Baseline Assessment – Stream Attributes

Reach S-MM44 (Timber Mat Crossing) Perennial Spread I Franklin County, Virginia

Data	Included
Photos	✓
SWVM Form	✓
FCI Calculator and HGM Form	N/A – Perennial stream (not shadeable, slope >4%)
RBP Physical Characteristics Form	✓
Water Quality Data	N/A – Low flow
RBP Habitat Form	✓
RBP Benthic Form	✓
Benthic Identification Sheet	N/A – No Riffles
Wolman Pebble Count	✓
RiverMorph Data Sheet	✓
USM Form (Virginia Only)	✓
Longitudinal Profile and Cross Sections	✓

Spread I Stream S-MM44 (Timber Mat Crossing) Franklin County



Photo Type: US VIEW

Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Downstream at ROW/LOD looking NW upstream, RAH



Photo Type: DS COND

Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Downstream at ROW/LOD looking SE downstream, RAH

Spread I Stream S-MM44 (Timber Mat Crossing) Franklin County



Photo Type: LB CL

Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: On thalweg at pipe centerline looking SW at right streambank, RAH



Photo Type: RB CL

Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: On thalweg at pipe centerline looking SE at left streambank, RAH

Spread I Stream S-MM44 (Timber Mat Crossing) Franklin County



Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Upstream at ROW/LOD looking N upstream, RAH



Photo Type: DS VIEW

Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Upstream at ROW/LOD looking S downstream, RAH

L:\22000s\22800\22865.06\Admin\05-ENVR\Field Data\Template Forms\Photo Document Template.docx

USACE FILE NO./ Project Name: (v2.1, Sept 2015) Mountain Valley Pipeline			COORDINATES: cimal Degrees)	Lat.	36.982507	Lon.	-79.687818	WEATHER:		Sunny	DATE:	September 2	2, 2021			
IMPACT STREAM/SITE ID (watershed size {acreage}				S-MM44;	30.83 ac			MITIGATION STREAM CLASS./ (watershed size {acreage						Comments:		
STREAM IMPACT LENGTH:	20	FORM (MITIGAT		RESTORATION (Levels I-III)		OORDINATES: cimal Degrees)	Lat.		Lon.		PRECIPITATION PAST 48 HRS:		Yes	Mitigation Length:		
Column No. 1- Impact Existing	g Condition (Deb	bit)		Column No. 2- Mitigation Existing Co	ondition - Base	line (Credit)		Column No. 3- Mitigation Pr Post Completion		'ears	Column No. 4- Mitigation Proj Post Completion (rs	Column No. 5- Mitigation Projecte	d at Maturity (Cred	dit)
Stream Classification:	Perei	nnial		Stream Classification:				Stream Classification:		0	Stream Classification:	0		Stream Classification:	0	
Percent Stream Channel Si	lope	3		Percent Stream Channel Slo	pe			Percent Stream Channel S	lope	0	Percent Stream Channel Si	lope	0	Percent Stream Channel Slo	эре	0
HGM Score (attach d	lata forms):			HGM Score (attach d	ata forms):			HGM Score (attach	data forms):		HGM Score (attach d	ata forms):		HGM Score (attach da	ta forms):	
Hydrolomy		Average		Undrology		Average		Hydrology		Average	Hydrology		Average	Hydrology		Average
Hydrology Biogeochemical Cycling		0		Hydrology Biogeochemical Cycling		0	II .	Biogeochemical Cycling		0	Biogeochemical Cycling		0	Biogeochemical Cycling		0
Habitat PART I - Physical, Chemical and	l Biological Indic	ators		Habitat PART I - Physical, Chemical and	Biological Ind	icators		Habitat PART I - Physical, Chemical ar	nd Biological Ind	icators	PART I - Physical, Chemical and	Biological Indica	tors	PART I - Physical, Chemical and E	Biological Indicator	ors
	Points Scale Range	Site Score			Points Scale Range	Site Score			Points Scale Range	Site Score		Points Scale Range	Site Score		Points Scale Range	Site Score
PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams	s classifications)			PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams c	lassifications)			PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams	s classifications)		PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams	s classifications)		PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams of	classifications)	
USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet) 1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover	0.00	44		USEPA RBP (Low Gradient Data Sheet) 1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover	0.00	1		USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet) 1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover			USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet) 1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover	0.00		USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet) 1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover	0.00	
Embeddedness	0-20	11 18		Pool Substrate Characterization	0-20 0-20		1	Epirauriai Substrate/Available Cover Embeddedness	0-20		Embeddedness	0-20		Embeddedness	0-20 0-20	
3. Velocity/ Depth Regime	0-20	1		3. Pool Variability	0-20			3. Velocity/ Depth Regime	0-20		3. Velocity/ Depth Regime	0-20		3. Velocity/ Depth Regime	0-20	
4. Sediment Deposition	0-20	19		4. Sediment Deposition	0-20			4. Sediment Deposition	0-20		4. Sediment Deposition	0-20		4. Sediment Deposition	0-20	
5. Channel Flow Status	0-20	1		5. Channel Flow Status	0-20			5. Channel Flow Status	0-20		5. Channel Flow Status	0-20		5. Channel Flow Status	0-20	
6. Channel Alteration	0-20	15		6. Channel Alteration	0-20		1	6. Channel Alteration	0-20		6. Channel Alteration	0-20		6. Channel Alteration	0-20	
7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	0-20	1		7. Channel Sinuosity	0-20			7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	0-20		7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	0-20		7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	0-20	
8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)	0-20	13		8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)	0-20			8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)	0-20		8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)	0-20		8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)	0-20	
9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20	14		9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20			9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20		9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20		9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20	
10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB)	0-20	10		10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB)	0-20	•		10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB)	0-20		10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB)	0-20		10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB)	0-20	
Total RBP Score	Marginal	103 0.515		Total RBP Score	Poor	0	-	Total RBP Score	Poor	0	Total RBP Score	Poor	0	Total RBP Score Sub-Total	Poor	0
Sub-Total CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitter	nt and Perennial Str			Sub-Total CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermittent a	and Perennial Stre	eams)		Sub-Total CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitter	nt and Perennial Str	eams)	Sub-Total CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitte)	nt and Perennial Stre	eams)	CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermittent	and Perennial Stream	ns)
WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General	l)			WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General)				WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General	I)		WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (Genera	I)		WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General)		
Specific Conductivity				Specific Conductivity		9		Specific Conductivity			Specific Conductivity			Specific Conductivity		
400 400 - 05 - 121	0-90				0-90				0-90			0-90			0-90	
100-199 - 85 points				n∐				nH			nH			nU		
рп	0-1			рп	0-1			рп	0-1		рп	0-1		рп	0-1	
5.6-5.9 = 45 points	0-80				5-90				5-90			5-90			5-90	
DO		30		DO		0		DO			DO			DO		
	10-30				10-30				10-30			10-30			10-30	
Sub-Total				Sub-Total		0	-	Sub-Total		0	Sub-Total		0	Sub-Total		0
BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermit	ttent and Perennial S	Streams)		BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitter	nt and Perennial S	Streams)	1	BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Interm	nittent and Perenn	ial Streams)	BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intern	mittent and Perennia	al Streams)	BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermit	ttent and Perennial \$	Streams)
WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)				WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)				WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)			WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)			WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)		
_	0-100 0-1				0-100 0-1				0-100 0-1			0-100 0-1			0-100 0-1	
Sub-Total		0		Sub-Total		0		Sub-Total		0	Sub-Total		0	Sub-Total		0
PART II - Index and U	Jnit Score		[PART II - Index and U	Init Score		1	PART II - Index and	I Unit Score		PART II - Index and U	Init Score		PART II - Index and Un	nit Score	
Index	Linear Feet	Unit Score		Index	Linear Feet	Unit Score		Index	Linear Feet	Unit Score	Index	Linear Feet	Unit Score	Index	Linear Feet L	Unit Score
0.659	20	40.45		0	0	_	1		0	0			0	0		_

