 -4		A		0.00	100.0
.1622	Fine	4 -5.7	1	A		0.00	100.0
.2231	Fine	5.7 - 8	1	A		0.00	100.0
.3144	Medium	8 -11.3	1	A		0.00	100.0
.4463	Medium	11.3 - 16	GRAVEL	A		0.00	100.0
.6389	Coarse	16 -22.6		A		0.00	100.0
.89 - 1.26	Coarse	22.6 - 32	7	A		0.00	100.0
1.26 - 1.77	Vry Coarse	32 - 45		A		0.00	100.0
1.77 -2.5	Vry Coarse	45 - 64		A		0.00	100.0
2.5 - 3.5	Small	64 - 90		A		0.00	100.0
3.5 - 5.0	Small	90 - 128	1	A		0.00	100.0
5.0 - 7.1	Large	128 - 180	COBBLE	^		0.00	100.0
7.1 - 10.1	Large	180 - 256	-	^		0.00	100.0
10.1 - 14.3	Small	256 - 362		A		0.00	100.0
14.3 - 20	Small	362 - 512	1	A		0.00	100.0
20 - 40	Medium	512 - 1024	BOULDER	A		0.00	100.0
40 - 80	Large	1024 -2048	1	<u> </u>		0.00	100.0
80 - 160	Vry Large	2048 -4096	1	A		0.00	100.0
	Bedrock		BDRK	<u> </u>		0.00	100.0
				Totals:	100		

RIVERMORPH PARTICLE SUMMARY

River Name: UNT to Turkey Creek Reach Name: S-H23 Representative 08/25/2021

Size (mm)	TOT #	ITEM %	CUM %
0 - 0.062 0.062 - 0.125 0.125 - 0.25 0.25 - 0.50 0.50 - 1.0 1.0 - 2.0 2.0 - 4.0 4.0 - 5.7 5.7 - 8.0 8.0 - 11.3 11.3 - 16.0 16.0 - 22.6 22.6 - 32.0 32 - 45 45 - 64 64 - 90 90 - 128 128 - 180 180 - 256 256 - 362 362 - 512 512 - 1024 1024 - 2048 Bedrock	100 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	100.00 0.00	100.00 100.00
D16 (mm) D35 (mm) D50 (mm) D84 (mm) D95 (mm) D100 (mm) Silt/Clay (%) Sand (%) Gravel (%) Cobble (%) Boulder (%) Bedrock (%)	0.01 0.02 0.03 0.05 0.06 0.06 100 0		

Total Particles = 100.

Ephemeral Stream Assessment Form (Form 1a) Unified Stream Methodology for use in Virginia For use in ephemeral streams Cowardin **Impact Impact Project # Project Name** HUC SAR# Locality **Date Factor** Length Class. **Mountain Valley Pipeline (Mountain** 22865.06 03010101 S-H23 92 ranklin Coun R6 8-25-2021 **Valley Pipeline, LLC)** Name(s) of Evaluator(s) **Stream Name and Information** SAR Length 92 Spread I; Franklin County, UNT to Turkey Creek AJ, VM 2. RIPARIAN BUFFERS: Assess both bank's 100 foot riparian areas along the entire SAR. (rough measurements of length & width may be acceptable) NOTES>> **Conditional Category Optimal Suboptimal** Marginal Poor Low Marginal: **High Poor:** Non-maintained, Low Suboptimal: **High Suboptimal**: Lawns, mowed, **High Marginal:** dense herbaceous Riparian areas Riparian areas and maintained Low Poor: Non-maintained, with tree stratum vegetation, with tree stratum Impervious areas, nurseries; (dbh > 3 inches) dense herbaceous riparian areas (dbh > 3 inches) no-till cropland; surfaces, mine vegetation with lacking shrub and present, with Tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, actively grazed present, with 30% spoil lands, Riparian either a shrub >30% tree canopy tree stratum, hay with > 60% tree canopy cover and an to 60% tree pasture, sparsely denuded surfaces, production, ponds cover and a layer or a tree **Buffers** non-maintained understory. Wetlands vegetated noncanopy cover and row crops, active layer (dbh > 3 maintained open water. If containing both maintained area, feed lots, trails, or areas. inches) present, present, tree understory. other comparable herbaceous and recently seeded with <30% tree stratum (dbh >3 Recent cutover and stabilized, or shrub layers or a conditions. inches) present, (dense canopy cover. non-maintained other comparable with <30% tree vegetation). condition. understory. canopy cover with maintained understory. High High High Low Low Low Condition 1.5 1.2 1.1 0.5 0.85 0.75 0.6 **Scores** 1. Delineate riparian areas along each stream bank into Condition Categories and Condition Scores using the descriptors. Ensure the sums 2. Determine square footage for each by measuring or estimating length and width. Calculators are provided for you of % Riparian below. Blocks equal 100 3. Enter the % Riparian Area and Score for each riparian category in the blocks below. 100% 100% % Riparian Area> **Right Bank** 0.85 Score > CI= (Sum % RA * Scores*0.01)/2 100% 100% Rt Bank CI > CI % Riparian Area> 0.85 **Left Bank** 0.85 0.85 Lt Bank CI > 0.85 Score > REACH CONDITION INDEX and STREAM CONDITION UNITS FOR THIS REACH THE REACH CONDITION INDEX (RCI) >> 0.43 NOTE: The CIs and RCI should be rounded to 2 decimal places. The CR should be rounded to a whole number.

