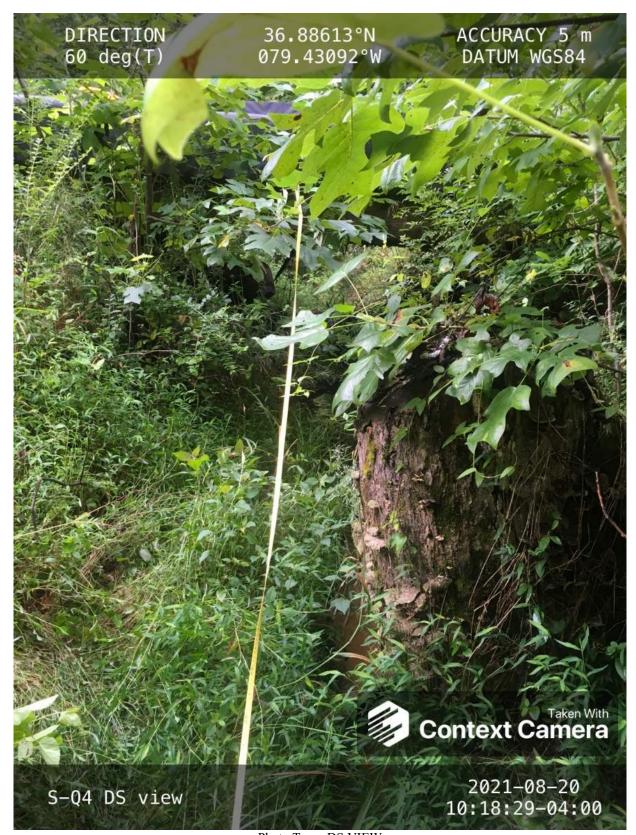
Reach S-Q4 (Timber Mat Crossing) Perennial Spread I Pittsylvania County, Virginia

Data	Included
Photos	\checkmark
SWVM Form	\checkmark
FCI Calculator and HGM Form	N/A – Perennial stream (not shadeable, slope less than 4%)
RBP Physical Characteristics Form	\checkmark
Water Quality Data	\checkmark
RBP Habitat Form	\checkmark
RBP Benthic Form	\checkmark
Benthic Identification Sheet	N/A – lack of habitat
Wolman Pebble Count	\checkmark
RiverMorph Data Sheet	\checkmark
USM Form (Virginia Only)	\checkmark
Longitudinal Profile and Cross Sections	\checkmark



Spread I Stream S-Q4 (Timber Mat Crossing) Pittsylvania County

Photo Type: DS VIEW Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Downstream view of ROW looking NE, CB/BH



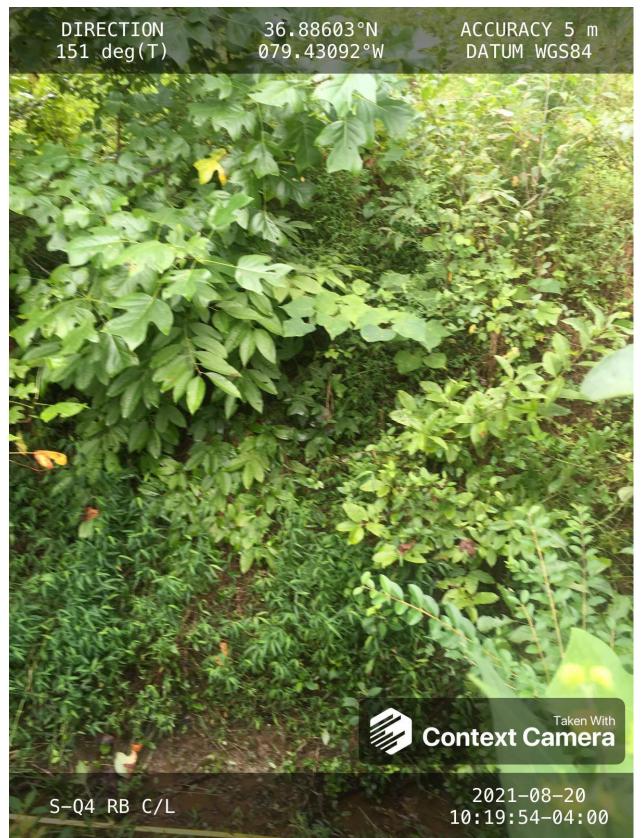
Spread I Stream S-Q4 (Timber Mat Crossing) Pittsylvania County

Photo Type: US VIEW Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Upstream view of ROW looking SW, CB/BH



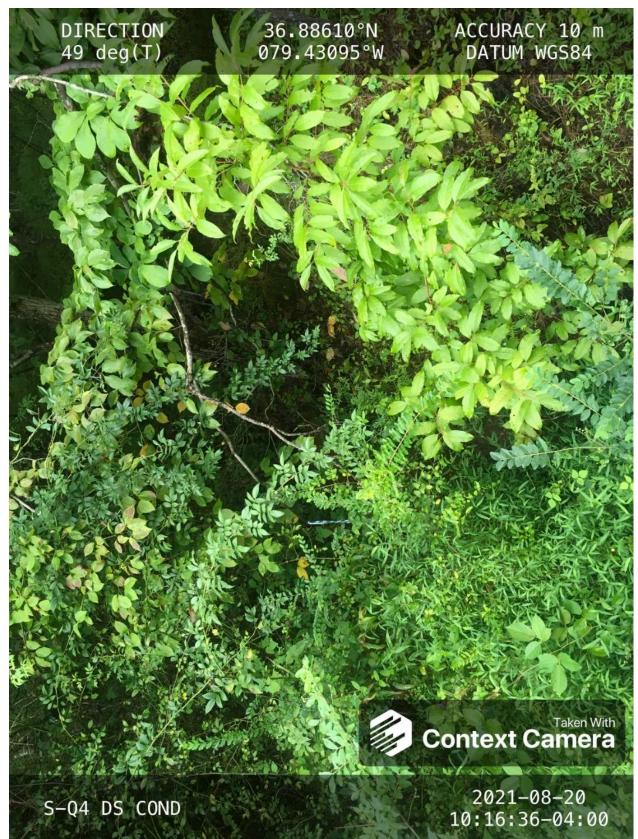
Spread I Stream S-Q4 (Timber Mat Crossing) Pittsylvania County

Photo Type: LB CL Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Standing on LB looking at RB along pipe centerline looking N, CB/BH