PHYSICAL CHARACTERIZATION/WATER QUALITY FIELD DATA SHEET (FRONT)

STREAM NAME		LOCATION					
STATION#	RIVERMILE	STREAM CLASS					
LAT	LONG	RIVER BASIN					
STORET#		AGENCY					
INVESTIGATORS							
FORM COMPLETED I	3Y	DATE	REASON FOR SURVEY				

WEATHER CONDITIONS	%	storm (heavy rain) rain (steady rain) showers (intermittent) %cloud cover clear/sunny	Past 24 hours	Has there been a heavy rain in the last 7 days? Yes No Air Temperature0 C Other
SITE LOCATION/MAP	PIPE	C L		pled (or attach a photograph)
	LOD	TIMBE	R M	AT BRIDGE
STREAM CHARACTERIZATION	Stream Subsyst Perennial Stream Origin Glacial Non-glacial n Swamp and b	Intermittent Tid Spring-fe nontane Mixture of		Stream Type Coldwater Warmwater Catchment Areakm²

PHYSICAL CHARACTERIZATION/WATER QUALITY FIELD DATA SHEET (BACK)

WATERS FEATURI		Fores Field/ Agric	Pasture Industria	rcial	Local Watershed NPS Pollution No evidence ☐ Some potential sources Obvious sources Local Watershed Erosion None Moderate Heavy	
RIPARIA VEGETA (18 meter	TION	Trees	SI SI	hrubs	Ominant species present Grasses Herbaceous	
INSTREA FEATURI		Estimat Estimat Samplin Area in Estimat	ed Reach Length ed Stream Width g Reach Area km² (m²x1000) ed Stream Depth Velocity m	m m m² km²	Canopy Cover Partly open Partly shaded Shaded High Water Markm Proportion of Reach Represented by Stream Morphology Types Riffle % Run% Pool% Channelized Yes No Dam Present Yes No	
LARGE V DEBRIS	VOODY		of LWDm	n ² /km ² (LWD/	reach area)	
AQUATION VEGETA		Roote Floati Domin a	e the dominant type and d emergent Re ng Algae At unt species present of the reach with aquat	ooted submerge tached Algae		
WATER (QUALITY	Specific Dissolve pH Turbidi	cature0 C Conductance ed Oxygen ty trument Used		Water Odors Normal/None Sewage Petroleum Chemical Fishy Other	
SEDIMENT/ SUBSTRATE Odors Norm Chem Other					Relict shells Other	_
INC	ORGANIC SUBS		COMPONENTS 00%)		ORGANIC SUBSTRATE COMPONENTS (does not necessarily add up to 100%)	
Substrate Type	Diamete	er	% Composition in Sampling Reach	Substrate Type	Characteristic % Composition in Sampling Area	
Bedrock Boulder	> 256 mm (10")			Detritus	sticks, wood, coarse plant materials (CPOM)	
Cobble Gravel	64-256 mm (2.5 2-64 mm (0.1"-2			Muck-Mud	black, very fine organic (FPOM)	
Sand	0.06-2mm (gritt	y)		Marl	grey, shell fragments	