RCI=

RCI= (Riparian CI)/2

COMPENSATION REQUIREMENT (CR) >> 40

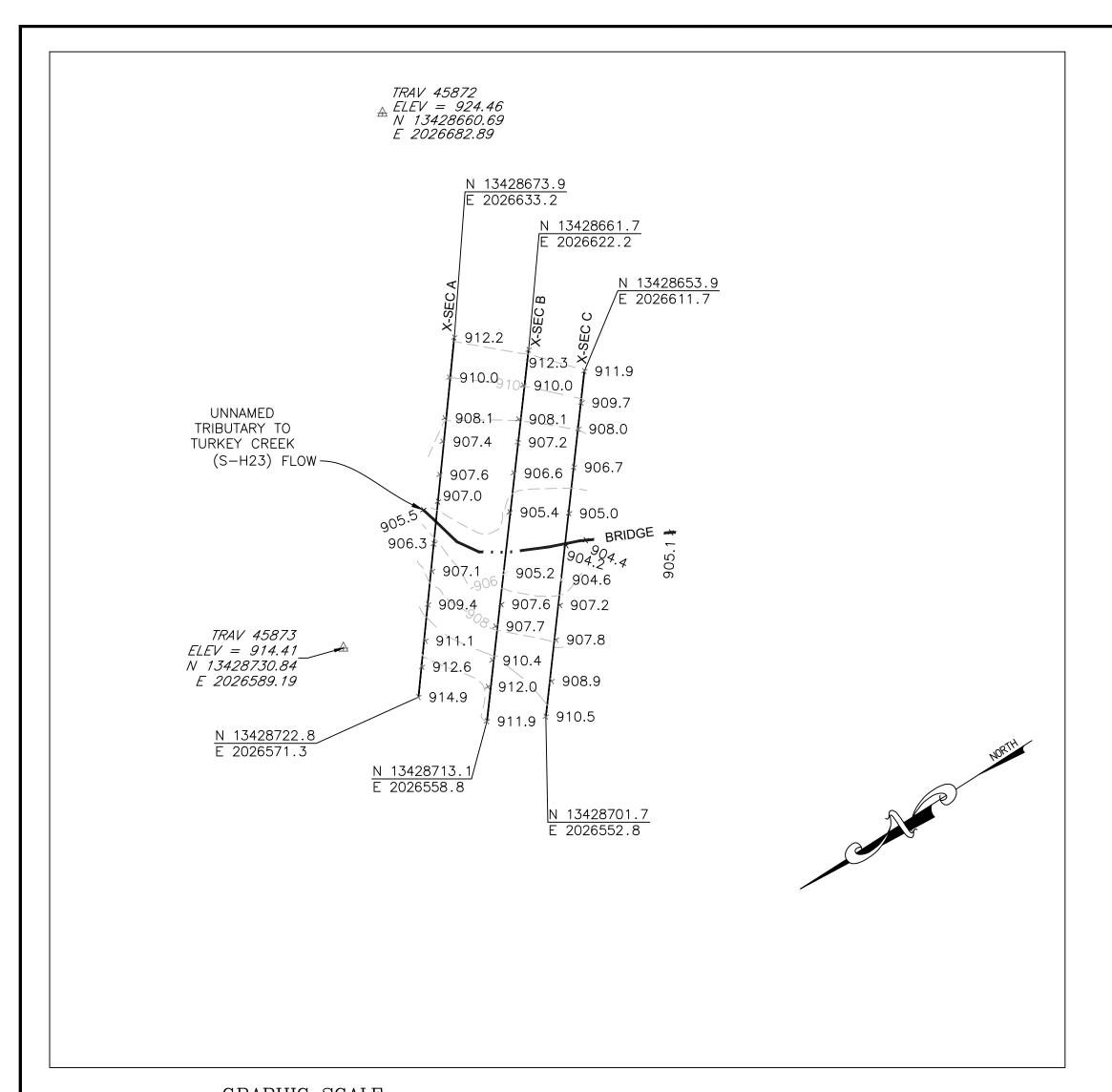
CR = RCI X LF X IF

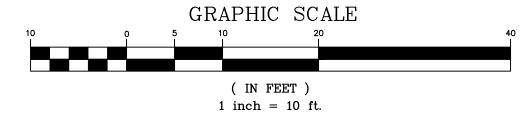