Spread I Stream S-Q4 (Timber Mat Crossing) Pittsylvania County

Photo Type: RB CL Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Standing on RB looking at LB along pipe centerline looking N, CB/BH



Spread I Stream S-Q4 (Timber Mat Crossing) Pittsylvania County

Photo Type: DS COND Location, Orientation, Photographer Initials: Downstream conditions outside of ROW looking NE, CB/BH

West Virginia Stream and Wetland Valuation Metric (SWVM) Version 2.1, September 2017

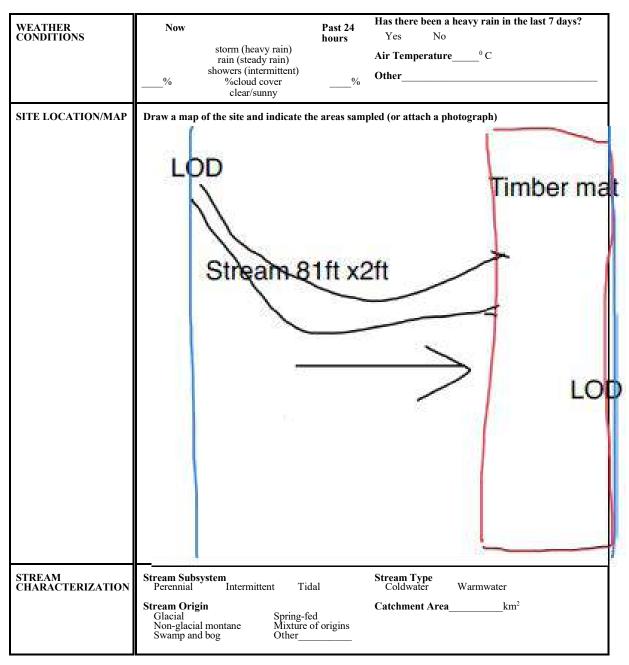
USACE FILE NO./ Project Name: (v2.1, Sept 2015)	Mount	ain Valley Pipeline	IMPACT COORDINATES: (in Decimal Degrees)	Lat.	36.886114	Lon79.430914	WEATHER:	80% Cloud Cover / showers	DATE:	August 20, 2021
	D AND SITE DESCRIPTION:), unaltered or impairments)	S-Q4/	40.2 ac		MITIGATION STREAM CLASS./S (watershed size (acreage),				Comments:	
STREAM IMPACT LENGTH:	20 FORM OF MITIGATION:	RESTORATION (Levels I-III)	MIT COORDINATES: (in Decimal Degrees)	Lat.		Lon.	PRECIPITATION PAST 48 HRS:		Mitigation Length:	
Column No. 1- Impact Existin	ng Condition (Debit)	Column No. 2- Mitigation Existing C	ondition - Baseline (Credit)		Column No. 3- Mitigation Pro Post Completion		Column No. 4- Mitigation Pr Post Completion		Column No. 5- Mitigation Proje	cted at Maturity (Credit)
Stream Classification:	Perennial	Stream Classification:			Stream Classification:	0	Stream Classification:	0	Stream Classification:	0
Percent Stream Channel S	Slope 3.74	Percent Stream Channel Sl	ope		Percent Stream Channel Sic	ope 0	Percent Stream Channel	Slope 0	Percent Stream Channel	Slope 0
HGM Score (attach o	data forms):	HGM Score (attach	data forms):		HGM Score (attach o	data forms):	HGM Score (attach	data forms):	HGM Score (attach	data forms):
	Average		Average			Average		Average		Average
Hydrology	0	Hydrology			Hydrology	0	Hydrology		Hydrology	
Biogeochemical Cycling Habitat PART I - Physical, Chemical and		Biogeochemical Cycling Habitat PART I - Physical, Chemical an	d Biological Indicators		Biogeochemical Cycling Habitat PART I - Physical, Chemical and		Biogeochemical Cycling Habitat PART I - Physical, Chemical at	nd Biological Indicators	Biogeochemical Cycling Habitat PART I - Physical, Chemical at	d Biological Indicators
Part I - I Hysical, one mean an	Pointa Scale Range Site Score		Pointa Scale Range Site Score		T ART I - T Hysical, one mean an	Points Scale Range Site Score		Point Scale Range Site Score	Tract to thy block, one mean a	Pointe Scale Range Site Score
PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all stream		PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams			PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all streams		PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all stress		PHYSICAL INDICATOR (Applies to all strea	
USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet)	is classifications)	USEPA RBP (Low Gradient Data Sheet)			USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet)	classifications)	USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet		USEPA RBP (High Gradient Data Sheet)	,
1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover	0-20 14	1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover	0-20		1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover	0-20	1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover	0-20	1. Epifaunal Substrate/Available Cover	0-20
2. Embeddedness	0-20 7	2. Pool Substrate Characterization	0-20		2. Embeddedness	0-20	2. Embeddedness	0-20	2. Embeddedness	0-20
3. Velocity/ Depth Regime	0-20 7	3. Pool Variability 4. Sediment Deposition	0-20		3. Velocity/ Depth Regime 4. Sediment Deposition	0-20	3. Velocity/ Depth Regime 4. Sediment Deposition	0-20	3. Velocity/ Depth Regime 4. Sediment Deposition	0-20
5. Channel Flow Status	0-20 0.4 5	5. Channel Flow Status	0-20		5. Channel Flow Status	0-20	5. Channel Flow Status	0-20	5. Channel Flow Status	0-20
5. Channel Alteration	0-20 0-1 16	6. Channel Alteration	0-20 0-1		6. Channel Alteration	0-20 0-1	6. Channel Alteration	0-20 0-1	6. Channel Alteration	0-20 0-1
. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	0-20 6	7. Channel Sinuosity	0-20		7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	0-20	7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	0-20	7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	0-20
 Bank Stability (LB & RB) 	0-20 14	8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)	0-20		8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)	0-20	8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)	0-20	8. Bank Stability (LB & RB)	0-20
 Vegetative Protection (LB & RB) 	0-20 16	Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20		9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20	9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20	9. Vegetative Protection (LB & RB)	0-20
0. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB)	0-20 12	 Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB) 	0-20		10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB)	0-20	 Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB) 		 Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (LB & RB) 	
Fotal RBP Score Sub-Total	Marginal 105 0.525	Total RBP Score Sub-Total	Poor 0		Total RBP Score Sub-Total	Poor 0	Total RBP Score Sub-Total	Poor 0	Total RBP Score Sub-Total	Poor 0
SUD-1 otal CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitte		CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitten	t and Perennial Streams)		CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermittent		CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermi		CHEMICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermit	
WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (Genera	al)	WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General)			WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (General)		WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (Gene	ral)	WVDEP Water Quality Indicators (Gene	ral)
Specific Conductivity		Specific Conductivity	0		Specific Conductivity		Specific Conductivity		Specific Conductivity	
	0-90 46.1		0-90			0-90		0-90		0-90
<=99 - 90 points		-11			-11		-11			
pn	0.1	рн	0.1		pn	0.1	ря	0.1	pn	0.1
6.0-8.0 = 80 points	0-80 7.32		5-90			5-90		5-90		5-90
00		DO			DO		DO		DO	
	10-30 6.05		10-30			10-30		10-30		10-30
>5.0 = 30 points Sub-Total	1	Sub-Total			Sub-Total		Sub-Total		Sub-Total	
BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Interm		BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermitt	ent and Perennial Streams)		BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Intermit	ttent and Perennial Streams)	BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR (Applies to Inte	ermittent and Perennial Streams)	BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR(Applies to Inte	rmittent and Perennial Streams)
WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)		WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)			WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)		WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)		WV Stream Condition Index (WVSCI)	
	0.000		0-100 0-1			0-100 0-1		0.477		0.100 0.1
0	0-100 0-1		0-100 0-1			0-100 0-1		0-100 0-1		0-100 0-1
Sub-Total	0	Sub-Total	0	J	Sub-Total	0	Sub-Total	0	Sub-Total	0
PART II - Index and	Unit Score	PART II - Index and	Unit Score		PART II - Index and	Unit Score	PART II - Index and	d Unit Score	PART II - Index and	I Unit Score
Index	Linear Feet Unit Score	Index	Linear Feet Unit Score		Index	Linear Feet Unit Score	Index	Linear Feet Unit Score	Index	Linear Feet Unit Score