Silt

Clay

0.004-0.06 mm

< 0.004 mm (slick)

HABITAT ASSESSMENT FIELD DATA SHEET - HG - USE ON ALL STREAMS (FRONT)

STREAM NAME	LOCATION	
STATION # RIVERMILE	STREAM CLASS	
LAT LONG	RIVER BASIN	
STORET#	AGENCY	
INVESTIGATORS		
FORM COMPLETED BY	DATE AM PM	REASON FOR SURVEY

	Habitat		Condition	ı Category					
	Parameter	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginal	Poor				
	1. Epifaunal Substrate/ Available Cover	Greater than 70% of substrate favorable for epifaunal colonization and fish cover; mix of snags, submerged logs, undercut banks, cobble or other stable habitat and at stage to allow full colonization potential (i.e., logs/snags that are not new fall and not transient).	40-70% mix of stable habitat; well-suited for full colonization potential; adequate habitat for maintenance of populations; presence of additional substrate in the form of newfall, but not yet prepared for colonization (may rate at high end of scale).	20-40% mix of stable habitat; habitat availability less than desirable; substrate frequently disturbed or removed.	Less than 20% stable habitat; lack of habitat is obvious; substrate unstable or lacking.				
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0				
n sampling reach	2. Embeddedness	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 0-25% surrounded by fine sediment. Layering of cobble provides diversity of niche space.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 25- 50% surrounded by fine sediment.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 50- 75% surrounded by fine sediment.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are more than 75% surrounded by fine sediment.				
ted in	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0				
Parameters to be evaluated in sampling reach	3. Velocity/Depth Regime	All four velocity/depth regimes present (slow-deep, slow-shallow, fast-deep, fast-shallow). (Slow is < 0.3 m/s, deep is > 0.5 m.)	Only 3 of the 4 regimes present (if fast-shallow is missing, score lower than if missing other regimes).	Only 2 of the 4 habitat regimes present (if fast-shallow or slow-shallow are missing, score low).	Dominated by 1 velocity/depth regime (usually slow-deep).				
ıram	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0				
Pa	4. Sediment Deposition	Little or no enlargement of islands or point bars and less than 5% of the bottom affected by sediment deposition.	Some new increase in bar formation, mostly from gravel, sand or fine sediment; 5-30% of the bottom affected; slight deposition in pools.	Moderate deposition of new gravel, sand or fine sediment on old and new bars; 30-50% of the bottom affected; sediment deposits at obstructions, constrictions, and bends; moderate deposition of pools prevalent.	Heavy deposits of fine material, increased bar development; more than 50% of the bottom changing frequently; pools almost absent due to substantial sediment deposition.				
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0				
	5. Channel Flow Status	Water reaches base of both lower banks, and minimal amount of channel substrate is exposed.	Water fills >75% of the available channel; or <25% of channel substrate is exposed.	Water fills 25-75% of the available channel, and/or riffle substrates are mostly exposed.	Very little water in channel and mostly present as standing pools.				
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0				

HABITAT ASSESSMENT FIELD DATA SHEET—HIGH GRADIENT STREAMS (BACK)

	Habitat	Condition Category											
	Parameter	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginal	Poor								
	6. Channel Alteration	Channelization or dredging absent or minimal; stream with normal pattern.	Some channelization present, usually in areas of bridge abutments; evidence of past channelization, i.e., dredging, (greater than past 20 yr) may be present, but recent channelization is not present.	Channelization may be extensive; embankments or shoring structures present on both banks; and 40 to 80% of stream reach channelized and disrupted.	Banks shored with gabion or cement; over 80% of the stream reach channelized and disrupted. Instream habitat greatly altered or removed entirely.								
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0								
oling reach	7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	Occurrence of riffles relatively frequent; ratio of distance between riffles divided by width of the stream <7:1 (generally 5 to 7); variety of habitat is key. In streams where riffles are continuous, placement of boulders or other large, natural obstruction is important.	Occurrence of riffles infrequent; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between 7 to 15.	Occasional riffle or bend; bottom contours provide some habitat; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between 15 to 25.	Generally all flat water or shallow riffles; poor habitat; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is a ratio of >25.								
samp	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0								
Parameters to be evaluated broader than sampling reach	8. Bank Stability (score each bank) Note: determine left or right side by facing downstream.	Banks stable; evidence of erosion or bank failure absent or minimal; little potential for future problems. <5% of bank affected.	Moderately stable; infrequent, small areas of erosion mostly healed over. 5-30% of bank in reach has areas of erosion	Moderately unstable; 30-60% of bank in reach has areas of erosion; high erosion potential during floods.	Unstable; many eroded areas; "raw" areas frequent along straight sections and bends; obvious bank sloughing; 60-100% of bank has erosional scars.								
e eva	SCORE (LB)	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0								
to be	SCORE (RB)	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0								
Parameters	9. Vegetative Protection (score each bank)	More than 90% of the streambank surfaces and immediate riparian zone covered by native vegetation, including trees, understory shrubs, or nonwoody macrophytes; vegetative disruption through grazing or mowing minimal or not evident; almost all plants allowed to grow naturally.	70-90% of the streambank surfaces covered by native vegetation, but one class of plants is not well-represented; disruption evident but not affecting full plant growth potential to any great extent; more than one-half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.	50-70% of the streambank surfaces covered by vegetation; disruption obvious; patches of bare soil or closely cropped vegetation common; less than one- half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.	Less than 50% of the streambank surfaces covered by vegetation; disruption of streambank vegetation is very high; vegetation has been removed to 5 centimeters or less in average stubble height.								
	SCORE (LB)	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0								
	SCORE (RB)	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0								
	10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (score each bank riparian zone)	Width of riparian zone >18 meters; human activities (i.e., parking lots, roadbeds, clear-cuts, lawns, or crops) have not impacted zone.	Width of riparian zone 12-18 meters; human activities have impacted zone only minimally.	Width of riparian zone 6- 12 meters; human activities have impacted zone a great deal.	Width of riparian zone <6 meters: little or no riparian vegetation due to human activities.								
	SCORE (LB)	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0								
ĺ	SCORE (RB)	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0								

