## **Baseline Assessment – Stream Attributes**

# Reach S-KL51 (Pipeline ROW) Perennial Spread I Franklin County, Virginia

Data	Included
Photos	✓
SWVM Form	✓
FCI Calculator and HGM Form	N/A – Perennial stream
	(not shadeable, slope less than 4%)
RBP Physical Characteristics Form	✓
Water Quality Data	✓
RBP Habitat Form	✓
RBP Benthic Form	✓
Benthic Identification Sheet	✓
Wolman Pebble Count	✓
RiverMorph Data Sheet	✓
USM Form (Virginia Only)	✓
Longitudinal Profile and Cross Sections	✓

### Spread I Stream S-KL51 (Pipeline ROW) Franklin County

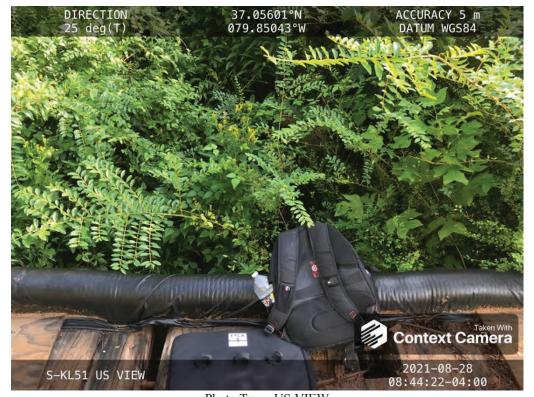


Photo Type: US VIEW Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Downstream at ROW/LOD looking NE upstream, RAH



Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Downstream at ROW/LOD looking SW downstream, RAH

# Spread I Stream S-KL51 (Pipeline ROW) Franklin County



Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: On thalweg at pipe centerline looking NW at right streambank, RAH



Photo Type: RB CL

Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: On thalweg at pipe centerline looking SE at left streambank, RAH

# Spread I Stream S-KL51 (Pipeline ROW) Franklin County



Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Upstream at ROW/LOD looking NW upstream, RAH



Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Upstream at ROW/LOD looking SE downstream, RAH

# West Virginia Stream and Wetland Valuation Metric (SWVM) Version 2.1, September 2017

USACE FILE NO./ Project Name: (v2.1, Sept 2015)	Mountain	Valley Pipeline	IMPACT COORDINATES: (in Decimal Degrees)	Lat.	37.056084 Lon.	-79.850384	WEATHER:	Sunny		DATE:	8/28/2021
IMPACT STREAM/SITE ID AND SITE I (watershed size {acreage}, unaltered or in		S-KL51; 47	7.66 Acres		MITIGATION STREAM CLASS./SITE ID AN (watershed size {acreage}, unaltered or					Comments:	
STREAM IMPACT LENGTH: 67	FORM OF MITIGATION:	RESTORATION (Levels I-III)	MIT COORDINATES: (in Decimal Degrees)	Lat.	Lon.		PRECIPITATION PAST 48 HRS:	No		Mitigation Length:	
Column No. 1- Impact Existing Condition	(Debit)	Column No. 2- Mitigation Existing Co	ndition - Baseline (Credit)		Column No. 3- Mitigation Projected at F Post Completion (Credit)	ive Years	Column No. 4- Mitigation Proje Post Completion (			Column No. 5- Mitigation Projected	d at Maturity (Credit)
Stream Classification:	erennial	Stream Classification:			Stream Classification:	0	Stream Classification:	0		Stream Classification:	0
Percent Stream Channel Slope	0.78	Percent Stream Channel Slop	oe e		Percent Stream Channel Slope	0	Percent Stream Channel Slo	ope 0		Percent Stream Channel Slo	pe 0
HGM Score (attach data forms):		HGM Score (attach da	ata forms):	-	HGM Score (attach data forms	s):	HGM Score (attach da	ata forms):		HGM Score (attach dat	a forms):
	Average		Average			Average		Averag			Average
Hydrology Biogeochemical Cycling	0	Hydrology Biogeochemical Cycling	0		Hydrology Biogeochemical Cycling	0	Hydrology Biogeochemical Cycling	0	II II	Hydrology Biogeochemical Cycling	0
PART I - Physical, Chemical and Biological I	ndicators	Habitat  PART I - Physical, Chemical and	Biological Indicators		PART I - Physical, Chemical and Biological	al Indicators	PART I - Physical, Chemical and	Biological Indicators		Habitat  PART I - Physical, Chemical and E	Biological Indicators
Points Scale R	inge Site Score		Points Scale Range Site Score		Points Scale	Range Site Score		Points Scale Range Site Score	е		Points Scale Range Site Score
PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams classifications	s)	PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams cl	assifications)		PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams classification	s)	PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams	s classifications)		PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams of	classifications)
USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet)		USEPA RBP (Low Gradient Data Sheet)			USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet)		USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet)			USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet)	
1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover 0-20	16	1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover	0-20		1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover 0-20		Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover	0-20		Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover	0-20
2. Embeddedness 0-20	15	2. Pool Substrate Characterization	0-20		2. Embeddedness 0-20		2. Embeddedness	0-20		2. Embeddedness	0-20
3. Velocity/ Depth Regime 0-20 4. Sediment Deposition 0-20	11 14	Pool Variability     Sediment Deposition	0-20 0-20		3. Velocity/ Depth Regime 0-20 4. Sediment Deposition 0-20		Velocity/ Depth Regime     Sediment Deposition	0-20 0-20		Velocity/ Depth Regime     Sediment Deposition	0-20 0-20
5 Channel Flow Status	11	5. Channel Flow Status	0-20		5. Channel Flow Status 0-20		5. Channel Flow Status	0-20		5. Channel Flow Status	0-20
6. Channel Alteration 0-20	-1 <b>15</b>	6. Channel Alteration	0-20 0-1		6. Channel Alteration 0-20	0-1	6. Channel Alteration	0-20 0-1		6. Channel Alteration	0-20 0-1
7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	18	7. Channel Sinuosity	0-20		7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends) 0-20		7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	0-20		7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	0-20
8. Bank Stability (LB & RB) 0-20	16	8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)	0-20		8. Bank Stability (LB & RB) 0-20		8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)	0-20		8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)	0-20
9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB) 0-20	18	9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20		9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB) 0-20		9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20		9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20
10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB) 0-20	12	10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB)	0-20		10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB) 0-20		10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB)	0-20		10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB)	0-20
Total RBP Score Suboptim		Total RBP Score	Poor 0		Total RBP Score Poor	0	Total RBP Score	Poor 0		Total RBP Score	Poor 0
Sub-Total  CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermittent and Perenni	0.73	Sub-Total  CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermittent a	and Perennial Streams)		Sub-Total  CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermittent and Perenn	ial Streams)	Sub-Total  CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitter	nt and Perennial Streams)		Sub-Total  CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermittent	and Perennial Streams)
WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General)		WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General)			WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General)		WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General)	<u> </u>		WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General)	
Specific Conductivity		Specific Conductivity			Specific Conductivity		Specific Conductivity	,		Specific Conductivity	
0-90	70.5		0-90		0-90			0-90			0-90
<=99 - 90 points	1010	-11					-11			n11	
ph	)-1	рн	0-1		рн	0-1	рн	0-1		рн	0-1
6.0-8.0 = 80 points	7.01		5-90		5-90			5-90			5-90
DO		DO			DO		DO			DO	
10-30	9.01		10-30		10-30			10-30			10-30
>5.0 = 30 points Sub-Total	1	Sub-Total			Sub-Total	0	Sub-Total			 Sub-Total	
BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermittent and Perei	nnial Streams)	BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermittel	nt and Perennial Streams)		BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermittent and Po	erennial Streams)	BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Interm	nittent and Perennial Streams		BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermit	tent and Perennial Streams)
WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)		WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)			WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)		WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)			WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)	
0-100	<b>84.2</b>		0-100 0-1		0-100	0-1		0-100 0-1			0-100 0-1
Very Good Sub-Total	0.842	Sub-Total	0		Sub-Total	0	Sub-Total	0		Sub-Total	0
PART II - Index and Unit Score		PART II - Index and U	nit Score		PART II - Index and Unit Score		PART II - Index and U	nit Score		PART II - Index and Un	it Score
Index Linear Fe	et Unit Score	Index	Linear Feet Unit Score		Index Linear F	Teet Unit Score	Index	Linear Feet Unit Sco	ore	Index	Linear Feet Unit Score
0.857 67	57.44133333	0	0 0		0 0	0	0	0 0		0	0 0
0.007	07.44100000	Ŭ .					<u> </u>			•	

