Baseline Assessment – Stream Attributes

Revisit

*Additional field visits were attempted on 1/6/2022, however data could not be collected due to poorly defined stream channels and streams located outside of the existing perimeter controls. For those streams, professional judgment was used to assign proxy values based on comparable streams in proximity.

Reach S-MM46 (Timber Mat Crossing) Intermittent Spread I Franklin County, Virginia

Data	Included
Photos	√ *
USM Form (Virginia Only)	√
SWVM Form	Proxy Stream Information Utilized; Refer to Master Stream Summary Table
FCI Calculator and HGM Form	
RBP Physical Characteristics Form	
Water Quality Data	
RBP Habitat Form	
RBP Benthic Form	
Benthic Identification Sheet	
Wolman Pebble Count	
RiverMorph Data Sheet	
Longitudinal Profile and Cross Sections	



Photo Type: Stream nonexistent Orientation, Photographer Initials: Looking S upstream, RAH

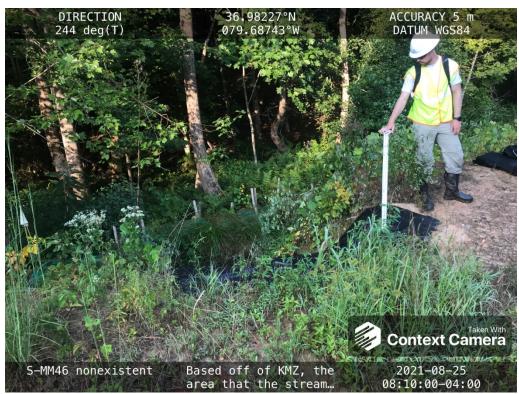


Photo Type: Stream nonexistent Orientation, Photographer Initials: Looking SW upstream, RAH



Photo Type: DS VIEW Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Downstream view of ROW looking S, KB



Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Upstream view of ROW looking NE, KB.
Note: Fabric was installed to prevent slope failure.



Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Standing on LB looking at RB along pipe centerline looking N/NW, KB



Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Standing on RB looking at LB along pipe centerline looking SE, KB



Photo Type: DS COND Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Downstream conditions outside of LOC looking S, KB

Stream Assessment Form (Form 1) Unified Stream Methodology for use in Virginia For use in wadeable channels classified as intermittent or perennia SAR # / Data Cowardin **Impact Impact** Project # **Project Name (Applicant)** Locality HUC Date Class Point Length Factor **Mountain Valley Pipeline (Mountain** Franklin 22865.07 R4 03010101 1/6/2022 S-MM46 9 1 Valley Pipeline, LLC) County Stream Name and Information SAR Length Name(s) of Evaluator(s) **UNT to Little Jacks Creek** SB,ES 50 1. Channel Condition: Assess the cross-section of the stream and prevailing condition (erosion, aggradation) Optimal Suboptimal Poor Severe Marginal Very little incision or active er Slightly incised, few areas of active Often incised, but less than Severe o osion; 80 Overwidened/incised. Vertically / Deeply incised (or excavated) sion or unprotected banks. Majorit of banks are stable (60-80%). 100% stable banks. Vegetative surfa Poor, Banks more stable than Seve laterally unstable. Likely to wide vertical/lateral instability. Sever or Poor due to lower bank slop cision, flow contained within the banks Majority of both banks are ne Channel 80-100%), AND/OR Stable point bars Vegetative protection or natural rock Erosion may be present on 40-60% of vertical. Erosion present on 60-80% of Streambed below average rooting depth Condition bankfull benches are present. Access to their original floodplain or fully prominent (60-80%) AND/OR Depositional features contribute to both banks. Vegetative protection on 40-60% of banks. Streambanks may be banks. Vegetative protection present on 20-40% of banks, and is insufficient majority of banks vertical/undercut. Vegetative protection present on less leveloped wide bankfull benches. Mid stability. The bankfull and low flow vertical or undercut. AND/OR o prevent erosion. AND/OR 60-80% of than 20% of banks, is not preventing channel bars and transverse bars few Transient sediment deposition covers nannels are well defined. Stream like has access to bankfull benches,or transient, contribute instability. the stream is covered by sediment. Sediment is temporary / transient in erosion. Obvious bank sloughing sent. Erosion/raw banks on 80-100% nature, and contributing to instability. AND/OR V-shaped channels have vegetative protection is present on > AND/OR Aggrading channel. Greater than 80% of stream bed is covered by deposition, contributing to instability. less than 10% of bottom. newly developed floodplains along Deposition that contribute to stability portions of the reach. Transient sediment covers 10-40% of the may be forming/present. AND/OR Vshaped channels have vegetative stream bottom protection on > 40% of the banks and 40% of the banks and stable sedimen Multiple thread channels and/or depositional features which contribute deposition is absent subterranean flow to stability. CI 3 2.4 2 3.00 Scores 1 NOTES>> 2. RIPARIAN BUFFERS: Assess both bank's 100 foot riparian areas along the entire SAR. (rough measurements of length & width may be acceptable) NOTES>> **Conditional Category** Optimal Suboptimal Marginal Poor Low Marginal: Non-maintained ligh Poor: Lawns mowed, and **High Suboptimal** Low Suboptimal High Marginal: dense herbaceous naintained areas Low Poor: Riparian areas with Riparian areas wit Impervious surfaces, mine Non-maintained egetation, riparia nurseries: no-till ree stratum (dbh > ree stratum (dbh : cropland; actively dense herbaceou reas lacking shrub 3 inches) present, 3 inches) present, with 30% to 60% Tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present vegetation with and tree stratum grazed pasture. spoil lands, Riparian with 30% to 60% with > 60% tree canopy cover. Wetlands located within the riparian either a shrub laye or a tree layer (dbl hay production, oonds, open wate parsely vegetated non-maintained lenuded surfaces tree canopy cove and containing tree canopy cover and a maintained **Buffers** areas. > 3 inches) If present, tree area, recently feed lots, trails, or both herbaceous nderstory. Recer present, with <30% stratum (dbh >3 seeded and other comparable and shrub layers o a non-maintained inches) present, stabilized, or othe conditions tree canopy cover vegetation). with <30% tree comparable understory. canopy cover with maintained understory. condition. High High Low Low High Low 1.5 0.85 0.75 0.6 0.5 Scores 1.2 1.1 1. Delineate riparian areas along each stream bank into Condition Categories and Condition Scores using the descriptors. Ensure the sums Determine square footage for each by measuring or estimating length and width. Calculators are provided for you below of % Riparian Enter the % Riparian Area and Score for each riparian category in the blocks below. Blocks equal 100 % Riparian Area> 80% 20% 100% Right Bank 0.75 Score > 0.5 CI= (Sum % RA * Scores*0.01)/2