20 15.25

0.763

PHYSICAL CHARACTERIZATION/WATER QUALITY FIELD DATA SHEET (FRONT)

STREAM NAME	LOCATION					
STATION # RIVERMILE	STREAM CLASS	STREAM CLASS				
LAT LONG	RIVER BASIN					
STORET #	AGENCY					
INVESTIGATORS						
FORM COMPLETED BY	DATE REASON FOR SURVEY					



PHYSICAL CHARACTERIZATION/WATER QUALITY FIELD DATA SHEET (BACK)

WATERSHED FEATURES RIPARIAN VEGETATION (18 meter buffer)	Predominant Surrounding Landuse Forest Commercial Field/Pasture Industrial Agricultural Other Residential Indicate the dominant type and record the domin Trees Shrubs Dominant species present	Grasses Herbaceous
INSTREAM FEATURES	Estimated Reach Length m Estimated Stream Width m Sampling Reach Area ² Area in km² (m²x1000) km² Estimated Stream Depth m Surface Velocity m/sec (at thalweg) m/sec	Canopy Cover Partly open Partly shaded Shaded High Water Mark m Proportion of Reach Represented by Stream Morphology Types Riffle% Run% Riffle % Root % Root % No No
LARGE WOODY DEBRIS AQUATIC VEGETATION	LWDm² Density of LWDm²/km² (LWD/ reac Indicate the dominant type and record the domin Rooted emergent Rooted submergent Floating Algae Attached Algae Dominant species present	ant species present Rooted floating Free floating
WATER QUALITY	Temperature0 C Specific Conductance Dissolved Oxygen pH Turbidity WQ Instrument Used	Water Odors Normal/None Sewage Petroleum Chemical Fishy Other Water Surface Oils Slick Slick Sheen Globs Flecks None Other Turbidity (if not measured) Clear Slightly turbid Clear Slightly turbid Turbid Opaque Stained Other
SEDIMENT/ SUBSTRATE	Odors Petroleum Normal Sewage Petroleum Chemical Anaerobic None Other	Deposits Sludge Sawdust Paper fiber Sand Relict shells Other Lpoking at stones which are not deeply embedded, are the undersides black in color? Yes No

INC	DRGANIC SUBSTRATE (should add up to			ORGANIC SUBSTRATE COMPONENTS (does not necessarily add up to 100%)						
Substrate Type	Diameter	% Composition in Sampling Reach	Substrate Type	Characteristic % Composition Sampling Are						
Bedrock			Detritus	sticks, wood, coarse plant						
Boulder	> 256 mm (10")			materials (CPOM)						
Cobble	64-256 mm (2.5"-10")		Muck-Mud	black, very fine organic						
Gravel	2-64 mm (0.1"-2.5")			(FPOM)						
Sand	0.06-2mm (gritty)		Marl	grey, shell fragments						
Silt	0.004-0.06 mm									
Clay	< 0.004 mm (slick)									

HABITAT ASSESSMENT FIELD DATA SHEET - HG - USE ON ALL STREAMS (FRONT)

STREAM NAME	LOCATION	
STATION # RIVERMILE	STREAM CLASS	
LAT LONG	RIVER BASIN	
STORET #	AGENCY	
INVESTIGATORS		
FORM COMPLETED BY	DATE TIME AM PM	REASON FOR SURVEY