# PHYSICAL CHARACTERIZATION/WATER QUALITY FIELD DATA SHEET (FRONT)

STREAM NAME S-KL51	LOCATION Franklin Co	ounty
STATION # RIVERMILE	STREAM CLASS Perenn	ial
LAT 37.056084 LONG -79.850384	RIVER BASIN Upper Ro	panoke
STORET#	AGENCY VADEQ	
investigators RH, CL		
FORM COMPLETED BY CL	DATE 9/2/2021 TIME 0815	REASON FOR SURVEY Baseline Assessment

WEATHER CONDITIONS	Now  Past 24 hours  Yes No  Air Temperature 25 ° C  Other  Clear/sunny  Has there been a heavy rain in the last 7 days?  Yes No  Air Temperature 25 ° C  Other
SITE LOCATION/MAP	Pipe CL  Downstream  Bridge/ROW
STREAM CHARACTERIZATION	Stream Subsystem  ☐ Perennial ☐ Intermittent ☐ Tidal ☐ Coldwater ☐ Warmwater  Stream Origin ☐ Spring-fed ☐ Mon-glacial montane ☐ Mixture of origins ☐ Swamp and bog ☐ Other ☐ Catchment Area ☐ km²

# PHYSICAL CHARACTERIZATION/WATER QUALITY FIELD DATA SHEET (BACK)

WATERS FEATURI		Predom  ✓ Fores  ✓ Field/  ☐ Agric  ☐ Resid	Pasture Industrultural Other	ercial rial	Local Watershed NPS  ☑ No evidence ☐ Sor ☐ Obvious sources  Local Watershed Eros ☑ None ☐ Moderate	ne potential sources
RIPARIA VEGETA (18 meter	TION	Trees	e the dominant type an	Shrubs	ominant species present ☐ Grasses ☐ He	erbaceous
INSTREA FEATURI		Estimat Samplin Area in Estimat		m m² km²		ly shaded
LARGE V DEBRIS	WOODY	LWD Density	0m² of LWD _0	m <sup>2</sup> /km <sup>2</sup> (LWD/	reach area)	
AQUATIO VEGETA		✓ Roote Floati	the dominant type and demergent RAIgae RAIgae Colors of the reach with aqua	Rooted submerge attached Algae nanthelium Clandestinu	um	□Free floating
WATER (	QUALITY	Specific Dissolve pH 7.01 D Turbidi		-		Other ]Globs Flecks
SEDIMEN SUBSTRA		Odors Norm Chem Other Oils		Petroleum None	Epoking at stones which are the undersides black	☐Paper fiber ☐Sand ☐Other ☐Sand the are not deeply embedded, ck in color?
INC		STRATE (	COMPONENTS 00%)		ORGANIC SUBSTRATE C	
Substrate Type	Diamet	er	% Composition in Sampling Reach	Substrate Type	Characteristic	% Composition in Sampling Area
Bedrock Boulder	> 256 mm (10")			Detritus	sticks, wood, coarse plant materials (CPOM)	2
Cobble Gravel	64-256 mm (2.5 2-64 mm (0.1"-2	2.5")	25 15	Muck-Mud	black, very fine organic (FPOM)	
Sand Silt Clay	0.06-2mm (gritt 0.004-0.06 mm < 0.004 mm (sli		35 25	Marl	grey, shell fragments	

#### HABITAT ASSESSMENT FIELD DATA SHEET - HG - USE ON ALL STREAMS (FRONT)

STREAM NAME S-KL51	LOCATION Franklin County				
STATION # RIVERMILE	STREAM CLASS Perennial				
LAT <u>37.056084</u> LONG <u>-79.850384</u>	RIVER BASIN Upper Roanoke				
STORET#	AGENCY VADEQ				
INVESTIGATORS RH, CL					
FORM COMPLETED BY CL	DATE 9/2/2021 TIME 0815 AM PM REASON FOR SURVEY Baseline Assessment				

	Habitat		Condition	Category				
	Parameter	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginal	Poor			
	1. Epifaunal Substrate/ Available Cover	Greater than 70% of substrate favorable for epifaunal colonization and fish cover; mix of snags, submerged logs, undercut banks, cobble or other stable habitat and at stage to allow full colonization potential (i.e., logs/snags that are not new fall and not transient).	40-70% mix of stable habitat; well-suited for full colonization potential; adequate habitat for maintenance of populations; presence of additional substrate in the form of newfall, but not yet prepared for colonization (may rate at high end of scale).	20-40% mix of stable habitat; habitat availability less than desirable; substrate frequently disturbed or removed.	Less than 20% stable habitat; lack of habitat is obvious; substrate unstable or lacking.			
	SCORE 16	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0			
n sampling reach	2. Embeddedness	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 0- 25% surrounded by fine sediment. Layering of cobble provides diversity of niche space.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 25-50% surrounded by fine sediment.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 50- 75% surrounded by fine sediment.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are more than 75% surrounded by fine sediment.			
ted in	SCORE 15	20 19 18 17 16	5 4 3 2 1 0					
Parameters to be evaluated in sampling reach	3. Velocity/Depth Regime	All four velocity/depth regimes present (slow-deep, slow-shallow, fast-deep, fast-shallow). (Slow is < 0.3 m/s, deep is > 0.5 m.)	Only 3 of the 4 regimes present (if fast-shallow is missing, score lower than if missing other regimes).	Only 2 of the 4 habitat regimes present (if fast-shallow or slow-shallow are missing, score low).	Dominated by 1 velocity/ depth regime (usually slow-deep).			
ıram	SCORE 11	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0			
$P_{\mathcal{E}}$	4. Sediment Deposition	Little or no enlargement of islands or point bars and less than 5% of the bottom affected by sediment deposition.	Some new increase in bar formation, mostly from gravel, sand or fine sediment; 5-30% of the bottom affected; slight deposition in pools.	Moderate deposition of new gravel, sand or fine sediment on old and new bars; 30-50% of the bottom affected; sediment deposits at obstructions, constrictions, and bends; moderate deposition of pools prevalent.	Heavy deposits of fine material, increased bar development; more than 50% of the bottom changing frequently; pools almost absent due to substantial sediment deposition.			
	SCORE 14	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0			
	5. Channel Flow Status	Water reaches base of both lower banks, and minimal amount of channel substrate is exposed.	Water fills >75% of the available channel; or <25% of channel substrate is exposed.	Water fills 25-75% of the available channel, and/or riffle substrates are mostly exposed.	Very little water in channel and mostly present as standing pools.			
	SCORE 1 1	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0			