Total	Caama	
i otai	Score	

BENTHIC MACROINVERTEBRATE FIELD DATA SHEET

STREAM NAME	LOCATION							
STATION # RIVERMILE	STREAM CLASS							
LAT LONG	RIVER BASIN				RIVER BASIN			
STORET#	AGENCY							
INVESTIGATORS		LOT NUMBER						
FORM COMPLETED BY	DATE REASON FOR SURVEY							
HADITAT TYPES Indicate the percentage of	and habitat type present							

HABITAT TYPES	Indicate the percentage of each habitat type present Cobble% Snags% Vegetated Banks% Sand% Submerged Macrophytes% Other ()%
SAMPLE COLLECTION	Gear used D-frame kick-net Other How were the samples collected? wading from bank from boat
	Indicate the number of jabs/kicks taken in each habitat type. Cobble Snags Vegetated Banks Sand Submerged Macrophytes Other ()
GENERAL COMMENTS	

QUALITATIVE LISTING OF AQUATIC BIOTA

Indicate estimated abundance: 0 = Absent/Not Observed, 1 = Rare, 2 = Common, 3 = Abundant, 4 = Dominant

Periphyton	0	1	2	3	4	Slimes	0	1	2	3	4
Filamentous Algae	0	1	2	3	4	Macroinvertebrates	0	1	2	3	4
Macrophytes	0	1	2	3	4	Fish	0	1	2	3	4

FIELD OBSERVATIONS OF MACROBENTHOS

Indicate estimated abundance: 0 = Absent/Not Observed, 1 = Rare (1-3 organisms), 2 = Common (3-9 organisms), 3 = Abundant (>10 organisms), 4 = Dominant (>50 organisms)

Porifera	0	1	2	3	4	Anisoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Chironomidae	0	1	2	3	4
Hydrozoa	0	1	2	3	4	Zygoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Ephemeroptera	0	1	2	3	4
Platyhelminthes	0	1	2	3	4	Hemiptera	0	1	2	3	4	Trichoptera	0	1	2	3	4
Turbellaria	0	1	2	3	4	Coleoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Other	0	1	2	3	4
Hirudinea	0	1	2	3	4	Lepidoptera	0	1	2	3	4						
Oligochaeta	0	1	2	3	4	Sialidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Isopoda	0	1	2	3	4	Corydalidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Amphipoda	0	1	2	3	4	Tipulidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Decapoda	0	1	2	3	4	Empididae	0	1	2	3	4						
Gastropoda	0	1	2	3	4	Simuliidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Bivalvia	0	1	2	3	4	Tabinidae	0	1	2	3	4						
						Culcidae	0	1	2	3	4						

WOLMAN PEBBLE COUNT FORM

County: Franklin County Stream ID: S-MM44

Stream Name: UNT to Little Jacks Creek

HUC Code: 03010101 Basin: Upper Roanoke

Survey Date: 9/2/2021 Surveyors: RH RC DW Type: Representative

	7		LE COUNT			1	1
Inches	PARTICLE	Millimeters		Particle Count	Total #	Item %	% Cum
	Silt/Clay	< .062	S/C	A	9	9.00	9.00
	Very Fine	.062125		A	1	1.00	10.00
	Fine	.12525		-	3	3.00	13.00
	Medium	.255	SAND	^	2	2.00	15.00
	Coarse	.50-1.0]	^		0.00	15.00
.0408	Very Coarse	1.0-2	1	•		0.00	15.00
.0816	Very Fine	2 -4		_		0.00	15.00
.1622	Fine	4 -5.7	1	_		0.00	15.00
.2231	Fine	5.7 - 8	1	^		0.00	15.00
.3144	Medium	8 -11.3	1	A		0.00	15.00
.4463	Medium	11.3 - 16	GRAVEL	A		0.00	15.00
.6389	Coarse	16 -22.6		A		0.00	15.00
.89 - 1.26	Coarse	22.6 - 32	1	^	2	2.00	17.00
1.26 - 1.77	Vry Coarse	32 - 45	1	^	7	7.00	24.00
1.77 -2.5	Vry Coarse	45 - 64	1	^	9	9.00	33.00
2.5 - 3.5	Small	64 - 90		^	28	28.00	61.00
3.5 - 5.0	Small	90 - 128	1	^	22	22.00	83.00
5.0 - 7.1	Large	128 - 180	COBBLE	A	17	17.00	100.00
7.1 - 10.1	Large	180 - 256	1	^		0.00	100.00
10.1 - 14.3	Small	256 - 362		-		0.00	100.00
14.3 - 20	Small	362 - 512	1	^		0.00	100.00
20 - 40	Medium	512 - 1024	BOULDER	▲		0.00	100.00
40 - 80	Large	1024 -2048	1	▲		0.00	100.00
80 - 160	Vry Large	2048 -4096	1	A		0.00	100.00
	Bedrock		BDRK	▲		0.00	100.00
				Totals:	100		
	Total Tally:						