	Habitat		Condition	ı Category				
	Parameter	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginal	Poor			
	1. Epifaunal Substrate/ Available Cover	Greater than 70% of substrate favorable for epifaunal colonization and fish cover; mix of snags, submerged logs, undercut banks, cobble or other stable habitat and at stage to allow full colonization potential (i.e., logs/snags that are <u>not</u> new fall and <u>not</u> transient).	40-70% mix of stable habitat; well-suited for full colonization potential; adequate habitat for maintenance of populations; presence of additional substrate in the form of newfall, but not yet prepared for colonization (may rate at high end of scale).	20-40% mix of stable habitat; habitat availability less than desirable; substrate frequently disturbed or removed.	Less than 20% stable habitat; lack of habitat is obvious; substrate unstable or lacking.			
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0			
n sampling reach	2. Embeddedness	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 0- 25% surrounded by fine sediment. Layering of cobble provides diversity of niche space.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 25- 50% surrounded by fine sediment.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are 50- 75% surrounded by fine sediment.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder particles are more than 75% surrounded by fine sediment.			
ted i	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0			
Parameters to be evaluated in sampling reach	3. Velocity/Depth Regime	All four velocity/depth regimes present (slow- deep, slow-shallow, fast- deep, fast-shallow). (Slow is < 0.3 m/s, deep is > 0.5 m.)	Only 3 of the 4 regimes present (if fast-shallow is missing, score lower than if missing other regimes).	Only 2 of the 4 habitat regimes present (if fast- shallow or slow-shallow are missing, score low).	Dominated by 1 velocity/ depth regime (usually slow-deep).			
uram	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0			
P	4. Sediment Deposition	Little or no enlargement of islands or point bars and less than 5% of the bottom affected by sediment deposition.	Some new increase in bar formation, mostly from gravel, sand or fine sediment; 5-30% of the bottom affected; slight deposition in pools.	Moderate deposition of new gravel, sand or fine sediment on old and new bars; 30-50% of the bottom affected; sediment deposits at obstructions, constrictions, and bends; moderate deposition of pools prevalent.	Heavy deposits of fine material, increased bar development; more than 50% of the bottom changing frequently; pools almost absent due to substantial sediment deposition.			
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0			
	5. Channel Flow Status	Water reaches base of both lower banks, and minimal amount of channel substrate is exposed.	Water fills >75% of the available channel; or <25% of channel substrate is exposed.	Water fills 25-75% of the available channel, and/or riffle substrates are mostly exposed.	Very little water in channel and mostly present as standing pools.			
	SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0			

Rapid Bioassessment Protocols For Use in Streams and Wadeable Rivers: Periphyton, Benthic Macroinvertebrates, and Fish, Second Edition - Form 2

HABITAT ASSESSMENT FIELD DATA SHEET—HIGH GRADIENT STREAMS (BACK)

Habitat		Condition	ı Category					
Parameter	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginal	Poor				
6. Channel Alteration	Channelization or dredging absent or minimal; stream with normal pattern.	Some channelization present, usually in areas of bridge abutments; evidence of past channelization, i.e., dredging, (greater than past 20 yr) may be present, but recent channelization is not present.	Channelization may be extensive; embankments or shoring structures present on both banks; and 40 to 80% of stream reach channelized and disrupted.	Banks shored with gabion or cement; over 80% of the stream reach channelized and disrupted. Instream habitat greatly altered or removed entirely.				
SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0				
7. Frequency of Riffles (or bends)	Occurrence of riffles relatively frequent; ratio of distance between riffles divided by width of the stream <7:1 (generally 5 to 7); variety of habitat is key. In streams where riffles are continuous, placement of boulders or other large, natural obstruction is important.	Occurrence of riffles infrequent; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between 7 to 15.	Occasional riffle or bend; bottom contours provide some habitat; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is between 15 to 25.	Generally all flat water or shallow riffles; poor habitat; distance between riffles divided by the width of the stream is a ratio of >25.				
SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1 0				
 SCORE 8. Bank Stability (score each bank) Note: determine left or right side by facing downstream. SCORE (LB) SCORE (RB) 9. Vegetative Protection (score each bank) 	Banks stable; evidence of erosion or bank failure absent or minimal; little potential for future problems. <5% of bank affected.	Moderately stable; infrequent, small areas of erosion mostly healed over. 5-30% of bank in reach has areas of erosion.	Moderately unstable; 30- 60% of bank in reach has areas of erosion; high erosion potential during floods.	Unstable; many eroded areas; "raw" areas frequent along straight sections and bends; obvious bank sloughing; 60-100% of bank has erosional scars.				
SCORE (LB)	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0				
SCORE (RB)	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0				
9. Vegetative Protection (score each bank)	More than 90% of the streambank surfaces and immediate riparian zone covered by native vegetation, including trees, understory shrubs, or nonwoody macrophytes; vegetative disruption through grazing or mowing minimal or not evident; almost all plants allowed to grow naturally.	70-90% of the streambank surfaces covered by native vegetation, but one class of plants is not well- represented; disruption evident but not affecting full plant growth potential to any great extent; more than one-half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.	50-70% of the streambank surfaces covered by vegetation; disruption obvious; patches of bare soil or closely cropped vegetation common; less than one- half of the potential plant stubble height remaining.	Less than 50% of the streambank surfaces covered by vegetation; disruption of streambank vegetation is very high; vegetation has been removed to 5 centimeters or less in average stubble height.				
SCORE (LB)	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0				
SCORE (RB)	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0				
10. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width (score each bank riparian zone)	Width of riparian zone >18 meters; human activities (i.e., parking lots, roadbeds, clear-cuts, lawns, or crops) have not impacted zone.	Width of riparian zone 12-18 meters; human activities have impacted zone only minimally.	Width of riparian zone 6- 12 meters; human activities have impacted zone a great deal.	Width of riparian zone <6 meters: little or no riparian vegetation due to human activities.				
SCORE (LB)	Left Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0				
SCORE(RB)	Right Bank 10 9	8 7 6	5 4 3	2 1 0				

Total Score _____

BENTHIC MACROINVERTEBRATE FIELD DATA SHEET

STREAM NAME		LOCATION	
STATION #	_ RIVERMILE	STREAM CLASS	
LAT	LONG	RIVER BASIN	
STORET #		AGENCY	
INVESTIGATORS			LOT NUMBER
FORM COMPLETED	BY	DATE TIME	REASON FOR SURVEY
HABITAT TYPES	Indicate the percentage of Cobble% Sn Submerged Macrophytes	ags% Vegetated B	anks% Sand%)%
SAMPLE COLLECTION	Indicate the number of jab	lected? wading fi ps/kicks taken in each habitat ty lags Vegetated B	anks Sand
GENERAL COMMENTS			

QUALITATIVE LISTING OF AQUATIC BIOTA

Indicate estimated abundance: 0 = Absent/Not Observed, 1 = Rare, 2 = Common, 3= Abundant, 4 = Dominant

Periphyton	0	1	2	3	4	Slimes	0	1	2	3	4
Filamentous Algae	0	1	2	3	4	Macroinvertebrates	0	1	2	3	4
Macrophytes	0	1	2	3	4	Fish	0	1	2	3	4

FIELD OBSERVATIONS OF MACROBENTHOS

Indicate estimated abundance: 0 = Absent/Not Observed, 1 = Rare (1-3 organisms), 2 = Common (3-9 organisms), 3= Abundant (>10 organisms), 4 = Dominant (>50 organisms)