#### HABITAT ASSESSMENT FIELD DATA SHEET—HIGH GRADIENT STREAMS (BACK)

	Habitat		Condition Category											
	Parameter	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginal	Poor									
	6. Channel Alteration	Channelization or dredging absent or minimal; stream with normal pattern.	Some channelization present, usually in areas of bridge abutments; evidence of past channelization, i.e., dredging, (greater than past 20 yr) may be present, but recent channelization is not present.	Channelization may be extensive; embankments or shoring structures present on both banks; and 40 to 80% of stream reach channelized and disrupted.	Banks shored with gabion or cement; over 80% of the stream reach channelized and disrupted. Instream habitat greatly altered or removed entirely.									
	SCORE 15	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0									
ding reach	7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	Occurrence of riffles relatively frequent; ratio of distance between riffles divided by width of the stream <7:1 (generally 5 to 7); variety of habitat is key. In streams where riffles are continuous, placement of boulders or other large, natural obstruction is important.	Occurrence of riffles infrequent; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between 7 to 15.	Occasional riffle or bend; bottom contours provide some habitat; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between 15 to 25.	Generally all flat water or shallow riffles; poor habitat; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is a ratio of >25.									
amp	score 18	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0									
Parameters to be evaluated broader than sampling reach	8. Bank Stability (score each bank)  Note: determine left or right side by	Banks stable; evidence of erosion or bank failure absent or minimal; little potential for future problems. <5% of bank affected.	Moderately stable; infrequent, small areas of erosion mostly healed over. 5-30% of bank in reach has areas of erosion.	Moderately unstable; 30-60% of bank in reach has areas of erosion; high erosion potential during floods.	Unstable; many eroded areas; "raw" areas frequent along straight sections and bends; obvious bank sloughing; 60-100% of bank has erosional scars.									
eva	facing designation 8	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0									
to b	SCORE 8	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0									
Parameters	9. Vegetative Protection (score each bank)	More than 90% of the streambank surfaces and immediate riparian zone covered by native vegetation, including trees, understory shrubs, or nonwoody macrophytes; vegetative disruption through grazing or mowing minimal or not evident; almost all plants allowed to grow naturally.	70-90% of the streambank surfaces covered by native vegetation, but one class of plants is not well-represented; disruption evident but not affecting full plant growth potential to any great extent; more than one-half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.	50-70% of the streambank surfaces covered by vegetation; disruption obvious; patches of bare soil or closely cropped vegetation common; less than one- half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.	Less than 50% of the streambank surfaces covered by vegetation; disruption of streambank vegetation is very high; vegetation has been removed to 5 centimeters or less in average stubble height.									
	SCORE 9	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0									
	SCORE 9	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0									
	10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (score each bank riparian zone)	Width of riparian zone >18 meters; human activities (i.e., parking lots, roadbeds, clear-cuts, lawns, or crops) have not impacted zone.	Width of riparian zone 12-18 meters; human activities have impacted zone only minimally.	Width of riparian zone 6- 12 meters; human activities have impacted zone a great deal.	Width of riparian zone <6 meters: little or no riparian vegetation due to human activities.									
	SCORE 6	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0									
	SCORE 6	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0									

Total Score 146

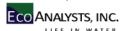
#### BENTHIC MACROINVERTEBRATE FIELD DATA SHEET

LOCATION Franklin County

STREAM NAME S-KL51

	STATION #	F	RIVE	ERM	ILE_			STR	EAM (	CLASS	Pe	ren	nial								
Indicate the percentage of each habitat type present	LAT 37.056084	_ L	LONG79.850384 RIVER BASIN Upper Roanoke																		
DATE     SAMPLE     SAMPLE   SAMPLE     SAMPLE     SAMPLE     SAMPLE     SAMPLE     SAMPLE	STORET#							AGI	ENCY \	VADEC	)										
RABITAT TYPES	INVESTIGATORS S	SB, K	D					LOT NUMBER													
IABITAT TYPES	FORM COMPLETE	D BY						DA	ΓE 9/2	/2021				]	REA	SON FOR SURVEY					
Cobble	SB							TIM	E 08	15						Baseline As	sess	sme	ent		
Cobble														_							_
How were the samples collected?   wading	HABITAT TYPES	<b>√</b>	Col	ble 1	0	%	□Sn	ags	%	t type p	Veg	geta	ted	Ban	ks_100	%	%				
How were the samples collected?	SAMPLE	G	Gear	used		D-fi	ame	kick	-net			Ot	her				_				
Indicate the number of jabs/kicks taken in each habitat type.	COLLECTION	1,		*****	4ha	~ ~ ***	alaa aall	o o t o d	o [	7 di				E	l	alr Dfrom ho	a.t				
Cobble   Submerged Macrophytes   Other (		l n	low v	were	tne	samp	oies con	ectea	· [	<b>√</b> wadi	ng		ш	ıroı	n bai	ik lirom boa	at				
COMMENTS   Trichoptera   Comment   Comment		✓	Col	ble 4			∭Sn	ags			Veg	geta	ted	Ban							
Periphyton		- 111									В	Sei	nth	nic	s s	hipped 9/20. S	Sedi	me	∍nta	atic	n
Porifera	Periphyton					-		-			_				. •		-	_	_	_	
Porifera	_													nve	rtebi	rates	-	_	_	_	
Porifera   0   1   2   3   4   Anisoptera   0   1   2   3   4   Ephemeroptera   0   1   2   3   4   Trichoptera   0   1   2   3   4   Anisoptera   0   1   2   3   4   Trichoptera   0   1   2   3   4   Anisoptera   0   1   2   3   4   Trichoptera   0   1   2   3   4   Anisoptera   0   1   2   3   4   Ephemeroptera   0   1   2   3   4   Trichoptera   0   1   2   3   4   Anisoptera   0   1   2   3   4   Ephemeroptera   0   1   2   3   4   Trichoptera   0   1   2   3   4   Anisoptera   0   1   2   3   4   Trichoptera   0   1   2   3   4   Trichoptera   0   1   2   3   4   Anisoptera   0   1   2   3   4   Trichoptera   0   1   2   3   4   Anisoptera   0	Macrophytes					0	1 2	2 3	4		F	ish	1				0	1	2	3	4
Hydrozoa         0         1         2         3         4         Zygoptera         0         1         2         3         4         Ephemeroptera         0         1         2         3         4           Platyhelminthes         0         1         2         3         4         Hemiptera         0         1         2         3         4           Turbellaria         0         1         2         3         4         Coleoptera         0         1         2         3         4           Hirudinea         0         1         2         3         4         Lepidoptera         0         1         2         3         4           Oligochaeta         0         1         2         3         4         Corydalidae         0         1         2         3         4           Amphipoda         0         1         2         3         4         Empididae         0         1         2         3         4           Decapoda         0         1         2         3         4         Empididae         0         1         2         3         4           Gastropoda         0		d ab	und	anc	e:	0 = org	Absen anisms	t/Not s), 3=	t Obse Abur	ndant	(>1	0 0	org	anis	sms)	, 4 = Dominant (>	50 o			18)	
Platyhelminthes         0         1         2         3         4         Hemiptera         0         1         2         3         4         Trichoptera         0         1         2         3         4           Turbellaria         0         1         2         3         4         Coleoptera         0         1         2         3         4           Hirudinea         0         1         2         3         4         Lepidoptera         0         1         2         3         4           Oligochaeta         0         1         2         3         4         Corydalidae         0         1         2         3         4           Isopoda         0         1         2         3         4         Tipulidae         0         1         2         3         4           Decapoda         0         1         2         3         4         Empididae         0         1         2         3         4           Gastropoda         0         1         2         3         4         Tabinidae         0         1         2         3         4																					
Turbellaria         0         1         2         3         4         Coleoptera         0         1         2         3         4         Coleoptera           Hirudinea         0         1         2         3         4         Lepidoptera         0         1         2         3         4           Oligochaeta         0         1         2         3         4         Sialidae         0         1         2         3         4           Isopoda         0         1         2         3         4         Corydalidae         0         1         2         3         4           Amphipoda         0         1         2         3         4         Empididae         0         1         2         3         4           Decapoda         0         1         2         3         4         Empididae         0         1         2         3         4           Gastropoda         0         1         2         3         4         Tabinidae         0         1         2         3         4	*																				
Hirudinea 0 1 2 3 4 Lepidoptera 0 1 2 3 4 Oligochaeta 0 1 2 3 4 Sialidae 0 1 2 3 4 Isopoda 0 1 2 3 4 Corydalidae 0 1 2 3 4 Amphipoda 0 1 2 3 4 Tipulidae 0 1 2 3 4 Decapoda 0 1 2 3 4 Empididae 0 1 2 3 4 Bivalvia 0 1 2 3 4 Tabinidae 0 1 2 3 4	1 '							_								_		-			4
Oligochaeta         0         1         2         3         4         Sialidae         0         1         2         3         4           Isopoda         0         1         2         3         4         Corydalidae         0         1         2         3         4           Amphipoda         0         1         2         3         4         Tipulidae         0         1         2         3         4           Decapoda         0         1         2         3         4         Empididae         0         1         2         3         4           Gastropoda         0         1         2         3         4         Tabinidae         0         1         2         3         4			_					_								Other	0	1	2	3	4
Isopoda       0       1       2       3       4       Corydalidae       0       1       2       3       4         Amphipoda       0       1       2       3       4       Tipulidae       0       1       2       3       4         Decapoda       0       1       2       3       4       Empididae       0       1       2       3       4         Gastropoda       0       1       2       3       4       Simuliidae       0       1       2       3       4         Bivalvia       0       1       2       3       4       Tabinidae       0       1       2       3       4							_ ^	_	ra												
Amphipoda       0       1       2       3       4       Tipulidae       0       1       2       3       4         Decapoda       0       1       2       3       4       Empididae       0       1       2       3       4         Gastropoda       0       1       2       3       4       Simuliidae       0       1       2       3       4         Bivalvia       0       1       2       3       4       Tabinidae       0       1       2       3       4	-		-									-									
Decapoda       0       1       2       3       4       Empididae       0       1       2       3       4         Gastropoda       0       1       2       3       4       Simuliidae       0       1       2       3       4         Bivalvia       0       1       2       3       4       Tabinidae       0       1       2       3       4	*																				
Gastropoda         0         1         2         3         4         Simuliidae         0         1         2         3         4           Bivalvia         0         1         2         3         4         Tabinidae         0         1         2         3         4							_														
Bivalvia 0 1 2 3 4 Tabinidae 0 1 2 3 4	_		1				_														
	_		1												-						
	Divarvia	U	1	_	J	т						1									