INSERT PHOTOS:

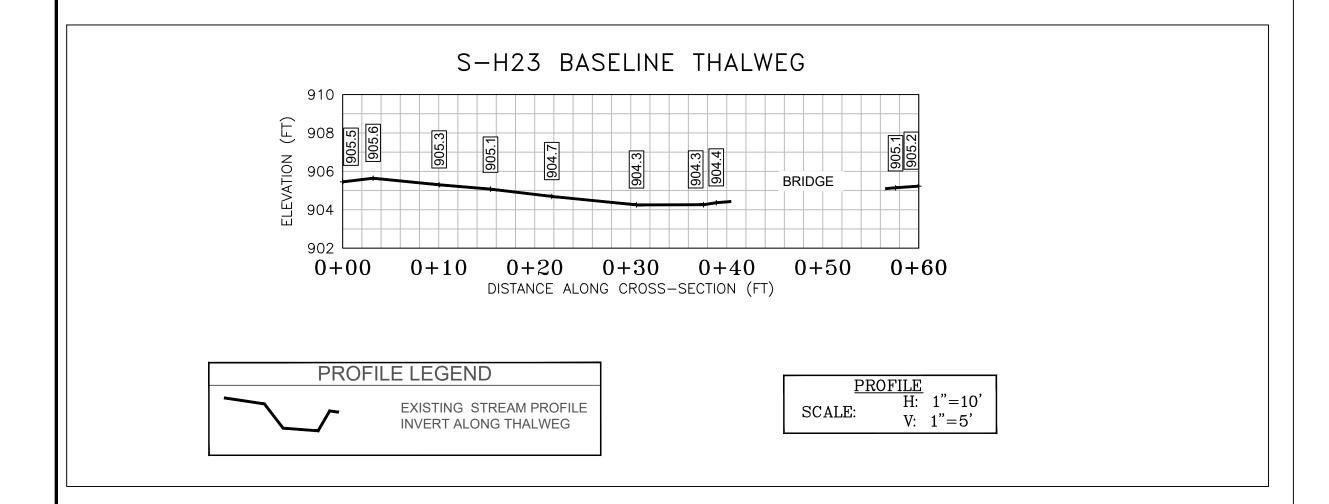


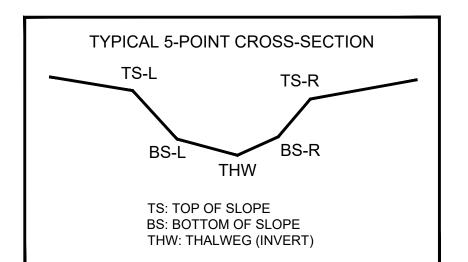
CAPTION. Assessment is limited to areas within the temporary ROW.