Porifera	0	1	2	3	4	Anisoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Chironomidae	0	1	2	3	4
Hydrozoa	0	1	2	3	4	Zygoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Ephemeroptera	0	1	2	3	4
Platyhelminthes	0	1	2	3	4	Hemiptera	0	1	2	3	4	Trichoptera	0	1	2	3	4
Turbellaria	0	1	2	3	4	Coleoptera	0	1	2	3	4	Other	0	1	2	3	4
Hirudinea	0	1	2	3	4	Lepidoptera	0	1	2	3	4						
Oligochaeta	0	1	2	3	4	Sialidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Isopoda	0	1	2	3	4	Corydalidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Amphipoda	0	1	2	3	4	Tipulidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Decapoda	0	1	2	3	4	Empididae	0	1	2	3	4						
Gastropoda	0	1	2	3	4	Simuliidae	0	1	2	3	4						
Bivalvia	0	1	2	3	4	Tabinidae	0	1	2	3	4						
						Culcidae	0	1	2	3	4						

WOLMAN PEBBLE COUNT FORM

County:	Pittsylvania	Stream ID:	S-Q4
Stream Name:	UNT to Pole Bridge Branch		
HUC Code:	03010105	Basin:	Banister
Survey Date:	8/20/2021		
Surveyors:	MVP Team		
Type:	Representative		

Inches	PARTICLE	Millimeters					
				Particle Count	Total #	Item %	% Cum
	Silt/Clay	< .062	S/C	▲ ▼	60	60.00	60.00
	Very Fine	.062125		▲ ▼		0.00	60.00
	Fine	.12525		•		0.00	60.00
	Medium	.255	S A N D	▲ ▼		0.00	60.00
	Coarse	.50-1.0		* *		0.00	60.00
.0408	Very Coarse	1.0-2		•	20	20.00	80.00
.0816	Very Fine	2 -4		•		0.00	80.00
.1622	Fine	4 -5.7		▲ ▼		0.00	80.00
.2231	Fine	5.7 - 8		* *		0.00	80.00
.3144	Medium	8 -11.3		•		0.00	80.00
.4463	Medium	11.3 - 16	G R A V E L	▲ ▼		0.00	80.00
.6389	Coarse	16 -22.6		•		0.00	80.00
.89 - 1.26	Coarse	22.6 - 32		•	2	2.00	82.00
1.26 - 1.77	Vry Coarse	32 - 45	-	÷		0.00	82.00
1.77 -2.5	Vry Coarse	45 - 64		•		0.00	82.00
2.5 - 3.5	Small	64 - 90		▲ ▼	5	5.00	87.00
3.5 - 5.0	Small	90 - 128	COBBLE	▲ ▼		0.00	87.00
5.0 - 7.1	Large	128 - 180	COBBLE	•		0.00	87.00
7.1 - 10.1	Large	180 - 256		•	13	13.00	100.00
10.1 - 14.3	Small	256 - 362		*		0.00	100.00
14.3 - 20	Small	362 - 512		▲ ▼		0.00	100.00
20 - 40	Medium	512 - 1024	BOULDER	* *		0.00	100.00
40 - 80	Large	1024 -2048	1	▲ ▼		0.00	100.00
80 - 160	Vry Large	2048 -4096	1	▲ ▼		0.00	100.00
	Bedrock		BDRK	^		0.00	100.00
	Total Tally:			Totals:	100		

River Name: UN Reach Name: S- Sample Name: Re Survey Date: 08	presentativ	5	ch	
Size (mm)	тот #	ITEM %	CUM %	
$\begin{array}{r} 0 & - & 0.062 \\ 0.062 & - & 0.125 \\ 0.125 & - & 0.25 \\ 0.25 & - & 0.50 \\ 0.50 & - & 1.0 \\ 1.0 & - & 2.0 \\ 2.0 & - & 4.0 \\ 4.0 & - & 5.7 \\ 5.7 & - & 8.0 \\ 8.0 & - & 11.3 \\ 11.3 & - & 16.0 \\ 16.0 & - & 22.6 \\ 22.6 & - & 32.0 \\ 32 & - & 45 \\ 45 & - & 64 \\ 64 & - & 90 \\ 90 & - & 128 \\ 128 & - & 180 \\ 180 & - & 256 \\ 256 & - & 362 \\ 362 & - & 512 \\ 512 & - & 1024 \\ 1024 & - & 2048 \\ Bedrock \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c} 60\\ 0\\ 0\\ 0\\ 0\\ 0\\ 0\\ 0\\ 0\\ 0\\ 0\\ 0\\ 0\\ 0$	60.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 20.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 13.00 0	60.00 60.00 60.00 60.00 80.00 9	
D16 (mm) D35 (mm) D50 (mm) D84 (mm) D95 (mm) D100 (mm) Silt/Clay (%) Sand (%) Gravel (%) Cobble (%) Boulder (%) Bedrock (%)	0.02 0.04 0.05 74.4 160 180 60 20 2 2 18 0 0			

Total Particles = 100.

			For use in wadea	ble channels cla	ssified as interm	ittent or perennia				
Project #	Project Name (Applicant)		icant) Locality		HUC	Date	SAR #	Impact Length	Impact Factor	
22865.06	Mountain Valley Pipeline Valley Pipeline, L	Pittsylvania	R3	03010105	8/20/21	S-Q4	20	1		
Nam	e(s) of Evaluator(s)	Stream Name	e and Informa	tion				SAR Length		
	SK, VM	Spread I; UN	T to Pole Brid	ge Branch				91		
. Channel C	condition: Assess the cross-secti	on of the stream a			,					
Channel ConditionVery little incision or active erosion; 8 100% stable banks. Vegetative surfac protection or natural rock, prominen (80-100%). AND/OR Stable point bars bankfull benches are present. Access to their original floodplain or fully developed wide bankfull benches. Mi channel bars and transverse bars few Transient sediment deposition covers 		Suboptimal Image: Suboptimal		Conditional Category Marginal Poor			Sev	vere		
				or Poor due to lower bank slopes. Erosion may be present on 40-60% of both banks. Vegetative protection on 40-60% of banks. Streambanks may be vertical or undercut. AND/OR 40-60% Sediment may be temporary / transient, contribute instability. Deposition that contribute to stability, may be forming/present. AND/OR V-				erosion. Obvious bank sloughing present. Erosion/raw banks on 80-100%. AND/OR Aggrading channel. Greater than 80% of stream bed is covered by deposition, contributing to instability.		
	3 2.4			2 1.6			1		2	