RIVERMORPH PARTICLE SUMMARY

UNT to Little Jacks Creek

S-MM44

River Name: Reach Name: Sample Name: Sample Name: Representative Survey Date: 09/02/2021

Size (mm)	TOT #	ITEM %	CUM %
0 - 0.062 0.062 - 0.125 0.125 - 0.25 0.25 - 0.50 0.50 - 1.0 1.0 - 2.0 2.0 - 4.0 4.0 - 5.7 5.7 - 8.0 8.0 - 11.3 11.3 - 16.0 16.0 - 22.6 22.6 - 32.0 32 - 45 45 - 64 64 - 90 90 - 128 128 - 180 180 - 256 256 - 362 362 - 512 512 - 1024 1024 - 2048 Bedrock	9 1 3 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 7 9 28 22 17 0 0 0 0	9.00 1.00 3.00 2.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 2.00 7.00 9.00 22.00 17.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	9.00 10.00 13.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 17.00 24.00 33.00 61.00 83.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00
D16 (mm) D35 (mm) D50 (mm) D84 (mm) D95 (mm) D100 (mm) Silt/Clay (%) Sand (%) Gravel (%) Cobble (%) Boulder (%) Bedrock (%)	27.3 65.86 79.79 131.06 164.71 180 9 6 18 67 0		

Total Particles = 100.

Stream Assessment Form (Form 1) Unified Stream Methodology for use in Virginia e channels classified as intermittent or perennial Cowardin **Impact** Impact Project # Project Name (Applicant) Locality HUC Date SAR# Class Length Factor Mountain Valley Pipeline (Mountain Franklin 22865.07 R3 03010101 9/2/21 S-MM44 20 1 Valley Pipeline, LLC) County Name(s) of Evaluator(s) Stream Name and Information SAR Length **UNT to Little Jacks Creek** 120 RC, RH, DW 1. Channel Condition: Assess the cross-section of the stream and prevailing condition (erosion, aggradation) Optimal Suboptimal Poor Severe Marginal Slightly incised, few areas of active Often incised, but less than Severe or Very little incision or active erosion; 80 Overwidened/incised. Vertically / Deeply incised (or excavated) 100% stable banks. Vegetative surfact protection or natural rock, prominent sion or unprotected banks. Majority of banks are stable (60-80%). vertical/lateral instability. Severe ision, flow contained within the bank Banks more stable than Severe laterally unstable. Likely to wid Majority of both ban Channel 80-100%). AND/OR Stable point bars Vegetative protection or natural rock Erosion may be present on 40-60% of vertical. Erosion present on 60-80% of Streambed below average rooting depth Condition bankfull benches are present. Access to their original floodplain or fully prominent (60-80%) AND/OR Depositional features contribute to both banks. Vegetative protection on 40-60% of banks. Streambanks may be banks. Vegetative protection present on 20-40% of banks, and is insufficient majority of banks vertical/undercut. Vegetative protection present on less leveloped wide bankfull benches. Mid stability. The bankfull and low flow vertical or undercut. AND/OR to prevent erosion. AND/OR 60-80% o than 20% of banks, is not preventing channel bars and transverse bars few. Transient sediment deposition covers less than 10% of bottom. 40-60% Sediment may be temporary transient, contribute instability. Deposition that contribute to stability, hannels are well defined. Stream like as access to bankfull benches,or new the stream is covered by sediment. Sediment is temporary / transient in erosion. Obvious bank sloughing sent. Erosion/raw banks on 80-100% developed floodplains along nature, and contributing to instability AND/OR Aggrading channel. Greater portions of the reach. Transient liment covers 10-40% of the stream may be forming/present. AND/OR V-shaped channels have vegetative AND/OR V-shaped channels have vegetative protection is present on > than 80% of stream bed is covered by deposition, contributing to instability. bottom protection on > 40% of the banks and 40% of the banks and stable sediment Multiple thread channels and/or depositional features which contribute deposition is absent subterranean flow to stability. CI 3 2.4 Scores 1.6 2.40 NOTES>> 2. RIPARIAN BUFFERS: Assess both bank's 100 foot riparian areas along the entire SAR. (rough measurements of length & width may be acceptable) **Conditional Category** NOTES>> Optimal Suboptimal Marginal Poor Low Marginal: Non-maintained High Poor: Lawns High Suboptima Low Suboptimal High Marginal Low Poor: dense herbaceou maintained areas Riparian areas wit Riparian areas with egetation, ripariar reas lacking shrub Non-maintained nurseries: no-till Impervious ree stratum (dbh tree stratum (dbh : nse herbaceo cropland; actively 3 inches) present 3 inches) present Tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present vegetation with and tree stratum grazed pasture, spoil lands. Riparian with 30% to 60% with 30% to 60% hay production, onds, open wate If present, tree either a shrub laye or a tree layer (dbl parsely vegetated non-maintained with > 60% tree canopy cover. nuded surfaces tree canopy cove and containing bot tree canopy cover and a maintained **Buffers** Wetlands located within the riparian row crops, active areas. > 3 inches) area, recently feed lots, trails, o herbaceous and understory. Recer cutover (dense resent, with <30% stratum (dbh >3 seeded and other comparable shrub layers or a inches) present, with <30% tree stabilized, or othe conditions tree canopy cover non-maintained vegetation). comparable understory. canopy cover with maintained condition. understory. High Low High Low High Low 1.5 0.85 0.5 Scores 1.2 1.1 0.75 0.6 Delineate riparian areas along each stream bank into Condition Categories and Condition Scores using the descriptors Ensure the sums Determine square footage for each by measuring or estimating length and width. Calculators are provided for you below of % Riparian Enter the % Riparian Area and Score for each riparian category in the blocks below Blocks equal 100 % Riparian Area> 20% 30% 20% 30% 100% Right Bank 0.85 Score > 0.5 0.75 0.6 CI= (Sum % RA * Scores*0.01)/2 % Riparian Area> 20% 25% 20% 35% 100% Rt Bank CI > 0.69 CI Left Bank 0.68 Score > 0.85 0.75 0.6 Lt Bank CI > 0.67 3. INSTREAM HABITAT: Varied substrate sizes, water velocity and depths; woody and leafy debris; stable substrate; low embededness; shade; undercut banks; root mats; SAV; riffle/pool complexes, stable features **Conditional Category** NOTES>> Instream Optimal Suboptimal Marginal Poor Habitat/ Stable habitat elements are typically Stable habitat elements are typically Habitat elements listed above are Available labitat elements are typically present resent in 30-50% of the reach and are esent in 10-30% of the reach and ar lacking or are unstable. Habitat greater than 50% of the reach adequate for maintenance of adequate for maintenance of nents are typically present in less than 10% of the reach. Cover populations. populations Stream Gradient