# Mountain Valley Pipeline Data are not adjusted for subsampling



	Sample ID Collection Date	
ORDER	GENUS/SPECIES	COUNT
Ephemeroptera		6
Ephemeroptera		1
Ephemeroptera Ephemeroptera	Diphetor hageni	5 12
	Eurylophella sp.	8
	Maccaffertium sp.	14
Ephemeroptera		1
Plecoptera	Chloroperlidae	1
Plecoptera	Eccoptura xanthenes	6
	Leuctra sp.	9
	Malirekus sp.	1
	Cheumatopsyche sp.	45
	Chimarra sp.	3
	Diplectrona sp. Glossosomatidae	36 1
-	Hydropsyche sp.	9
-		
-	Psilotreta sp. Rhyacophila sp.	4 5
	Calopterygidae	1
	Cordulegaster sp.	5
	Gomphidae	1
	Anchytarsus bicolor	7
Coleoptera	Ectopria sp.	3
Coleoptera	Hydrobius sp.	1
Coleoptera	Optioservus sp.	2
Coleoptera	Oulimnius sp.	2
Coleoptera	Stenelmis sp.	1
Megaloptera	• .	3
Diptera-Chironomidae	Cricotopus/Orthocladius sp.	1
Diptera-Chironomidae	Heleniella sp.	1
Diptera-Chironomidae	Limnophyes sp.	1
Diptera-Chironomidae	Microtendipes sp.	4
Diptera-Chironomidae	Parachaetocladius sp.	3
Diptera-Chironomidae	Paralauterborniella nigrohalteralis	3
Diptera-Chironomidae	•	2
-	Paraphaenocladius sp.	2
Diptera-Chironomidae		5
Diptera-Chironomidae	Polypedilum sp.	3
Diptera-Chironomidae		1
Diptera-Chironomidae		1
Diptera-Chironomidae Diptera-Chironomidae		5 1
	Thienemannimyia gr. sp.	7
Diptera-Chironomidae		3
	Atrichopogon sp.	1
Diptera	Ceratopogoninae	2
_ : .	Hexatoma sp.	3
	Pseudolimnophila sp.	1
	Simulium sp. Enchytraeidae	1
	Lumbriculidae	7
	tubificoid Naididae w/ cap setae	3
	tubificoid Naididae w/o cap setae	2
	Sphaeriidae	7 3 2 2 1
	Laevapex fuscus	1
Crustacea	Cambarus sp. TOTAL	2 <b>61</b>

Mountain Valley Pipeline WV SCI Metrics



Sample ID Collection Date	
WVSCI Metric Values Total taxa EPT taxa EPT Chironomidae 2 Dominant HBI	31 13 64.0 16.5 51.0 4.69
WVSCI Metric Scores Total taxa EPT taxa % EPT % Chironomidae % 2 Dominant HBI	147.6 100.0 69.6 84.4 76.6 74.7
WVSCI Metric Scores Total taxa EPT taxa % EPT % Chironomidae % 2 Dominant HBI	100.0 100.0 69.6 84.4 76.6 74.7
WVSCI Total Score	84.2

#### WVSCI Thresholds

Unimpaired = > 68.00 Gray Zone = 60.61 to 68.00 Impaired = <60.61

#### WOLMAN PEBBLE COUNT FORM

County: Franklin County Stream ID: S-KL51

Stream Name: UNT to Blackwater River

HUC Code: 03010101 Basin: Upper Roanoke

Survey Date: 8/28/2021
Surveyors: RH, CL
Type: Representative

			LE COUNT				
Inches	PARTICLE	Millimeters		Particle Count	Total #	Item %	% Cum
	Silt/Clay	< .062	S/C	<b>A</b>	44	44.00	44.00
	Very Fine	.062125		<b>A</b>	17	17.00	61.00
	Fine	.12525		<b>A</b>	5	5.00	66.00
	Medium	.255	SAND	<b>*</b>	11	11.00	77.00
	Coarse	.50-1.0		<b>*</b>		0.00	77.00
.0408	Very Coarse	1.0-2		<b>~</b>	2	2.00	79.00
.0816	Very Fine	2 -4		<b>^</b>		0.00	79.00
.1622	Fine	4 -5.7	1	<b>A</b>	3	3.00	82.00
.2231	Fine	5.7 - 8	1	<b>A</b>	1	1.00	83.00
.3144	Medium	8 -11.3	1	<b>*</b>		0.00	83.00
.4463	Medium	11.3 - 16	GRAVEL	<b>A</b>	2	2.00	85.00
.6389	Coarse	16 -22.6	1	<b>^</b>		0.00	85.00
.89 - 1.26	Coarse	22.6 - 32	1	<b>△</b>	1	1.00	86.00
1.26 - 1.77	Vry Coarse	32 - 45	1	<b>^</b>	2	2.00	88.00
1.77 -2.5	Vry Coarse	45 - 64	1	<b>^</b>	1	1.00	89.00
2.5 - 3.5	Small	64 - 90		<b>^</b>		0.00	89.00
3.5 - 5.0	Small	90 - 128	1	<b>^</b>	3	3.00	92.00
5.0 - 7.1	Large	128 - 180	COBBLE	<b>A</b>	2	2.00	94.00
7.1 - 10.1	Large	180 - 256	_	<b>A</b>	3	3.00	97.00
10.1 - 14.3	Small	256 - 362		<u> </u>	2	2.00	99.00
14.3 - 20	Small	362 - 512	1	<u> </u>	1	1.00	100.00
20 - 40	Medium	512 - 1024	BOULDER	<u> </u>		0.00	100.00
40 - 80	Large	1024 -2048		<u> </u>		0.00	100.00
80 - 160	Vry Large	2048 -4096	1	<u> </u>		0.00	100.00
	Bedrock		BDRK	<u> </u>		0.00	100.00
				Totals:	100		
	Total Tally:	•	-			•	