2. RIPARIAN BUFFERS: Assess both bank's 100 foot riparian areas along the entire SAR. (rough measurements of length & width may be acceptable) NOTES>> **Conditional Category Suboptimal** Marginal Optimal Poor High Poor: Lawns Low Marginal: Non-maintained, mowed, and High Suboptimal: Low Suboptimal: **High Marginal:** dense herbaceous maintained areas, Low Poor: Riparian areas with Riparian areas with vegetation, riparian nurseries; no-till Impervious Non-maintained, tree stratum (dbh > tree stratum (dbh > dense herbaceous areas lacking shrub cropland; actively surfaces, mine 3 inches) present, 3 inches) present, grazed pasture, Tree stratum (dbh > 3 inches) present, and tree stratum, vegetation with spoil lands, Riparian with 30% to 60% with 30% to 60% with > 60% tree canopy cover. either a shrub layer hay production, sparsely vegetated denuded surfaces, tree canopy cover tree canopy cover **Buffers** Wetlands located within the riparian or a tree layer (dbh ponds, open water row crops, active non-maintained and containing both and a maintained > 3 inches) If present, tree feed lots, trails, or areas. area, recently herbaceous and understory. Recent present, with <30% stratum (dbh >3 seeded and other comparable shrub layers or a cutover (dense inches) present, stabilized, or other conditions. tree canopy cover. non-maintained vegetation). with <30% tree comparable understory. condition. canopy cover with maintained understory. High High High Low Low Low 1.5 Scores 1.2 1.1 0.85 0.75 0.6 0.5 1. Delineate riparian areas along each stream bank into Condition Categories and Condition Scores using the descriptors. Ensure the sums 2. Determine square footage for each by measuring or estimating length and width. Calculators are provided for you below. of % Riparian 3. Enter the % Riparian Area and Score for each riparian category in the blocks below. Blocks equal 100 100% % Riparian Area> 100% **Right Bank** 0.75 Score > CI= (Sum % RA * Scores*0.01)/2 % Riparian Area> 100% 100% CI Rt Bank CI > 0.75 Left Bank 0.75 0.75 Lt Bank CI > 0.75 Score > 3. INSTREAM HABITAT: Varied substrate sizes, water velocity and depths; woody and leafy debris; stable substrate; low embededness; shade; undercut banks; root mats; SAV; riffle/pool complexes, stable features. **Conditional Category** NOTES>> Optimal Marginal **Suboptimal** Poor Instream Habitat/

Scores	1.5	1.2	0.9	0.5	High	1.20
					Stream Gradient	CI
Cover	in greater than 50% of the reach.	adequate for maintenance of populations.	adequate for maintenance of populations.	elements are typically present in less than 10% of the reach.		
-		Stable habitat elements are typically present in 30-50% of the reach and are	present in 10-30% of the reach and are	•		
		Stable babitat elemente are typically	Stable babitat elemente are typically	Habitat alamanta listad abova ara		

Reach R3-R4 File: C:\Users\KATELYN.HOISINGTON\Downloads\OneDrive_2_10-12-2021\S-Q4_20211007SS\9. S-Q4_USM_20211007SS.xlsx

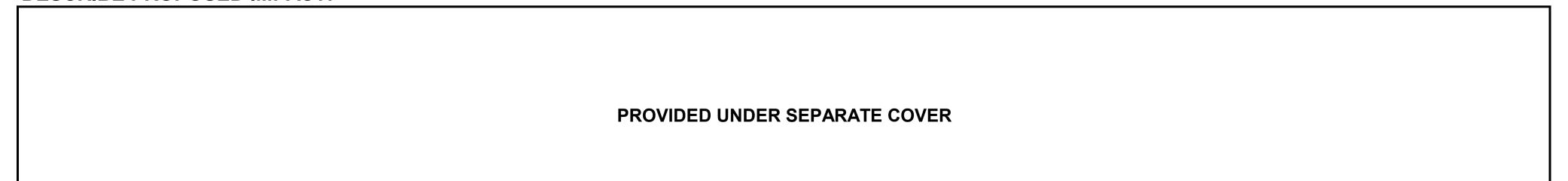
	S	tream Ir	npact A	ssessn	nent Foi	rm Page	e 2			
Project #	Project Name (Applicant)		Locality	ocality Cowardin Class.	HUC	Date	SAR #	Impact Length	Impact Factor	
22865.06	Mountain Valley Pipeline Valley Pipeline, L	Pittsylvania	R3	03010105	8/20/21	S-Q4	20	1		
. CHANNEL	_ ALTERATION: Stream crossin	ngs, riprap, concret	te, gabions, or con	ocrete blocks, stra	ightening of chanr	nel, channelization	, embankments, s	spoil piles, constricti	ons, livestock	
			Conditiona	al Category				NOTES>>		
	Negligible	Minor		Moderate		Severe				
Channel Alteration	Channelization, dredging, alteration, or hardening absent. Stream has an unaltered pattern or has naturalized.	Less than 20% of the stream reach is disrupted by any of the channel alterations listed in the parameter guidelines.	20-40% of the stream reach is disrupted by any of the channel alterations listed in the parameter guidelines.	of the channel	60 - 80% of reach is disrupted by any of the channel alterations listed in the parameter guidelines. If stream has been channelized, normal stable stream meander pattern has not recovered.	by any of the chan in the parameter g 80% of banks sh	of reach is disrupted nel alterations listed juidelines AND/OR ored with gabion, r cement.			CI
Scores	1.5	1.3	1.1	0.9	0.7	0	.5			1.5
	REACH	CONDITION	INDEX and S	STREAM CO	NDITION UN	ITS FOR THI	S REACH			
OTE: The CIs a	nd RCI should be rounded to 2 deci	mal places. The Cl	R should be round	ed to a whole nur	nber.		THE REAC	H CONDITION IN	IDEX (RCI) >>	1.1
						RCI= (Sum of	f all CI's)/5, exce	ept if stream is ep	hemeral RCI = (F	Riparian (
							COMPENSA	TION REQUIRE	MENT (CR) >>	23
							CR = R(

INSERT PHOTOS:

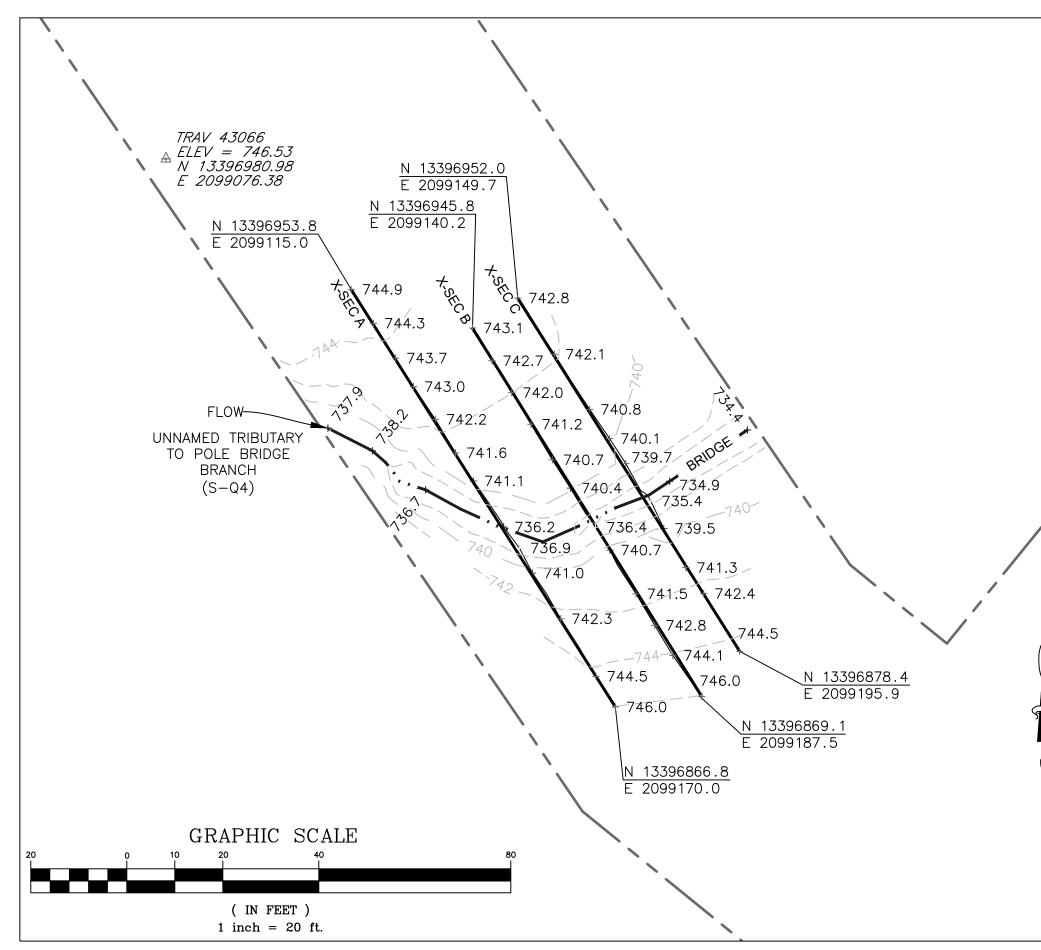


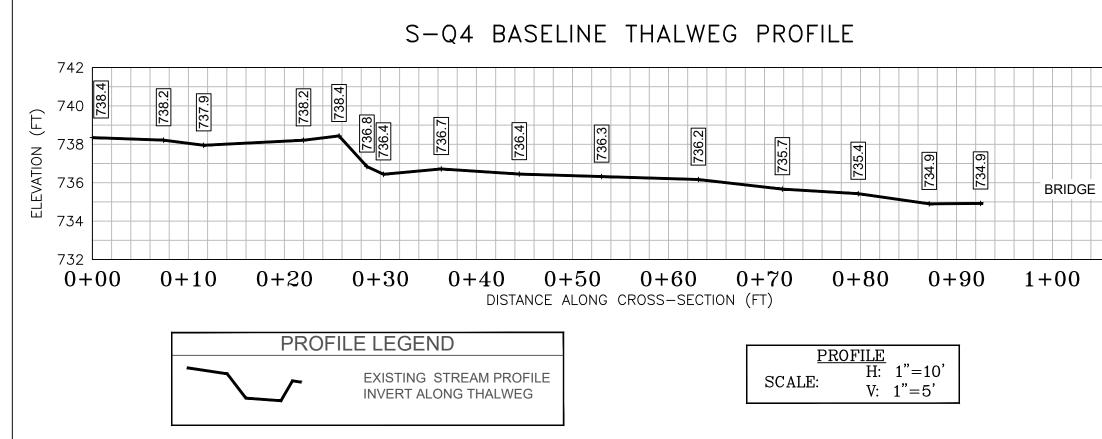
CAPTION. Assessment is limited to areas within the temporary ROW.

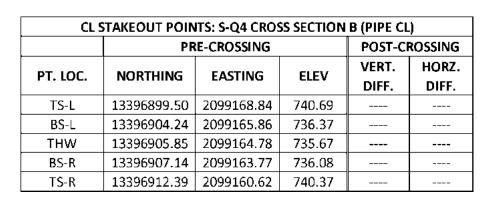
DESCRIBE PROPOSED IMPACT:

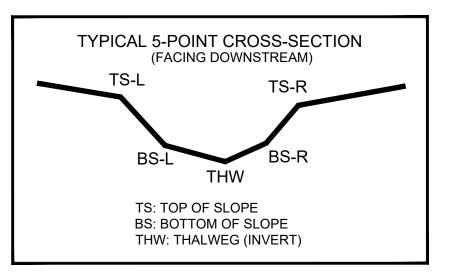


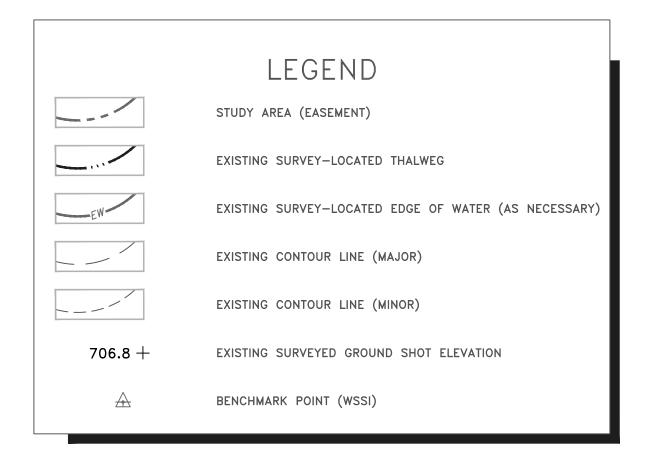
Reach R3-R4 File: C:\Users\KATELYN.HOISINGTON\Downloads\OneDrive_2_10-12-2021\S-Q4_20211007SS\9. S-Q4_USM_20211007SS.xlsx











SURVEY NOTES:

1. This map has been oriented to NAD 1983 UTM ZONE 17N, and vertically to The North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88), using a Real Time Network (RTN) GPS. Field locations were completed on November 1, 2018.