Scores

1.5

1.2

0.9

0.5

High / Low

1 20

Stream Impact Assessment Form Page 2										
Project #	Project Name (Applicant)		Locality	Cowardin Class.	нис	Date	SAR#	Impact length	Impact Factor	
22865.07	Mountain Valley Pipeline (Mountain Valley Pipeline, LLC)		Franklin County	R3	03010101	9/2/21	S-MM44	20	1	
4. CHANNEL ALTERATION: Stream crossings, riprap, concrete, gabions, or concrete blocks, straightening of channel, channelization, embankments, spoil piles, constrictions, livestock										
	No sellostico			al Category		0		NOTES>>		
	Negligible	MIII	nor	Moderate 40 - 60% of reach 1 60 - 80% of reach		Severe				
Channel Alteration	Channelization, dredging, alteration, or hardening absent. Stream has an unaltered pattern or has naturalized.	Less than 20% of the stream reach is disrupted by any of the channel alterations listed in the parameter guidelines.	20-40% of the stream reach is disrupted by any of the channel alterations listed in the parameter guidelines.	is disrupted by any of the channel alterations listed in	is disrupted by any of the channel	by any of the chan in the parameter of 80% of banks sh	of reach is disrupted nel alterations listed juidelines AND/OR ored with gabion, r cement.			
Scores	1.5	1.3	1.1	0.9	0.7	0	.5			

REACH CONDITION INDEX and STREAM CONDITION UNITS FOR THIS REACH

THE REACH CONDITION INDEX (RCI) >> 1.08

RCI= (Sum of all Cl's)/5, except if stream is ephemeral RCI = (Riparian Cl/2)

COMPENSATION REQUIREMENT (CR) >>

CR = RCI X L_I X IF

INSERT PHOTOS:

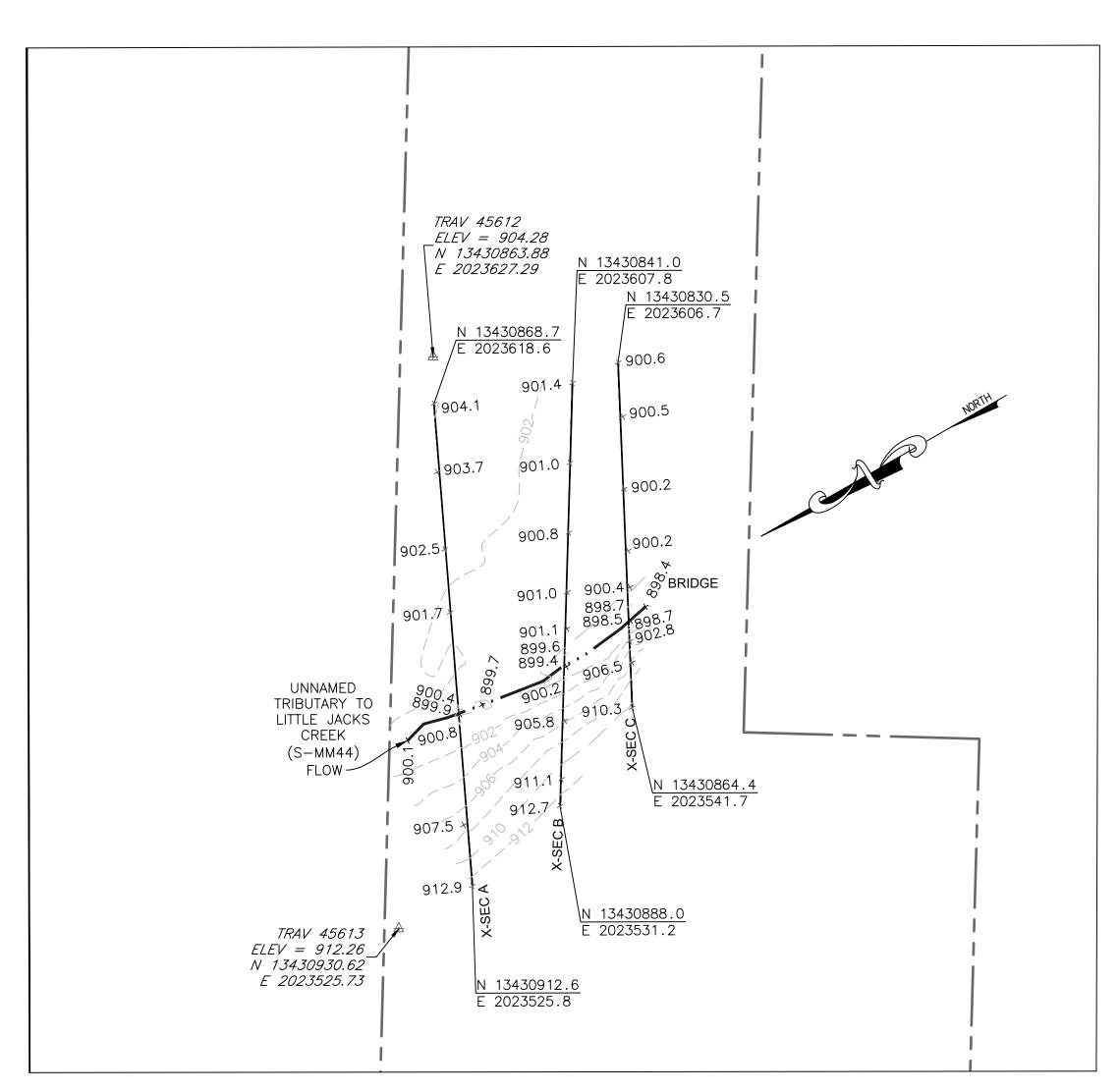
(WSSI Photo Location L:\22000s\22800\22865.06\Admin\05-ENVR\Field Data\)