#### RIVERMORPH PARTICLE SUMMARY

River Name: UNT to Blackwater River Reach Name: S-KL51 Representative 08/28/2021

Size (mm)	TOT #	ITEM %	CUM %
0 - 0.062 0.062 - 0.125 0.125 - 0.25 0.25 - 0.50 0.50 - 1.0 1.0 - 2.0 2.0 - 4.0 4.0 - 5.7 5.7 - 8.0 8.0 - 11.3 11.3 - 16.0 16.0 - 22.6 22.6 - 32.0 32 - 45 45 - 64 64 - 90 90 - 128 128 - 180 180 - 256 256 - 362 362 - 512 512 - 1024 1024 - 2048 Bedrock	44 17 5 11 0 2 0 3 1 0 2 0 1 2 1 0 3 2 1 0 3 2 1 0 3 2 1 0 0 0	44.00 17.00 5.00 11.00 0.00 2.00 0.00 3.00 1.00 0.00 2.00 0.00 1.00 2.00 1.00 2.00 1.00 2.00 1.00 0.00 2.00 1.00 0.00 2.00 0.00	44.00 61.00 66.00 77.00 77.00 79.00 82.00 83.00 83.00 85.00 85.00 86.00 88.00 89.00 92.00 94.00 97.00 99.00 100.00 100.00
D16 (mm) D35 (mm) D50 (mm) D84 (mm) D95 (mm) D100 (mm) Silt/Clay (%) Sand (%) Gravel (%) Cobble (%) Boulder (%) Bedrock (%)	0.02 0.05 0.08 13.65 205.33 511.98 44 35 10 8		

Total Particles = 100.