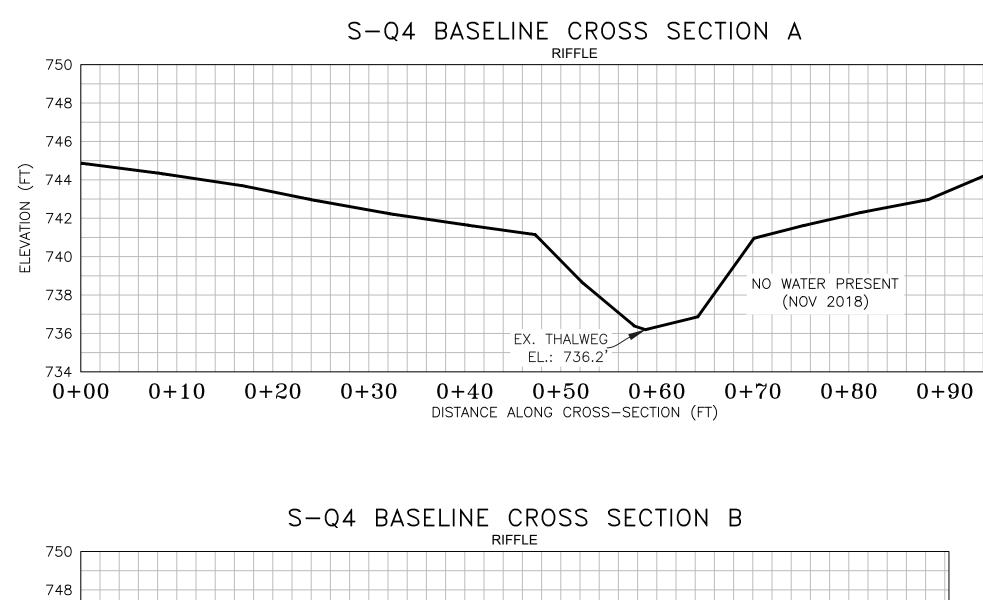
2. Monumentation, including traverse stations and fly points, shown on this drawing should be used to orient any future boundary, topographic, or location survey.

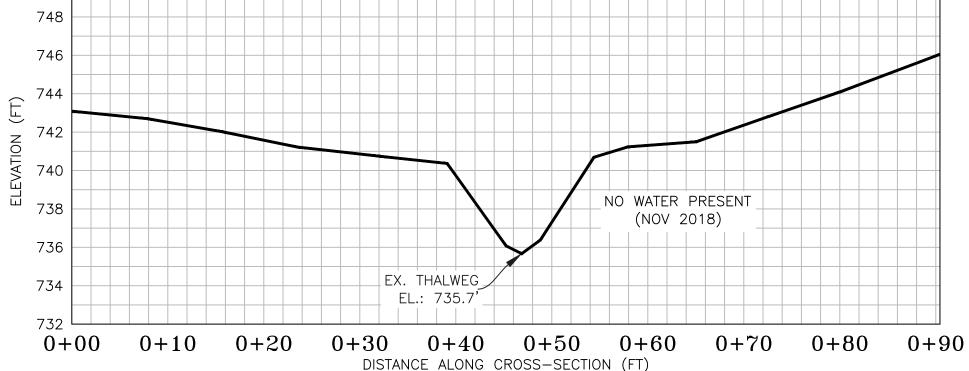
3. Easement lines shown on plan view were provided by Mountain Valley Pipeline (MVP).

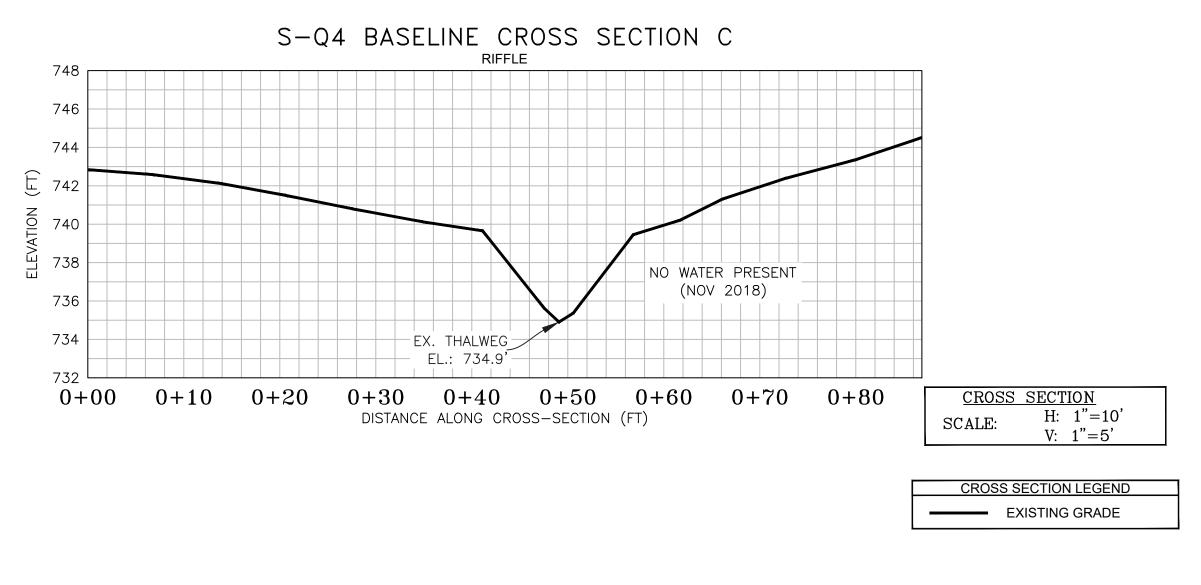
4. WSSI Contour Interval = 2.0'. Contours within the channel were interpolated using stream channel breaklines (i.e. top of slopes, toe of slopes, thalweg) and cross-sectional points. Contours outside the channel were interpolated using cross-sectional spot shots.

5. All section views shown are left to right facing downstream.

6. Cross-section B shot at location of pipe centerline (based on best professional judgement).











NOTE: ALL SECTION VIEWS SHOWN LEFT TO RIGHT FACING DOWNSTREAM.