DESCRIBE PROPOSED IMPACT:					
	PROVIDED UNDER SEPARATE COVER				
	PROVIDED UNDER SEPARATE COVER				

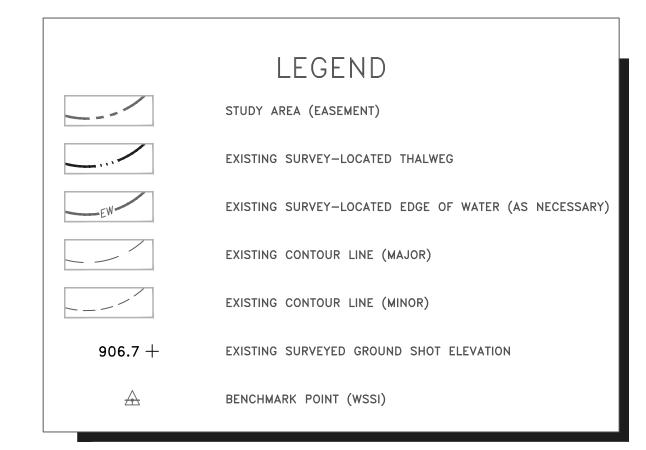






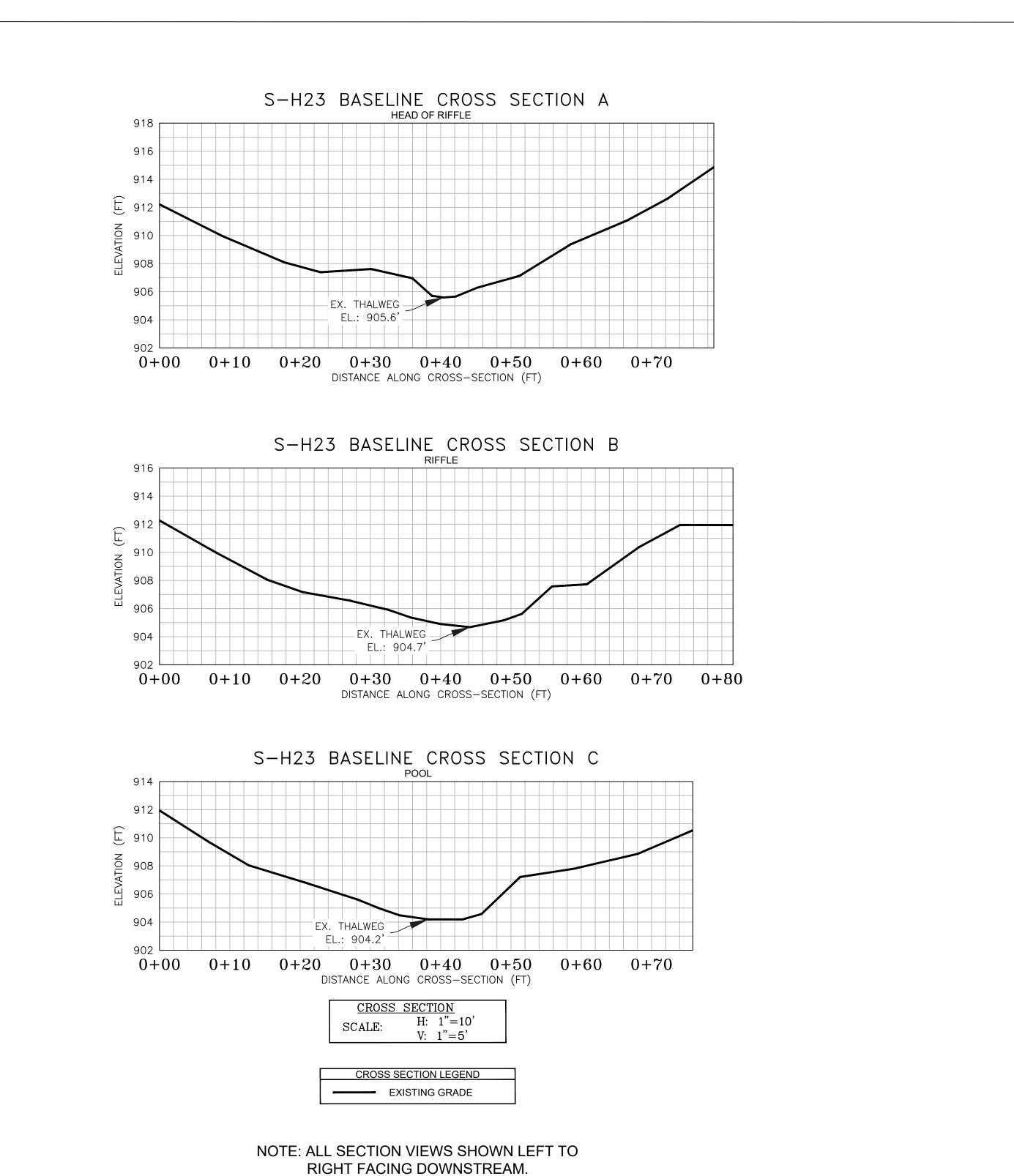


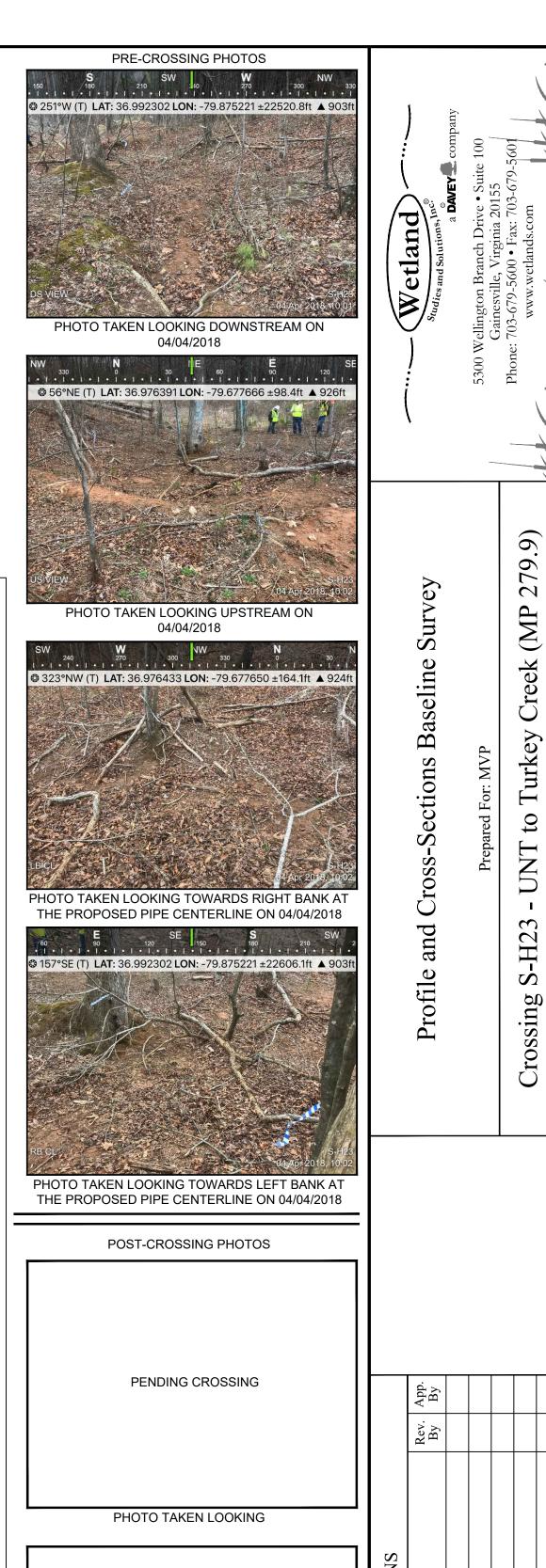
CL STAKEOUT POINTS: S-H23 CROSS SECTION B (PIPE CL)						
	PRE	POST-CROSSING				
DT LOC	NODTHING FACTING		F1 F1/	VERT.	HORZ.	
PT. LOC.	NORTHING	NG EASTING ELEV	ELEV	DIFF.	DIFF.	
TS-L	13428684.29	2026594.58	905.37			
BS-L	13428686.97	2026591.47	904.91			
THW	13428689.40	2026587.85	904.68			
BS-R	13428692.22	2026583.89	905.17			
TS-R	13428696.65	2026578.65	907.58			



SURVEY NOTES:

- 1. This map has been oriented to NAD 1983 UTM ZONE 17N, and vertically to The North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88), using a Real Time Network (RTN) GPS. Field locations were completed on December 4, 2018.
- 2. Monumentation, including traverse stations and fly points, shown on this drawing should be used to orient any future boundary, topographic, or location survey.
- 3. Easement lines shown on plan view were provided by Mountain Valley Pipeline (MVP).
- 4. WSSI Contour Interval = 2.0'. Contours within the channel were interpolated using stream channel breaklines (i.e. top of slopes, toe of slopes, thalweg) and cross-sectional points. Contours outside the channel were interpolated using cross-sectional spot shots.
- 5. All section views shown are left to right facing downstream.
- 6. Cross-section B shot at location of pipe centerline (based on best professional judgement).





PENDING CROSSING

PHOTO TAKEN LOOKING

PENDING CROSSING

PHOTO TAKEN LOOKING

Horizontal Datum: NAD 1983 UTM ZONE

SIH

Sheet #

1 of 1

Approved

PFS

Vertical Datum: NAVD 88

Boundary and Topo Source:

WSSI 2' C.I. Topo

Computer File Name:

2865_03 S-I MP 279-291 Sheets.dwg

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EJC