			Strear	Unified S	tream Method	lology for use	in Virginia		• ,		
		4 NI			able channels cla	ssified as interm			Impact	Impact	
Project #			<u> </u>	Locality	Class.	HUC	Date	SAR#	Length	Factor	
22865.06		ountain Valley Pipeline (Mountain Franklin Valley Pipeline, LLC) County			R3 or R4	03010101	8/28/21	S-KL51	67	1	
Name	e(s) of Evalua	tor(s)		e and Informa	tion				SAR Length		
	CL, RH		UNT to Black						6	7	
. Channel C	ondition: Asse	ss the cross-sect	ion of the stream a	and prevailing con	dition (erosion, ag						
	Optimal Sub		Subo	Suboptimal Marginal		Po	or	Severe			
Channel Condition	(80-100%). AND/OF bankfull benches a to their original f developed wide bar channel bars and tr	Vegetative surface al rock, prominent R Stable point bars / re present. Access loodplain or fully ikfull benches. Mid- ransverse bars few. t deposition covers	erosion or unproted of banks are si Vegetative protect prominent (60 Depositional feat stability. The bar channels are well dhas access to ba newly developed portions of the r	ew areas of active ted banks. Majority table (60-80%). tion or natural rock -80%) AND/OR tures contribute to Mrfull and low flow efined. Stream likely ankfull benches, or if floodplains along reach. Transient 0-40% of the stream	Poor. Banks more or Poor due to le Erosion may be pr both banks. Vege 40-60% of banks. S vertical or und 40-60% Sediment transient, control Deposition that cc may be forming/p	less than Severe or stable than Severe ower bank slopes. esent on 40-60% of tative protection on streambanks may be cruct. AND/OR may be temporary / ribute instability, resent. AND/OR V-shave vegetative	laterally unstable further. Majority of vertical. Erosion pr banks. Vegetative on 20-40% of bank to prevent erosion. the stream is cow. Sediment is temp nature, and contril AND/OR V-shap	both banks are near esent on 60-80% of protection present s, and is insufficient AND/OR 60-80% of	Deeply incised vertical/lateral in incision, flow contain Streambed below av majority of banks Vegetative protecti than 20% of banks erosion. Obvious present. Erosion/raw AND/OR Aggradin than 80% of stream denotities contible contributions.	stability. Severe led within the banks. erage rooting depth, vertical/undercut. on present on less is, is not preventing s bank sloughing v banks on 80-100%. g channel. Greater bed is covered by	
			bott	tom.	protection on > 40 depositional featur to sta	% of the banks and res which contribute ability.	40% of the banks a deposition	nd stable sediment			CI
Scores	3	3	2	.4		2	1	.6	1	l	2.40
. RIPARIAN		ssess both bank's	Con	areas along the e	gory	measurements of	-		NOTES>>		
RIPARIAN Riparian Buffers	Opt  Tree stratum (dbh: with > 60% tree	imal  > 3 inches) present, e canopy cover. within the riparian	Con	nditional Cate ptimal Low Suboptimal:	gory		-	, ,	NOTES>>		
Riparian	Opt  Tree stratum (dbh: with > 60% tree Wetlands located	imal  > 3 inches) present, e canopy cover. within the riparian	Con Subo High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained	Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbb > 3 inches) present, with <30%	Ginal  Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover with maintained	High Poor: Lawns, mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till cropland; actively grazed pasture, sparsely vegetated non-maintained area, recently seeded and stabilized, or other comparable	Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable	NOTES>>		
Riparian	Opt  Tree stratum (dbh: with > 60% tree Wetlands located	imal  > 3 inches) present, e canopy cover. within the riparian as.	Con Subo  High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained understory.	nditional Cate ptimal  Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation).	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover.	ginal  Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover with maintained understory.	High Poor: Lawns, mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till cropland; actively grazed pasture, sparsely vegetated non-maintained area, recently seeded and stabilized, or other comparable condition.	Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions.	NOTES>>		
Riparian Buffers  Scores  Delineate ripa Determine square	Opt  Tree stratum (dbh : with > 60% tree  Wetlands located are	imal  3 inches) present, e canopy cover, within the riparian as.  5 ach stream bank ach by measuring score for each rip.	Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained understory.  High  1.2  into Condition Cate or estimating leng	Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbn > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation).  Low 1.1  egories and Conduct th and width. Cal	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover.  High 0.85	ginal  Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparial areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover with maintained understory.  Low  0.75	High Poor: Lawns, mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till cropland; actively grazed pasture, sparsely vegetated non-maintained area, recently seeded and stabilized, or other comparable condition.  High  0.6  Ensure 1	Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions.  Low 0.5  he sums	NOTES>>		
Riparian Buffers  Scores  Delineate ripa Determine squ	Tree stratum (dbh: with > 60% tree Wetlands located are	imal  3 inches) present, canopy cover. within the riparian as.  5 ach stream bank ach by measuring	Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopp cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained understory.  High  1.2  Into Condition Cate or estimating leng	Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbn > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation).  Low 1.1  egories and Conduct th and width. Cal	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover.  High 0.85	ginal  Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparial areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover with maintained understory.  Low  0.75	High Poor: Lawns, mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till cropland; actively grazed pasture, sparsely vegetated non-maintained area, recently seeded and stabilized, or other comparable condition.  High  0.6  Ensure 1	Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions.  Low 0.5			
Riparian Buffers  Scores  Delineate ripa Determine squ	Tree stratum (dbh: with > 60% tree Wetlands located are  1.  rian areas along e uare footage for ea iparian Area and \$ % Riparian Area> Score >	imal  3 inches) present, e canopy cover. within the riparian as.  5 ach stream bank ach by measuring score for each rip.  10% 0.6	Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopp cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained understory.  High  1.2  into Condition Cate or estimating lenguarian category in the 90%  0.85	Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbn > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation).  Low 1.1  egories and Conduct th and width. Cal	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover.  High 0.85	ginal  Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparial areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover with maintained understory.  Low  0.75	High Poor: Lawns, mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till cropland; actively grazed pasture, sparsely vegetated non-maintained area, recently seeded and stabilized, or other comparable condition.  High  0.6  Ensure 1	Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions.  Low 0.5  the sums cliparian qual 100 100%	CI= (Sum % RA * Sci	,	
Riparian Buffers  Scores  Delineate ripa Determine squ	Tree stratum (dbh: with > 60% tree Wetlands located are  1.  rian areas along e uare footage for eariparian Area and \$ % Riparian Area>	imal  3 inches) present, canopy cover. within the riparian as.  5 ach stream bank ach by measuring score for each rip.	Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopp cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained understory.  High  1.2  into Condition Cate or estimating leng	Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbn > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation).  Low 1.1  egories and Conduct th and width. Cal	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover.  High 0.85	ginal  Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparial areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover with maintained understory.  Low  0.75	High Poor: Lawns, mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till cropland; actively grazed pasture, sparsely vegetated non-maintained area, recently seeded and stabilized, or other comparable condition.  High  0.6  Ensure 1	Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions.  Low 0.5  he sums		ores*0.01)/2 0.83 0.83	CI 0.83
Riparian Buffers  Scores  Delineate ripa Determine square Enter the % R Right Bank  Left Bank	Tree stratum (dbh: with > 60% tree Wetlands located are  1.  rian areas along e uare footage for ea iparian Area and \$ % Riparian Area> Score >  1 HABITAT: Va	imal  3 inches) present, e canopy cover. within the riparian as.  5  ach stream bank ach by measuring Coore for each rip 10% 0.6  10% 0.6	Righarian areas with tree stratum (dbb - 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained understory.  High 1.2  Into Condition Cate or estimating leng arian category in the 90% 0.85	Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbn > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation).  Low 1.1  egories and Condith and width. Calline blocks below.	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover.  High 0.85	ginal  Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover with maintained understory.  Low  0.75  the descriptors. ded for you below.	High Poor: Lawns, mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till cropland; actively grazed pasture, sparsely vegetated non-maintained area, recently seeded and stabilized, or other comparable condition.  High  0.6  Ensure to the condition of t	Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions.  Low 0.5  he sums diparian qual 100 100%	CI= (Sum % RA * So Rt Bank CI > Lt Bank CI > banks; root mats; S	0.83 0.83	
Riparian Buffers  Scores  Delineate ripa Determine square the Right Bank  Left Bank  B. INSTREAN Complexes, stable	Tree stratum (dbh: with > 60% tree Wetlands located are Wetlands located are Score > % Riparian Area > > % Rip	imal  3 inches) present, e canopy cover. within the riparian as.  5  ach stream bank ach by measuring Score for each rip.  10%  0.6  10%  0.6	Con Subo  High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained understory.  High 1.2  into Condition Cate or estimating leng arian category in th 90% 0.85  90% 0.85	Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbn > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation).  Low 1.1  egories and Condition and width. Calline blocks below.	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with either a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover.  High 0.85  ition Scores using culators are provided the control of the con	ginal  Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover with maintained understory.  Low  0.75  the descriptors. ded for you below.	High Poor: Lawns, mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till cropland; actively grazed pasture, sparsely vegetated non-maintained area, recently seeded and stabilized, or other comparable condition.  High  0.6  Ensure  of % F  Blocks e	Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions.  Low 0.5  he sums tiparian qual 100 100%	CI= (Sum % RA * Sc Rt Bank CI > Lt Bank CI >	0.83 0.83	
Riparian Buffers  Scores  Delineate ripa Determine squ Enter the % R Right Bank  Left Bank  INSTREAM	Tree stratum (dbh: with > 60% tree Wetlands located are  1.  rian areas along e uare footage for ea iparian Area and \$ % Riparian Area> Score >  1 HABITAT: Va e features.	imal  3 inches) present, e canopy cover. within the riparian as.  5 ach stream bank ach by measuring core for each rip. 10% 0.6 10% 0.6 ried substrate siz.	High Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canops cover and containing both herbaceous and shrub layers or a non-maintained understory.  High 1.2  Into Condition Cate or estimating leng arian category in the 190% 0.85  90% 0.85  Stable habitat elepresent in 30-50% adequate for redeepers in 190-50% adequate for redeepers with 190-50% and 190-50% adequate for redeepers with 190-50% and 190-50% adequate for redeepers with 190-50% adequate for redeepers with 190-50% and 190-50% adequate for redeepers with 190-50% and 190-50% adequate for redeepers with 190-50% adequate for redeepers with 190-50% and 190-50% adequate for redeepers with 190-50% and 190-50% adequate for redeepers with 190-50% a	Low Suboptimal: Riparian areas with tree stratum (dbn > 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% tree canopy cover and a maintained understory. Recent cutover (dense vegetation).  Low 1.1  egories and Condith and width. Calline blocks below.	High Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation with iether a shrub layer or a tree layer (dbh > 3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover.  High 0.85  ition Scores using culators are provice y and leafy debris; al Category  Stable habitat ele present in 10-30% adequate for i	ginal  Low Marginal: Non-maintained, dense herbaceous vegetation, riparian areas lacking shrub and tree stratum, hay production, ponds, open water. If present, tree stratum (dbh >3 inches) present, with <30% tree canopy cover with maintained understory.  Low  0.75  the descriptors. ded for you below.	High Poor: Lawns, mowed, and maintained areas, nurseries; no-till oropland; actively grazed pasture, sparsely vegetated non-maintained area, recently seeded and stabilized, or other comparable condition.  High  0.6  Ensure 1  of % F  Blocks e	Low Poor: Impervious surfaces, mine spoil lands, denuded surfaces, row crops, active feed lots, trails, or other comparable conditions.  Low 0.5  he sums cliparian qual 100 100% 100%	CI= (Sum % RA * So Rt Bank CI > Lt Bank CI > banks; root mats; S	0.83 0.83 OAV; riffle/pool	

Stream Impact Assessment Form Page 2								
Project #	Project Name (Applicant)   Locality   HIIC:   Date   SAR #   '   '							Impact Factor
22865.06	Mountain Valley Pipeline (Mountain Valley Pipeline, LLC)	Franklin County	R3 or R4	03010101	8/28/21	S-KL51	67	1
4. CHANNEL ALTERATION: Stream crossings, riprap, concrete, gabions, or concrete blocks, straightening of channel, channelization, embankments, spoil piles, constrictions, livestock								
Conditional Category NOTES>>								

Negligible Minor Moderate Severe 60 - 80% of reach is disrupted by any 40 - 60% of reach is disrupted by any of the channel of the channel Less than 20% of 20-40% of the erations listed in Iterations listed in Channel stream reach is disrupted by any or Greater than 80% of reach is disrupted he stream reach is the parameter the parameter by any of the channel alterations listed in the parameter guidelines AND/OR 80% of banks shored with gabion, riprap, or cement. Channelization, dredging, alteration, o Alteration disrupted by any of guidelines. If guidelines. If hardening absent. Stream has an unaltered pattern or has naturalized. the channel alterations listed in the channel Iterations listed in tream has been channelized, stream has been channelized, the parameter the parameter normal stable normal stable guidelines. guidelines. stream meander pattern has not stream meander pattern has not

1.1

CI 1.30

REACH CONDITION INDEX and STREAM CONDITION UNITS FOR THIS REACH

recovered.