100%

Rt Bank CI >

Lt Bank CI >

0.70

0.53

CI

1.50

% Riparian Area>

Score >

Left Bank

10%

0.75

90%

0.5

3. INSTREAM HABITAT: Varied substrate sizes, water velocity and depths; woody and leafy debris; stable substrate; low embeddeness; shade; undercut banks; root mats; SAV; riffle/pool **Conditional Category** NOTES>> Optimal Suboptimal Poor Instream Marginal Habitat/ Stable habitat elements are typically Stable habitat elements are typically present in 10-30% of the reach and are Habitat elements listed above are Available Habitat elements are typically presen resent in 30-50% of the reach and are lacking or are unstable. Habitat nents are typically present in less than 10% of the reach. in greater than 50% of the reach adequate for maintenance of adequate for maintenance of Cover populations. populations. Stream Gradient 1.5 1.2 0.9 1.20 Scores Low **Stream Impact Assessment Form Page 2** Cowardin SAR # / Data Impact / SAR Impact HUC Project # **Project Name (Applicant)** Locality Date Class **Point** length **Factor** Mountain Valley Pipeline (Mountain Franklin 22865.07 R4 03010101 1/6/2022 S-MM46 9 1 Valley Pipeline, LLC) County 4. CHANNEL ALTERATION: Stream crossings, riprap, concrete, gabions, or concrete blocks, straightening of channel, channelization, embankments, spoil piles, constrictions, livestock **Conditional Category** NOTES>> Negligible Minor Moderate Severe is disrupted by any s disrupted by any of the channel of the channel Less than 20% of 20-40% of the rations listed i terations listed i Channel Greater than 80% of reach is disrupted he stream reach is the parameter the parameter Channelization, dredging, alteration, o disrupted by any o isrupted by any o by any of the channel alterations listed Alteration guidelines. If guidelines. If hardening absent. Stream has an unaltered pattern or has naturalized. in the parameter guidelines AND/OR 80% of banks shored with gabion, the channel the channel tream has been channelized, stream has been terations listed in the parameter the parameter riprap, or cement. normal stable normal stable auidelines. guidelines. stream meande pattern has not pattern has not CI 1.5 0.5 1.50 **Scores** 1.3 1.1 0.9 0.7 REACH CONDITION INDEX and STREAM CONDITION UNITS FOR THIS REACH

NOTE: The CIs and RCI should be rounded to 2 decimal places. The CR should be rounded to a whole number

THE REACH CONDITION INDEX (RCI) >> 1.44 RCI= (Sum of all Cl's)/5, except if stream is ephemeral RCI = (Riparian Cl/2)

COMPENSATION REQUIREMENT (CR) >> 13

CR = RCI X L_I X IF

INSERT PHOTOS:

(WSSI Photo Location L:\22000s\22800\22865.06\Admin\05-ENVR\Field Data\Spread \Field Forms\S-MM46\Revisit photos\\$



Downstream view of ROW looking S

DESCRIBE PROPOSED IMPACT:

PROVIDED UNDER SEPARATE COVER