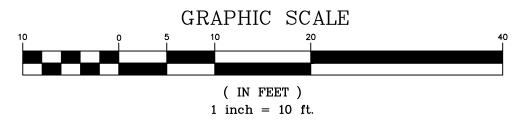
NOTE: The CIs and RCI should be rounded to 2 decimal places. The CR should be rounded to a whole number.

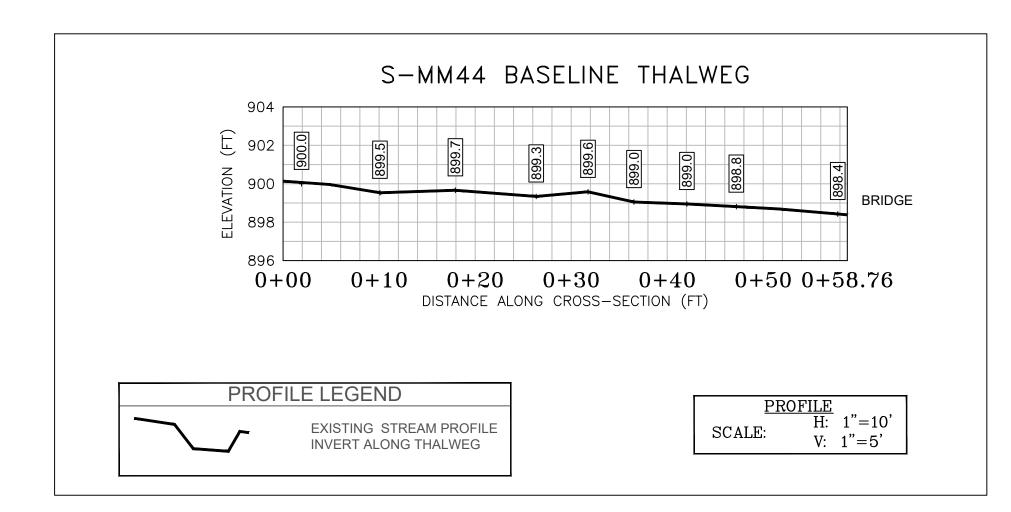


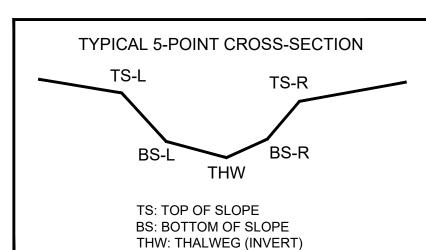
DESCRIBE PROPOSED IMPACT:

PROVIDED UNDER SEPARATE COVER







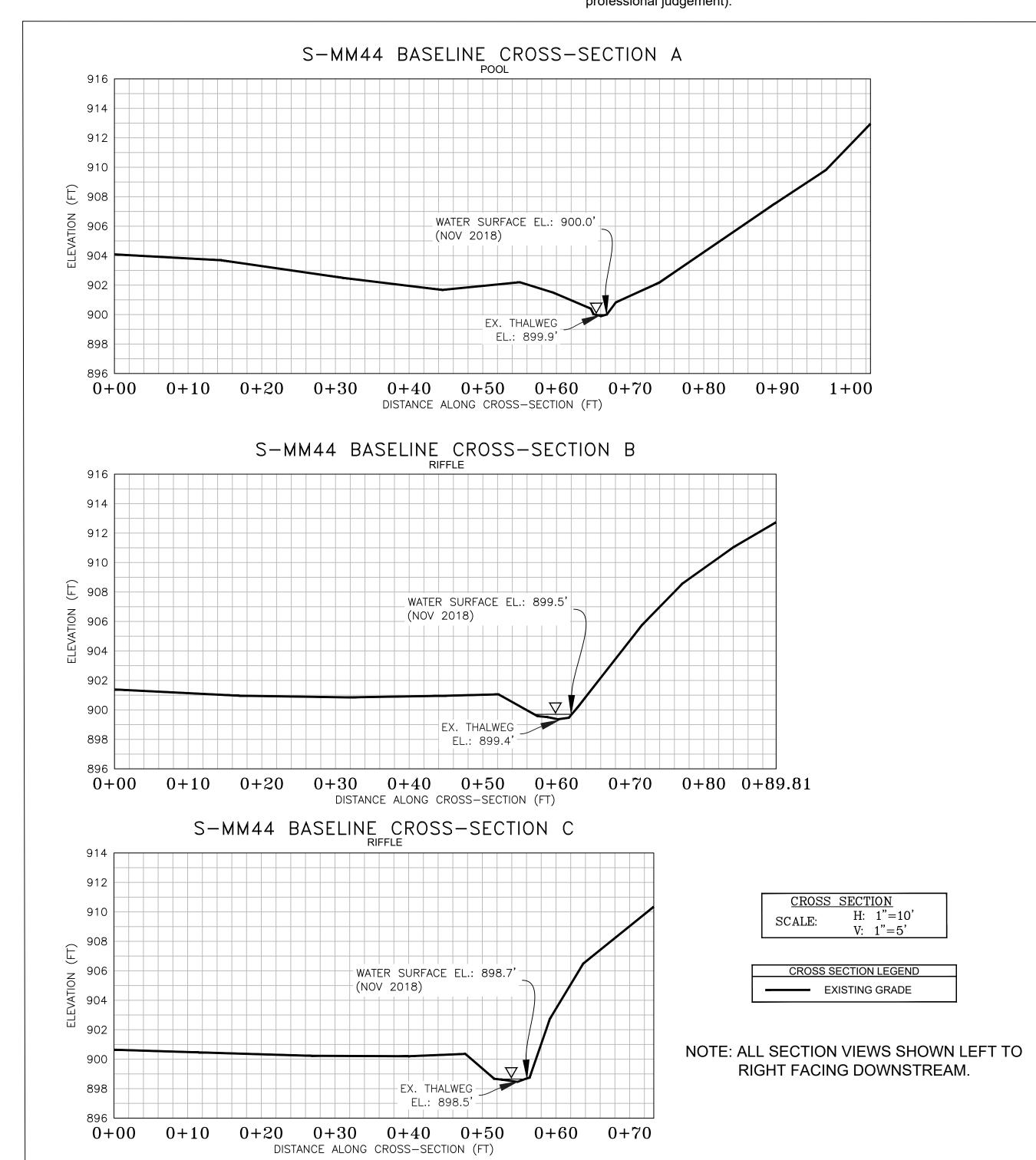


CL STAKEOUT POINTS: S-MM44 CROSS SECTION B (PIPE CL)											
	PR	POST-C	ROSSING								
DT LOC	NODTHING	FACTING		VERT.	HORZ.						
PT. LOC.	NORTHING	EASTING	ELEV	DIFF.	DIFF.						
TS-L	13430867.97	2023563.13	901.05								
BS-L	1343070.62	2023558.57	899.57								
THW	13430872.12	2023556.23	899.36								
BS-R	13430873.58	2023554.03	900.15								
TS-R	13430881.04	2023541.82	908.59								

LEGEND STUDY AREA (EASEMENT) EXISTING SURVEY-LOCATED THALWEG EXISTING SURVEY-LOCATED EDGE OF WATER (AS NECESSARY) EXISTING CONTOUR LINE (MAJOR) ---EXISTING CONTOUR LINE (MINOR) 900.2 **+** EXISTING SURVEYED GROUND SHOT ELEVATION BENCHMARK POINT (WSSI)

SURVEY NOTES:

- 1. This map has been oriented to NAD 1983 UTM ZONE 17N, and vertically to The North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88), using a Real Time Network (RTN) GPS. Field locations were completed on December 3, 2018.
- 2. Monumentation, including traverse stations and fly points, shown on this drawing should be used to orient any future boundary, topographic, or location survey.
- 3. Easement lines shown on plan view were provided by Mountain Valley Pipeline (MVP).
- 4. WSSI Contour Interval = 2.0'. Contours within the channel were interpolated using stream channel breaklines (i.e. top of slopes, toe of slopes, thalweg) and cross-sectional points. Contours outside the channel were interpolated using cross-sectional spot shots.
- 5. All section views shown are left to right facing downstream.
- 6. Cross-section B shot at location of pipe centerline (based on best professional judgement).





Wetland

2

279.

to 100

PHOTO TAKEN LOOKING DOWNSTREAM ON 12/03/2018



PHOTO TAKEN LOOKING UPSTREAM FROM BRIDGE ON 12/03/2018 POST-CROSSING PHOTOS PENDING CROSSING PHOTO TAKEN LOOKING PENDING CROSSING

PHOTO TAKEN LOOKING

Horizontal Datum: NAD 1983 UTM ZONE 1 Vertical Datum: NAVD 88

Boundary and Topo Source: WSSI 2' C.I. Topo Approved

> NAS JSF Sheet # 1 of 1

Computer File Name: :\Survey\22000s\22800\22865.03\Spread I Work Dwgs 2865_03 S-I MP 279-291 Sheets_2.dwg

EJC