0.9

0.7

0.5

NOTE: The CIs and RCI should be rounded to 2 decimal places. The CR should be rounded to a whole number.

1.3

1.5

THE REACH CONDITION INDEX (RCI) >> 1.

1.15

RCI= (Sum of all CI's)/5, except if stream is ephemeral RCI = (Riparian CI/2)

CR = RCI X L<sub>I</sub> X IF

COMPENSATION REQUIREMENT (CR) >> 77

#### **INSERT PHOTOS:**

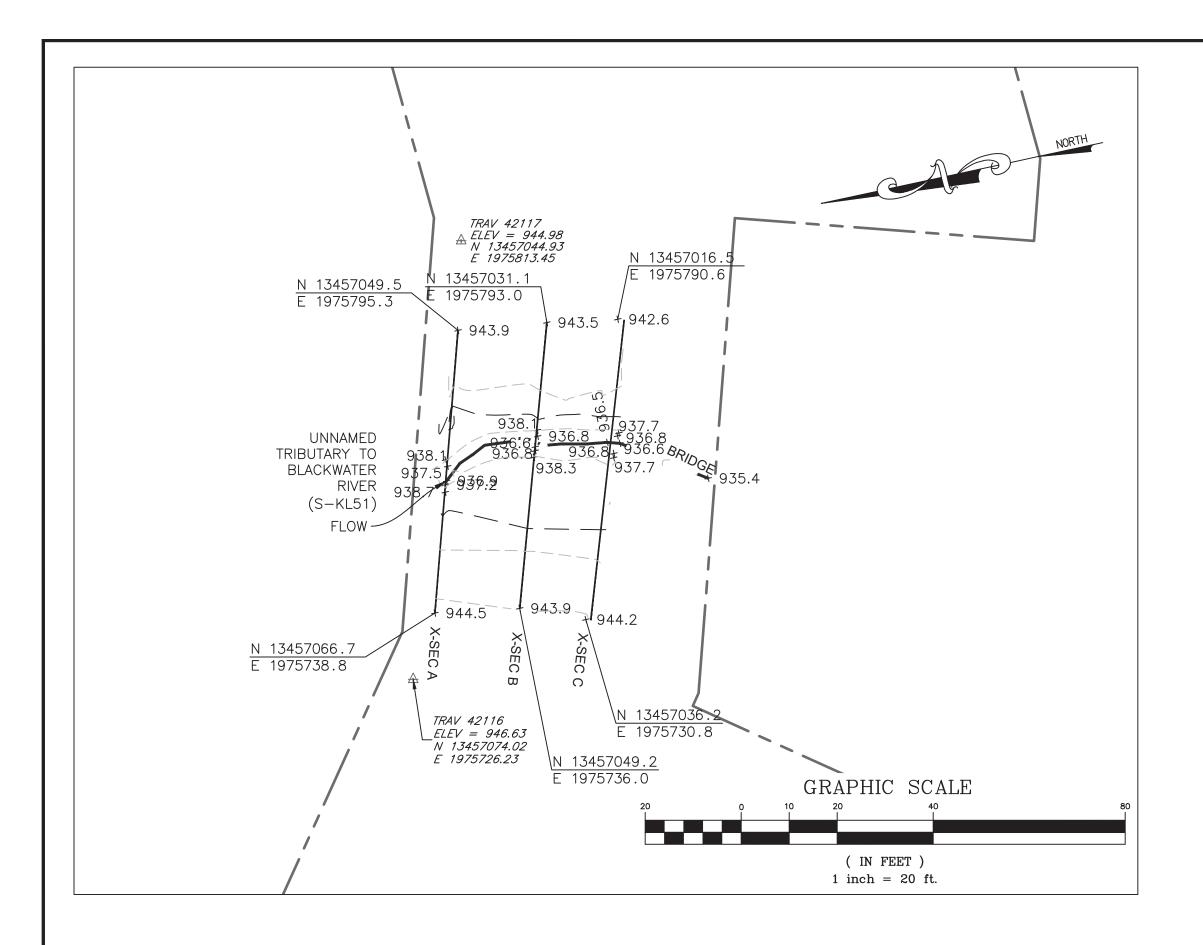
Scores

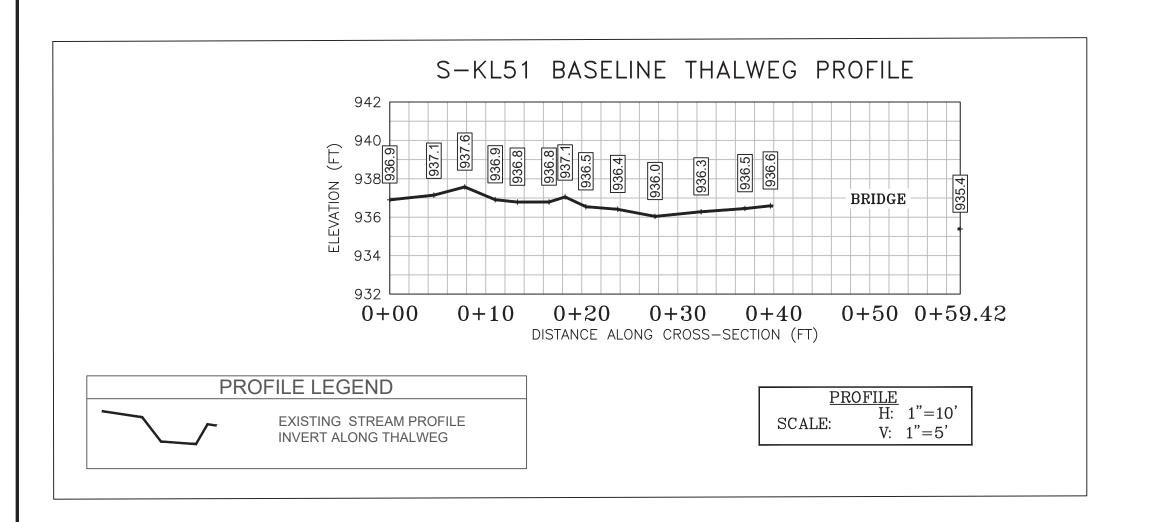


CAPTION. Assessment is limited to areas within the temporary ROW.

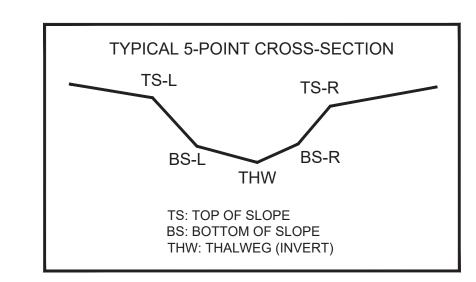
#### DESCRIBE PROPOSED IMPACT:

PROVIDED UNDER SEPARATE COVER



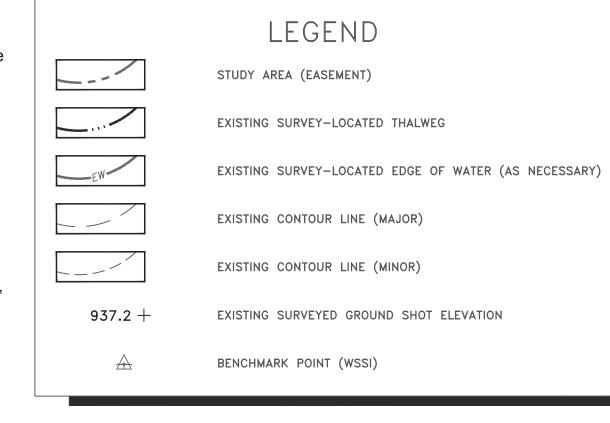


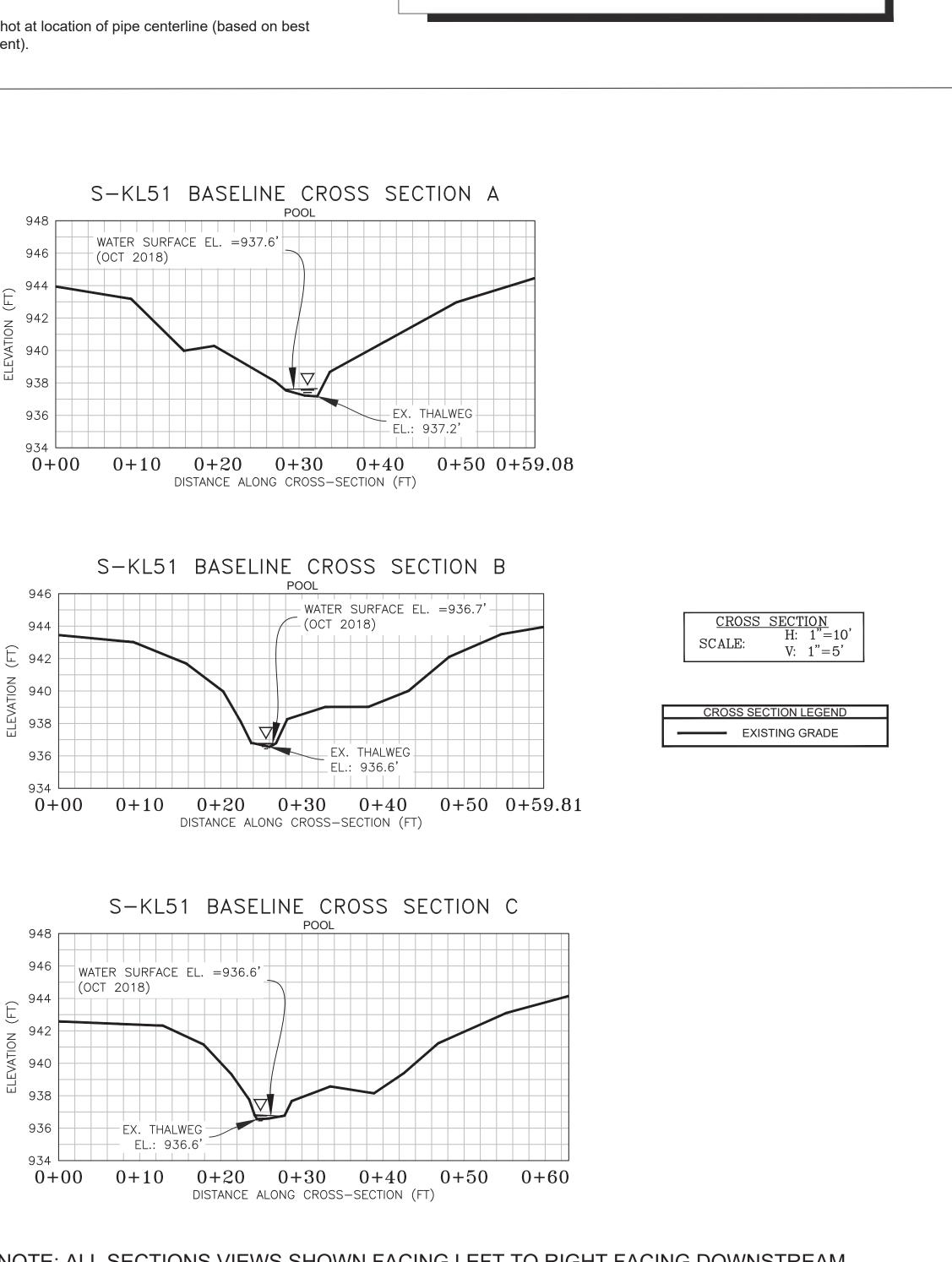
CL STAKEOUT POINTS: S-KL51 CROSS SECTION B (PIPE CL)						
	PR	E-CROSSING	POST-C	ROSSING		
DT LOC	NODTUNG	FACTING	EL E\ /	VERT.	HORZ.	
PT. LOC.	NORTHING	EASTING	ELEV	DIFF.	DIFF.	
TS-L	13457037.77	1975771.54	938.08			
BS-L	13457037.97	1975770.27	936.79			
THW	13457038.92	1975768.22	936.56			
BS-R	13457039.08	1975767.44	936.78			
TS-R	13457039.65	1975766.15	938.27			

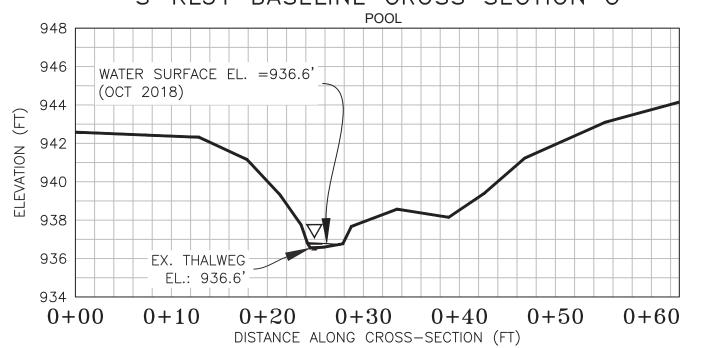


## SURVEY NOTES:

- 1. This map has been oriented to NAD 1983 UTM ZONE 17N, and vertically to The North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88), using a Real Time Network (RTN) GPS. Field locations were completed on March 8, 2018.
- 2. Monumentation, including traverse stations and fly points, shown on this drawing should be used to orient any future boundary, topographic, or location survey.
- 3. Easement lines shown on plan view were provided by Mountain Valley Pipeline (MVP).
- 4. WSSI Contour Interval = 2.0'. Contours within the channel were interpolated using stream channel breaklines (i.e. top of slopes, toe of slopes, thalweg) and cross-sectional points. Contours outside the channel were interpolated using cross-sectional spot shots.
- 5. All section views shown are left to right facing downstream.
- 6. Cross-section B shot at location of pipe centerline (based on best professional judgement).







NOTE: ALL SECTIONS VIEWS SHOWN FACING LEFT TO RIGHT FACING DOWNSTREAM.





PHOTO TAKEN LOOKING UPSTREAM ON 03/08/2018

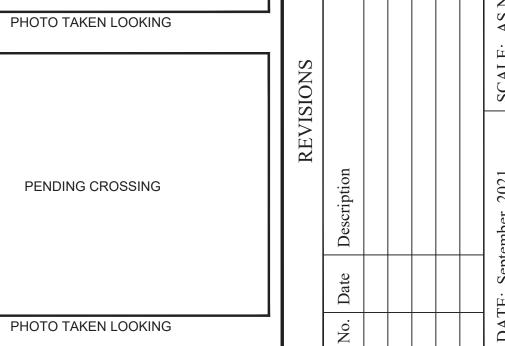


PHOTO TAKEN LOOKING AT CENTERLINE



FROM RIGHT BANK ON 03/08/2018

POST-CROSSING PHOTOS PENDING CROSSING



Boundary and Topo Source: WSSI 2' C.I. Topo Design Draft Approved PENDING CROSSING EJC SIH PFS

PHOTO TAKEN LOOKING

Computer File Name: C:\WSSI-L\22865.03\Spread I Work Dwgs 22865\_03 S-I MP 254-267 Sheets.dwg

Horizontal Datum: NAD 1983 UTM ZONE 1

Sheet #

1 of 1

Vertical Datum: NAVD 88